"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Friday cloudy; slight temperature change; wind south.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,188. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

# WILSON HAS BUT ONE WORD—SURRENDER! FOR MILITARY AND AUTOCRATIC GERMANY; SENDS HER APPEALS TO ALLIES, BUT WARNS THAT TRUCE MUST LEAVE HER POWERLESS

## AMERICANS GAIN IN FIERCE BATTLE ALL ALONG FRONT

**Occupy Brieulles and the Bois de Foret, Where the Enemy Held Out a Week.**

**BANTHEVILLE TAKEN AGAIN**

**Changes Hands Several Times, but Hill 281, Dominating Clery, Is Captured.**

**GRAND PRE BATTLE BITTER**

**Bell Joyeuse and Talma Farms Won by Our Men—Foe Gains and Then Is Hurled Back.**

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 23.—The First American Army scored important successes today in severe fighting along the front north of Verdun.

On the left we again drove the Germans out of Grand Pré and advanced into the woods north of the town. In the centre we again took Bantheville and bettered our positions at several points in that vicinity. On the right we cleared the Germans from Brieulles.

The Germans held stubbornly to all these positions. We met very strong resistance in the region of Grand Pré and our attacks precipitated very heavy fighting in the region of Talma Farm and Bellejoyeuse Farm. In the Bois Trayes a bitter fight, with machine guns on both sides, took place.

Bantheville was again taken by virtue of our positions in the Bois Bantheville.

After our capture of Hills 297, 299, and 281 the enemy position in Brieulles was rendered untenable and our shellfire forced him to evacuate this morning. We sent in patrols in force, who in turn were shelled out by the Germans. Tonight we dominate the town.

Today's advances were the most important we have made in ten days, and our success may indicate that the incessant night and day pressure by Pershing's men has somewhat worn down the German resistance in front of us.

**Sky Full of Airplanes.**

The day was marked by perhaps the most active aerial warfare we have seen. The sky was filled with machines all day. More than a hundred American bombing machines dropped several tons of bombs on German positions. The Germans retaliated with weak day bombing, but tonight were bombing the back areas of the American forces with vigor. Over one town American pursuit machines went into the air after German bombers.

There were many air battles along the front. Four of our Lieutenants—Woolsey, Manning, Humes, and Colson—met four fokkers at a height of 3,800 metres. The Germans accepted the challenge, and in view of thousands of soldiers the four German machines were seen to come down. None of our airmen was hurt.

An idea of what our day bombers are doing may be gained by the statement that two tons of bombs were dropped on Buzancy today. Many fires were started in German depots.

Every foot of the infantry advance today was bitterly contested by the Germans with every tool of war they possessed. They are still fighting under orders to hold the Americans at all costs.

**Line Swinging To and Fro.**

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 23, (Associated Press.)—The stiffest fighting of the American offensive west of the Meuse was under way today. The line is swaying back and forth.

Pershing's men captured the Belle Joyeuse and Talma farms and the

Continued on Page Five.

"LOOK AROUND!—There's still time before Hallowe'en—" See top of page 9.—Advt.

## Text of President Wilson's Reply to the German Government

*FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES OF SWITZERLAND, AD INTERIM IN CHARGE OF GERMAN INTERSTS IN THE UNITED STATES.*

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 23, 1918.

SIR: *I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 22d transmitting a communication under date of the 20th from the German Government and to advise you that the President has instructed me to reply thereto as follows:*

Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German Government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down in his address to the Congress of the United States on the 8th of January, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses, particularly the address of the 27th of September, and that it desires to discuss the details of their application, and that this wish and purpose emanate, not from those who have hitherto dictated German policy and conducted the present war on Germany's behalf, but from Ministers who speak for the majority of the Reichstag and for an overwhelming majority of the German people; and having received also the explicit promise of the present German Government that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed both on land and sea by the German armed forces, the President of the United States feels that he cannot decline to take up with the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated the question of an armistice.

He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which should leave the United States and the Powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into and to make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

The President has, therefore, transmitted his correspondence with the present German authorities to the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, with the suggestion that, if those Governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the Governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples involved and insure to the associated Governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German Government has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice possible from the military point of view. Should such terms of armistice be suggested, their acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace from which the whole action proceeds.

The President would deem himself lacking in candor did he not point out in the frankest possible terms the reason why extraordinary safeguards must be demanded. Significant and important as the Constitutional changes seem to be which are spoken of by the German Foreign Secretary in his note of the 20th of October, it does not appear that the principle of a Government responsible to the German people has yet been fully worked out or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation that the alterations of principle and of practice now partially agreed upon will be permanent. Moreover, it does not appear that the heart of the present difficulty has been reached. It may be that future wars have been brought under the control of the German people, but the present war has not been; and it is with the present war that we are dealing. It is evident that the German people have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities of the Empire in the popular will; that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the Empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hitherto been the masters of Germany. Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends now on plain speaking and straightforward action, the President deems it his duty to say, without any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy, and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustices of this war the Government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine Constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany.

If it must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German Empire, it must demand, not peace negotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

*Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.*

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING,

Mr. Frederick Oederlin, Chargé d'Affaires of Switzerland, ad interim in charge of German interests in the United States.

## CALLS FOR DICTATED PEACE

**No Truce Possible That Does Not Destroy Her Power to Renew War.**

**CLOSES DOOR ON KAISER**

**Notifies Germany That King of Prussia Still Rules Throughout the Empire.**

**FIRST CONSULTED ALLIES**

**Note Believed to Represent the Combined Views of All Our Cobelligerents.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—"Not peace negotiations, but surrender."

This is the keynote of President Wilson's reply to the last German note as announced by Secretary of State Lansing at 9 o'clock tonight. It tells Germany that the power of the King of Prussia, who is also the German Kaiser, is still in unimpaired control of the empire, that the nations of the world do not trust even the word of those who have been masters of German policy, that the United States refuses to deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people, and that if our Government "must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now it must demand not peace negotiations but surrender."

With the idea of surrender and a dictated peace strictly in view, the President has decided to take up with the allied Governments the question of an armistice. The terms of this armistice are to be dictated by Marshal Foch, and by Generals Haig, Petain, Pershing, and Diaz and other military advisers of the allied Governments. These are the men who are to submit the terms of the armistice, and they are not to do so unless they consider an armistice possible from the military point of view.

**Dealing on Military Basis.**

Analysis of the note makes it plain that the President has brushed aside the matter of peace negotiations, and that he is dealing with the German overtures on a strictly military basis. Such an analysis will show that his action in taking up the question of an armistice with the allied Governments is strictly with the view of complete surrender by Germany to peace terms, and military guarantees and safeguards to be dictated and imposed by the Allied Powers.

The President's reply to Germany was announced so late tonight that it was difficult to round up the Congressional and diplomatic attitude toward his action. But it soon became apparent that the more the note was studied and analyzed by public men the more they regarded it as a strong and vigorous document and that his action would be fully justified by the rapid progress of events.

As opinion matured it became apparent that the President had dealt with all the German overtures, from the first note to the latest, in a most adroit, subtle, and vigorous fashion and that he had closed the door absolutely to negotiations with any German Government that remains under the control of the Kaiser and his clique.

What the President has done in taking up the question of an armistice with the Allies, and it must be borne always in mind that before this action was taken there were careful exchanges of views with the Allied Governments, has been to suggest to the Allies that the military advisers in the field be asked to fix the terms of the only kind of armistice they consider it possible to make from the military point of view. The President lays down specific rules for the guidance even of these military leaders in the making of this armistice, and there is ground for the statement that before he laid down these rules the Allied Governments were aware of their

## *Haig's Armies Smash Foe's Lines; Gain 3 Miles, Take Many Prisoners*

***Several Villages Captured in Strong Advance on 17-Mile Front from La Cateau to the Scheldt River—Enemy Reported to be Evacuating Ghent.***

### *Belgians to Make Bruges Temporary Seat of Government*

HAVRE, Oct. 23.—As the whole of the Province of Western Flanders, and part of Eastern Flanders, and Hainaut have been recovered from the Germans, the Belgian Government has decided to establish its administrative departments in Bruges.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 23, (Associated Press.)—The British Third and Fourth Armies smashed through strong German defensive positions by a new drive south of Valenciennes today. They gained ground to a depth of more than 5,000 yards (three miles) on an extended front, capturing many important villages and several thousand prisoners, together with numerous guns, and driving a wedge into the enemy positions at what probably is the most vital point of the lines the Germans are holding.

The fighting was of a desperate nature, the German machine gunners holding out to the last. Large numbers of the enemy were killed.

The advance continues and the menace to the Germans to the north and south of the front attacked is growing hourly. Further retreats are expected.

North of the Third and Fourth Armies the British First Army continued its attacks and reached positions well to the northeast of Valenciennes, which is gradually being squeezed out. It is probable that the Germans have already evacuated that town.

The British are approaching Le Quesnoy and were only about three miles from the gates of that place, according to late reports, and were still advancing.

The heaviest fighting seems to have been in L'Eveque Wood, which is still being cleared up, although the British have passed completely around it and are before the great Mormal Forest. On the edge of this the Germans were reported to be concentrating at Preux.

Catillon was taken early in the fighting by assault. Ors is in British hands. The Germans before retreating blew up all the bridges over the canal between Catillon and Ors.

**Striking at a Vital Point.**

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 23, (Associated Press.)—The attack of the British Third and Fourth Armies on a wide front south of Valenciennes today was of vital strategic importance.

The allied salient here menaces the German lines all the way to Holland, and if it is widened it will have a tremendous effect on the enemy front to the south also.
which the Germans have constructed.

Masses of British cannon, moved up during the comparative lull of the last few days, loosed tons of steel early today at the enemy, sprinkling front and rear areas freely. Later all the guns concentrated in a "crash barrage," behind which the infantry advanced in an early morning fog, storming the enemy defenses.

The Germans resisted strongly, especially the machine gunners. The enemy artillery fire was generally weak, indicating that his guns had been moved some miles east to the line known as the "Hermann Standing Place." This showed that the German command evidently did not have faith that the exhausted infantry would be able to hold the positions attacked today.

The town of Romeries was taken early in the attack, marking an advance of nearly two miles northeast of Solesmes.

British troops were fighting their way into the centre of Valenciennes early today. They were facing a strong enemy machine-gun fire from the east bank of the Scheldt Canal, which flows through the city.

The Germans on this front in the last few days have been following the tactics of retreating during the night. The British have not been able to establish contact with the enemy rearguards until noon the next day. The rearguards endeavor to hold the British in check until nightfall, when they again retreat.

**Americans in Thick of Battle.**

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 23, (Reuter.)—The British forces are steadily linking up bridgeheads and footholds established along the west bank of the Scheldt.

Today's battle was difficult to follow, for, beginning along a connected front, it became a series of local struggles. Much of the ground is intersected by a network of little waterways, rendering it difficult for the troops to advance against a deliberate

Continued on Page Nine.

DELMONICO'S
Restaurant,
531 Fifth Ave.
Exquisite Cuisine.—Advt.

## *Allies in Full Agreement on Terms for Truce; Naval Terms Held to be of First Importance*

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Reuter's Limited learns that the allied governments as a result of continual communications are perfectly acquainted with and agreed upon the terms under which it will be possible to enter into negotiations for an armistice. It should be observed that naval questions have never been dealt with in any negotiations between the United States and Germany, and they are of first importance from the Allies' viewpoint.

"The idea of the freedom of the seas as understood by Germany," says the Reuter dispatch, "is not a matter that any allied Government can accept at all. It would appear that the conditions precedent to an armistice must include the question of sea power, as well as of land power, but hitherto Germany has always limited her remarks to land power.

"America, Great Britain, France and Italy owe so much to sea power in carrying on the war and in national development that they cannot omit consideration of sea power from the discussions concerning the armistice.

"The President never assumed that his conditions would be limited to the evacuation of occupied territories, as the Germans always argued. He put a number of questions to Germany after receiving the first note, as a preliminary to placing the matter before the Allies."

## *More Than 2,000,000 of Our Men Abroad Or on the Way, Baker Reports to President*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—At the same time that the White House tonight made public the text of the reply to Germany's peace note there were given out letters exchanged between Secretary Baker and President Wilson, showing that since May 8, 1917, a total of 2,008,931 American soldiers had been embarked for overseas duty. Secretary Baker's letter read:

War Department,
Washington, Oct. 22, 1918.

My Dear Mr. President: More than two million American soldiers have sailed from the ports in this country to participate in the war overseas. In reporting this fact to you, I feel sure that you will be interested in the following data showing the progress of our military effort:

In my letter of July 1, 1918, I informed you that between May 8, 1917, and July 30, 1918, over a million men had either been landed in France or were en route thereto. Since July 1, 1918, embarkations by months have been as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 306,185 |
| August | 290,818 |
| September | 261,415 |
| October 1 to 21 | 131,398 |
| Total | 989,816 |
| Embarked to July 1, 1918 | 1,019,115 |
| Grand total | 2,008,931 |

In our overseas operations, I feel that we have good reason to be proud and thankful of the results obtained. Our losses have been exceedingly small, considering the size of the force transported and this is due to the efficient protection given American convoys by the naval forces. We also have been greatly assisted in the dispatch of troops abroad by the allocation of certain vessels from our allies, principally those of Great Britain.

Cordially yours,
NEWTON D. BAKER,
Secretary of War.

The President, the White House.

President Wilson sent this reply:

THE WHITE HOUSE, Washington, Oct. 22, 1918.

My Dear Mr. Secretary—I am very glad to have your letter of this morning, reporting that more than two million American soldiers have sailed from the ports of this country to participate in the war overseas. I am sure that this will be a matter of deep gratification and reassurance to the country and that every one will join me in congratulating the War and Navy Departments upon the steady accomplishment in this all-important application of force to the liberation of the world.

Cordially and sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

## *September Ship Losses Due to German U-Boats Were the Lowest in More Than Two Years*

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The amount of merchant shipping sunk by enemy action, excluding marine risk, during September was lower than any month since August, 1914, according to an announcement by the Admiralty tonight.

The losses of British shipping due to enemy action and marine risk during the month totalled 151,593 gross tons, compared with 176,434 in August and 209,212 in September, 1917.

The losses for the quarter ending September were 510,551 gross tons, compared with 952,938 for the corresponding quarter of 1917.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

INFLUENZA'S FEVER weakens the system. Imperial Granum, the Unsweetened Food, builds up the wasted tissues. Its refreshing flavor tempts the difficult appetite. Any druggist, 25 cts.—Advt.

## *Members of Congress Disagree In Views on President's Note*

***Will Produce Crisis in Germany, Says Hitchcock—Lodge Deplores Any Discussion with Enemy—Poindexter Fears That the President Would Make Terms with German People.***

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Members of Congress were interviewed for THE NEW YORK TIMES tonight on the President's note to Germany.

The Senate will meet tomorrow, and there will be full discussion of the note upon the floor.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, ranking Republican member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, said:

"The President says in his last sentence that, if we must deal with the military masters and autocrats of Germany, we must demand 'not peace negotiations, but surrender.' With this I am in full accord, as I was with the President's statement of Sept. 27.

"In the first paragraph the President says that, as the present German Government, which, as all the world knows, is controlled by the Kaiser and the military party, represents through its Ministers 'the majority of the Reichstag and an overwhelming majority of the German people,' he feels that he cannot decline to take up with the allied Governments the question of an armistice. With this I am not in accord, for the German Government described in the first paragraph and that described in the last sentence are one and the same.

"My own view is a very simple one. There is no German Government in existence with which I would discuss anything. I deplore at this stage, when we are advancing steadily to a complete victory, any discussion or exchange of notes with the German Government. The only thing now is to demand unconditional surrender. I would leave that to Marshal Foch and the Generals of the armies. When they report that the German Army has surrendered and ceased to exist as an army in being, then, and not until then, let the Allies and the United States meet and agree what terms they will impose on Germany to insure the safety of civilization and mankind."

Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, of Nebraska, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, said:

"I think the President has brought to a very logical climax the correspondence with Germany. However much difficulty we have had in understanding the German notes, the Germans can have no possible difficulty in understanding this note. The President practically tells them that they must democratize their Government in order to secure terms of peace and, as an alternative, that, if they persist in the retention of the old form of militaristic Government, he will consider nothing but unconditional surrender. It seems to me that it amounts to giving the German people their choice, and I believe it will produce a political crisis in Germany.

"I think the note will meet the approval of the American people, and I think it will receive the approving support of the Allies. I doubt there will be an armistice for some time, because it is almost certain that a crisis will follow in German internal affairs during which time nobody will have the power to make final arrangements."

**A Diplomatic Triumph.**

Senator King, Democrat of Utah, a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said:

"The reply of the President is a diplomatic triumph and will result in the overthrow of Kaiserism and the military and junker class, and hasten a revolution, political in character, which will place the political power of the German people in representatives of their own selection. A casual perusal of the note may leave some disappointment, but when its meaning is understood, particularly in the light of the addresses made by the President and the notes submitted by the German Government, a genuine admiration for the manner in which the entire issues are treated must follow.

"It is perfectly obvious that the President recognizes the solidarity of the aims of the allied Governments and that in dealing with the war and all cognate questions the Central Powers must treat, not alone with the United States, but with her allies. While it is true the President has been the spokesman for the belligerent nations opposed to the Central Powers, his reply recognizes that, in dealing with the questions of armistice and peace negotiations and all matters relating to the war, the allies of the United States have a voice in their determination.

"The reply means there can be no armistice unless there is an unconditional surrender. While this is not stated in so many words, it is manifest that, when the entire question of armistice is remitted to the military authorities, they will require the same steps to be taken as were followed in the treatment of Bulgaria. Furthermore, it is clear that there cannot even be an armistice, so far as the United States is concerned, unless the great principles for which the President stands, and as they have been enunciated in his various addresses, are accepted by the German Government. So that, first, before there is an armistice, Germany must accept the democratic principles and all of the points stated by the President in his addresses, which would eventuate, of course, in a change in the form of the German Government and the absolute destruction of the military power of Germany.

"In my opinion, the reply will result

Continued on Page Two.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

nature, and had indicated approval of the line of procedure which he adopted.

**Means Actual Surrender.**

According to the belief here, the character of armistice suggested by the President is one which the German militarists will not accept unless they are ready for unconditional surrender. It is believed that no other interpretation or construction can be placed on the words of the President. The kind of an armistice upon which the President insists, it was pointed out by military men, is an armistice which would involve nothing less than the giving of hostages, the laying down of arms by the German forces, and the virtual reduction of the German Army and Navy as military machines. Confidence in Marshal Foch and the allied military commanders in the field is such that it is not dreamed for a moment that they would recommend any armistice if they deemed it impossible from a military point of view and that the only kind of an armistice they would sanction would be one equivalent to absolute surrender. It is not believed that President Wilson thinks for a moment, either, that the men who have been entrusted with the command of the allied armies in the field would yield any other kind of an armistice under the present conditions of allied military superiority.

This is the kind of an armistice that President Wilson suggested to the allied Governments after careful exchange of views with them since the text of the German note was first made public by wireless.

First—One that would leave the United States and the Allies in a position to "enforce" any arrangements that may be entered into.

Second—One that would make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

Third—One that will fully protect the interests of the people involved.

Fourth—One that will insure to the Governments associated against Germany unrestricted power, not only to safeguard but also "enforce," the terms of the kind of peace to which the present German Government has indicated its agreement.

**Admits of No Misconstruction.**

It is believed here there can be no possible misconstruction of these words, and the President is known to be a most careful measurer of the language he employs. If this sort of an armistice is granted, and no other kind is thought possible of being made with the sanction of Marshal Foch and the other allied military advisers, it will involve nothing less than complete surrender by the German military forces to the inevitable involved in the President's decision.

**Did Not Await Official Text.**

President Wilson's note was completed early today, before he received the official text of the German note. This text was delivered by Frederick Oederlin, Chargé d'Affaires of Switzerland, this morning. The original German text of the note was presented, with an English translation. This English translation was made in Berlin and not in Washington. It is not as accurate a translation as would have been made in Washington, but as it was sent by the German Government with instructions that it be presented to the Washington Government, there was no alternative for the Swiss Legation than to present the German text and the German Government's own translation of it.

The original German text was not obtainable at the State Department today because it had been sent to the desk of the President. It can be stated without qualification, however, that when the German text is made public it will be found to differ in some material respects from the German official translation of the note into English.

The President had a conference of more than an hour this noon with Secretary Lansing. General March, Chief of Staff, and Secretary Daniels were present most of the time.

## TEXT OF THE GERMAN NOTE.

### Official Translation of Document as Presented by Swiss Charge.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Secretary of State Lansing today made public the following communication from the Chargé d'Affairs of Switzerland, giving the official text of the German reply to President Wilson:

Department of German Interests,
Legation of Switzerland,
Washington, Oct. 22, 1918.

Sir: By direction of my Government, I have the honor to transmit herewith to your Excellency the original German text of a communication dated Oct. 20, 1918, from the German Government, which has today been received from the Swiss Foreign Office. I beg to also enclose an English translation of the communication in question as transmitted to the Swiss Foreign Office by the German Government with the request that it be forwarded to your Excellency's Government.

Please accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) F. OEDERLIN,
Chargé d'Affaires, a. i., of Switzerland.

His Excellency, Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, Washington.

(ENCLOSURE.)

Translation issued by the German Government of its communication dated October 20, 1918, transmitted to the Secretary of State by the Chargé d'Affaires, a. i., of Switzerland on October 22, 1918.

In accepting the proposal for an evacuation of the occupied territories the German Government has started from the assumption that the procedure of this evacuation and of the conditions of an armistice should be left to the judgment of the military advisers and that the actual standard of power on both sides in the field has to form the basis for arrangements safeguarding and guaranteeing this standard. The German Government suggests to the President to bring about an opportunity for fixing the details. It trusts that the President of the United States will approve of no demand which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with opening a way to a peace of justice.

The German Government protests against the reproach of illegal and inhumane actions made against the German land and sea forces and thereby against the German people. For the covering of a retreat destructions will always be necessary, and are in so far permitted by international law. The German troops are under the strictest instruction to spare private property and to exercise care for the population to the best of their ability. Where transgressions occur in spite of these instructions the guilty are being punished.

The German Government further denies that the German Navy in sinking ships has ever purposely destroyed lifeboats with their passengers. The German Government proposes with regard to all these charges that the facts be cleared up by neutral commissions. In order to avoid anything that might hamper the work of peace, the German Government has caused orders to be despatched to all submarine commanders precluding the torpedoing of passenger ships, without, however, for technical reasons, being able to guarantee that these orders will reach every single submarine at sea before its return.

As the fundamental conditions for peace, the President characterizes the destruction of every arbitrary power that can separately, secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world. To this the German Government replies: Hitherto the representation of the people in the German Empire has not been endowed with an influence on the formation of the Government. The Constitution did not provide for a concurrence of the representation of the people on decision on peace and war. These conditions have just now undergone a fundamental change. The new Government has been formed in complete accord with the wishes of the representation of the people, based on the equal, universal, secret, direct franchise. The leaders of the great parties of the Reichstag are members of this Government. In future no Government can take or continue in office without possessing the confidence of the majority of the Reichstag. The responsibility of the Chancellor of the Empire to the representation of the people is being legally developed and safeguarded. The first act of the new Government has been to lay before the Reichstag a bill to alter the Constitution of the empire so that the consent of the representation of the people is required for decision on war and peace. The permanence of the new system is, however, guaranteed not only by constitutional safeguards, but also by the unshakable determination of the German people, whose vast majority stands behind these reforms and demands their energetic continuance.

The question of the President, with whom he and the Governments associated against Germany are dealing, is therefore answered in a clear and unambiguous manner by the statement that the offer of peace and an armistice has come from a Government which, free from arbitrary and irresponsible influence, is supported by the approval of the overwhelming majority of the German people.

(Signed) SOLF
State Secretary of Foreign Affairs
Berlin, Oct. 20, 1918.

## WANTS TO BIND ALLIES IN EVACUATION MOVE

### *Berlin Said to Seek a Pledge That They Shall Not Follow Germans in Retreat.*

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Germany's high command is ready to evacuate the invaded territories of France and Belgium on the express condition that the allied troops will not follow them in retreat, but will remain where they are now, according to the latest information from Berlin, says the Zurich correspondent of the Journal.

This proposal is the outcome of the latest conferences at Berlin between the members of the General Staff and the War Cabinet it is said. The militarist party is rapidly gaining ground but the members of the moderate factions believe that before long grave internal events will help to change the situation.

The dispatch says that the existing Government remains very hostile to the retrocession of Alsace and Lorraine to France. Erzberger William himself is reported to have emphatically denounced such a transfer at the meeting of the Crown Council on Saturday.

## BALFOUR AGAINST RETURNING COLONIES

### *Foreign Secretary Says It Would Be Inimical to British Empire's Safety and Unity.*

LONDON Oct. 23. (via Montreal.)—In no circumstances is it consistent with the safety, security, and unity of the British Empire that Germany's colonies should be returned to her, declared A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, in a speech at the luncheon of the Australian and New Zealand Club today.

Mr. Balfour said that it was absolutely essential that the communications of the British Empire should remain safe. He was asked if the German colonies were returned what security was there that their original oppressors would not use them as bases for piratical warfare.

The doctrine that the colonies should not be returned, Mr. Balfour asserted, was not selfish and imperialistic. It was one, he said, in which the interests of the world were almost as much concerned as the interests of the empire itself. If the empire was to remain united, he declared, it was absolutely necessary that communication between the various parts should not be at the mercy of an unscrupulous power.

## HINDENBURG BACKS UP BERLIN PEACE MOVES

### *Tells Army He Is Obliged to Stand with Government and Asks Its Support.*

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 23 (Associated Press.)—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, in an order to German officers in the field, referring to negotiations for an armistice, declares he approves the peace moves and is obliged to support the Government. He asks that the confidence reposed in him in the days of success be continued.

The German Crown Prince, in an order to the group of armies under his command, reminds the officers of the responsibility they incur when they lose a position or modify the line in any way without orders. Copies of these documents have fallen into the hands of the French.

"Political events of the past few days," says von Hindenburg, "have produced the most profound impression upon the army, notably upon the officers. It is my duty to support the Government instituted by his Majesty. I approve the steps taken toward peace. The German army has a superiority over all others in that the troops and officers have never engaged in politics. We desire to adhere to that principle. I expect that the confidence that was accorded me in the days of success will be all the stronger now."

The order of the Crown Prince is shorter and almost curt. It says:

"The exchange of diplomatic notes gives me the occasion to recall my order according to which each officer in command engages his responsibility when he loses a position or modifies his lines of resistance without express orders."

Another order which emanates from the German High Command says:

"Diplomatic negotiations with a view to terminating the war have begun. Their conclusion will be all the more favorable in proportion as we succeed in keeping the army well in hand, in holding the ground conquered, and in doing harm to the enemy. These principles should guide the direction of the combat in the days that are to follow."

All these documents were taken from the Fifth Bavarian Division.

## COMMENT ON REPLY SENT TO GERMANY

### Judge Parker Calls It "Ideal" —"Passing the Buck," Says Wickersham.

### LOTOS CLUB ENTHUSIASTIC

### A. J. Hemphill Sees Solidification of Sentiment Here That Germany Must Surrender Unconditionally.

Comment on the President's reply to Germany varied widely last night. Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker represented one element of opinion in describing it as "ideal," while others expressed varying shades of opinion.

The reading of the President's reply at the Lotos Club last night, where a dinner to the British Educational Mission was in progress, created the greatest enthusiasm. The President's answer was read to the assembled diners by President Frank R. Lawrence of the club and was listened to in dead silence for a few moments. When Mr. Lawrence reached the part in which the President brought in the word "surrender," the diners shouted approval. The cheering lasted for several minutes and then a special cheer was given for the President.

President Butler of Columbia University prophesied that now that the words "complete surrender" had been spoken to Germany, her military and political machinery would fall with surprising speed. The President of the Lotos Club, Frank R. Lawrence, in his opening address, introduced the members of the mission, Dr. Arthur Everett Shipley, Vice Chancellor of the University of Cambridge; Sir Henry Miers, Vice Chancellor of the University of Manchester; the Rev. Edward Hewburn Walker, Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford University, and Sir Henry Jones, Professor of Moral Philosophy, University of Glasgow. The other speakers were Henry S. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation; Henry Van Dyke, Chaplain of the Navy and Professor W. H. Schofield of Harvard University, who is acting as guide to the mission in this country.

President Butler, who spoke after President Wilson's message had been announced by the Chairman, said that this was a notable night for the club and the country not only because of the distinguished guests who were present and because at the moment the allied armies were pushing their way toward Germany but because at this time there was flashing across the ocean the words to which we have been waiting, complete surrender. I am sure, he continued, "who believe that the use of those terms will hasten the end of this victorious war. The German Government and people have thought that we were afraid to say them. Now that they have heard them, I make the prophecy that the military and political structure will fall with surprising speed. If I were to preach a sermon I would use as the text, 'Blessed be the tie that binds.' Do you realize that the Germans have strengthened those ties? They little knew what was underlying the temperament and purpose of the American people. They little realized that not only would they go down themselves, but that they would be the means of unifying a free world. What the seers and prophets have been telling us has at this moment come to pass. From this moment on the League of Nations is on its way. We have found that instead of in co-operative competition the highest and best in the nation is found in co-operative service. When the allied nations have given their answer to Germany they will have given the first note of its purpose and when unconditional surrender is signed, the league will have been organized."

Other speakers also were made last night.

Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker: "I think the note is ideal. I don't want to add anything to it."

Alexander J. Hemphill: "All of the exchanges of notes between the United States and Germany have resulted in solidifying the sentiment of this country that Germany must surrender unconditionally. I'm glad that this note seems to be emphatic in stating this feeling."

Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University—In my opinion, what the President wrote in the second half of the note gives abundant reason why he should not have written what he did in the first half. If the ending of the present war is now in the power of the German people, then what is the use of turning over to our allies the correspondence we have had with their alleged representatives? If the President really meant unconditional surrender in this latest note, why didn't he say so and let it go at that?

George W. Wickersham—The most gratifying portion of the note is the use of the word "surrender." It would have been more satisfactory if the note had simply said that no terms can be acceptable to the American people but unconditional surrender.

"The note is in effect what is colloquially called 'passing the buck.' It hands over to the Allies the question whether there shall be an armistice. I take it that this will be determined as the military situation suggests. If they have sufficient supplies, men, and material to proceed with the war, as Marshal Foch has been conducting it, they will decline an armistice. On the other hand, every reason advanced to Germany why this Government cannot deal with the military masters of Germany affords a perfect basis for not having anything to do with the present German Government. The situation has not been changed. The beginnings of a change in the German Government have been set forward by the German Foreign Secretary, but they are only the beginnings and may be abandoned at any moment.

"The latter part of the note seems to me to be a demonstration of the complete impracticability of dealing with the German Government as a Government that can be trusted. It passes over to the Allies the question what should be done and the reason for declining further negotiations with Germany."

Dr. Anson Phelps Atterbury, Director of the Union Theological Seminary: "Personally I do not believe that Germany is yet in that attitude of mind necessary to make a peace that will be satisfactory to the allied Governments. But the situation has been admirably handled by President Wilson. The President seems to be very shrewd and wise in what he has done thus far."

Dr. Frank Bohn: "The President has fully met, in every detail, the expectations of the 'American Friends of German Democracy' and of that great majority of Americans who have done us the honor of accepting our interpretation of the war. Since the organization of our society we Americans who know Germany at first hand had spared no effort to wake up America to the primary facts of the war. Every day since war was declared by America upon the criminally insane Government of Germany we have urged by all the means at our disposal that there be no peace of any sort with the Hohenzollerns and the Hapsburgs. The President's view, as expressed in this, his final note, is now not only ours, but, we feel positive, the view of a united America. Speaking on behalf of our organization let me say that this is the happiest and most glorious day in our lives. The forces of democracy and liberty throughout the world will be thrilled to the heart by this new call to battle and to complete victory.

### WOULD PLAN FOR PEACE NOW.

### Ex-Premier Salandra Says Map of Continent Must Be Redrawn.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Oct. 23.—Signor Salandra, the Italian ex-Premier, whose Government proclaimed Italy's entry into the war, declares that some time must yet elapse before the conviction of real defeat, with all its logical, painful consequences penetrates the mind and heart of the vanquished Teutons. This interval will afford the Allies the necessary leisure for a thorough examination of the conditions and guarantees to be exacted.

Italy's peculiar geographical position requires that guarantees be given, principally by Austria, and, in the second place, by Turkey, and their determination is primarily a problem for Italian statesmen to deal with.

Salandra thinks that the immediate work to be taken in hand toward complete and definite peace consists first of all in redrawing the map of the old Continent so as to regulate wholly or in part the disputed succession of the three great imperial powers of Russia, Turkey, and Austria. The Turkish question alone, he points out, has given occasion for all the wars that have drenched the world in blood since 1870 and for the present war more than all the rest.

Then secondly comes the organization of a League of Nations.

"This league," he writes, "must be effected neither before nor after peace, but simultaneously with peace itself, because the definite argument of such a league presupposes complete individualization and stable and peaceful settlement of its constituent members, namely, the national States."

## VIENNA TO ASK AGAIN FOR ARMISTICE FIRST

### *Can't Hurry Reforms, It Is Argued—Would Talk with Czechs at Home, Not Those Abroad.*

ZURICH, Thursday, Oct. 24.—Austria's reply to President Wilson, which will soon be sent, will state that Austria is not disposed to enter into negotiations with the Czechoslovaks in Paris, but only with those in Austria, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung, who is usually well informed.

The note will say further that the reconstruction of the Austrian State cannot be effected so rapidly that an armistice must be dependent upon it, and, now that Emperor Charles's manifesto has opened the way to reforms, the Government sees no obstacle to an armistice.

BASLE, Oct. 23.—President Wilson's reply to the Austrian peace proposals in no way justifies the conclusion that the exchange of views which has been begun is to be interrupted, according to Baron von Hussarek, Austrian Premier, speaking before the Vienna House of Lords yesterday, according to advices from that city received here.

"We shall continue all the more our efforts toward peace," he said. "We shall answer the note after carefully examining its contents. We hope that the peace discussions, notwithstanding difficulties, will deliver the world in the near future from the unspeakable misery of war."

Official comment in Vienna on President Wilson's answer expresses a complaint that it does not answer the precise question put forward, and that it is now necessary to ask again the President's attitude toward an armistice and the re-establishment of peace, according to advices received from the Austrian capital. It is added that officials say there is a contradiction in the reasons given by Mr. Wilson in justifying his refusal to enter peace negotiations and his answer to Baron Burian on Sept. 15.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—An official dispatch from Zurich today stated that according to the Munich Augsburger Abend Zeitung, President Wilson's reply to Austria has caused a new panic on the Vienna Stock Exchange. Bonds of Austrian banks, which had already greatly declined, have undergone a fresh depreciation of 80 to 85 per cent. Industrial bonds have lost 34 to 40 per cent. of their value and the State railways 42 per cent. There is no rise except in the Czech bonds.

## STRONGEST NOTE YET, IN TAFT'S OPINION

### *Getting Nearer to Unconditional Surrender—Fourteen Points Vanishing Into Eternity.*

By WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

By Courtesy of The Public Ledger Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.—The President continues the correspondence with the German Government. He announces his purpose to refer to our allies the question of an armistice in view of the acceptance by the German Government of the terms of peace of the message of Jan. 8. He will, however, only submit for their consideration an armistice which would enable the Allies to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into and render a renewal of hostilities by Germany impossible. He points out that the Emperor still controls the army, whatever the constitutional changes in the German Government, and insists that, if the nations of the world are to undo the injuries and injustices of this war, they cannot deal with any but the real representatives of the German people. He says that if we must deal with the military masters and autocrats of Germany, now or later, we must demand not peace negotiations, but surrender.

"This message is the strongest note that has come from the President. He is getting nearer and nearer to unconditional surrender.

He for the first time fully recognizes the part that our allies are to play in the peace-making. He holds tenaciously to the address of Jan. 8, but he surrounds the German hope based on the fourteen points with so many conditions that Germany will not now cherish them so fondly. They are vanishing into the ewigkeit for German purposes. He has passed the responsibility for an armistice and its formulation to the allies and the military authorities; but his description of what he would sanction is so near unconditional surrender that even a German can see it, and we hope, will stop sending notes.

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### Germans Release Major Emery.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 23.—Major Henry Crosby Emery, Russian representative of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, who was made a prisoner by the Germans on the Aland Islands last March, has been released from imprisonment in Germany and arrived in Copenhagen last night.

## CONGRESS MEMBERS DISAGREE ON NOTE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

in the overthrow of the military and junker class and the establishment of a liberal form of government by the German people. They will realize that only by pursuing this course is peace possible except when the military forces of the Allies have taken physical possession of Germany itself."

**Sees Dangerous Alternative.**

Senator Poindexter, Republican, of Washington, said:

"The concluding paragraph of the President's note says in substance if the business of arranging an armistice is not taken up by the United States and the allied Governments with genuine representatives of the German people, and if, on the contrary, it has to be taken up with the military masters, then the United States and the Allies will be satisfied with nothing but unconditional surrender. As I understand that statement, it is equivalent to saying that the President would be willing to arrange terms of an armistice with representatives of the German people, if he is satisfied that they really represent the German people, on some other basis than that of unconditional surrender. I have no idea that France and Great Britain would consider any such proposition. Negotiation of an armistice with the German people without an unconditional surrender of the German armies would be perfectly worthless so far as accomplishing the purposes of the Allies is concerned."

Senator Brandegee, Republican, of Connecticut, said:

"I had hoped that the President would decline to submit the German note or the proposals for an armistice to the Allies, as I do not think that the American people want any armistice whatever. If Germany wants to submit the question, it should be submitted to the Allies. I had hoped that the discussion would be terminated here and now. The note will probably produce a reply from Germany, thereby protracting the discussion."

Senator New, Republican, of Indiana, said:

"I would prefer to read the entire note and study it carefully before making any extended comment on it. The statement that, if it is necessary for the American Government to deal with the military masters of Germany now or at any time, it must lead to a demand for surrender, rather than for peace negotiations, has the right sound to it, though."

**Tells Germany the Truth.**

Senator Pomerene, Democrat, of Ohio said:

"The note is fine. It tells the German people very plainly that we cannot trust those officials with whom we are corresponding now. If that is the truth, nothing would be gained by an armistice agreed upon with the present German authorities. That is the truth. I am glad the President has so said."

Senator Curtis, Republican, of Kansas said:

"If he feels that the present power in Germany is not in earnest and cannot be trusted, I am sorry he does not turn it down flat and advise them that nothing short of an unconditional surrender would be considered. I hope our Allies will refuse an armistic unless they are assured that an unconditional surrender will result from the proposition. This is no time to permit delays by exchanging notes. Time is vital, and the Allies should take advantage of every opportunity and force an unconditional surrender."

Senator Smith, Democrat, of Georgia said:

"I have the greatest admiration for the manner in which the President has conducted this entire correspondence with Germany, and this last letter is the greatest of the three. He is conducting our fight inside of Germany with the force and skill General Foch shows daily at the battlefront. He has avoided a course which might have forced the German people together in what would have been claimed by them to be a purely defensive warfare, and yet he insists upon terms of peace which would be all we could claim after an unconditional surrender."

Senator Thomas, Democrat of Colorado, said:

"I think that the answer is that the war will go on until the Kaiser abdicates or is dethroned. The President's note makes that clear. It is plain that the President will have no dealings with the Kaiser."

Senator McCumber, Republican, of North Dakota said:

"I do not like to pass judgment on the President's reply now, but I do not like the idea of having any negotiations with the Imperial German Government. It seems to me that the reply calls for an armistice, but, if an armistice should be arranged without having the German armies unconditionally surrender, we would be no nearer peace than we are now."

**Part of Note Not Clear.**

Senator Reed, Democrat, of Missouri, said:

"I am fully in accord with the proposition laid down that the only way we can deal with the present rulers of Germany is through unconditional surrender, because the present rulers of Germany I regard as the same crowd that brought on this war. The pretended change in the German Government is, in my opinion, mere pretense, without a particle of substance. I think it a very poor sham.

"I confess there is a part of the message that I don't understand, and I want to give it further thought before I discuss it. I do not understand how it can be said that the present Government represents the German people to such an extent as to comply with the President's conditions so that he would transmit the message to the Allies. Their message is now sent to our Allies, and yet the President in his message, as I understand it, says that the present German Government does not represent the people. However, as I say, I wish to give this part of the message further consideration.

"My own opinion is that the present conflict with Germany cannot be settled except in the field of battle. Germany must be brought to her knees and made to understand that the consequences of the war which has devastated nations cannot be escaped by a mere pretended change in the form of government, particularly when that change is ordered by the men who brought on this war."

**Think the Note Inconsistent.**

Senator Watson, Republican, of Indiana said:

"The President virtually grants the armistice asked by Germany in that he accepts their terms and refers the whole question to the Governments of the Allies, with the request that they in turn refer it to their military commanders, and he bases his faith in 'their solemn and explicit assurance' that Germany has accepted all the terms of peace and that he believes them to be sincere in such acceptance. But, as I see it, the last part of the note contradicts the first part, for he explicitly states that the German people have not done the things they so solemnly assured him they have done, that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the empire is still unimpaired and the former masters of Germany are still her masters.

"And yet, while basing his action upon their having overthrown the power of the Hohenzollern autocracy, he turns about to charge that not only have they not done so, but they have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities of the empire in the popular will, the reason being that those military authorities are still under the control of their former masters.

"As I see it, he has predicated his action upon conditions that do not exist and under present conditions cannot exist.

"I very greatly regret that he did not see fit to answer it, in unequivocal terms, that we demand the unconditional surrender of the German armies in the field."

## *Comment of This Morning's Newspapers*

### NEW YORK CITY.

**"Strangest Document of War."**

From The Tribune.

The President's reply to Germany is perhaps the strangest diplomatic document of the whole war so far. Of its probable consequences, immediate and deferred, no one can pretend at once to speak. Comment, therefore, must be limited to the text.

He stipulates that the armistice shall be one that will make it impossible for Germany to renew hostilities or thwart any arrangements that are entered into. That is strong enough.

But he goes on immediately to say, in effect, that the solemn assurances of the German Government are worthless, because it is evident that the German people have no means of controlling the military authorities and that the power of the Kaiser—called the King of Prussia—over the policy of the empire is unimpaired.

He adds that it is his duty to say, "without any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been masters of Germany's policy."

This immediately follows the assertion that the Kaiser is still in control of that policy.

The point seems to be that by submitting to an armistice that will leave Germany powerless to renew hostilities the Kaiser-controlled people can convince the world that they accept in good faith the terms and principles of peace laid down by Mr. Wilson.

**Voices Americans' Demand.**

From The Herald.

In announcing to Germany this policy of leaving all questions of an armistice in the hands of the military commanders, President Wilson also makes it clear that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one "which would leave the United States and the powers associated with her in position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into, and to make renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible."

In this, as in his plain notice to Prussianism that it must surrender, the President accurately and clearly voices the demand of the American people. No less does he reflect the view of all Americans when he strips the camouflage from the German Government itself. It may be, he says—graciously accepting the assurances of Prince Max of Baden and his associates for more than they are worth—that future wars have been brought under control of the German people, but the present war has not been, and it is with the present war that we are dealing. * * *

So long, then, as Germany remains in the hands of its military masters and monarchical authorities the United States has for it just one word—SURRENDER!

**Dealing With Those We Cannot Trust.**

From The World.

With language plainer and more solemn than was ever before used in a communication of this kind, the President repeats his assertion that the Government of Germany, which instigated this war, is not to be trusted, and expresses serious doubts as to the claims recently made in Berlin that those now pretending to be in control there have a different inspiration or a greater responsibility to the people. If the United States must "deal with the military masters and monarchical authorities of Germany," he concludes, "it must demand not peace negotiations but surrender."

In this the President takes a position which is absolutely unassailable. He is dealing today not with a Government or a people but with an army, represented by a civil organization dependent wholly upon its will. That Government is without respect even at home, and, made as it was to meet an emergency, everybody knows that the power which brought it into being is able as quickly to bring it to an end.

### PHILADELPHIA.

**Marked by Frankness and Force.**

From The Inquirer.

If there are those whom the President's consent to transmit the armistice request may disappoint, who would have preferred that he hold no parley with the present rulers of Germany beyond insisting upon an unconditional surrender, such persons will be reassured and gratified by the vigor and lucidity of the President's comment upon the unsatisfactory nature of the representations which have been made with regard to the alleged reorganization of the Imperial German Government and by the frankness and force with which his determination to deal only with "veritable representatives of the German people, who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany," is reasserted.

### BOSTON.

**Means Unconditional Surrender.**

From The Herald.

The President's note * * * clearly means unconditional surrender. His treatment of the third point in particular—the responsibility of the House of Hohenzollern—is all that the most vigilant upholder of allied rights could ask for. What the President calls his 'harsh word,' but his necessary one, is undeniably distinct, brushing away all the sophistries with which Germany's replies have recently been veiled as to the overturn in the Government there.

### BALTIMORE.

**Speaks the Awaited Word.**

From The Sun.

The heartening part of President Wilson's note is that in which he says that if the United States Government must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany, now or later, it must demand not peace negotiations but surrender. That is the word the American people have been waiting for. It is also the logical word. As long as the present Kaiser remains in power we cannot be assured that there is any genuine change of authority in Germany.

### MEMPHIS.

**Meets the Highest Expectations.**

From The Commercial Appeal.

Germany is paying the penalty today for her policy in 1914 of regarding sacred contracts as scraps of paper. President Wilson cannot trust the present German Government. Therefore he demands that Germany be placed in a position where, if she elects to break her word, her capacity for harm is destroyed. Mr. Wilson meets the highest expectations of liberty, justice, and democracy.

### PROVIDENCE.

**See Contradictions in Note.**

From The Journal.

He [the President] declares that the power of the military autocracy in Germany to control the policy of the empire is unimpaired and in the same breath suggests that he hopes to deal with representatives of the German people, who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany. Assured by whom? By the still unimpaired power of the military autocracy? And still in the same paragraph the President speaks of the significant and important constitutional changes which seem to have already been brought about and then directly contradicts himself by adding that it is evident the German people have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities to the popular will.

### ALBANY.

**Says People Want Full Surrender.**

From The Knickerbocker Press.

In his latest reply to the latest German note President Wilson says that he cannot decline to take up with our allies the "question of an armistice." He says that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which would enable us and our allies to prevent the renewal of hostilities. Then the President says some more kind words. Why not say our peace terms are "unconditional surrender?" These terms are backed up by over 100,000,000 Americans and are understood by all of us.

### PITTSBURGH.

**Note Clears the Situation.**

From the Gazette Times.

President Wilson, in plain English, says surrender is the only refuge of the Kaiser, while, in case of an armistice, disarmament of Germany must follow, to fulfill the proviso that there will be no danger of further warfare. The President's answer clears the situation of any doubt as to where the American Government stands and the people in general will applaud his determination concerning the present rulers of Germany.

### ST. LOUIS.

**Germans Cannot Becloud Issue.**

From The Globe-Democrat.

What the President says about an armistice * * * means a demand for surrender. * * * In his note, President Wilson has made a clear-cut issue which the German Government cannot evade or becloud.

### AUSTIN, TEXAS.

**Pistol at Germany's Heart.**

From The American.

President Wilson has put the muzzle of a Texas six-shooter forty-five Colt to the German nation's heart. "Hands up," he commands. This is exactly what we hoped to see done. He reiterates that hands must go up mighty quick. We have a trigger finger that works on a hair. Mr. Wilson has done well to turn the job over to the best band of rangers that ever wore gold—the military advisers of the allied Governments.

### MOBILE.

**Fight to Help Kaiser Only.**

From The Register.

The German Army and the German people will force acceptance of the Wilson demands. Should they fail to do so they are left to fight only to perpetuate the Kaiser. They will not fight long for such a cause. Their crumbling morale will dissolve when, fighting and supporting those who fight, the army and the people are called upon to continue sacrifices for no cause except the denial of their own liberty.

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# MAX IS DEFIANT IN 'PEACE' SPEECH

## Chancellor Urges Nation to Hold Itself in Readiness to Fight to the Last.

## OUR NOTE IS "NOT CLEAR"

## Declares Peace of Justice or Violence Depends on Wilson's Next Move.

## DEFENDS ACTS OF ARMY

### Talks of Unjust Charges and Says Those Who Assail the Soldiers Attack the People's Honor.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 23.—Peace conversations between Berlin and Washington have reached a critical point, according to Prince Maximilian, the German Chancellor, speaking before the Reichstag yesterday. In the course of his address he urged that debate on the situation arising on the exchange of notes between himself and President Wilson be restricted as much as possible.

"The whole German people is anxious to hear the views of the Government regarding the prospects of peace," he said, "but I am able to speak only with the greatest reserve, and urge that the members of the Reichstag limit debate, as is consistent with the seriousness of the hour. The whole German people have been spoken to by President Wilson, and this fact gives the utterances of the representatives of all parties added force.

"Today, therefore, I am going to say only this regarding the international situation: The President's first answer to the peace move of the German Government has in all countries brought the question of a peace of justice or a peace of violence to the highest point. President Wilson's last note did not make clear to the German people how this public agitation will end. His next answer will, perhaps, bring definite certainly. Until then we must in all our thoughts and in our actions prepare for both eventualities—first, that the enemy Governments are anxious for war, in which case there is no choice for us but to put ourselves in a posture of defense with all the strength of our people driven to the last extremity.

**Seeks to Rally the People.**

"Should this necessity arise, I have no doubt that the German Government, in the name of the German people, will issue a call for national defense in the same way that it spoke for the German people when it took action for peace. He who honestly took a stand on the basis of peace will also undertake the duty of not submitting to a peace of violence without a fight. The Government which would act otherwise would be left to the mercy of the fighting and working people. It would be swept away by public opinion.

"There is also another possibility. The German people must not be blindly brought to the conference table. The German people today has the right to ask, if peace is realized on the basis of President Wilson's conditions, what they mean for our future. Our answers to the President's question must be framed on the German people's understanding of that question. What it now wants is clearness.

"The decision will be of stupendous import. It will not be our strength that will decide, but it will be what is thought to be right in free discussion with our opponents that will give the decision. This is a great effort for a proud people accustomed to victory. The legal questions involved will not stop at our national boundaries, which we will never of our own accord open for violence. The principles upon which we have agreed as a rule of conduct also involve internal questions. From many quarters it has been represented to me that an acceptance of President Wilson's conditions would mean submission—anti-German submission—to an anti-German court of justice which would decide legal questions entirely from the viewpoint of its own interests. If that is the case, why then is it the extreme apostles of force in the Entente fear the council chamber as the guilty fear the court of justice?

"The essence of President Wilson's program for a League of Nations cannot be achieved when all peoples have not the right of national self-determination. This realization of community law means the abandonment of part of the unqualified independence which hitherto has been the indication of sovereignty, both by us and others. Should we at home maintain as fundamental the national egoism which until a short time ago was the dominating force of the people's life, there would be no restitution and no renovation for us. There would be a feeling of bitterness which would cripple us for generations.

"But if we comprehend that the significance of this frightful war is, above all, victory for the idea of justice, and if we do not resist this idea, but submit with all good faith, then we shall find in it a cure for our present wounds and a reservoir of future strength."

**Opposition to League of Nations.**

The Chancellor said that he would not deny that heavy opposition in Germany must be conquered before the ideal League of Nations could be realized, but, he continued:

"Whether the next few days or weeks shall call us to fight on, or open the way to peace, there is no doubt we are now equal to the task of either war or peace by carrying out the Government's program and definitely breaking away from the old system."

He then discussed electoral and parliamentary reform. He cited bills before the Reichstag, one of which enables members of the house to enter the Government without resigning and another proposing a change in the laws regarding the responsibility of the Chancellor.

"Deputies," he said, "will take part in the direction of imperial policy, and, in the name of the Chancellor, will be responsible without being ministers. Thus a new way is opened for arriving at responsible conduct of imperial affairs—the parliamentary way. We are convinced that it will supply, not only the Government but indirectly Parliament, with precious forces from the people which have hitherto not been utilized."

Prince Maximilian said he hoped soon to announce results of preliminary negotiations to obtain a legal extension of the Chancellor's responsibility, to be secured by the formation of a State tribunal.

"The new system," he said, "involves, as a natural consequence, a new mode of Government in Alsace-Lorraine."

He declared it was the aim of himself and his colleagues to establish the political authority of the German people. After saying that he welcomed expressions of opinion and that he and his colleagues were agreed as to methods and purposes, he added:

"Our aim is the political authority of the German people. This is the guiding star of my collaborators and myself."

The Chancellor said that individual members of the Government at first had different standpoints, but had now been brought nearer together.

"The German people has long been in the saddle," he said. "Now it is to ride. Our first and last thought is for the brave men who are defending themselves against superior forces and whom we must defend against unjust charges. No one must think he can attack our army without also attacking the honor of our people. The lot of our soldiers today is terribly hard. They fight with anxiety for the homeland and with their minds fixed on peace, and they hold their ground. We trust and thank them. We cry to them: 'The homeland will not abandon you. What you want, what it can give in men, material, and food, that you shall have.'"

**Military Still Rules.**

The extraordinary war-time measures, the Chancellor explained, could not yet be dispensed with, but they could be carried out only by the Chancellor, who would be responsible to the Reichstag for their application.

"His Majesty's decrees which I announced recently have now been issued," he went on. "They concern not only the censorship, the right of public meeting and restrictions on personal liberty, but had to do with economic, social and political matters. If local military commanders disagree with the civil authorities the decision must be reached immediately by the highest commander, who will not be able to promulgate any decision to which agreement is not given by myself or my representative, namely, Secretary of State Groeber. Care will be taken that the state of siege is maintained in the spirit in which I assumed the functions of the Government and in which I am resolved to discharge them."

He announced a bill making the Reichstag responsible for war and peace, the measure to become effective when the project for a league of nations should become operative. He said the bill provided for the compulsory embodiment in the constitution of the fundamental idea of the new form of government. The effect, he declared, would be to make the Reichstag the people's house of representatives, which should be responsible in the decision of the most important question for the nation, namely of peace and war.

"That means peaceful development of the empire and its relations with other powers," he continued. "In such an extension of the people's rights the Imperial Government is willing to lend a hand when a league of nations has taken practical form. When such a league puts an end to all secret, separate treaties I am confident that all agreements can be amplified in this sense."

He then declared that the German nation long had possessed political rights which its neighbors envied. He spoke in praise of the municipal and Reichstag election, and said that, although the German people had not made use of their power in dealing with vital questions, the development which had occurred in September had changed everything.

"Therein lies the guarantee of the continuance and growth of the new system," he added. "This is a better and more real guarantee than any law or paragraph."

The German people, he declared, must not resort to forms of government which they did not in their hearts believe in for the sake of foreign countries or to meet the needs of the moment.

"The enemy is at our gates," he said. After paying tribute to the men at the front he added: "Bad elements are to be found in every army, but the fundamental will of the people's army is opposed to them.

"My program of Oct. 6 embraced amnesty for persons under sentence for political crimes, especially those connected with labor troubles, street demonstrations, &c. Far reaching amnesty of this nature was proposed by the Emperor and has now been applied."

Many persons had been set at liberty, Prince Maximilian added, only with strong misgivings on the part of the Government, but "the conviction of the necessity of benevolence and a trustful policy decided the matter."

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The German Reichstag, after a short debate, adopted unanimously a resolution approving the statement made to it by Prince Maximilian, the Chancellor, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam. The resolution also expressed confidence in the new Chancellor.

## CALLS IT NO SURRENDER.

### London Believes Max Is Paving Way for Last Extremity Fight.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Prince Max's speech is popularly described here as a no-surrender speech. According to this view the Chancellor is fully aware that the German reply to President Wilson will be found unacceptable and is preparing the ground upon which to make an appeal to his countrymen to fight to the last extremity.

In quarters where sincere efforts are made to examine the Prince's professions on their merits the utmost scepticism is felt both as regards the German idea of peace with justice and the reality of the so-called democratization of Germany by promised reforms which, so far as is known, carry no adequate democratic guarantees.

The existing cable conditions make the task of satisfactorily summarizing British opinion almost hopeless, just as they delayed for twenty-four precious hours the receipt on this side of American views of the German reply. At a time when full and free exchanges of public opinion between the United States and Great Britain are recognized to be one of the greatest safeguards of good understanding between the two English-speaking democracies, it is hoped that some steps can be taken to improve the cabling facilities open to both English and American newspapers.

## APPROVE WILSON'S STAND.

### Esthonians Cable Appreciations of His Attitude Toward Germany.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Secretary Lansing today announced that the American Ambassador at Archangel had transmitted to the President, in behalf of Esthonians at Archangel, this telegram from the Esthonian Legion:

"Esthonian Legion fighting with Allied forces, northern Russia, for liberation of Esthonia, express deepest gratitude for your direct and clear reply to German peace offer.

"Ideas and intentions expressed regarding destiny smaller nationalities cause Esthonians to hope that at the final peace conference they will be given possibility of determining their own destiny as independent nation.

"We have full confidence that your clear reply and honorable intention will put an end to violation of small nations in future world politics."

## FEARS BIG GERMAN LOSSES.

### Defensive Frontier War Involves Danger, Says Frankfort Paper.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22.—Admitting that under modern conditions even defensive warfare on the German frontiers would involve great dangers, the Frankfurter Zeitung says that it would also entail big losses. It is not to Germany's interest, the newspaper says, to make a slow, defensive retreat from Belgium, and fighting there will not be unnecessarily prolonged a single day.

"We recognize the movement for popularizing the Government after the example of 1813 has proceeded in continual waves since August, 1914, and is still proceeding," the Gazette continues. "Despite this, we are convinced that Germany would submit to oppressive conditions, which, perhaps, not President Wilson, but the Entente Generals desire, only if our armies were physically unable to avert this submission without incurring still greater mishap."

# PEOPLES WIDENING SPLIT IN AUSTRIA

## Committee Takes Over Political Direction of Slovenes, Croatians, and Serbs.

## GERMANS FORM NEW STATE

### Teuton Deputies Begin Separatist Action—Andrassy May Be Hungarian Foreign Minister.

BASLE, Oct. 23.—The Central Executive Committee elected on Oct. 5 by the National Council of Slovenes, Croatians, and Serbians at Agram has issued a statement that the committee will at once assume the political direction of those nationalities, and declaring for the creation of a sovereign State on a democratic basis.

The following principles have been enunciated by the committee:

First, to bring about a reunion of all the Slovenes, Croatians, and Serbians on a racial basis, without reference to their present political frontiers.

Second, to create a sovereign State on a democratic basis.

Third, to see that the nationalities represented by the Council have a delegate at the peace conference.

The committee rejects the plan contained in the imperial manifesto for the settlement of nationalistic problems in Austria. It will guarantee the free development of all national majorities which may form a part of the State organized by it. Neighboring States will be assured free access to the sea, provided that they make no attempts on the constitutional rights of the State and on its territorial integrity.

The committee finally urges concord among all the nationalities in order to create a great national State.

**German Group Forms a State.**

The German-Austrian Deputies in the Austrian Reichsrath have formed an assembly for the purpose of conducting the affairs of the Germanic people in Austria and have issued a declaration announcing the creation of the "German State of Austria." Karl Seitz, leader of the German Socialists in Austria, has been elected President of the new Assembly. The Deputies have announced their desire to bring about the autonomy of the Germans in Austria and to establish relations with other nations.

The Assembly has drawn up a resolution respecting the form of government of the territory occupied by Germans. The "German State of Austria" will seek access to the Adriatic Sea, in agreement with other nations. Pending the establishment of a constitution, according to this program, the people will be represented by the Reichsrath Deputies constituted as a Provisional National Assembly.

This body will represent the Germans in Austria in negotiations for peace and will exercise legislative powers. The executive branch will consist of twenty members who will have power to contract State debts and administer interior affairs.

"We are able and must act in favor of peace," said Herr Seitz in taking the Presidency. "We must do all possible to lessen the misery of the German-Austrian people. The new German-Austria for which we will lay the foundation will be constituted in conformity with the free will expressed by the German-Austrian people."

Deputy Waldner, in opening the Assembly, announced that he had been commissioned by the German Deputies in the Reichsrath to convoke the Assembly as the representative Assembly of the German-Austrians. The organization would have the right of free speech and would proclaim solemnly an independent political State for German-Austria.

There has been evidence for some time that the German people in Austria, distrusting the wavering policy of the Austro-Hungarian Empire and fearing its dissolution or that it might draw away from Germany, were desirous of insuring their own close unity with the German Empire.

The German population in Austria is the largest of the many ethnical elements in the kingdom. The census of 1910 gave the German-speaking population os 9,950,000 out of a total of 28,325,000.

**Releasing Hungary and Poland.**

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Measures are being taken to carry into effect the proclamation of Emperor Charles conferring independence on Hungary, says a Zurich dispatch to the Petit Parisien. It is reported that Count Julius Andrassy will be Hungarian Foreign Minister.

Hitherto Austria and Hungary, although having separate cabinets for the administration of internal affairs, have had one minister in common for each of the departments of foreign affairs, war and finance.

Count Andrassy is a former Premier of Hungary, and has figured prominently in efforts toward peace.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 23.—The Austrian authorities in the part of Poland occupied by the Austrian Army have formally handed over the administration to Polish authorities, says a Vienna dispatch to the Vossiche Zeitung of Berlin.

The German and Austrian Governments early in the year agreed to give independence to former Russian Poland. The step now taken by Austria probably is in keeping with the agreement. Germany and Austria appointed a regency council of three members to rule Poland. The council, to which the cabinet is responsible, has had limited authority in Poland for several months.

The portion of Russian Poland occupied by Austrian troops probably is not very great. Most of Poland has been held by the Germans, Austrian occupation affecting only the territory nearest Galicia.

# BELGIAN RULERS VISIT BRUGES BY AIRPLANE

## Receive a Joyful Welcome from the Population of the Rescued City.

DUNKIRK, Oct. 23.—King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium visited Bruges by airplane Tuesday.

They left Dunkirk at 8:45 o'clock in the morning and landed at Bruges a half hour later. They visited the chief streets of the city and received a joyful welcome from the populace.

On their return they left Bruges at 11 o'clock.

## WOMEN DEMAND SURRENDER

### Members of Republican Committee Adopt a War Resolution.

The Women's Division of the Republican County Committee at a meeting yesterday afternoon in the County Committee headquarters in the Tilden Building adopted this war resolution:

Resolved, That the Republican women leaders of the Assembly districts of New York County, in meeting assembled, declare themselves in favor of nothing less than unconditional surrender and subsequent terms dictated by the United States and her allies on German soil.

The resolution was adopted unanimously, as was another pledging vigorous efforts on the part of the women leaders toward the election of Republican members of Congress.

# GERMANY THREATENS GREAT PEOPLE'S WAR

## Prediction Put Forward That Radicals Will Unite Country Against a Dictated Peace.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 21.—There are contradictory reports here with regard to the situation in Germany. The Stockholm correspondent of the Wolff News Agency, who has just arrived here from Germany, says:

"The people generally feel that the hour of political freedom has struck. Germany is within sight of a revolution which will satisfy even the greatest expectations. There can be no half-way house, and the general desire is for a thorough radicalization of the whole State.

"I have spoken with workers and peasants, as well as with members of the educated classes, and everywhere the opinion was put forward that the war of defense against the whole world had an inner meaning—the liberation of the German people by their own power to break all bonds which have divided the democratic south from the reactionary north and the bringing about of real unity of the German nation.

"If the Entente tries to enforce a dictated peace the world will witness a spectacle never seen before. The German people will rise with a renewed power to carry on a war of freedom, compared with which the war of 1813 was but child's play—a war for self-good and self-determination, in which every one, be he bourgeois, worker, or peasant, will give his all.

"Among the masses rapid development toward radicalism is going on. Scheidemann's time will not be of long duration—perhaps not more than three or four weeks. He and his party are masters today, but tomorrow is the day of Karl Liebknecht and the revolutionary Social Democrats."

The Wolff News Agency is a German organization used by the German Government to disseminate propaganda.

## ELATED BY NOTE TO AUSTRIA.

### Italians Consider It One of Wilson's Greatest Strokes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Oct. 23.—"Viva Wilson," cried several Deputies and Senators after they learned of the President's reply to Austria, which is judged here as one of the greatest masterstrokes of the head of the American Republic. Manifestations held in Rome, as well as reports from the Provinces, show that Wilson's ultimatum to Austria is, perhaps, the document which, throughout the war, has caused the greatest expression of enthusiasm in Italy.

Everybody is awaiting Austria's next move with great curiosity, some even foreseeing, like the Messaggero, that Germany, seeing the inevitability of losing Alsace-Lorraine, Posen, and Schleswig-Holstein, might favor the dissolution of Austria, and the annexing of a dozen million Austro-Germans.

# NORTHCLIFFE WANTS UNIFIED PEACE PLAN

## Urges That Allied Governments Make Up Their Minds Before Conference Opens.

## NO 'HAGGLING' WITH ENEMY

### Irreducible Terms Must Be Presented to Germany, American Officers Are Told.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Viscount Northcliffe, in a speech delivered today at the Washington Inn, where he was entertained at luncheon by American officers, made some noteworthy points on certain matters that have been arousing remark here.

He began by referring to President Wilson, who "dealt most ably with the various German suggestions made to him, as I, and with me the great mass of my fellow countrymen, never for one instant doubted he would." Lord Northcliffe then spoke of the present German peace offensive, which, "Unless we face it resolutely, with united hearts and clear minds, may prove more dangerous to us than were the military offensives on March 21 and July 15." After a reference to the united military command he added:

"Could the present German peace offensive bring us another inestimable boon in the shape of a united peace program carefully co-ordinated between the Governments of the associated powers, it would also prove to have been a blessing indeed. In the hour of military trial no personal or national susceptibilities were allowed to stand in the way of unification of the military command. None can now be allowed to impede the unification of the allied peace purpose.

"I shudder to think of what our plight might be were representatives of the peoples who have borne so nobly the trials and sacrifices of this great war to enter with divided counsels or divergent aspirations into negotiations with a subtle, cunning, and unscrupulous enemy. That peril must at all costs be avoided, and if the associated peoples have their way it will be avoided."

After describing Lord Milner's Evening Standard interview as an "unexpected Lansdownism," Lord Northcliffe asked:

"How are we to make peace? What are to be the terms? Are we to haggle with the Germans about them? No, our Government and every associated Government must make up, or if need be must be made to make up its own mind and to agree with its fellows. Then, with minds made up, they must tell the Germans that our terms are irreducible, because framed strictly in accordance with justice, and the Germans must take them or leave them at their peril."

# AMERICAN WOUNDED IGNORED AIR RAIDERS

## Refused to Leave Bombed Hospital Until Nurses Compelled Them to Seek Dugouts.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 22, (Associated Press.)—American wounded soldiers who were in the American hospital near which German bombing planes dropped explosives in the neighborhood of Rarecourt last night were so little concerned that they refused to leave the building and enter dugouts until compelled to do so by the nurses.

Margery Sawyer of Buffalo, N. Y., and Mabel Butler of New Haven, Conn., Red Cross nurses, said they found these men calm, although the hospital had been damaged and the wards were filled with smoke.

The first thoughts of these nurses were regarding the wounded, whom they had expected to find panic-stricken.

"I was aroused by the alarm of an air raid," Miss Sawyer said, "but some one suggested that the Germans were merely passing by. Then there was a terrific explosion, followed by an upheaval of my cot, and I was tossed across the room, glass falling all around me, and rocks and dirt, too. I have cared for many gas patients, and have heard their stories. The room was filled with smoke, and I thought of gas, and that scared me more than anything else. Then Miss Butler came, and we went to assist the patients."

## ADMITS CONTINUED LOSSES.

### Berlin Tells of Being Pushed Back in Northern Areas.

BERLIN, Oct. 23, (via London.)—The official statement from General Headquarters today says:

Fighting in the Lys lowland continues. The enemy launched violent attacks on both sides of Deynze. North of the town they were repulsed and south of the town they were brought to a standstill west of the Deynze-Olsene road by a counterattack.

East of Courtrai we were pressed back from the western outskirts of Vichte to the eastern outskirts. On both sides of that place strong enemy attacks broke down. The heights near Kelberg were held in bitter fighting against the assaults of the enemy, which were renewed four times.

There were partial engagements in the Scheldt lowlands and on both sides of Tournai and Valenciennes.

South of Marle (northeast of Laon) we evacuated the temporarily defended bridgehead at the junction of the Serre and Souche and withdrew our line behind the brook sector. On the Aisne, we repulsed violent attacks on both sides of Nanteuil.

On the east bank of the Aisne and on both sides of Vouziers and of Olizy the engagements have assumed greater extent. Behind the strongest artillery action the enemy attacked early in the morning between Terron and Falaise, and also between Olizy and Beaurepaire. On the heights west of Ballay the attack gained some ground, but on the rest of the front it broke down. In the afternoon the enemy, after renewed artillery preparation, advanced to the attack. In a stubborn defense we held the height east of Chestres against several assaults of the enemy, who was in superior numbers. On the rest of the front also the enemy was repulsed with heavy losses.

Between the Argonne and the Meuse and between the Meuse and the Moselle there was lively nocturnal artillery fighting.

Partial engagements west of the Meuse and west of the Moselle (American sectors) were without special result.

The official communication from General Headquarters tonight says:

On both sides of Solesmes and Le Cateau we frustrated a renewed attempt of the British to break through. Violent fighting came to a standstill on the line of St. Martin, Neuville, Bousies, Ors and Catillon.

On the north bank of the Serre, on both sides of Vouziers and west of Grand Pré attacks by the French broke down, as did also heavy attacks by American troops on both banks of the Meuse.

## PUTS WAR WORK FIRST.

### Concentrate on That and Forget Peace Talk, Says Baruch.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Chairman Baruch of the War Industries Board today appealed to the country to forget peace talk and centre all attention on war.

"America is just approaching her peak in quantity production and delivery for her armies," Mr. Baruch said. "She needs every effort to reach the crest. This is no time to let thoughts of peace interfere with work for war. The matter of peace may be left to the President. The matter of war is the duty of all."

## NEW STATUS FOR BELGIUM.

### Country Will Not Return to Guaranteed Neutrality, It Is Said.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Efforts of German statesmen to create the impression in neutral countries that Belgium will revert to its former status as a "neutralized" nation after the war, drew a denial from the Belgian Official Information Service here today.

It was stated that Belgium would not consider a return to that state of guaranteed neutrality which, violated by Germany, brought England and, indirectly the United States, into the war and would be satisfied only with complete independence.

## GHENT IS BEING EVACUATED.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 23.—The evacuation of Ghent is in full swing, according to a dispatch to the Telegraaf from Sasvan Gent.

The last boats in Ghent are being hastily towed toward Selzaete, near the Dutch frontier, south of Sasvan Gent, the dispatch adds.


GLOBE SPRINKLERS
AHEAD OF THE FIREMEN

"Must be sprinkler equipped"—Uncle Sam

Inadvertising for warehouses in Chicago recently, the Government definitely announced that all buildings had to be sprinkler protected.

There is a moral in this for you if your plant is not protected. Find out about Globe Sprinklers—they pay for themselves.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
Singer Bldg. Cortlandt 6790

Another Little Birthday Surprise

—or several of them, if you insist on us being exact. Our Furnishings Buyer says he wants to do his share toward making this Birthday Week a big success. So—

Silk Umbrellas
Plain and fancy handles; a good chance to save money on a fine Christmas present for somebody,
$4.85

Accordion Reefers
Black, white and colors; another opportunity that saves some of your Christmas money for Thrift Stamps,
$3.95

Satin Stripe Kerchiefs
Beautiful corded effects, white on white, and very soft. Box of six,
95c

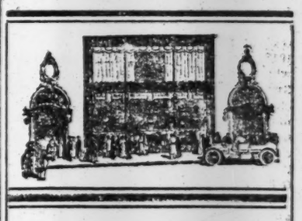
Hercul-Ease Neckties
10 Beautiful colors; wrinkle and crinkle proof four-in-hands—very durable,
$1.35

Blanket Bath Robes
A big collection of beautiful warm, comfortable robes, specially priced to make you remember our Birthday for a long time,
$4.85

Good Cotton Sox
Here is an opportunity that reminds you of what you used to pay,
25c

Silk Shirts
Beautiful Japanese Jacquard Silk Shirts; also many handsome domestic silks that would ordinarily cost a lot more,
$6.45

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
240-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



AEOLIAN HALL OFFICES

AEOLIAN HALL has become widely known as the home of successful business concerns.

This, and the location of the building; its modern appointments, its well-lighted and comfortable offices, give it marked intrinsic value as a business address.

A few particularly desirable office spaces are available now.

ELLEN & JEFFERY
*Agents for Aeolian Hall*
*Tel. Vanderbilt 897*

FRANKLIN SIMON

SUITS *for* MEN

*Hand-Tailored Ready-for-Service*

*at* $25, $28, $30, *and* $33

Contain the same quality of all-wool fabrics and the same quality of hand-workmanship, at the same prices as last season, and don't let anybody tell you otherwise!

*Misery loves company!*

Stores which are compelled to raise their prices are trying to create the impression that there are no exceptions to the rule.

We foresaw all this months ago when we had the courage to buy woolens while others were holding back.

And it's not worrying us, either—we and our customers are reaping the benefits of forehanded buying—we are publishing this advertisement merely for your information and guidance.

*Our prices for these suits have not gone ahead!*

*Our quality in these suits has not gone behind!*

*And our hand-workmanship runs like a thread of gold through the fustian of cheap commercial clothes!*

DON'T PAY MORE FOR LESS
PAY LESS FOR MORE FOR A CHANGE!

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

MEN'S SHOPS—2 to 8 West 38th Street—Street Level

# 874 NEW CASUALTIES IN OUR ARMY IN FRANCE REPORTED BY PERSHING

## 160 Dead and 671 Wounded Named In Latest Army Lists Given Out

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today which contained 874 names, bringing the total for the army up to 55,751. No Marine Corps list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 3,861. The total for army and marines is now 59,612.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 61 killed in action, 47 died of wounds, 10 died of accident, 42 died of disease, 136 severely wounded, 411 wounded to a degree undetermined, 124 slightly wounded, 41 missing and 2 prisoners.

**SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.**

| Deaths. | Previously Reported | Oct. 23. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action | 10,110 | 61 | 10,171 |
| Lost at sea | 394a | .. | 394 |
| Died of wounds | 3,681 | 47 | 3,728 |
| Died of accident and other causes | 1,122 | 10 | 1,132 |
| Died of disease | 3,111 | 42 | 3,153 |
| Total | 18,418a | 160 | 18,578 |
| Wounded | 30,243 | 671 | 30,014 |
| Missing, including prisoners | 6,216 | 43 | 6,259 |
| Total | 54,877a | 874 | 55,751 |

aLost at sea was increased by 101 soldiers yesterday, announced officially as having been lost when the Ticonderoga was torpedoed.

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty: (KA), Killed in Action; (DW), Died from Wounds; (DD), Died of Disease; (DA), Died from Accident or Other Causes; (DP), Died from Airplane Accident; (WS), Wounded Severely; (WL), Wounded Slightly; (WU), Wounded (Degree Undetermined); (MA), Missing in Action; (P), Prisoner; (LS), Lost at Sea; Gen., General; Col., Colonel; Maj., Major; Capt., Captain; Lt., Lieutenant; Sgt., Sergeant; Corp., Corporal; Bgl., Bugler; Mch., Mechanic; Wagn., Wagoner; Mus., Musician; Cook, Cook; Hrs., Horseshoer; Mstr.Engr., Master Engineer.

**ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED OCT. 23.**

### NEW YORK CITY.

ANDRIANO, N.; C. Andriano, 133 Mulberry St.—(W L).
ANTONELE, N.; Frank DeAntonele, 1 Mott St.—(W S).
ARANOW, JOSEPH; Harry August, 1,109 Telle Av.—(M A).
BARINQUE, J. P.; Mrs. T. Barinque, 163 E. 54th St.—(W D).
BIGGS, C.; G. Biggs, 1,584 Brooklyn St.—(W L), Qy.
BERKOFF, M.; H. Weiner, 751 E. 180th St.—(D W).
BURKE, A. J.; Mrs. M. Kelly, 581 7th St., Bklyn.—(W L).
CAVANAGH, J. F.; Mrs. S. Cavanagh, 5 Kouwenhoven Place, Brooklyn.—(W D).
CIOFFI, G.; Mrs. A. Fusco, 173 Mulberry St.—(W U).
CUMMINGS, W.; Mrs. M. Weiner, 62 E. 2d Av.—(W S).
DANTZIG, M.; L. Dantzig, 1,772 Madison Av.—(K A).
DAVIDOWITZ, J.; M. Davidowitz, 350 E. 4th St.—(K A).
DIAMOND, J. J.; Mrs. M. Diamond, 508 W. 21st St.—(W L).
DONOHUE, T.; Mrs. E. Lynch, 512 W. 134th St.—(W L).
FORMAN, F. H.; F. Forman, 377 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.—Corp. (W S).
HEDGES, J. F.; Mrs. E. Hedges, 87 Douglas St., Brooklyn.—Corp. (W U).
HERMAN, O.; S. Herman, 360 So. 1st St., Bklyn.—(D A).
HIRSHFELD, L. T.; N. L. Hirshfeld, 245 E. Broadway.—(K A).
HIMPLER, J.; Mrs. E. Himpler, 121 Stanhope St., Brooklyn.—(W U).
HUNT, Lewis W.; Miss Hazel Hoffmire, 81 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.—(WS)
KRAUSS, Murray; Samuel Zahn, 1,185 Fulton Av.—(WL).
LA PETER, P.; C. La Peter, 729 E. 205th St.—Sgt. (WL).
LAPORTA, Charles; J. Laporta, 314 E. 107th St.—(WU).
LONGINOTTI, Frank; D. Longinotti, 7 Jones St.—(WS).
LORANG, Paul; Mrs. M. Jahyer, 131 Washington Pl.—(WS).
MACCARONE, C.; P. Maccarone, 267 Elizabeth St.—(WU).
MARCO, JOHN B.; Mrs. Rose Marco, Prospect St., Tronton Place, Staten Island.—(D W).
MICHELS, R.; Mrs. K. Michels, 890 Melrose Av.—WU).
MURPHY, GEORGE W.; Mrs. Helen Bullock, 5,711 Fourth Av., Brooklyn.—Sgt. (W S).
NATHAN, J.; Miss L. Nathan, 246 W. 130th St.—Sgt.(WL).
O'NEILL, E. G.; T. O'Neill, 130 State St., Bklyn.—Lt. (WU).
BRIGOFF, B.; Mrs. M. Prigoff, 2,048 Mapes Av.—(WL).
PRIMAKOVE, W.; H. Primakove, 530 W. 123d St.—(KA).
QUIGLEY, Thomas; J. Quigley, 925 72d St., Bklyn.—(WL).
RABINOWITZ, Harry; Abrahams Phacom, 544 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.—(WS).
RAFFAELE, Thomas; Mrs. Rose Raffaele, 311 Forty-fifth St., Brooklyn.—Sgt. (WL).
RECINITZ, A.; Mrs. R.Reichnitz,081 Elton Av.—M'ch.(WL)
RIORDAN, Michael J.; Mrs. Mary Henley, 1,351 E. 14th St., Brooklyn.—(DD).
SILVERMAN, Benjamin; Mrs. Margaret Silverman, 205 Middleton St., Brooklyn.—Sgt. (DW).
SILVERBRAND, Edmund; Mrs. Mabel Silverbrand, 799 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.—Lt., (WL).
SCHMITT, George C.; Mrs. Martin Schmitt, 456 E. 135th St.—(WU).
SPAHN, Frederick; Mrs. Mary Spahn, 141 Syossett St., Woodhaven.—Corp. (KA).
STUBBS, E. J.; Mrs. J. F. Ham, 562 W. 113th St.—(WS).
TELMAN, John; P. Telman, 712 Cauldweyy Av.—Sgt. (WS).
VYSCHRAD, F. J.; Mrs. C. Vyschrad, 1,887 1st Av.—(WU).
WARREN, Walter T.; Thomas H. Warren, 39 Van Buren St., New Brighton—(WU).
WILLIAMS, John R.; Seamen's Home, 507 West St.—(MA).

### OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADAMSKI, Anthony; Mrs. Josephine Adamski, 36 Durnam St., Rochester—(WU).
ALLEN, W. H.; Mrs. S. Allen, 1st St., Allegany—(WU).
BURELLI, P.; Mrs. A. Burelli, 14 Jones St., Rochester—(WS).
BUTH, J. J.; Charles Buth, Akron—(MA).
CARLSON, N. H.; Miss C. Carlson, 310 N. Main St., Jamestown—(WL).
CONNOLLY, H. J.; Mrs. S. Connolly, 127 Smith St., Port Chester—(KA).
DAHL, P. D.; Mrs. M. Dahl, 11 Bouck St., Tonawanda—(WL).
FLYNN, J. K.; J. Flynn, 26 Kirkwood Av., Geneva—Corp. (WU).
FOX, D.; Mrs. M. D. Fox, 27 Cliff St., Yonkers—Sgt. (WU).
FREZZOLI, R.; G. Wiligio, 761 Walden Av., Buffalo—(KA).
GARACI, F.; T. Garaci, 574 Front St., Buffalo—(WU)
GERZA, S.; F. Macedonia, Glenwove—(MA).
GILES, R. E.; Mrs. M. O. Beeble, 2 Burdick Building, Watertown—(WS).
HARRISON, M. J.; F. Harrison, 309 Avenue B. Schenectady—(WU).
HEATH, D. W.; Mrs. M. Heath, 1,011 West St., Utica—Hsr. (DW).
HOVEY, H. E.; Mrs. A. A. Hovey, R. F. D. 1, Watkins, —Corp. (WL).
HOUSEMAN, H. T.; Mrs. I. Houseman,Lyndonville—(DW).
HOWELL, N. S.; Mrs. J. A. Howell, Ballston Spa(WL).
MAURER, J. B.; Mrs. A. Maurer, 15 Garfield St., Yonkers—Bgl. (WL).
NEWBRAND, J. F.; Mrs. G. Newbrand, 23 Lewis St., Yonkers—Corp. (WS).
NICOLAI, G. A.; Mrs. B. Nicolai, 16 1st St., New Rochell.—Corp. (WU).
RAUGHT, L. H.; Mrs. K. Raught, Copake—Corp. (DD).
REIFKE, A. G.; Mrs. H. Relfke, R. F. D. 7, Oswego—Corp. (MA).
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THOMAS, M. S.; S. S. Thomas, 67 North St., Rochester—(DW).

### ALABAMA.

AVERY, Jesse; Mrs. Martha Avery, Black—(WS).
BROWN, Max; Mrs. J. M. Brown, McKenzie—(WU).
BROWN, L. M.; Mrs. A. L. Brown, Birmingham—(WU).
CROSBY, W.; Miss Bertha Culpepper, Phoenix—Corp. (WS).
FREE, I. N.; Mrs. J. F. Free, Chocolee Valley—(WU).
GILBERT, Oscar; Tom Gilbert, Decatur—(KA).
HARRIS, D. D.; John Harris, Ashland—(WU).
HATCHER, Martin; York Hatcher, Jemison—(WU).
HOLLAND, Tom; Mrs. Daisy Holland, Valley Head—(WU).
HYBART, W. A.; Mrs. Lina Hybart, Finlen—(DD).
IMBUSH, E. E.; J. G. Imbush, Cullman—(WL).
JONES, Burl; W. T. Jones, Lineville—(WL).
KINES, Horace; Henry Kines, Center—Sgt. (WS).
LEWIS, W. S.; Mrs. Annie Engle, Oneonta—(WS).
LOWERY, R. E.; O. R. Lowery, Atmore—Corp. (WU).
MEEKS, Lonnie; J. W. Meeks, Gadsden—(WL).
MORRIS, R. C.; Mrs. Artha Morris, Bridgeport—(WU).
OWENS, A. D.; C. S. Owens, Bay Minette—(WU).
PRIESTER, H. D.; Mrs. T. D. Priester, Sanson—(WS).
REDD, W. M.; Mrs. M. Thomas, Montgomery—Bl. (KA).
THOMPSON, R.; Mrs. R. Thompson, Stockton—Corp (WL).

### ARKANSAS.

ANKRUM, Samuel; Wash Ankrum, Forest City—(DD).
BLACK, Roy; George Black, Russellville—(WU).
COLLINS, J. B.; Mrs. E. J. Collins, Shirley—(DW).
DALTON, S. F.; Mrs. Leona Rogers, Dalton—(WS).
DOLLAR, Walter; Effie Vickroy, Paragould—(KA)
FOUSHEE, C. A.; G. E. Foushee, Newport—(WU).
RASOR, Ott; Mrs. Virginia Rasor, Advance—(WU).
WILEY, F. M.; Mrs. M. Wiley, R. F. D 1, Lowell—(DD).

### ARIZONA.

CHESSER, T. R.; Mrs. Alvin Warner, Franklin—(WU).

### CALIFORNIA.

BOSCACCI, R.; Mrs. M. Boscacci, San Francisco—(WS).
CAREY, R. O.; Mrs. D. S. Wilcox, Alhambra—(WL).
CINELLI, A. D.; Miss Lena Cinelli, Santa Rosa—(DD).
FINDLAY, David; David Findlay, Hanford—(WU).
GABRIELLI, John; Mrs. F. Cabrielli, Sacramento—(DD).
JOHNSON, E. A.; Mrs. M. C. Johnson, Fresno—(DW).
MANNHART, E. H.; Mrs. H. J. Mannhart, Berkeley—(DD)
REDNER, J. H.; F. F. Redner, San Francisco—Lt. (DD).
TAYLOR, Walter; John Taylor, San Francisco—(WL).
TUCKER, B. G.; Mrs. Anna Tucker, Brawley—(WU).
TWOMBLY, H. C.; Charles Twombly, Pasadena—(DD).
WEIGEL, Roy; August Weigel, Los Angeles—Sgt. (DW).
WINFIELD, Oliver; W. H. Brown, Poleta—(DD).
YOUNG, E. C.; Mrs. M. J. Young, Los Gatos—(KA).

### COLORADO.

ANDERSON, H. R.; J. E. Anderson, Siebert—(WU).
CHILES, J. H.; Mrs. Maud Bengtson, Arena.—(WU).
COLEMAN, Elmus; Mrs. E. Coleman, Mesa—Lt. (KA).
DOBBINS, Francis; William Dobbins, Durango—(MA).
DOBSON, F. M.; Mrs. William Dobson, Oak Creek—(WL).
DE BELLA, Joe; Antonio De Bella, Sapris—(WU).
JUNGE, P. A.; Mrs. Lina Junge, Fort Lupton—(WU).
VIGIL, J. A.; Domicio Vigil, Walsenburg—(WU).
ZAPUTOVICH, Nick; Tony Zaputovich, Denver—(WU).

### CONNECTICUT.

BALCH, W. F.; William Balch, Starkwealther St., Manchester—Corp. (WU).
BAZLUKI, P. G.; George Bazluki, 223 Park Av., Waterbury—Sgt. (WU).
BERTRAM, J. H.; Mrs. H. Bertram, Westport—Corp. (WL).
CADIEUX, H. J.; Mrs. R. Cadieux, Jewett City—(WL).
DAMICO, R.; D. Damico, Spring St., South Manchester—(WU).
DOLAN, J.; Miss Mary Dolan, Naugatuck—(WL).
FINE, B. N.; Mrs. Lena Fine, 85 Chestnut St., Hartford—(WU).
FITZGERALD, James; Miss Margaret Fitzgerald, 119 Water St., South Norwalk—(WS).
GRISAFE, Giuseppe; Sam Grisafe, 280 Franklin St., Norwich—(WU).
McILRAVEY, A. A.; Daniel McIlravey, Washington Depot —Corp. (WU).
MULVOY, A. J.; Mrs. E. Mulvoy, 435 Main Av., Norwalk—(DW).
RICHARDSON, W. H.; V. T. Wetherill, East Woodstock—(WS).
RIGA, A. J.; Mrs. M. Riga, 50 Brown St., Hartford—(MA).
RYAN, C. A.; Mrs. Charles Ryan, 270 South Main St., Putnam—(WU).
SOSSIN, G.; S. Sossin, 267 Hollister Av., Bridgeport—(WU)
STAWICKI, Stanislaw; Miss Helen Stawicki, 139 Oak St., New Haven—(WU).
VENTRES, H. D.; G. W. Ventres, Berlin—Sgt. (WU).
WILLISKI, William; Mike Williski, 125 Broad St., New Britain—Corp. (WU).
ZILKO, J. P.; Mrs. B. Kilko, 20 Russ Lane, Bristol—(WU)

### FLORIDA.

COX, B. F.; J. B. Cox, Jacksonville—Corp. (WL).
FIELDS, H.; Mrs. A. E. Fields, Jacksonville—Sgt. (DW).
PATTILLO, F. A.; Dr. C. E. Pattilio, Tampa—Lt. (WU).

### GEORGIA.

DAVIS, J. E.; S. M. Davis, Winder—(WU).
FINCHER, H.; Mrs. P. A. Fincher, Columbus—(KA).
GAY, J.; Mrs. M. E. Gay, Adrian—(MA).
JONES, O. A.; Mrs. D. Malphurs, Columbus—(WU).
MARSH, N. A.; A. G. Marsh, Athens—(WU).
McKEE, H. G.; Z. T. McKee, Ellenwood—(WL).
MOTE, C.; Mrs. G. Mote, Atlanta—(WU).
TINSLEY, W. B.; J. W. Tinsley, Taylorsville—(WS).

### HAWAII.

SANCHEZ, M. R.; Mrs. I. A. Sanchez, Honolulu—(WU.)

### IDAHO.

REED, H. C.; J. T. Reed, Clarkaford—(DD).

### ILLINOIS.

BIXLER, D. A.; D. A. Bixler, Evanston—(WS).
BORDEN, O. Y.; Mrs. Della Empson, Decatur—Sgt. (WU).
BRUNSLIK, E.; Mrs. J. Brunslik, Chicago—Sgt. (WU).
COLBERT, E.; Mrs. Cross, Neoga—(KA).
DEVLIN, C. J.; Mrs. C. Devlin, Jacksonville—(KA).
DRAPALIK, J. E.; J. Drapalik, Chicago—(WL).
FARRELL, R.; Mrs. J. Farrell, Grape Creek—(WU).
FLEMING, O. J.; Mrs. R. M. Fleming, Bloomington—(WL).
GRUBB, J. E.; Mrs. F. S. Grubb, Danville—Corp. (WU).
GIERTZ, E. A. H.; Fred Giertz, Sr., Chobanase—(DD).
HENSON, H. O.; B. Henson, Percy—(WS).
KOPP, R.; Mrs. Lottie Kopp, Buda—(WU).
LASKOWSKI, W.; Mrs. M. Laskowski, Chicago—(MA).
LUCHECK, J. A.; S. Lucheck, Lemont—(WU).
McCARTHY, M. P.; Mrs. M. McCarthy, Springfield—Corp. (WU).
NELSON, A.; Mrs. C. Nelson, Peoria—(WU).
O'CONNELL, E. P.; Mrs. K. O'Connell, Chicago—Corp. (KA).
OLDT, O. R.; Mrs. G. E. Oldt, Aurora—(WU).
O'BRIEN, P. T.; Mrs. M. E. O'Brien, Maple Park—Corp. (WU).
PHILLIPS, H. E.; E. Jay Phillips, Carrollton—(KA).
RAYBURN, L. J.; E. S. Rayburn, Greenview—(DA).
ROSKOWSKI, J.; Miss Julia Provok, Chicago—(KA).
SHORT, L.; Allen Short, Casey—Cook (WU).
STAHL, E. O.; Mrs. M. Stahl, Trenton—(DW).
SUTTON, C. J.; Henry Sutton, Windsor—(WU).
TREMBLE, W.; Mrs. Della Dunigan, Peoria—(WU).
WEAVER, F. H.; Miss S. Wooley, Henry—(DW).
WEBER, W. A.; Mrs. E. Z. Weber, Murphysboro—(KA).

### INDIANA.

BAILEY, G. F.; J. J. Bailey, Dunkirk—(WU).
BALCERZAK, Leo; Theresa Davis, Gary—(WU).
BLAKE, H. C.; Mrs. Lucy Shaffer, Anderson—Corp. (WU)
BOULOS, N. G.; George Valos, Garrett—(WS).
DENNIE, Donald; Frank Dennie, Fort Wayne—Sgt. (WU).
FORSTER, C. E.; Alice Foster, Delphi—Corp. (WU).
HAHN, W. J.; Della Jansen, Evansville—(WU).
HEDEEN, O. C.; C. L. Hedeen, Indiana Harbor—(DW).
MONTGOMERY, C. L.; J. H. Montgomery, Tunnelton—(WU).
MERRITT, Elmer; Mrs. I. R. Merritt, Clinton—(WS).
PRICE, Howard; J. M. Price, Terre Haute—(DD).
WALKER, Emil; Mrs. Margaret Walker, Carthage—(WU).

### IOWA.

AYRES, J. A.; Fred Ayres, Shenandoah—Corp. (WU).
CARRIGHN, Arthur; Mrs. C. Carrighn, Maquoketa—(WU).
DENLINGER, F.; Cal Denlinger, Richardson—Corp. (KA).
FOSTER, Frank; J. H. Foster, Malvern—(WU).
HALVERSON, J.; Mrs. Mary Halverson, Calmas—(KA).
JOHNSON, M. L.; Mrs. Ella Johnson, Sioux City—(WS).
LILLIE, G. M.; Mrs. C. Pullen, Leon—(WS).
OAK, J. J.; Mrs. J. L. Oak, Lyons—(KA).
ROMELFANGER, E. R.; J. Romelfanger, Aplington—(DW)
SALZMAN, C. W.; W. A. Salzman, Melvin—(WS).
SMITH, J.; Mrs. Anna Smith, Des Moines—(WL).
TROY, George; Mrs. Ellen Troy, Sioux City—Sgt. (WL).
VINING, P. L.; M. M. Vining, Woodbine—(WS).

### KANSAS.

BOWEN, C. F. L.; Bowen, Brewster—(WU).
CHIPMAN, F. A.; J. A. Chipman, Stockton—Corp. (WU).
GUSTIN, R. D.; M. M. Gustin, Neodesha—(WU).
JACKSON, C. H.; Mrs. Mary Jackson, Boicourt—(WU)
MOORE, W. E.; Mrs. W. Moore, Winfield—Corp. (DW).
OHLEMIER, B. C.; H. J. Ohlemier, Bunkerhill—(WS).

### KENTUCKY.

CAMPBELL, Horace; Joe Campbell, Ayers—(WS).
CUNNINGHAM, H. H.; Mrs. S. A. Cunningham, Hazel—Corp. (KA).
GIRDLER, F. R.; W. H. Girdler, Somerset—(MA).
MERRITT, Alva; Mrs. Hallie Merritt, Owensboro—(WU).
MOODY, H. E.; J. W. Moody, Wilmore—(WU).
PROCK, L. O.; Mrs. Mary West, Parson—(WS).
RENO, Herbert; Rufus Reno, Central City—(KA)
RICH, Jessie; Mrs. Blanche Rich, Union—(DW).
ROMANUS, Elmer; T. Romans, Corbin—(WU).
RUDOLPH, R. R.; W. L. Rudolph, Kevil—Sgt. (WU).
THORNTON, J. T.; J. N. Thornton, Moreland—(DD).
WALLACE, I. W.; S. L. Wallace, Hidgeville—(MA).
WHITE, G. D.; Joseph White, Guthrie—(WS).

### LOUISIANA.

BOWMAN, N. Y.; Mrs. M. E. Bowrhan, Simsboro—(WU).
DUHON, Angel; Mrs. Angel Duhon, Cameron—(MA).
PERELLI, J. A.; Mrs. J. A. Perelli, New Orleans—Sgt. (KA).
SCANLAN, J. C.; Mrs. Maggie Scanlan, Lafayette—(WU).
SCHNEIDA, A. A.; Mrs. L. Schneida, New Orleans—(WU).
SELLERS, Optat; Mrs. Ana Viteau Milton—(WU).
STRONG, F. H.; Mrs. N. M. Strong, West Monroe—(WS).
VAUGHN, E.; Mrs. L. Vaughn, Pecan Island—(DD).
WILDER, L. H.; Mrs. L. H. Wilder, Eros—(WS).

### MAINE.

BICKNELL, I. E.; L. N. Bicknell, Augusta—(WS).
BOYLE, C. E.; Mrs. Ellen Boyle, Oldtown—(WU).
KIROUACK, Albert; Maxime Kirouack, Brunswick—(WU).
LEFEBVRE, O.; Mrs. O. Lefebvre, Rumford—Sgt. (WS).
SIMPSON, Charles; Mrs. M. Simpson, Bangor—(KA).
WHITNEY, William; Mrs. I. Whitney, Skowhegan—(KA).

### MARYLAND.

CONDON, G. J.; Mrs. Margaret Smith, Baltimore—(WS).
CAST, C. L.; Mrs. Bertha Gast, Brooklyn—(DW).
HARGETT, L. D.; Mrs. D. H. Hargett—Lt. (WS).
HARRELL, S. M.; Mrs. Elsie McHarrell, Baltimore—(WS).
HARMAN, OWEN; Abe Harman, Gilpen—(WL).
HORNUNG, J. K.; Mrs. K. Hornung, Baltimore—(DD).
ILLIAN, C. G.; Mrs. C. Illian, Baltimore—Wagn. (WU).
LINK, H. W.; Mrs. Anna Link, Hawthorpe—Corp.
MORFOOT, W. E.; Mrs. M. E. Morfoot, Baltimore—(WU).
SCANNELL, C. M.; Mrs. H. Scannell, Catonsville—(WU).

### MASSACHUSETTS.

ALIX, A. V.; Lottie Alix, Lowell—(WS).
BARRETT, J. W.; Mrs. M. J. Barrett, New Bedford—(WL).
BARTON, H. B.; Royal E. Barton, Dorchester—(WU).
BOUZANE, M. C.; Mrs. E. Bouzane, Boston—(WU).
BUCZKOWSKI, S. J.; J. Buczkowski, Chelsea—(WU).
BUGLER, T. R.; A. F. Bugler, Peabody—(KA).
BURNS, J. T.; Mrs. Patrick Burns, Wakefield—(DD).
CADILL, Joe; Tony Cadill, East Boston—(KA).
CIDLEVICZ, Joseph; J. Cidlevicz, Montello—(WL).
COLLINS, G. F.; Mrs. D. H. Collins, Hyde Park—Lt. (WU).
DONAHUE, D. F.; Mrs. M. A. Donahue, Merrimac—(DW).
EAGLETON, G. R.; Mrs. Rose Eagleton, Spencer—(DD).
FISHER, J. H.; Mrs. J. A. Fisher, Beverly—(WU).
GIBSON, R. S.; Mrs. Kline Gibson, Chicopee—(WL).
GLUNTS, William; Benny Glunts, Boston—(WS).
GOODWIN, Eugene; Mrs. Goodwin, Roxbury—(WU).
GORMAN, A. E.; G. E. Gorman, Boston—(DW).
HAID, Charles; Mrs. M. Haid, Jamaica Plain—(WU).
HENAULT, Arthur; Mrs. M. Henault, Webster—(WL).
HINCKLEY, L. D.; Mrs. A. B. Hinckley, Barnstable—Sgt. (WU).
KLYKUNAS, Stephen; John Morris, Worcester—(KA).
LANGE, J. O.; Olive Lange, Spencer—(WU).
LEARY, Patrick; John Leary, Worcester—(WL).
LEGER, Hector; Mrs. Rose Leger, Salem—(DD).
LONGARINI, G. N.; A. Longarini, Boston—(WU).
McLAUGHLIN, Frank; Mrs. L. McLaughlin, Beachmont—Sgt. (WU).
MANNING, R. E.; J. J. Manning, Hudson—Corp. (DW).
MILLS, J. L.; Mrs. L. A. Mills, Somerville—(DD).
MOONEY, T. F.; Mrs. E. G. Mooney, Cherry Valley—(WU).
MONAHAN, W. P.; P. M. Monahan, Canton—Corp. (DW).
MORGAN, D. C.; J. H. Walker, Lawrence—(DW).
MUCCIARONE, A. L.; A. Mucciarone, Franklin—(DW).
MURPHY, W. E.; J. J. Murphy, Newburyport—(DW).
O'CONNOR, Charles; J. J. O'Connor, Dorchester—(WU).
O'CONNELL, C.; Mrs. D. O'Connell, Winchester—(WU).
OLIVER, Hubert; Mrs. M. E. Oliver, New Bedford—(DA).
PANTANO, Vincent; Philip Pantano, Roxbury—(MA).
SMITH, E. B.; Mrs. F. L. Lamphere, Beachmont—(WU).
WARD, T.; M. C. Leary, Roxbury—(WS).
WELCH, P. L.; Mrs. S. J. Welch, Mansfield—(MA).
WILBUR, Homan; Mrs. M. Wilbur, Whitman—Corp. (WS).
WILCOX, F. M.; H. Joste, Waushakun, Framingham—(DD).
WILSON, W. A.; Mrs. Winnie Wilson, Boston—(WU).

### MICHIGAN.

BLACK, T. J.; Mrs. S. J. Houghton, Highland Pk.—(WL).
CAMPILLANI, Adolfo; Mike Genglie, Detroit—(WU).
DAMM, Leo; Mrs. Adeline Buldhic, Marquette—(DW).
HUNGER, Herbert; Mrs. Minnie Hunger, Manos—(WU)
KRAKOS, Steven; Stanley Krakos, Hamtramck—(WS).
LAVIER, Reuben; Alex Lavier, Midland—(MA).
LEAVER, M. C.; J. Leaver, Battle Creek—Corp. (WL).
LOUDOWSKI, John; Mrs. A. Ples, Hamtramck—(WS).
LUDWIG, M. A.; Mrs. L. B. Ludwig, Detroit—Corp. (WL).
MALONEY, E. F.; Mrs. A. Austin, Lansing—Sgt. (WU).
McDANIEL, J. M.; Earl McDaniel, Grand Ledge—(WU).
MESSERSCHMIDT, Emile; Mrs. Augusta Messerschmidt, Lansing—Corp. (WL).
MILLER, D. D.; Mrs. Mary Miller, Clare—(KA).
NIETERING, H.; Mrs. A. Nietering, Grand Haven—Sgt. (WS).
PEARCE, J.G.; Mrs. M.M.Pearce, Muskegon—Corp. (WL).
RINGNALDA, W.; Mrs. C. Ringnalda, Bryan Center—(DW).
ROSSEAU, J. T.; Octava Rosseau, Alpena—Corp. (WL).
SANTURE, H.; J. Santure, Belleville—(WS).
SHAKOIAN, Krikor; Badros Shakolan, Detroit—(DA).
SMART, R. C.; Mrs. E. Smart, Iron River—(WS).
SMITH, H. C.; Mrs. A. C. Smith, Detroit—Lt. (WU).
STAFFORD, J. B.; Michael Stafford, Alpena—Sgt. (WU).
STEIN, Fred; George Stevens, Atlanta—Corp. (WU).
SCHULTZ, E. J.; Arthur Schultz, Lansing—(WL).
SPYRCZAK, Adam; Felix Kucaor, Detroit—(KA).
WALKER, R. S.; Mrs. Lena Walker, Ovid—(DD).
WHARFIELD, J.B.; Mrs.L.Larlon,Manistique—Corp.(WU).
WOLF, F. J.; Mrs. S. M. Wolf, North Adams—(WL).

### MINNESOTA.

BEHNKEN, C. T.; C. Behnken, Chatfield—(WS).
BERG, W. E.; C. Berg, Duluth—(KA).
BRANDT, L.; Mrs. Erick Orman, Grandy—Corp. (DW).
BROWNSON, C. E.; F. M. Brownson, Montevideo—(WS).
DUGAN, W.; Mrs. Jane Dugan, Princeton—(WS).
FRANKE, J. E.; J. Franke, Blue Earth—(WU).
HUNT, E. L.; M. L. Hunt, Browns Valley, Traverse County—(MA).
LAYTON, A.; John Layton, Crookston—Corp. (DW).
MELLIN, A. A.; Mrs. Ida Mellin, Duluth, (KA).
MUNSENRIDER, A.; Frank Munsenrider, Lake City—(WL)
PAULSON, H. H.; Emil Paulson, Nellsville—(WU).
PRELVITZ, W. W.; Mrs. M. Prelvitz, Wilmont—(DW).
ROGREN, C. S.; M. Anderson, Minneapolis—(WU).
RUDD, Jacob; Ole Rudd, Pelican Rapids—(WS).
SANDUM, H. B.; Mrs. E. K. Sandum, Thief River Falls—(WU).
SOLLOM, G. A.; Mrs. T. T. Sollom, Holt—(KA).
WALTHER, W. A.; J. Walther, Winona—(WU).
WARNER, P. E.; Mrs. Louise Warner, Brainerd—(WU).
YACKEL, H. C.; Mrs. F. Brugger, Winona—(WU).

### MISSISSIPPI.

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HANNA, C. L.; Mrs. Nannie Hanna, Bynalfa—(WU).
HARRIS, Jasper; T. H. Harris, Harrisville—Lt. (WL).
NICHOLSON, X. L.; L. Nicholson, Union—(WS).
RIDDLE, H. H.; Mrs. C. H. Riddle, Booneville—(WU).
SHELTON, R. C.; W. L. Shelton, Greenville—(MA).
WEAVER, Ivy; Mrs. Mollie Weaver, Amory—(WS).

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CLARK, C. H.; Mrs. Ella Clark, Philadelphia—(WS).
COOPER, Charles; Mrs. M. A. Cooper, Campbell—(WS).
COOPER, Charles; Mrs. M. A. Cooper, Campbell—(WS).
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SCOTT, Rado; G. B. Scott, Eugene—(WS).
SWANSTONE, J. H.;Mrs. R. Swanstone, Rocheport—(WS)
UTHLAUT, G. E. E.; Uhlaut, Fayette—(DW).
WILSON, V. R.; H. S. Wilson, Ava—Lt. (WS).

### MONTANA.

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MONK, W.; Mrs. J. Blundelle, 40 Bayard St., New Brunswick—Corp. (WL).
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SMALLWOOD, H. F.; E. T. Smallwood, 327 W. Main St., Millville—Corp. (WU).
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MALPASS, W. F.; Vallie Malpass, Wallace—(DD).
MURPHY, J. T.; Mrs. Martha Murphy, Spray—(WS).
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## MORE CITIES RECOVERED

### Twenty Cannon, with Ammunition, and a Long-Range Naval Gun Taken North of Courtrai.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Oct. 22.—British troops fighting in foul weather and over boggy ground are along the line of the Scheldt Canal in front of Tournai and Valenciennes and further north. They also hold the west bank of the canal for some distance between Tournai and Courtrai.

From the village of Poedrisch, on the Scheldt, the British line bends back westward along another canal known as the Bossuyt-Courtrai Canal, which the enemy has defended strongly with barbed wire, and is holding in strength with machine guns. We know we have reached a stage when the Germans will undoubtedly make a stand in order the delay pursuit and they will make hard fighting for the British before we can hope to liberate Tournai and Valenciennes and drive further east.

The enemy has his guns behind the Scheldt and in this way has for the time being some advantage over the British, as the bringing up of the British heavies is very difficult over the old battlefields now in the filthiest condition of mud and swamps.

The Germans have also organized a trench mortar defense of the Scheldt and are firing heavy barrages along the opposite banks to prevent the British gaining bridgeheads. In spite of this the British in a most gallant and stubborn way have closed in upon the Scheldt River and Canal, except where on the Second Army front east of Courtrai they have been checked by the Bussoyt Canal. Yesterday north of Courtrai troops of one corps of the Second Army captured twenty guns, with their limbers and ammunition, and one long-range naval gun. They also captured two railway trains of one meter gauge.

**Courtrai Still Under Fire.**

Courtrai is still under fire from high velocity guns, but they are not doing much damage, and civilians are happier than when I saw them yesterday. There was considerable shelling against the British east of the city and in the villages near it on the Fifth Army front north and south of Tournai.

Some of the British patrols crossed the Scheldt yesterday at Obignies, above that city, and at Achin, south of it, but after their reconnaissance came back to the west side. The enemy has been fighting hard at the village of Freyennes, north of Tournai, which still remains in his hands, and at St. Maur, on the south side, which the British have now captured.

Among the places which have fallen into British hands in this advance are the German Headquarters formerly used by General Sixt von Arnim, the antagonist of the British in the battles of the Somme, whose report, with its frank criticism of German methods and necessities, revealed for the first time the growing weakness of the enemy's fighting machine.

The German General and his staff seem to have found the war thirsty business, for they ordered and received consignments of wine to the amount of 10,000 bottles, now lying empty around these buildings.

North of Valenciennes, where the Scarpe runs into the Scheldt, the British captured the town of St. Amand, and there has been hard fighting in the forest of Vicogne nearby.

All this district was crowded with civilians, who now have been liberated, and the First Army, which does not include in its boundaries any big manufacturing towns like Lille or Roubaix, has rescued 70,000 people from German rule.

The enemy's resistance is increasing along this line, and there has been heavy fighting in the village of Thiant, where the Germans counterattacked under violent bombardment and forced the British troops back to the western side of it.

Prisoners still crowd back behind the British lines and the enemy's strength in man power has been much weakened since Oct. 1, apart from his severe losses in dead and wounded.

The Fourth Army on the southern part of the front, southeast of Cambrai, had taken 18,000 prisoners between Oct. 1 and 20. The Third Army in the same time had taken 10,000 men and 250 officers, and the First Army had taken 8,500, while the Second and Fifth Armies also piled up this score by many thousands.

After all that has happened the German Army cannot afford this drain upon its strength, and for that reason alone must continue to retire in spite of fierce and resolute rearguard battles.

**Bad Weather Setting In.**

The year is waning and the weather, breaking today, was truly foul in its aspect around Courtrai, with a heavy drizzle for hours putting a wet blanket of mist over the fields and blotting out the view of villages and towns in this country of lowlands.

The British troops slogged through water pools and trudged down rutty roads with the mud splashing them to their neck, while lorries surged along broken tracks, swung around shell craters and skirted deep ditches. Gun teams with all their horses plastered to the ears with mud traveled through the fog to take up new positions beyond the newly captured towns.

All this makes war difficult and slow and what is most amazing is the speed with which the armies are following up the German retreat like a world on the move, with aerodromes and hospitals, telegraph and transport, headquarters staffs and labor companies, all the vast population and mechanism which make up modern armies, across battlefields like the craters of the moon to country forty miles from their old bases.

It is a wonderful achievement, due to the industry and effort of every single man from the corps commanders to the road menders, working in the mud. One never hears any order given to hurry up or make haste. "Carry on there," is the usual phrase of an officer with the rain dripping down his neck as he stands by a German pillbox with a watchful eye on his labor party, but the men do whatever job is theirs with a quiet industry which helps the army on, and the man with the shovel, as well as the man with the rifle, is doing his level best to get a move on, and that is the way the army is moving.

More cities are slipping into British hands and the enemy is being hustled faster than he wants to go, and he cannot stop the weight of things bearing down on him with relentless and dreadful pressure.

## FLEE FROM GERMAN PRISON.

### Two Italians Reach American Lines with Tale of Hardships.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 22, (Associated Press.)—Two Italian soldiers who escaped from a German prison camp reached he American lines early today after having been under shell fire for three days and nights. They passed through the fire of both the American and German guns as they came southward. The Italians had had nothing to eat but raw potatoes for five days.

The soldiers escaped from the building where they slept by digging a tunnel under the wall in the hours in which they were supposed to sleep. There were four in the party which escaped from the camp, but they became separated and only two have reached the American lines.

The Italians were captured near Rheims, on July 15, and since then have been working in German lumber camps and on railroad and road work. One of them spent ten years in the United States, and formerly was employed on the Great Northern Railroad. He said the Germans struck him with a club for not working harder when he was almost exhausted from lack of sufficient food. He had seen other Italians beaten with clubs and struck with rifle butts by German soldiers.

The two Italians had made previous attempts to escape, and as a result they were confined for twelve days on a diet of bread and water. At other times about all they had to eat was black bread, something called coffee, and soup with a small piece of meat.

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# BRITISH FIGHT FOR BIG FOREST

## Third and Fourth Armies Make Great Drive for the Wood of Mormal.

## FACE AMBUSHED GUNNERS

## Germans Keep Under Cover by Retreating to Successive Positions.

## SICK CIVILIANS SHELLED

### Enemy Herds Up Influenza Sufferers and Bombards Them After Retreating.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Oct. 23.—British troops are now in the outlying streets of Valenciennes, divided from the heart of the city by the Scheldt Canal, which is the western boundary of the boulevards. They have outposts in the parish of St. Vaast and at La Sentinelle. So they are able to look down the avenues of that old town, where many thousands of people are waiting for deliverance, knowing that the English are at their gates.

There was not much fighting there this morning, except for a big burst of machine-gun fire, but south of Valenciennes, to the villages and woods below Le Cateau, on a front of nearly twenty miles, there was a drive forward by the British Third and Fourth Armies toward the great forest of Mormal, covering many hundreds of acres of dense woodlands, where the foliage is now turned to scarlet and gold, like the leaves of all the trees in this new battleground beyond the belt forty miles deep for hundreds of miles where Autumn makes no difference to the landscape because all is dead there.

Beyond the liberated towns of Cambrai, Douai and Lille there are many woods and many streams and many small ridges and fields cut up by ditches and hedges, so that it is not an easy country through which to fight. The enemy has plenty of cover for his men and guns. In the woods, especially, German machine gunners can lie in ambush and fire until the British are close to them before stealing away down the glades and hiding behind other trees, so the British have to go warily, and rather than penetrate those dense woods, thick in undergrawth, work around them, dodging machine-gun fire and surrounding the German rear guards.

Near Valenciennes the enem yis filtering out of the big forest of Raismes, and the British have been able to bite off half of it, called the Forest of Vicugne, and advance around the rest of it without much resistance or risk.

The First Army has taken 1,300 prisoners today by surrounding these woods. The enemy fought hard to hold other woods, which, at one time, formed part of the huge forest of Mormal, where French kings used to go boar hunting, but now they are isolated copses, like Bishop's Wood below Le Cateau.

On the Third Army front this morning the troops advanced on a line of 12,000 yards between Le Vateau and Valenciennes to a depth of several miles in which there were many scattered villages among the woondands like Vertain and Romeries and Beavain. Several of these hamlets were captured in spite of the machine gun fire defending them with girdle of bullets and there was trouble at Vendedies in the wood because the Germans had many of these weapons concealed behind closely growing trees and high in their branches among their tattered foliage.

At an early hour this morning one of the British divisions had taken 800 prisoners around St. Martin and Vertain, and among the prisoners taken by these and other men of the Third Army this morning soldiers of eight German divisions have been identified—units from battered and mangled German divisions which had been fighting a long time without relief, bearing the brunt of these rearguard actions behind which the enemy is getting back his guns and his material of war.

On the Fourth Army front further south below Le Cateau the troops had the help of a small number of tanks which had difficult country to cross, owing to the number of small streams and tree trunk barricades, but seem to have overcome these obstacles and have been reported over the widest stream making their way to the woods where the German machine gunners lie in ambush.

The morning started with a thick white fog so wet and dense that when I went through Douai there was no visibility whatever for the airplanes, however low they flew, and they were flying just above the treetops.

It was, I think, in favor of the British troops, for it blinded the German machine gunners, searching for any movement of men apart from the fog and pitch dark when the British started, as their attack began at 2:30 in some places and earlier in others.

It had been a bad night. The enemy, anticipating further action today, fired large numbers of gas shells and tried to break up the assembling of the troops by a heavy barrage from field guns.

Late in the morning the fog lifted and there was a golden day of Autumn for this conflict in the woods of France. Some of the British worked round Bishop's Wood and the airmen report having sent them through the village of Pommideuil and on the east side of a wood which faces Landrecies, famous in the history of the British retreat down from Mons because of the fierce fighting in its streets.

A village named Boussies was the scene of sharp fighting today, and when the British closed around it numbers of Germans were seen running out the other side toward the deep shelter of the great forest of Mormal.

At the same time fresh reinforcements of German troops debouched from the forest and met the runaways, and there was wild confusion, as some went one way and some another. It is probable that there will be strong counterattacks in this district.

Several thousand prisoners must have been taken today in these operations, and by drawing close to the forest of Mormal the British are drawing the loop tigher around Valenciennes, so that the enemy will have to withdraw quickly unless he risks the danger of capture of its garrison.

I am afraid that there must be many poor peasants trapped along this line of battle, woodcutters crouching in the undergrowth through which machine bullets are slashing, and wives of French charcoal burners hiding with their babies in the cellars of little farmsteads.

This has happened on the line of the advance beyond big towns, and it is a tragedy which stirs the hearts of the British troops, who go stepping day after night far from the main lines of communications into this great unknown country which they call "the blue." They give some of their bully beef to these women and children, though they are ravenously hungry after cold nights and exhausting days, and they break off hunks of bread and thrust them into the hands of boys and girls, whose pinched faces tell their tale, though they do not beg.

Lamentable things are happening in some of these places, as at St. Amand, near Valenciennes, which was captured by British cavalry. In this village the enemy had collected nearly 1,500 people who were suffering from what is called Spanish influenza. He turned one building into a hospital for them and crowded it.

Then when he left the village to escape the cavalry which had closed round it, he shelled it with mustard gas. Most of his shells fell around the hospital, though his gunners ought to have known and had pity, and these poor stricken souls, who went hiding in their cellars, so ill already that many could not stand, and though dying, (and some are now dead,) were aware of the poisonous vapor stealing into their lungs and burning them.

That has just happened, and the British are now getting these people away in ambulances as fast as they can be brought up, and this morning I saw many hospital nurses on the way to look after these gas victims.

**Soldiers Feed the Starving.**

The problem of the civilian populations liberated by the advancing British armies is serious and adding to the burden of the fighting organization. One corps east of Douai has 42,000 people on its hands, all destitute, utterly without means of getting food, in grave peril of starvation unless the army sends supplies without delay.

It is not easy to send up supplies for people numbering many divisions of troops. The transport difficulties over the old battlefields are already hard enough in supplying the soldiers, so that they may not go hungry in the front line. Add to that these thousands of starving souls, and it may be imagined that the "Q" branch is in a desperate dilemma.

But those are dilemmas that bring out the best in the British race, and the administrative officers are giving themselves no rest in order to organize quick relief, and thousands of rations are being brought up by men who drive all night without taking their share of sleep, by ambulance drivers who volunteer for overtime after long hours of labor at casualty clearing stations, so that these French women and children and these poor old helpless people may not starve to death. There is heroic work to cure the tragedy of St. Amand.

**Douai Now a Dead City.**

In Douai itself there is tragedy, but of another kind without the human touch, for Douai is dead. In this home of old scholars and of many centuries of splendid history and good craftsmanship there is no life except that of a stray cat or two, like one I saw affrighted by my footsteps today in the lonely halls of the Hotel de Ville, where upstairs and downstairs there was an utter loneliness and great silence amidst the litter of its archives flung about by German hands in search of loot.

Where are the people of Douai? No single face looked out from the windows of its old houses today. Its cathedral was a house of silence.

In the dwellings cupboards were open and bare and all furniture overturned and crockery and glassware smashed by deliberate industry.

It was a noble old city, and its gables and old carvings and sixteenth century frontages would tempt an artist's hand, and everywhere a man with a knowledge of history finds the spirit of old France calling to him with the voices of its saints and scholars and Princes and burghers and fair women famous in the pages of France, but it is a city of ghosts and no human being is there, and I and two other men today were alone in it, and its solitude scared us so that we were glad to leave.

**Advance in Ocean of Mud.**

Oct. 24.—British troops fighting in foul weather and over boggy ground are along the line of the Scheldt Canal in front of Tournai and Valenciennes and further north. They also hold the west bank of the canal for some distance between Tournai and Courtrai.

From the village of Poedrisch, on the Scheldt, the British line bends back westward along another canal known as the Bossuyt-Courtrai Canal, which the enemy has defended strongly with barbed wire, and is holding in strength with machine guns. We know we have reached a stage when the Germans will undoubtedly make a stand in order the delay pursuit and they will make hard fighting for the British before we can hope to liberate Tournai and Valenciennes and drive further east.

The enemy has his guns behind the Scheldt and in this way has for the time being some advantage over the British, as the bringing up of the British heavies is very difficult over the old battlefields now in the filthiest condition of mud and swamps.

The Germans have also organized a trench mortar defense of the Scheldt and are firing heavy barrages along the opposite banks to prevent the British gaining bridgeheads. In spite of this the British in a most gallant and stubbern way have closed in upon the Scheldt River and Canal, except where on the Second Army front east of Courtrai they have been checked by the Bussoyt Canal. Yesterday north of Courtrai troops of one corps of the Second Army captured twenty guns, with their limbers and ammunition, and one long-range naval gun. They also captured two railway trains of one meter gauge.

**Courtrai Still Under Fire.**

Courtrai is still under fire from high velocity guns, but they are not doing much damage, and civilians are happier than when I saw them yesterday. There was considerable shelling against the British east of the city and in the villages near it on the Fifth Army front north and south of Tournai.

Some of the Britis patrols crossed the Scheldt yesterday at Obignies, above that city, and at Achin, south of it, but after their reconnaissance came back to the west side. The enemy has been fighting hard at the village of Freyennes, north of Tournai, which still remains in his hands, and at St. Maur, on the south side, which the British have now captured.

Among the places which have fallen into British hands in this advance are the German Headquarters formerly used by General Sixt von Arnim, the antagonist of the British in the battles of the Somme, whose report, with its frank criticism of German methods and necessities, revealed for the first time the growing weakness of the enemy's fighting machine.

The German General and his staff seem to have found the war thirsty business, for they ordered and received consignments of wine to the amount of 10,000 bottles, now lying empty around these buildings.

North of Valenciennes, where the Scarpe runs into the Scheldt, the British captured the town of St. Amand, and there has been hard fighting in the forest of Vicogne nearby.

All this district was crowded with civilians, who now have been liberated, and the First Army, which does not include in its boundaries any big manufacturing towns like Lille or Roubaix, has rescued 70,000 people from German rule.

The enemy's resistance is increasing along this line, and there has been heavy fighting in the village of Thiant, where the Germans counterattacked under violent bombardment and forced the British troops back to the western side of it.

Prisoners still crowd back behind the British lines and the enemy's strength in man power has been much weakened since Oct. 1, apart from his severe losses in dead and wounded.

The Fourth Army on the southern part of the front, southeast of Cambrai, had taken 18,000 prisoners between Oct. 1 and 20. The Third Army in the same time had taken 10,000 men and 250 officers, and the First Army had taken 8,500, while the Second and Fifth Armies also piled up this score by many thousands.

After all that has happened the German Army cannot afford this drain upon its strength, and for that reason alone must continue to retire in spite of fierce and resolute rearguard battles.

**Bad Weather Setting In.**

The year is waning and the weather, breaking today, was truly foul in its aspect around Courtrai, with a heavy drizzle for hours putting a wet blanket of mist over the fields and blotting out the view of villages and towns in this country of lowlands.

The British troops slogged through water pools and trudged down rutty roads with the mud splashing them to their neck, while lorries surged along broken tracks, swung around shell craters and skirted deep ditches. Gun teams with all their horses plastered to the ears with mud traveled through the fog to take up new positions beyond the newly captured towns.

All this makes war difficult and slow and what is most amazing is the speed with which the armies are following up the German retreat like a world on the move, with aerodromes and hospitals, telegraph and transport, headquarters staffs and labor companies, all the vast population and mechanism which make up modern armies, across battlefields like the craters of the moon to country forty miles from their old bases.

It is a wonderful achievement, due to the industry and effort of every single man from the corps commanders to the road menders, working in the mud. One never hears any order given to hurry up or make haste. "Carry on there," is the usual phrase of an officer with the rain dripping down his neck as he stands by a German pillbox with a watchful eye on his labor party, but the men do whatever job is theirs with a quiet industry which helps the army on, and the man with the shovel, as well as the man with the rifle, is doing his level best to get a move on, and that is the way the army is moving.

More cities are slipping into British hands and the enemy is being hustled faster than he wants to go, and he cannot stop the weight of things bearing down on him with relentless and dreadful pressure.

## AIDS BRITISH RED CROSS.

### Gift of $2,385,000 from American Red Cross Starts "Our Day."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—"Our Day," to be celebrated throughout Great Britain tomorrow by the collection of subscriptions for the British Red Cross, received a flying start today with a contribution of $2,385,000 from the American Red Cross, said a cablegram received tonight at Red Cross headquarters.

The contribution was made at a dinner at the St. James Club in London.

A message from H. P. Davison, Chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, read at the dinner, said it was the feeling of the American people that "it is our duty to dedicate all our resources and all our strength to insure that those who have died shall not have died in vain."

## OUR MEN GET BOIS DE FORET.

### Pershing Reports Heavy Enemy Losses in Counterattacks.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Repulse of violent enemy counterattacks, with severe losses to the Germans, on the Verdun front was reported by General Pershing in his communiqué for yesterday received today by the War Department. The statement follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Oct. 22:

"On the Verdun front we have maintained and extended our gains of the preceding days. Violent counterattacks on our new positions on Hill 297 and in the Bois des Rappes brought the enemy only severe losses, our line remaining everywhere intact. Further east our troops have taken the Bois de Foret, capturing seventy-five prisoners. Artillery fire has increased in intensity and aviation has been more active on both sides of the Meuse.

"In the Woevre in the course of a successful raid our troops captured twenty-five prisoners."


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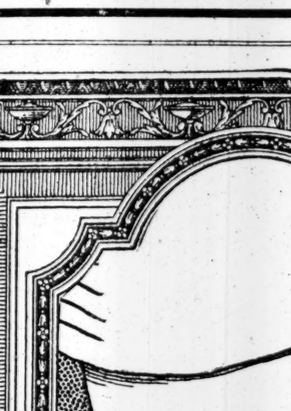

A COMPREHENSIVE collection, providing for every requirement and featuring only the accepted, the really authoritative fashion.

Practical, smartly tailored Coats—to wear with furs, range from the service giving Tweed and Bure' Great Coats—at $29.50 to the handsome Bolivia Afternoon Coats—at $75.00.

Fur trimmed Coats in scores of models, ranging from those of Velour Cloth with soft, becoming collars of Kit Coney fur—at $29.50 to Coats of definite elegance at $195.00.

New Dolman and Cape Coats in the richest of new fabrics; Street and Afternoon Coats, many of them luxuriously trimmed with huge collars, panels and deep bands of the fashionable furs.

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Wool Velour Coatings of excellent quality; soft finished and warm. Models smartly belted introduce clever collar effects, in muffler styles. Box pleats or inverted pleats give the correct straight lines. In brown, taupe, black, navy blue and plum.

Comfortably interlined garments, lined throughout.

Two Models—$50.00

Fur collared Coats of Velour Cloth in fashionable colors with large collars of French Seal (dyed coney), or Nutria. Coats of Pom Pom, Bolivia in choice shades; a model without fur; featuring extremely smart muffler collar and a new belt effect.

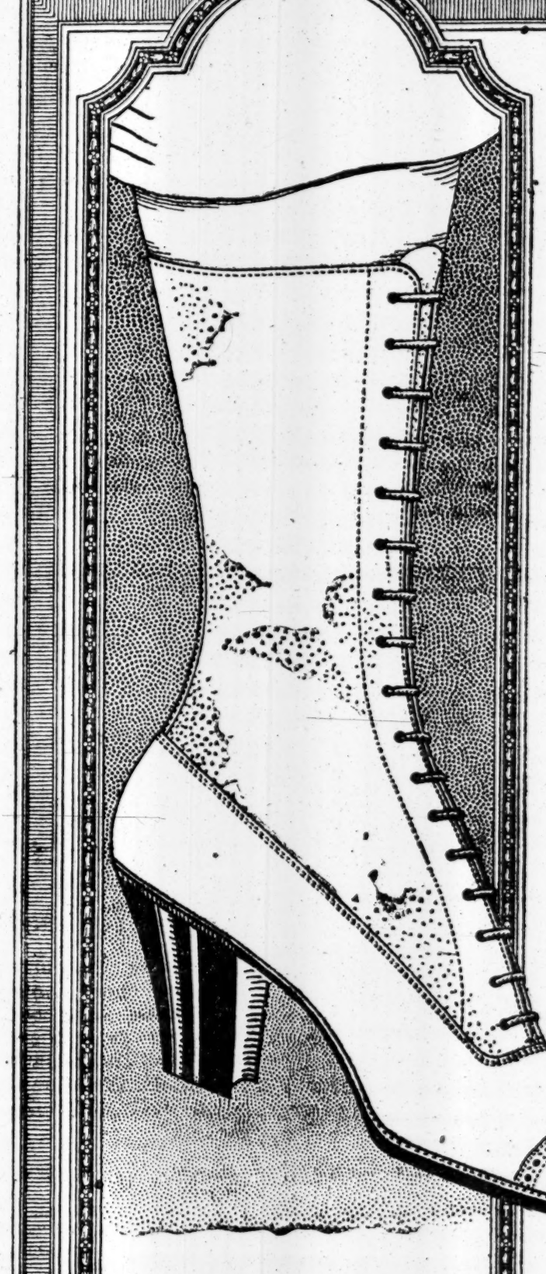
Both warmly interlined and peau de cygne lined.

Two Models—$75.00

Fur Trimmed Coats of superior quality Velour Cloth, with deep collar and bands of nutria fur, finished with embroidered motifs.

Fur collared Coats, a new blouse back model, with rows of buttons emphasizing its straight lines. Large collar of Australian Opossum.

Copies of high priced models; plain or fancy silk lined.



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THERE is so much talk of high costs that one may easily be led into paying more than a thing is worth.

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# MAURICE HINTS HAIG HAD WARNED CHIEFS

## Advocates Inquiry at Proper Time Into the "Disaster" of Last Spring.

## EXPLANATIONS AT VARIANCE

### Those of Soldier and Statesman Do Not Agree In Any Particular, General Asserts.

By MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK B. MAURICE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Sir Douglas Haig's dispatch dealing with the story of the dark days of last Spring is dated July 30, and is now published, just three months later. The date of publication has been skillfully chosen; for no one would desire at the present time to call the Government to account for past sins of omission or commission. They need to devote the whole of their energies to the vital problem of obtaining a satisfactory peace at the earliest possible moment and with the least expenditure of life and treasure. Nevertheless, the story which Haig tells is that of the greatest disaster which has ever overtaken British arms, a disaster incomparably greater than those of the Dardanelles or of Kut, which have been investigated by Royal Commissions; and it is necessary to place on record in regard to it certain matters which require investigation at the proper time.

There is a direct conflict between certain statements made by Ministers regarding these same operations. Haig says definitely that he was obliged to extend his front and that this was the prime cause of the disaster, which lengthened the front with fewer men to hold it.

"The extent of our front made it impossible with the forces under my command to have adequate reserves at all points threatened," he stated.

It is inconceivable that Haig should now make that statement if he had not pointed out his weakness before the German blow fell upon him.

**Quotes Lord Curzon.**

Yet, on April 9, Lord Curzon said in the House of Lords:

"There seems to have been a tendency in some quarters to suppose that, either from reluctance to tamper with the available sources of manoeuvre in this country or from the failure to appreciate military advice, the British Army in France had been allowed to decline numerically to a point that was fraught with peril. There is no foundation for such a suspicion, nor were any apprehensions of such a character either entertained or received." Again, later in the same speech, he said: "The western front was all equipped to look after itself. If it has in any respect failed to do so, the explanation must be sought elsewhere."

Haig says: "Since the month of September, 1917, pursuant to the decision taken by the British Government toward the end of that month, negotiations had been proceeding with the French authorities regarding an extension of the front held by the British armies."

Bonar Law, on April 17, said: "The arrangements in the matter of the extension of the British front were made entirely by the British and French military authorities."

Douglas Haig says: "Under instructions from the Army Council the reorganization of divisions from the thirteen battalion to the ten battalion basis was completed during the month of February."

That is about one month before the German attack.

"Apart from the reduction in the fighting strength involved by this reorganization, the fighting efficiency of units was to some extent affected. An unfamiliar grouping of units was introduced, thereby necessitating new methods of tactical handling of the troops and the discarding of old methods to which the subordinate commanders had become accustomed."

In other words, at a time when it was known that a great attack was impending and the British front had to be extended, Haig's establishment was reduced by some 130 battalions because he was not given sufficient men to keep these battalions up to strength, and on the eve of the battle the fighting organization of his armies was radically changed.

**Army Stronger in 1918.**

On April 9 the Prime Minister said:

"What was the situation at the beginning of the battle? Notwihtstanding the heavy casualties in 1917, the army in France was considerably stronger on Jan. 1, 1918, than on Jan. 1, 1917."

On May 9 the Prime Minister in a dramatic passage implied that that statement was correct because he was justified in including noncombatants in Haig's fighting strength. He said:

"Who are combatants? Are those men who stopped the advance of the German Army to Amiens the other day combatants? [Honorable Member—Yes]. They are not if you begin to make a distinction between combatants and noncombatants. I am speaking of General Carey's force. They would not be treated as combatants."

Haig gives the composition of Carey's force and shows that it was made up almost entirely of men who were combatants and are always treated as combatants.

On April 9 the Prime Minister said that he had been informed by Sir Henry Wilson in the month of January or the beginning of February that the Germans would attack the British front at approximately the place and in the strength and the manner in which they did actually attack. On Aug. 7 the Prime Minister informed the House of Commons that the enemy attacked because he believed that we had no reserves in men, whereas in fact 355,000 men were sent across the Channel in that month after the German attack had taken place. Later the Prime Minister made a similar statement at Manchester.

Why, then was it necessary to reduce Haig's force by 130 battalions before the battle?

**Troops From Palestine.**

In this connection there is one matter to which Haig does not refer, because it does not come within his province. We have been officially informed that after the German attack at least two British divisions, together with a large number of British battalions, were transferred from Palestine to France. The question is, could any or all of these troops have been in France before the German attack, and if so why were they not there?

Obviously these matters cannot be left where they are. The explanations tendered by soldier and by statesman do not agree in any particular, and in the public interest inquiry at the proper time is essential.

Haig's dispatch brings out very clearly the fact that if effective unity of command had been established before the battle instead of in the midst of the greatest military crisis which we have experienced in this war, the danger to which we were exposed would have been very appreciably diminished. A polyglot executive committee was not and could not be an effective organ of command, as ninety-nine soldiers out of a hundred predicted when it was constituted.

The words "too late" are written large on nearly every page of this dispatch. Sir Douglas Haig's story will, it is to be hoped, remove forever the undeserved stigma which has rested upon the Fifth Army. He makes it abundantly clear that, feeling it to be of vital importance to defend the Channel ports, he had to keep reserves in the north and to leave General Gough with inadequate support.

Each division of the Fifth Army was holding on an average 6,750 yards of front. Each division of the Third Army was holding on an average 4,700 yards of front. Yet by far the heaviest blow fell upon the Fifth Army, which was fighting against tremendous odds. It equaled, if it did not surpass, the gallantry of the "Old Contemptibles."

Haig says that the forces at the disposal of the Fifth Army were inadequate to meet and hold an attack in such strength as that actually delivered by the enemy on its front.

**Defends General Gough.**

No blame is attributed to General Gough, who is referred to in the dispatch as an able and experienced commander. The only words which can possibly be taken as criticism of his action are those which refer to the abandonment of the Peronne bridgehead. The dispatch states explicitly that at no time, either on the Somme or on the Lys, was there anything approaching a breakdown of the command or failure of the morale, a statement which gives the lie direct to many rumors which were circulated in London.

The story makes it clear that if the Fifth Army was at first pressed back under the weight of overwhelming numbers, it was the withdrawal of the right of the Third Army on March 26, owing to some misunderstanding, which compromised the Fifth Army south of the Somme.

Sir Hubert Gough has been for six months on half pay without any inquiry or investigation into his responsibility for what occurred. That is not justice.

In May the Crown Prince overwhelmed General Franchet d'Esperey's command and drove it back to the Marne just as General Gough's command was driven back to Amiens. The French Government transferred General Franchet d'Esperey to Saloniki, where he overthrew the Bulgars. The contrast in the treatment of these distinguished soldiers is remarkable.

# *The War Situation*

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The last several days have seen a continued and systematic withdrawal of the Germans toward the Scheldt River. There has been no evidence of haste or confusion. It appears to have been conducted methodically and in good order. The rearguard work must have been exceptionally well performed. Little has been said during these days of the fighting which has been actually taking place. We have regarded rather only the territory which Germany has given up.

But this territory has not been gained except through continuous and costly fighting. The British casualties last week were almost as heavy as in any other week of the war, totaling over 37,000 men. This in itself shows the grueling nature of the fighting. It shows, too, that there is yet no indication of a rout or lack of organization in the German Army. It is still held in hand admirably, and is giving a good account of itself.

What will happen when the Scheldt line is reached has not yet become apparent. With a very small readjustment in the line between the Serre and the Oise the Germans could probably hold the Scheldt line for some time should this be a part of their plan.

The German line is generally at the present moment admirably placed for defensive fighting. Beginning at the Dutch border, the line follows the eastern bank of the Scheldt Canal as far as its junction with the Lys River. Here is a considerable barrier which the Belgians are making every effort to cross, on their way to Ghent. Coming south from Deyonze, which is the point of junction mentioned, the line passes through relatively open country, with no considerable barrier before it.

But just a few miles back is the Scheldt, where the retreating Germans can again take refuge. The line reaches the Scheldt further south, near Avelghem, and then follows this canalized river for many miles, to the junction of the Scheldt with the Ecaillon. It follows then this stream almost to its source, and, after crossing the high ground east of Le Cateau, runs behind the Sambre Canal; thence along the Oise and the Serre, where it curves to the eastward north of Laon.

It is to be noticed that practically for the entire length it is behind formidable water barriers, and these barriers are more difficult by far than those further west. Northeast of Tournai, for example, the country inclosed by the bend of the Scheldt is almost mountainous. The hills rise very sharply and cover the river thoroughly. Not only that, but because of the courses of the streams and canals it is almost impossible to flank this hill country from either the north or the south. This section of the front will give the Allies a great deal of trouble and possibly do much to hold up the advance.

Just to the south of this hill system and northeast of Valenciennes are the heavy marsh belts, which line the Condé Canal between Mons and Condé. Altogether it is a most unfavorable country against which to operate from the west. In fact, it may be said quite generally that the Allies are facing the hardest part of their task. They are approaching steadily rising ground, badly cut up with streams of varying size, where it will be difficult for tanks to work and where the fighting is certain to be stiff. The terrain, then, strongly favors Germany and her apparent purpose of creating delay.

This is most patently the German scheme. Under ordinary circumstances the end of the fighting season is near. In the last three years the middle of November or the first of December at the latest has seen the end of the campaigning. If weather conditions impose the same restrictions upon the Allies, Germany will have obtained a badly needed period of rest. Germany wants time to work, to keep her peace waves in motion, to jockey for position in the hope that in some way she may find a statesman who, being deceived by her propaganda, will be able to raise his voice for a compromise. Failing in this she will need time to accustom her people to the idea of eventual surrender and so prevent a cataclysm from overturning the ruling classes.

Much will depend on the severity of the Winter and the date at which it begins as to how far the Germans will retreat before they decide to make a halt. But every action they have fought has been a delaying action, and as such has been to a degree successful. They have sought refuge behind streams and have fought at each one as long as it seemed possible. Then they have slowly pulled out and repeated the program at the next barrier. So it has gone on for the last six weeks.

On the French front these tactics have been particularly successful. The French have been held in position along the Oise and the Serre for many days. Small gains have been recorded but the defense of these streams by heavily manned machine gun posts has prevented the French from clearing out the country west of the Aisne bend.

In the meantime Germany begs for an armistice before the situation can get altogether out of control.

**A recuperative diet** in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk very digestible.—Advt


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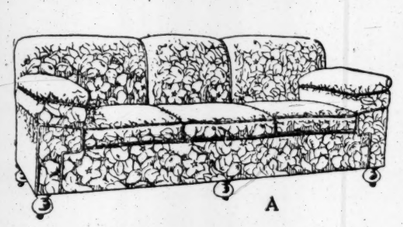
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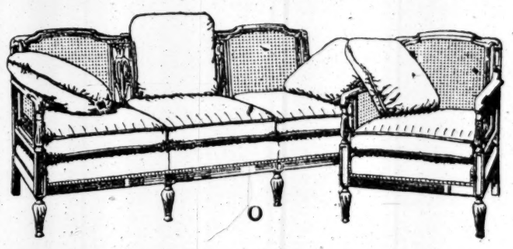
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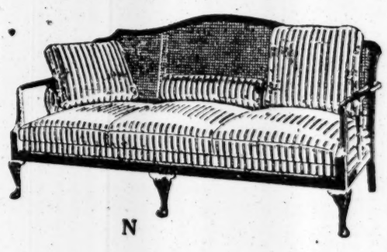
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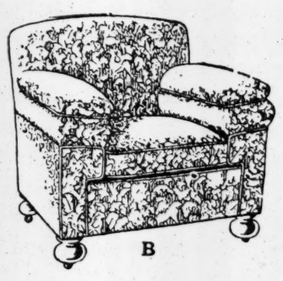
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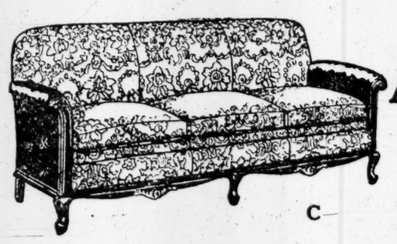
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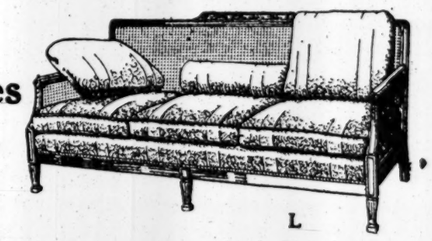
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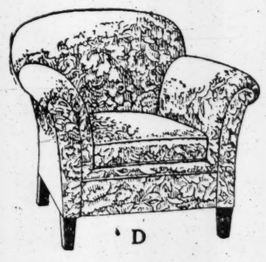
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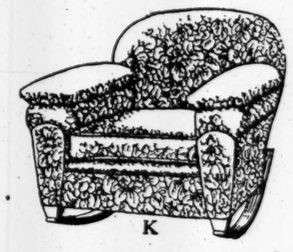
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**H**—Overstuffed Sofa with loose cushions and pillow arms; upholstered in Tapestry or Velour. **74.75**
regularly 149.50

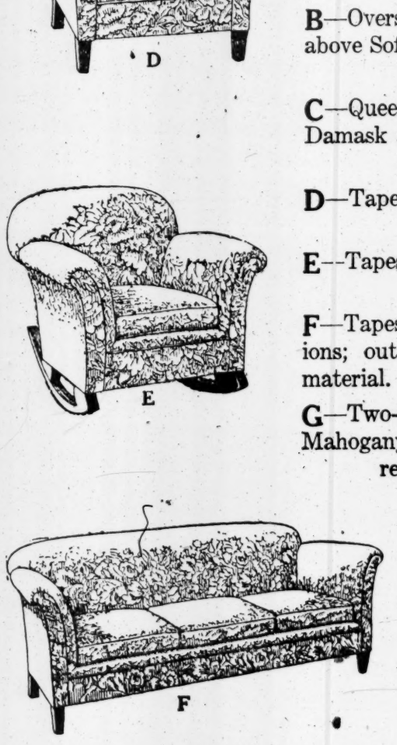
**J**—Overstuffed Arm Chair upholstered in Tapestry or Velour to match Sofa.
regularly 79.50 **39.75**

**K**—Overstuffed Arm Rocker upholstered in Tapestry or Velour to match Sofa. regularly 79.50 **39.75**

**L**—Solid Mahogany Sofa upholstered in Damask. **90.00**
regularly 180.00

**M-N**—Two-piece Solid Mahogany Suite upholstered in Damask.
regularly 225.00, **112.50**

**O**—Two-piece Solid Mahogany Suite upholstered in Blue Velour.
regularly 285.00, **142.50**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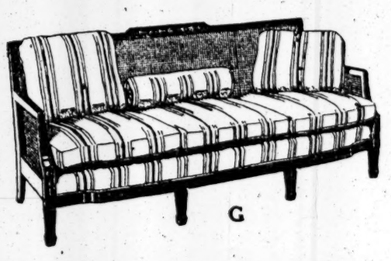
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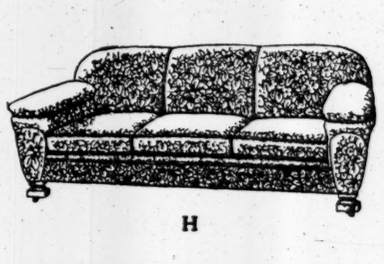

H





## Two Kinds of Investors

If you collected in one place all the people who have lost money by unwise investments during ten years past, you would need a large place to hold them.

If, on the other hand, you asked to come together in one room all the people who had lost money from investment in certificates or mortgages of the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company since its organization, you would have an empty room!

This will go right on being true, year after year. Why not learn your lesson and let us care for your savings?

## TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital $5,000,000 Surplus $11,000,000
176 Broadway, New York 175 Remsen St., Brooklyn
350 Fulton Street, Jamaica



## Gimbel Brothers

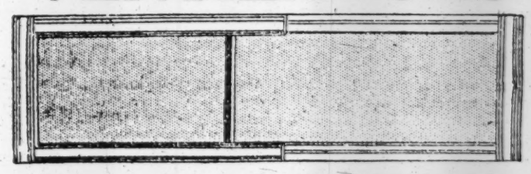
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST

## Special Prices

on

*Continental Sanitary Window*

## VENTILATORS



### *During the Epidemic*

GIMBELS are ready to do their bit toward Dr. Copeland's call for help with 18,000 window ventilators.

### *Ventilation Means Health*

The Continental filters air, prevents drafts, ventilates thoroughly and costs very little. Hardwood adjustable frames, covered with specially treated cloth fabrics.

| 49c | 58c | 69c | 68c | 73c |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 in. High, Extension 23 to 37 in. | 9 in. High, Extension 31 to 49 in. | 9 in. High, Extension 34 to 59 in. | 15 in. High, Extension 23 to 37 in. | 15 in. High, Extension 31 to 49 in. |

No Returns—None C. O. D. Mail Orders Filled.

*Three Carloads of Big Size Gimbel O. Key*

## OIL HEATERS

Keep Rooms Warm, but Well Ventilated. **$5.45** Ventilators and Heaters Solve the Health Problem.

*Other makes of good Oil, Gas and Electric Heaters at Special Prices.*

**Extraordinary Attraction from the Housefurnishings Store**

### Another Carload Porcelain Enamel Table Tops, $2.95

**If Perfect Would Have to Be $8.25**

**Slightly Marred**

Think of buying an everlasting pure white, smooth surface, porcelain enamel table top to fit your table at almost the cost of oilcloth today.

$2.95

None C. O. D.—None Returnable.

GIMBELS New Kind of Housefurnishings Store—Fifth Floor



## B. Altman & Co.

### The Motor Robe Department

is amply supplied with Motor Robes of every wanted style, material and weight, including

### Imported Silk Plush Robes

for use in closed cars. These are shown in a number of attractive colors, from which a selection may be made to harmonize with the upholstering of car. Reasonable prices prevail throughout the stock.

### Steamer Rugs

in a large and varied assortment of warm plaids, are shown in the same Department at prices ranging from $12.00 to $40.00.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

## Saving Sugar and Wheat

is comfortably done when one uses

## Grape-Nuts

This cereal food is composed partly of barley and contains its own sugar made from its own grains.

A truly wonderful Food, ready to eat.

*"There's a Reason"*

# FRYATT'S JUDGE FEARS FOR LIFE

## Said Before Leaving Bruges That British Would Have His Head for Murder.

## BLAMED ADMIRAL SCHRODER

## German Tyrant There Proved a Worthy Successor to Duke of Alva.

## BELGIANS WERE TORTURED

### Corruption Among the Invaders Wholesale and Flagrant and Many Waxed Rich.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUGES, Oct. 21.—German rule in Bruges was marked by a combination of cruelty and corruption without parallel since the days of Spanish tyranny in Flanders. Supreme powers over the city were vested in the port commander, Admiral von Schroder, who proved a worthy successor to the infamous Duke of Alva. By Schroder's orders hundreds of persons have been shot after the travesty of a trial on the scantiest evidence.

"For a case of espionage presumption is sufficient evidence and proof unnecessary," was one of his sayings, and another: "It is better to shoot a score of innocent people than let one spy escape." On that system the Germans did "justice" in Flanders.

The most notorious case was the murder of Captain Fryatt. I talked today with a man named Schaloigne, whose cousin shared a cell with Fryatt during the trial. After a brief hearing the Captain was removed from the court while his judges deliberated.

"I fear there is little hope," said Fryatt. "They call it a trial, but it looked like a put-up job to me. Everything was cut and dried for condemnation."

Hardly were the words out of his mouth than they came and led him away, and five minutes later the Belgian heard the fatal volley in the courtyard.

Fryatt's body lies in a nameless grave in a corner of the cemetery, but it is said that the sexton has a record of the exact spot.

It is worthy of note that before his departure a few days ago the German Military Judge Zepfel, who presided at Fryatt's trial, declared:

"The British will want my head in payment of Fryatt's life, but it is Schroder alone who is responsible. I simply obeyed his orders which insisted absolutely on the death penalty."

**Torture of Four Hapless Belgians.**

An even more horrible case was that of a Belgian named De La Place and his three companions condemned to be shot after half an hour's trial. At dawn the following morning they were led out to the courtyard of the Lancer's Barracks, where the execution took place and were fastened to posts opposite which a firing squad was ready.

Just as the last knot was being tied an officer entered the courtyard, crying: "Admiral's orders. Your appeal has been heard." And all four were taken back to prison.

Incredible as it may seem, this hideous farce was repeated a week later, with a similar respite at the last moment. Then, after another fortnight's imprisonment, during which the Belgians continued protesting their innocence of all charges against them, they faced a firing squad for the third time, and the death sentence was carried out.

One of them named Gloovère had become a raving maniac since the second application of torture, but the Germans knew no mercy. Soldiers bore him out and fastened him to the execution post with the others.

The court made no attempt to discriminate in espionage cases. An ex-merchant skipper who was arrested with four others made full confession of his own guilt in the hope of saving the lives of his comrades who were in no wise implicated and wholly innocent. The sacrifice was vain. All were pitilessly shot.

The skipper's turn came last. He refused to be bound or to have his eyes bandaged. Standing with folded arms, he looked the firing squad in the face and cried, "You have killed innocent men. I alone am"—a volley cut short his words.

The inhabitants state that they always knew when executions took place because it was the invariable custom to have a band playing in the square outside the barracks to drown the sound of the shots.

As throughout the invaded territory, minor punishments were literally rained on the people. One English woman, Mrs. Grant Dalton, was actually fined 300 marks or a week's imprisonment for "wearing an anti-German expression in the official bureau," the very words of the condemnation notice, which her husband showed me, although she had not uttered a single word or made the slightest gesture.

The corruption of the Germans surpassed their cruelty, especially during the last six months.

"We all know there'll be no jobs in Germany after the war, so we will make hay while the sun shines," said one Sergeant in impudent explanation of his share in a big smuggling operation.

Nearly all the frontier guards, officers and privates alike, made fortunes, among which a hundred thousand marks was the lowest figure.

"This is the business firm of Wilhelm & Co., Unter den Linden," said an officer of the supply department, who unblushingly sold anything the Belgians cared to pay for from the stores under his charge.

**Gigantic System of Robbery.**

At Ghent a great scandal was revealed about six months ago. A man of the Ghent supply department staff bought an estate for a million marks in Luxemburg. In the course of the legal formalities of sale the document in relation thereto fell by error into the hands of the chief of another department, who instituted an inquiry. A gigantic system of robbery was brought to light.

Almost the whole supply department was implicated. The illicit transactions, chiefly concerning the sale of foodstuffs and animals, requisitioned for the army, are said to have totaled 20,000,000 marks. The principal culprits were shot, but the corruption continued to flourish as before. "They would have sold you a submarine if you had wanted it," said an inhabitant. "Nothing was too big or too small for their crooked game."

It was a common thing for soldiers to neglect duty in return for bribes. One peasant, fearing that his house would be injured by the dynamiting of a bridge at Oostkerke, gave the squad intrusted with the job two kilos of butter and a smoked ham to throw the greater part of the explosives in the canal. The result was that the bridge was hardly injured at all.

Passports and permits of all sorts formed a basis for traffic at a regular scale of prices, according to the distance of the journey and the social position of the purchaser.

"Latterly the Germans had seemed to go mad for money," said a Belgian. "There was nothing they wouldn't do, and as soon as they got the cash they sent it to Holland for safety."

# CONDEMNED PRISONERS IN BELGIUM PARDONED

## Falkenhausen Also Orders Release of Interned Neutrals—Appoints Commission to Investigate Destruction.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 23.—Baron von Falkenhausen, the Governor General of Belgium, according to an official telegram from Brussels, has pardoned all Belgians and neutral residents condemned by military tribunals or military commanders under his jurisdiction, except those convicted of common crime. The Governor General also has ordered the release of all Belgians and neutral citizens interned in Belgium or Germany.

A limited number of persons whose freedom would be undesirable while fighting continues will be released after the evacuation of Belgium.

The commission which is investigating charges of devastation and destruction during the German retreat in Belgium under the direction of Baron von der Lancken is composed as follows: Marquis of Villalobar, the Spanish Minister to Belgium; M. van Vollenhoven, the Dutch Minister; M. Langenberg, Dutch representative on the Belgian Relief Commission; M. van Bree, a Belgian, and Señor Saura, a Spaniard.

LONDON, Oct. 23, (via Montreal.)—The Daily News says that the commission of neutral residents of Brussels which is to investigate charges of unnecessary devastation and destruction during the German retreat in Belgium will be under the direction of Baron von der Lancken, Civil Governor of Brussels.

"The selection of von der Lancken is extraordinary," says The News, "when it is recalled that he played a leading rôle in the murder of Edith Cavell. It was von der Lancken who ignored the representations of the American Minister, Brand Whitlock, and refused to allow Miss Cavell to receive a visit from a Belgian lawyer. It was von der Lancken to whom Mr. Whitlock made his moving appeal: 'Save this unfortunate woman from death.'"

# Crowded Out

ADVERTISEMENTS are frequently excluded from The New York Times owing to pressure on space.

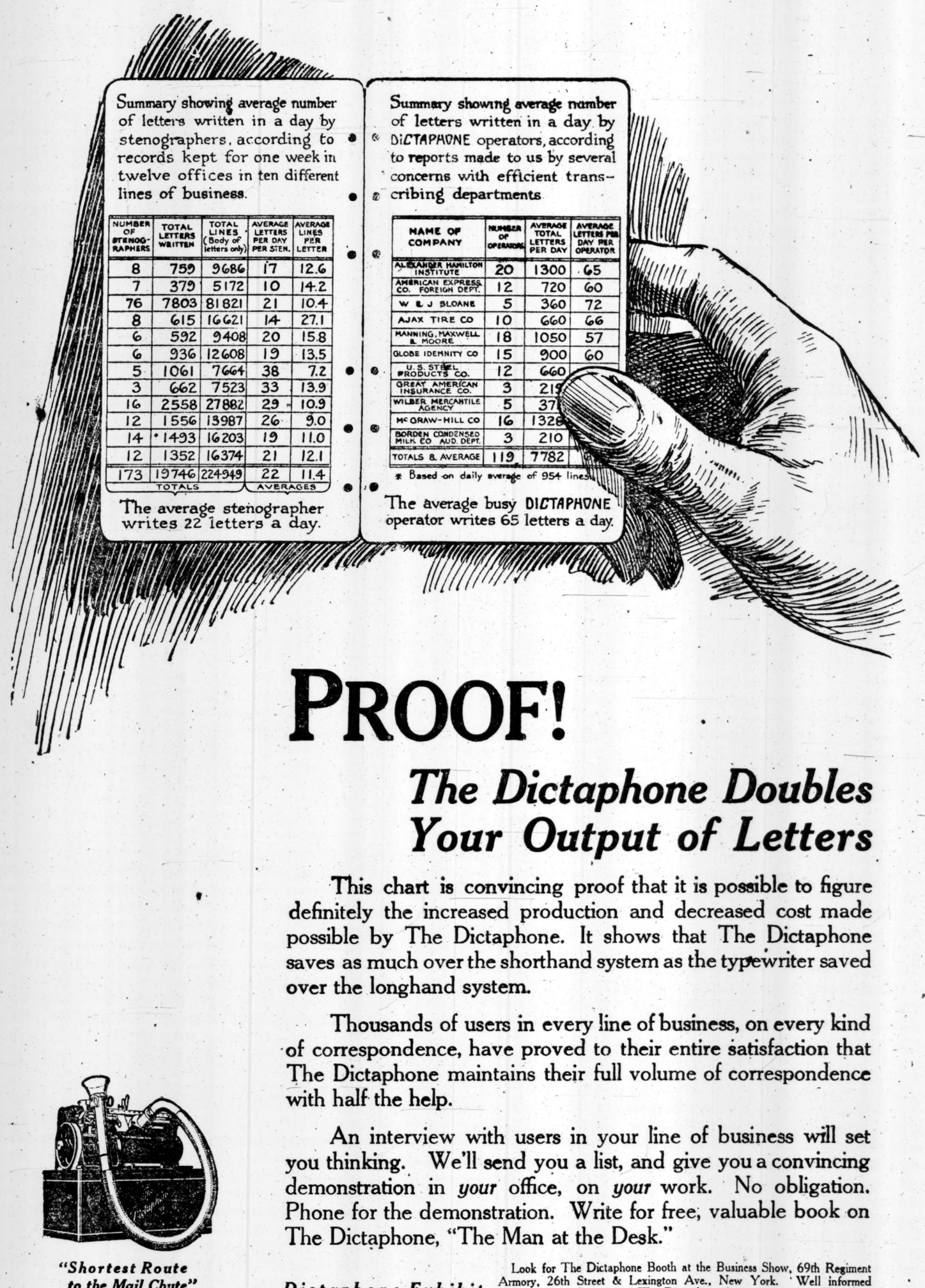
| Oct. | | Lines Omitted. | Columns Omitted. | Columns Published. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8. | Tuesday | 9,472 | 32 | 99 |
| 9. | Wednesday | 7,400 | 25 | 113 |
| 10. | Thursday | 21,016 | 71 | 112 |
| 11. | Friday | 14,208 | 48 | 116 |
| 15. | Tuesday | 12,432 | 42 | 106 |
| 16. | Wednesday | 11,544 | 39 | 110 |
| 17. | Thursday | 15,392 | 52 | 109 |
| 18. | Friday | 11,840 | 40 | 109 |
| 19. | Saturday | 2,960 | 10 | 114 |
| 21. | Monday | 2,368 | 8 | 117 |
| 22. | Tuesday | 4,736 | 16 | 106 |
| 23. | Wednesday | 1,480 | 5 | 111 |

This condition forces upon The Times careful discrimination in the assignment of space.

Preference is given, therefore, to advertisements having news value, and to those for which copy, including matrices, cuts or drawings, for the daily edition, is delivered before 5 P. M. on the day previous to publication, and to those for the Sunday edition for which finally approved copy is delivered before Friday night.

Orders for the insertion of advertisements of a general character should specify the date on which insertion is desired and so far as possible should include the words "or first available day."

The New York Times

Summary showing average number of letters written in a day by stenographers, according to records kept for one week in twelve offices in ten different lines of business.

| NUMBER OF STENOGRAPHERS | TOTAL LETTERS WRITTEN | TOTAL LINES (Body of letters only) | AVERAGE LETTERS PER DAY PER STEN. | AVERAGE LINES PER LETTER |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | 759 | 9686 | 17 | 12.6 |
| 7 | 379 | 5172 | 10 | 14.2 |
| 76 | 7803 | 81821 | 21 | 10.4 |
| 8 | 615 | 16621 | 14 | 27.1 |
| 6 | 592 | 9408 | 20 | 15.8 |
| 6 | 936 | 12608 | 19 | 13.5 |
| 5 | 1061 | 7664 | 38 | 7.2 |
| 3 | 662 | 7523 | 33 | 13.9 |
| 16 | 2558 | 27882 | 29 | 10.9 |
| 12 | 1556 | 13987 | 26 | 9.0 |
| 14 | *1493 | 16203 | 19 | 11.0 |
| 12 | 1352 | 16374 | 21 | 12.1 |
| 173 | 19746 | 224949 | 22 | 11.4 |
| | TOTALS | | AVERAGES | |

The average stenographer writes 22 letters a day.

Summary showing average number of letters written in a day by DICTAPHONE operators, according to reports made to us by several concerns with efficient transcribing departments.

| NAME OF COMPANY | NUMBER OF OPERATORS | AVERAGE TOTAL LETTERS PER DAY | AVERAGE LETTERS PER DAY PER OPERATOR |
|---|---|---|---|
| ALEXANDER HAMILTON INSTITUTE | 20 | 1300 | 65 |
| AMERICAN EXPRESS CO. FOREIGN DEPT. | 12 | 720 | 60 |
| W. & J. SLOANE | 5 | 360 | 72 |
| AJAX TIRE CO | 10 | 660 | 66 |
| MANNING, MAXWELL & MOORE | 18 | 1050 | 57 |
| GLOBE IDEMNITY CO | 15 | 900 | 60 |
| U. S. STEEL PRODUCTS CO. | 12 | 660 | |
| GREAT AMERICAN INSURANCE CO. | 3 | 21 | |
| WILBER MERCANTILE AGENCY | 5 | 37 | |
| McGRAW-HILL CO | 16 | 1328 | |
| BORDEN CONDENSED MILK CO. AUD. DEPT. | 3 | 210 | |
| TOTALS & AVERAGE | 119 | 7782 | |

* Based on daily average of 954 lines.

The average busy DICTAPHONE operator writes 65 letters a day.

# PROOF!

## The Dictaphone Doubles Your Output of Letters

This chart is convincing proof that it is possible to figure definitely the increased production and decreased cost made possible by The Dictaphone. It shows that The Dictaphone saves as much over the shorthand system as the typewriter saved over the longhand system.

Thousands of users in every line of business, on every kind of correspondence, have proved to their entire satisfaction that The Dictaphone maintains their full volume of correspondence with half the help.

An interview with users in your line of business will set you thinking. We'll send you a list, and give you a convincing demonstration in *your* office, on *your* work. No obligation. Phone for the demonstration. Write for free, valuable book on The Dictaphone, "The Man at the Desk."



*"Shortest Route to the Mail Chute"*

*Dictaphone Exhibit at Business Show*

Look for The Dictaphone Booth at the Business Show, 69th Regiment Armory, 26th Street & Lexington Ave., New York. Well informed attendants will demonstrate The Dictaphone for your benefit. They will show you how simple it is to operate, and prove to you that it would be a most valuable war-time convenience, in *your* office, on *your* work. Remember—The Dictaphone.

# THE DICTAPHONE

Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries

**Phone Worth 7250—Call at 280 Broadway**

*Write for Booklet, "The Man at the Desk," Room 224, 280 Broadway, New York*

**There is but one Dictaphone, trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Co.**

*"Buy War Savings Stamps"*



THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

© 1918

## A Revillon Post in Summer

IN summer the trader camps out and fishes or takes a long journey down stream to a base post to order supplies. In autumn there is fine hunting, and winter brings again the leisurely routine of trading with his Indian customers.

In summer the skins of the previous winter's catch are packed and shipped to the main centers, many of them arriving at our workrooms in time to be made up into garments for the following winter. As fur skins are at their best when fresh, it is a decided advantage to bring them to market as quickly as possible.

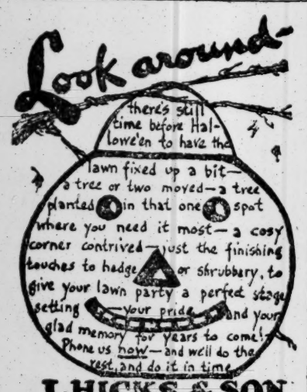
Revillon Frères
ESTABLISHED 1723
*Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street*

2 IN 1
SHOE POLISHES
*KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT*
LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES. PRESERVE THE LEATHER.
The F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N.Y.

Oh boy! Talk about good!
Try some pancakes, made with
UNCLE JERRY
(Buttermilk)
PANCAKE FLOUR
—they are lighter and tastier, because of the powdered buttermilk.
Ask your grocer for the yellow package

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT
CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY
for Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry. Appraising free. Strictly confidential. (Call or Write.)
FORGOTSTON'S
503 Fifth Ave., New York
N. E. Cor. 42d St. Tel. 3331 Vanderbilt

Cuticura Soap Ideal for the Complexion
All druggists. Soap 25. Ointment 25 & 50. Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."


Look around—
there's still time before Hallowe'en to have the lawn fixed up a bit—a tree or two moved—a tree planted in that one spot where you need it most—a cosy corner contrived—just the finishing touches to hedge or shrubbery, to give your lawn party a perfect stage setting—your pride and your glad memory for years to come! Phone us now—and we'll do the rest, and do it in time.

I. HICKS & SON
Sixty Years at Knowing How
WESTBURY (Phone 68) L.I.

# Delicate Foot Nerves

The feet are undoubtedly possessed of extremely delicate nerves—as any boy, or grown-up boy, who has gone barefoot will testify. Even so small an article as a button, if stepped on with bare feet, will cause an unpleasant nerve sensation that demonstrates this fact.

No wonder then that walking on cobblestones, concrete walks and tile floors, even with ordinary shoes, causes the foot nerves to recoil. With Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes shocks are minimized if not entirely eliminated by the felt and cork inner sole—built there for that very purpose.

SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, near 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Men Made by J.P. SMITH SHOE CO.

## USED RESINOL FOR BAD SKIN TROUBLE

Considers Recovery Remarkable

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 14.—"For almost six years I suffered from a severe case of skin trouble which began with swelling and intense pain in my knee. Then my leg became inflamed. I tried many remedies, but gained no relief. I even spent six months in the hospital, and the doctors wanted to amputate my leg. At last I tried Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap and obtained relief from the first application. My knee is now well, and I consider the cure remarkable, as my trouble was very serious." (Signed) Mrs. Henri M[illegible], 416 Hooper Street.

All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap.

## TRUCKING

40 Motor Trucks, 8 tons capacity each. Can guarantee service in an hour's notice.

## STORAGE

8 large Warehouses in New York and Brooklyn with accommodations for 1,000 carloads within free lighterage limits.

CALLAN BROS.,
Main Office, 214 E. 135th St.
Phone Melrose 2282.

NEW HEAT

Solves Fuel Question
Price $12.50
Makes your own gas anywhere. Fits into any coal or wood stove. Cheaper than city gas for cooking and heating.
Agencies Open.
See Exhibit Daily. Keep This Ad.

Kendalite Gas Maker
1211 Broadway, nr. 29th St., New York

HOLLENDER'S TURKISH BATHS
149 west 125th St
158 west 126th St
Near 7th Ave
ENTRANCE ON BOTH STREETS
PURE 65000 GALLONS ARTESIAN WATER


# 160 ENEMY DIVISIONS ON WESTERN FRONT

## Thirty of Them Are Still Held in Reserve to Face the Concentrations by Foch.

## BIG GAIN IN SHORTER LINE

### Formidable Military Task Is Not Underrated by the Fighting Men of the Allies.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 23.—I am neither an alarmist nor a pessimist, but perusal of a number of British newspapers suggests that it is advisable to repeat in yet clearer terms the warning note I have several times struck with regard to the condition and position of the German armies.

Of course, there may be in Germany and Austria something more decisive afoot than we on the front know of. The military facts to which I shall confine myself are not the only facts, and they are modified by the imponderable quantity which we call morale, the sentiment and will of men who know they have no longer any hope of success. But when every reserve is made on these scores it may be said, certainly and emphatically, that we still have before us a formidable adversary and that it is dangerous folly to lead the Allied armies and peoples to believe that the war is already won.

The German command has at this moment about 160 divisions on the Western front, of which 30 are in general reserve. It is true, the strength of all the units included has fallen greatly since last Spring, and even since the beginning of September, when there were on the Western front 200 German divisions, 165 in the sector and 35 in reserve.

The efforts of the Allied armies in these months have definitely turned the scale of force. They have produced this year German losses totaling about 1,200,000 men and permanent losses exceeding 500,000.

When we look to the immediate future, however, in order to calculate the prospects of this or that measure several sobering considerations [illegible] enemy, with falling numbers, has held out against the fully and more than fully maintained strength of the Allies, features he has been continually shortening his front. This economical process is by no means ended.

I have explained the evident plan of retreat and have said that on the whole it is being very well managed. This plan is pivoted on the northern end of the Argonne and on the Meuse heights and temporarily on the Aisne about Rethel. The Germans are steadily going back by stages across successive lines of arrest provided by the rivers of Belgium.

Today it is the line of the Scheldt by way of Valenciennes and Guise to Rethel. Next it may be the line of the Senne and its centre may be through Mons and Maubeuge to Hirson. At last it will be the line of the Meuse from Liège, and Namur to Méziers.

This is supposing that there has not been produced by such time a serious dislocation. Such a front along the Meuse would be very materially shorter than the present one. It would effect an economy equal to more than a third of the German divisions in the sectors before us and would either compensate them for their heavy losses or double the present general reserve. It would be a naturally strong front and to defend it and the positions further south there would be not only the forces already named, but there still remain to be embodied the 1920 class and perhaps 150,000 recovered convalescents.

It will be replied that the Argonne pivot may be broken, that the Meuse front may be turned back and that Foch's strategical resources are certainly not exhausted. All this is true and there are yet other factors hardly ripe for public discussion.

These considerations do not affect but rather confirm the conclusion. The foe is not yet beaten. He has failed but his weapon is not broken. The support without which no army can live for a week may collapse suddenly. If so, well and good. If not, we must accommodate our minds to the thought that complete victory will demand long months more of effort and sacrifice.

# D. S. C. FOR AVIATOR WHO TOOK GUN CREW

### Lieut. Erwin of Chicago Kept Germans in Dugouts—Other Heroes Honored by Pershing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Private George Monroe, deceased, Company K, 104th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Château-Thierry, on July 20-23. Private Monroe, acting as a runner, carried messages through heavy artillery fire with absolute fearlessness until killed. Next of kin, G. Searles, friend, 93 West Street, East Hampton, Mass.

Second Lieut. R. E. Decastro, Air Service, 1st Aero Squadron, pilot.—For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, on Sept. 12. Because of intense aerial activity on the opening day of the St. Mihiel offensive, Lieutenant Decastro, pilot, and First Lieutenant A. E. Esterbrook, observer, volunteered to fly over the enemy's lines on a photographic mission, without the usual protection of accompanying battle planes. Notwithstanding the low-hanging clouds, which necessitated operation at an altitude of only 400 meters, they penetrated four kilometers beyond the German lines. Attacked by four enemy machines, they fought their foes, completed their photographic mission, and returned safely. Home address, Mrs. M. G. Decastro, mother, 601 East Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

First Lieutenant A. E. Esterbrook, Air Service, observer, 1st Aero Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel on Sept. 12. Because of intense aerial activity on the opening day of the St. Mihiel offensive, Lieutenant Esterbrook, observer, and Second Lieutenant R. T. Decastro, pilot, volunteered to fly over the enemy's lines on a photographic mission, without the usual protection of accompanying battle planes. Notwithstanding the low-hanging clouds, which necessitated operation at an altitude of only 400 meters, they penetrated four kilometers beyond the German lines. Attacked by four enemy machines, they fought off their foes, completed their photographic mission, and returned safely. Home address, Major E. P. Esterbrook, father, Fort Flagler, Washington.

First Lieutenant William P. Erwin, Air Service, 1st Squadron.—For extraordinary heroism in action in the Château-Thierry and St. Mihiel salients, France. Lieutenant Erwin, with Second Lieutenant Byrne E. Baucom, observer, by a long period of faithful and heroic operations set an inspiring example of courage and devotion to duty to his entire squadron. Throughout the Château-Thierry actions in June and July he flew under the worst weather conditions and successfully carried out his missions in the face of heavy odds. In the St. Mihiel sector Sept. 12-15, he repeated his previous courageous work. He flew as low as fifty feet from the ground behind the enemy's lines, harassing German troops with machine-gun fire and subjecting himself to attack from ground batteries, machine guns, and rifles. He twice drove off enemy planes which were attempting to destroy an American observation balloon. On Sept. 12-13 he flew at extremely low altitudes and carried out infantry contact patrols successfully. Again, on Sept. 12, he attacked a German battery, forced the crew to abandon it, shot off his horse a German officer who was trying to escape, drove the cannoneers to their dugouts, and kept them there until the infantry could come up and capture them. Home address, William A. Erwin, father, 814 Fine Arts Building, Chicago, Ill.

Corporal Alden Bush, deceased, Company C, 125th Infantry.—During the attack on and the capture of the village of Clerges, northeast of Château-Thierry, on Aug. 1, he was fatally wounded. In spite of his wound he struggled forward, urging on and inspiring his men, and keeping up with the attacking wave until he fell. Next of kin, R. E. Bush, father, Rockford, Mich.

Sergeant Matthew Spautz, deceased, Company A, 168th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near the River Ourcq, northeast of Château-Thierry. During the advance of July 30, while in command of his platoon, Sergeant Spautz showed extraordinary heroism, leading his men on in the advance, having three times been knocked down by enemy shells. After having been wounded by machine gun fire, he still continued to advance. He was finally killed while doing his utmost to advance. Next of kin, Michael Spautz, Davis Avenue, Dubuque, Iowa.

Corporal Harry B. Horgan, deceased, Company C, 165th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action at Ferme de Meurky, near Villers-Sur-Fere, on July 31. After his platoon had moved from an open field to the cover of the woods, Corporal Horgan returned to the field under heavy machine-gun fire to rescue a wounded comrade lying in an exposed position and was killed by the side of the man he tried to save. Next of kin, J. C. Watson, Congress Junction, Ariz.

Private Frank Fleischman, deceased, Company K, 115th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Balschwiller, Alsace, on Aug. 31. After a raid against enemy trenches he volunteered to accompany his platoon leader into No Man's Land to rescue a missing member of the platoon who had been wounded. While engaged in this courageous duty he was mortally wounded. Next of kin, Charles Fleischman, father, Chesnco Park, Back River, Md.

Sergeant Frank Andrea, deceased, Company G, 111th Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, on July 19. He was told by a runner that an enemy patrol had captured two ambulances containing American wounded on the road east of his position. He organized a relief party, personally commanded it, drove the enemy to rout, recovered the ambulance and the wounded men and brought them back to our lines. Next of kin, Mrs. Chris Stoen, sister, Berkford, S. D.

First Lieutenant John P. Mathis, deceased, 23d Infantry.—For extraordinary heroism in the Château-Thierry sector on June 6. As a leader of a platoon on the first day of the Château-Thierry battle he demonstrated conspicuous courage and ability, fearlessly going forward at the head of his command through hostile machine-gun fire. Killed while leading a gallant charge, his daring inspired his men to successful assault. Next of kin, Mrs. Evan T. Mathis, Hooks Mill Road, Americus, Ga.

# HAIG'S MEN SMASH THE FOE'S LINES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

defense, while between Le Cateau and Solesmes the British are approaching a thick forest.

The allied forces are drawing into long-range artillery reach of both Mons and Maubeuge, vital points of the German communications.

The Americans are rapidly adding war wisdom to indomitable gallantry and are contributing laurels to the history of the Fourth Army.

By midday the British had penetrated to a depth of nearly three miles on a front of about seventeen miles and had advanced to the east of Raismes Forest.

**Haig Tells of Success.**

LONDON, Oct. 23.—In today's fighting along the British front gains were made by Field Marshal Haig's men from the region south of Le Cateau to the Scheldt River, according to the official communication issued tonight.

At some places enemy positions to a depth of more than three miles were penetrated, numerous villages were taken, and several thousand prisoners and many guns were captured.

Announcement of the beginning of the drive was made in the day bulletin as follows:

The bulletin reads:

The attack this morning was delivered by Anglo-Scottish troops of the Third and Fourth Armies between the Sambre Canal and the River Scheldt, south of Valenciennes.

An advance was made over country that was difficult—over many streams and through villages and woods which were defended with much resolution.

In the period of assembly and the early stages of the battle the hostile artillery displayed great activity with high explosives and gas shells.

We have fought our way forward, in spite of obstinate resistance, especially by the enemy's artillery and machine guns.

Advancing with great steadiness some hours before dawn our infantry penetrated the enemy's defense along the whole of the front, and at an early hours before dawn our infantry penetrated the enemy's defense along the whole of the front, and at an early hour had captured the important position of Pommereuil Forest and Romeries. On the extreme right there was strong resistance at the fortified farm of Gimbremont and the railway nearby, but at both places the enemy's defense was quickly overcome.

Left of the centre the village of Beaurain, which was held by the enemy with great tenacity, was stormed by the English, with the assistance of tanks.

On the left other English troops crossed the Harpines River at an early stage of the advance.

During the morning we pressed on over the whole of the front, carrying the enemy's positions to a depth of over three miles, driving him from many strongly defended villages, farms, woods, and other localities organized for resistance.

The English Twenty-fifth Division had hard fighting in the Boislevequi, but progressed through the wood. East County troops, advancing to a depth of three and a half miles, captured Bouse (Bousies?).

The Anglo-Scottish troops secured crossings of the Harpies at the Vendegies Wood and captured Vendegies village. English and New Zealanders operating on their left reached the outskirts of Neuville and established themselves on the high ground northwest of the village.

Farther north the village of Escarmain was captured.

In these highly successful operations several thousand prisoners and many guns were captured by our troops, whose advance is continuing on the whole of the front.

The day bulletin read:

At an early hour this morning our troops attacked on the Le Cateau-Solesmes front, and are reported to be making good progress.

Further north, between Valenciennes and Tournai, we have taken Bruay and reached the west bank of the Scheldt at Bleharies and Espain. Considerable resistance was encountered on this front yesterday, and sharp fighting took place, in which our troops, pressing the enemy vigorously, inflicted many casualties upon him and drove him from his positions, capturing a number of prisoners.

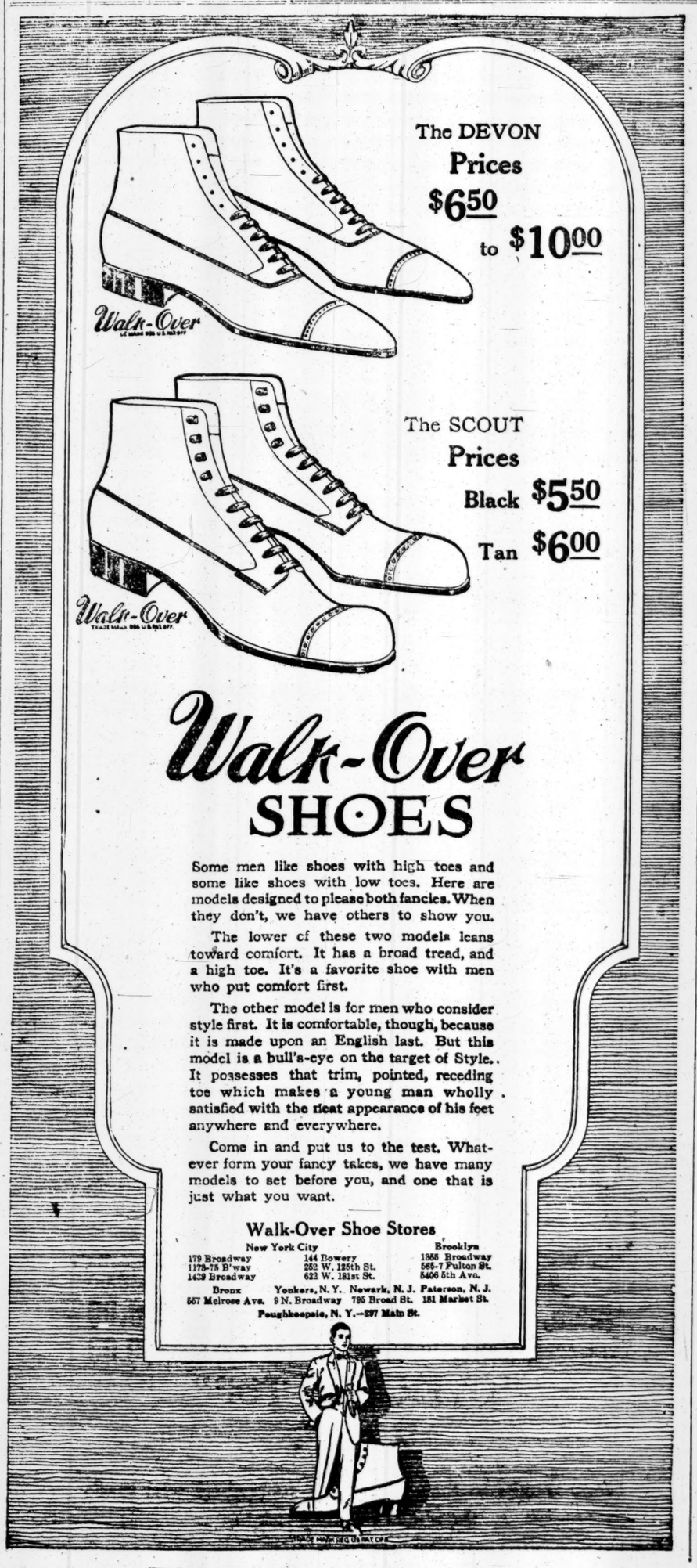
An early afternoon report said that 2,000 prisoners had been taken.

The British had then advanced one to two miles, gaining the high ground overlooking the Harpies Valley. Some guns were taken.

Unofficial advices state that the British troops were then fighting in Valenciennes.

HAVRE, Oct. 23.—The Belgian communication issued today says:

"There is nothing to report regarding the army group in Flanders except progress by the French Army on the right bank of the Lys, in the course of which Wareghen was occupied and 200 prisoners taken."



The DEVON
Prices
$6.50 to $10.00
Walk-Over
The SCOUT
Prices
Black $5.50
Tan $6.00
Walk-Over
Walk-Over
SHOES
Some men like shoes with high toes and some like shoes with low toes. Here are models designed to please both fancies. When they don't, we have others to show you.
The lower of these two models leans toward comfort. It has a broad tread, and a high toe. It's a favorite shoe with men who put comfort first.
The other model is for men who consider style first. It is comfortable, though, because it is made upon an English last. But this model is a bull's-eye on the target of Style. It possesses that trim, pointed, receding toe which makes a young man wholly satisfied with the neat appearance of his feet anywhere and everywhere.
Come in and put us to the test. Whatever form your fancy takes, we have many models to set before you, and one that is just what you want.
Walk-Over Shoe Stores
New York City
179 Broadway
1179-75 B'way
1429 Broadway
144 Bowery
252 W. 125th St.
623 W. 181st St.
Brooklyn
1365 Broadway
565-7 Fulton St.
5406 5th Ave.
Bronx
557 Melrose Ave.
Yonkers, N.Y.
9 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.
795 Broad St.
Paterson, N. J.
181 Market St.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.

# Thomas A. Edison sends a message to American Business

War problems must be largely solved by a greater producing power of the individual. The business firm which does not now study the rapid adoption of more automatic machinery in both office and factory will find itself unable to compete in the world's markets.

Thomas A Edison

THE GENUINE EDISON DICTATING MACHINE

# The Ediphone

was made for just such times as these:

If there had been no Ediphone in existence up to the present time—if the Ediphone System had not been perfected and brought to its hundred per cent of usefulness—the correspondence problems in every business office today would have made it necessary for some one to invent it.

But Edison foresaw every condition that now confronts the business correspondent when he invented The Ediphone, and now a million letters a day—a million *better letters*—are dictated to The Ediphone.

**For business economy** ..... ***The Ediphone***
**For every man doing double dictating** ..... ***The Ediphone***
**For over-time correspondence pressure** ..... ***The Ediphone***
**For scarcity of stenographers** ..... ***The Ediphone***
**For *Better Letters*** ..... ***The Ediphone***

**The Ediphone — a product of the Edison Laboratories**
**Ediphone Service—a product of the Edison Organization**

*Telephone "Ediphone"—*
*YOUR city for office demonstration*

**Edison National Service**

Our New York demonstration rooms are at
114-116 Liberty Street
or call *Barnes, Rector 3598*, for demonstration in your office

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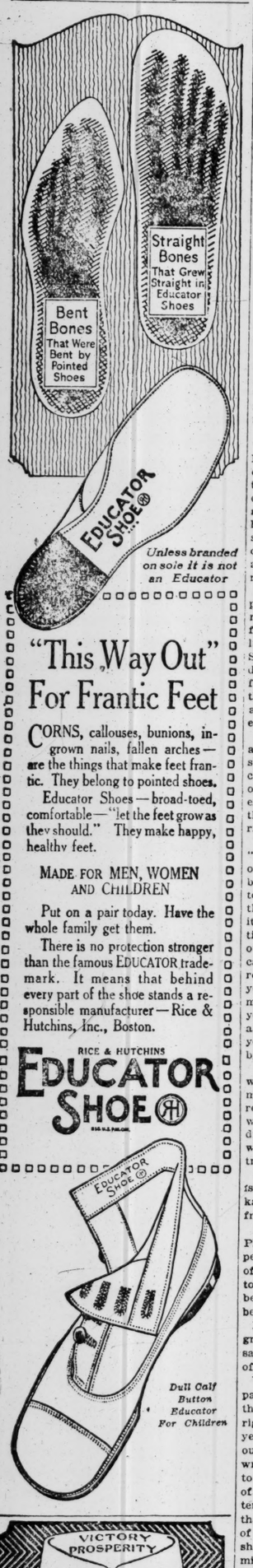
A NEW LAW
Now Authorizes You to Invest in Our
**GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES**
Any Amount—Netting
**5%**
Send for Pamphlet Giving Copy of Gilchrist Bill No. 71
**LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.**
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn



Unless branded on sole it is not an Educator

"This Way Out" For Frantic Feet

CORNS, callouses, bunions, ingrown nails, fallen arches—are the things that make feet frantic. They belong to pointed shoes.

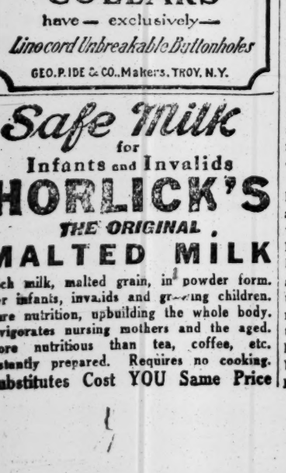
Educator Shoes—broad-toed, comfortable—"let the feet grow as they should." They make happy, healthy feet.

MADE FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Put on a pair today. Have the whole family get them.

There is no protection stronger than the famous EDUCATOR trademark. It means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer—Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE®



Dull Calf Button Educator For Children



Two heights in a smart roll front style.
Ide
COLLARS
have—exclusively—
Linocord Unbreakable Buttonholes
GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers, TROY, N.Y.

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

# BULGARIA HAS NOT ABANDONED CLAIMS

### Still Convinced Macedonia, Dobrudja, and Kavalla Will Be Given to Her.

### FORMER LEADER BLAMED

### New Cabinet Says Others Were Responsible for Misdeeds and Have Been Ousted.

By WARD PRICE.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOFIA, Oct. 20.—Will Bulgaria accept unreservedly and without mental reservations the judgment of the Allied Peace Conference, to which she appealed to settle her claim in the Balkans, even though that decision, as it certainly must in many respects, goes against her?

Note that in that question you have the test of future peace in the Balkans. Upon it depends whether this distressful peninbula shall have a future of international co-operation and development or whether it shall continue to be racked by narrow-minded jealousies and bitter hatred.

Bulgaria has not abandoned her pretensions with her defeat. She asserts that if the principle of national self-determination laid down by President Wilson is justly interpreted by the peace conference she is convinced she will still get Macedonia, Dobrudja and Kavalla. She made an appeal to force and failed utterly. She is now putting forward an appeal to arbitrament and the justice of the Allies, which she so deliberately flouted in allying herself with the Germans and Turks against us.

"Yes," says the New Bulgar Cabinet, "but it was not we who did that, it was King Ferdinand and ex-Premier Radoslavoff. We have expelled both of them. Radoslavoff shaved off his beard, disguised himself as a German officer and fled with our discredited allies he had worked for. Real Bulgaria never sympathized with his policy. We have changed everything. We are penitent and reformed, but we still ask for our rights."

I have no doubt that as regards the present Cabinet this is sincere. Their record during the war confirms it. But for one thing the Allies have first to listen to the claims which our allies, Serbia and Greece, put forward to the disputed territories in the Balkans before they can listen to Bulgaria, and in the second place there is such a thing as just penalties for wrongdoing which every nation must pay.

"We ask you not to consult Greece and Serbia," said one leading Bulgarian statesman to me yesterday. "We have confidence especially in the impartiality of England and America. Let them examine the whole Balkan question in the light of the past and of its intrinsic rights and then let them decide."

"You must remember," I answered, "that the old place in the sympathies of England which Bulgaria had has now been taken by Serbia. You do not need to fear it will alter the impartiality of the judgment of the Allies, but it makes it quite impossible that the Balkan question should be decided, as you suggest, over the head of Serbia without her cause being heard. And as Serbia directly and vehemently contests most of your claims, while both Greece and Rumania will inevitably oppose the rest, you cannot hope to have it both ways and gain by peaceful argument what your late Government tried to snatch by force.

"The question is, will Bulgaria accept with resignation and patience whatever may be the decision of the Allies with regard to her territorial claims or shall we have to continue to regard her as a discontented element in the Balkans which would, if it could, start fresh trouble there?"

To this question, which to my mind is the essential point of the whole Balkan peace problem, it has not yet had from any one a definite answer.

"Mon Dieu," said M. Radeff, Minister Plenipotentiary, who was one of the peace envoys to Saloniki, "if the spirit of justice, to which we appealed, proves to be dead in the world, then we shall be forced to realize that all is as it was before."

I venture to think that an attitude of greater resignation than that is necessary before we can lay the foundations of a firm Balkan settlement.

What Bulgaria needs above all now is patience. She will have to face the fact that even if she had been entirely in the right before she attacked Serbia three years ago, her unprovoked and treacherous action then put her badly in the wrong. But if she has the self-control to wait till time has healed the scars of this present war and dimmed its bitter memories, it ought to be possible that under guidance of an Allied League of Nations, a Balkan Confederation should be formed, in which Bulgaria might conceivably get by peaceful and friendly negotiation some of the things which she cannot hope to obtain today.

Bulgars have a plausible way of presenting the existing situation. "It is much easier now," they say, "to settle the Balkan question once and for all than it ever was before. In the old days, Greece, Serbia, and Bulgaria, were all obliged to seek for expansion in the same direction: Macedonia. Austria and Turkey hemmed them in all round. Now, thanks to the allied victory, Austria and Turkey both lie open to be carved up. Let Serbia expand toward the north and the Adriatic, let Greece take the islands and some of Asia Minor, and let Bulgaria have Macedonia, which she covets."

The result of the full realization of this scheme, they say, would be that Serbia would number 12,000,000 inhabitants, Greece 10,000,000, but Bulgaria only 6,000,000. The fact that Bulgaria is willing to accept such a situation shows, according to the Bulgar statesmen, that they have abandoned all idea of gaining hegemony in the Balkans.

The difficulty about settling this Balkan question is that none of us in the allied countries knows enough about it, while the inhabitants of the Balkans know too much history. Here it is the hobby of the very shoeblacks. A Bulgar shopkeeper will reel off the clauses of the treaty of Berlin, just as his opposite number in England might tell you how the teams stand in the first division of league football. Politics is, indeed, the baseball of the Balkans—a national passion.

# *EXPECT PERSHING TO START NEW DRIVE*

### *Indications of Major Attack in Fierce Fighting by French Around Vouziers.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Further indications of an impending major attack by the American armies on the Verdun front came today in reports of fierce fighting around Vouziers, where the French are hammering at the flank of the forest position that appears to have been holding up the general American movement. Official German reports show the intensity of the fighting and admit advances. There is little doubt that the enemy views the action as of great importance.

The line here forms almost a right angle with the French forces which have crossed the Aisne heading eastward through the hilly and wooded region north of Grand Pré The Americans stand along the base of the angle heading northward into the same difficult territory, and the fighting today indicated a pincer movement to force the enemy out of the angle completely into the open ground beyond.

If this is accomplished, the left flank of General Liggett's American First Army will be released, and observers here feel confident that an American drive, possibly covering the whole American front on both sides of the Meuse, will shortly follow. It is said the objective of such a thrust would be primarily the smashing of the German left flank between Metz and Sedan.

# *MANNERHEIM BACK IN POWER IN FINLAND*

### *Stockholm Hears Kaiser's Brother-in-Law Will Not Accept Throne at Present.*

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 21.—News received here regarding the crisis in Finland suggests that the return to power of General Mannerheim is of political importance. Prince Frederick Carl of Hesse will not accept the Finnish throne at present, and Swinhurfvud, the Premier, is regarded as an impossible President because of his pro-German views.

Finland's need at this time is for a strong man at the head of affairs, and the general opinion is that this leader will be found in General Mannerheim, who is thought to be acceptable to the Entente and to the Scandinavian countries. It has been announced officially by the French Consul at Helsingfors that France does not refuse to recognize Finland as a sovereign State, but cannot acknowledge the régime forced upon Finland against the law of the land. If an opportunity is given to the people by a general election to decide for themselves the constitution to be adopted France will regard this as a legal decision, but in no case can she recognize the election as King of a representative of a nation with which France is at war.

The sentence of death passed on nine members of the Finnish Diet for their alleged share in the revolution has excited strong feeling in Sweden. A petition was today handed to the Finnish representative here, addressed to the Government of Finland, asking that the sentences shall not be carried out. The petition, which has been signed by more than 100 Socialists and Liberal members of the Swedish Parliament, says:

"We appeal to you in the name of humanity not to shed any more blood on account of the civil war. Do not allow these death sentences to be executed, which, in the eyes of the whole world, will be regarded as political retaliation. As Swedes who know the views of our own people, we can say that the sentences have already caused amazement and excitement, and if carried out they would injure the bond of brotherly understanding which we all hope may unite the Swedish and Finnish peoples."

# *OPPRESSED PEOPLES TO HAVE LIBERTY BELLS*

### *Delegates of Eighteen Nationalities of Central Europe Meet in Philadelphia.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.—With a sentence of death hanging over him at home, Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, as President of the de facto Czechoslovak nation and Chairman of the Democratic Mideuropean Union, sat in the shadow of the Liberty Bell today. Grouped about him were the representatives of eighteen nationalities, numbering 65,000,000 people, all bent upon the same mission—to bolt Europe from the Baltic Sea to the Adriatic with free nations that will hem Germany and Austria in territorial and political graves.

The absolute crushing of the dream of Mitteleuropa and the establishment of this Mideuropean barrier to any scheme of Berlin to Bagdad was the dominant note sounded in every speech. The destruction, too, of the absolutism that rules in the German and Austro-Hungarian Empires was demanded as a part of the price that autocracy must pay for plunging the world into the greatest conflict of history.

The representative of the Uhro-Russines, the Ukrainians who dwell on the Hungarian side of the Carpathians, was admitted to membership in the union, and it was decided to send a motion to the allied Governments and to the President of the United States stating the nationalistic aims of each of the subject peoples represented at the conference.

The conference was held about a rough table in the banquet hall on the second floor of Independence Hall, and conducted its deliberations in English.

# MRS. WILLARD VISITS FRONT

### Italian Army Honors President of Co-operative Committee.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Oct. 23.—Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard, President of America's Allied Co-operative Committee, representative of the Italian Bureau of Gifts, has visited the most interesting sectors of the Piave-Grappa fronts. She was received with greatest cordiality by the Italian authorities, luncheoned with the Duke d'Aosta, and was received by General Giardino, commander of the Grappa army. Mrs. Willard distributed gifts of American flags to the Italian soldiers and addressed them, causing great enthusiasm.

Queen Elena invited Mrs. Willard to luncheon in her hunting lodge at San Rossorge, near Pisa. Mrs. Willard expects to return to New York the beginning of November. She intends to collect as many gifts as possible, to be sent to Italian soldiers as tangible proof of the sympathy and moral support of the American people.

### Jamaica to Reward Soldiers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 23.—The Government is making preparations to reward the soldiers of the Jamaica battalion on their return from the front. The scheme will include the settlement of land and training in handicrafts and other pursuits.

# 30,000 SERBS DIED IN BULGAR CAMPS

### British War Prisoners En Route to Freedom Tell of Fate of Their Allies.

### GREEK TOWNS DEVASTATED

### Macedonian Newspapers Want the Entente to Investigate the Bulgars' Cruelties.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The first party of 1,000 British prisoners taken by the Bulgarians and liberated under the peace agreement between that country and the Allies passed through Sofia yesterday en route to Saloniki, according to a dispatch to The Mail from the Bulgarian capital. They reported that because of ill-treatment at the hands of the Bulgars, 30,000 of the 50,000 Serbians in Bulgarian prison camps had died.

SALONIKI, Oct. 23.—The following official Greek statement has been issued:

Our troops which reoccupied Eastern Macedonia found the town of Kavalla and many other villages to be in the same lamentable condition as the town of Seres on account of the unprecedented atrocities of the Bulgarians.

During their occupation of Seres the Bulgarians not only deported many of the population, but also treated harshly those left in the town. The first persons to be deported were the priests, professors, and other well-known persons.

The holy books of the Greek churches and the school books of the Greek schools were burned and replaced by Bulgarian books. The residents of Seres, having refused for several months to attend church services in the Bulgarian language and to send their children to schools where only Bulgarian was taught, suffred terrible punishment. Night schools were established which Greeks, including a number of men over 60 years of age, were compelled to attend by force. The library of the Greek monastery of St. John, near Seres, rich in old manuscripts, was destroyed.

Captain Ghesgief, Bulgarian Commandant at Seres, according to the residents there, took the lead in looting the houses and mistreating Greek women and girls. A rich Greek named Zarifopoulo complained to Captain Hadjeiff, successor to Ghesgief, that the Bulgarian soldiers threatened to break into his strong boxes and take all his money. The Captain immediately took a detachment of men to the Greek's house and looted the strong boxes himself. The safe of the office of an American tobacco Company was found in the street.

Greek Macedonian newspapers, including the Hebrew newspapers of Saloniki, request that the allied Governments undertake an investigation of the action of the Bulgarians so that when the peace conference meets the world and the delegates to the conference may know how the Bulgarians acted toward non-Bulgarian nationalities.

# END IS NEAR, SAYS POINCARE

### Tells People of Lille That Foe's Defeat Is Impending.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—President Poincaré, accompanied by Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber of Deputies; Antonin Dubost, President of the Senate; Albert F. Lebrun, Minister of Blockade and Invaded Regions; Louis Loucheur, Minister of Munitions, and Senators and Deputies from the Department of Nord, visited Lille yesterday and received an ovation.

In reply to the address of welcome the President said that "the hour of defeat for the enemy will strike soon." He bestowed the Cross of the Legion of Honor upon the Mayor of Lille.

The party then went to Roubaix, where there are many persons from Alsace and Lorraine. In an address there M. Poincaré said that no peace was possible without the return of Alsace and Lorraine to France.

At Douai the President was met by the Prince of Wales. The party also visited Turcoing, La Bassée, and Lens.

# NAVAL AIRMEN CAPTURED.

### Lieuts. Macleish and Gates Believed to be In Enemy Hands.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Lieutenants Kenneth Macleish of Glencoe, Ill., and Artemus L. Gates of Clinton, Iowa, naval aviators, who have been missing for several days are believed to have been captured, the Navy Department was advised today by Vice Admiral Sims.

Lieutenant Macleish went into action on Oct. 14 with a squadron of American fliers against a number of enemy planes and has not since been heard from nor has his machine been found.. Residents near the point where he was last seen said an American aviator was captured by the enemy.

Lieutenant Gates, who was attached to a French squadron, has been missing since Oct. 4, and Vice Admiral Sims reported that his plane was found in such a condition as to indicate he made a good landing and burned his machine before being taken prisoner.

# *PLEA FOR OUR TROOPS ON THE RUSSIAN FRONT*

### *Constitutional Assembly Calls for American Support in Fight Against Germans.*

A cable message by way of Vladivostok, asserting that the Social Democrats of Russia would welcome the arrival of "republican troops of the United States" into Russia has been received by the Social Democratic League of America. The message, which was signed by Peter Masloff, Chairman of the Russian Social Democratic Party, and approved by the Constitutional Assembly and the best-known Socialists of Russia outside of Bolshevist circles, calls upon the American Socialists not to oppose allied intervention in Russia.

The note asserts that the democratic forces of Russia would welcome the arrival of American forces on the battle-front, and points out that the Germans are acting as conquerors in a large part of Russia, and that the armies which are fighting against the Czechoslovaks and the Russian People's Army on the Volga are composed largely of Germans, assisted by the Bolshevists.

# WANT LIEBKNECHT FREED.

### Prussian Socialists Also Send Greetings to Soviet Government.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22.—Independent Socialists, meeting at Solingen, Rhenish Prussia, to welcome Wilhelm Dittmann, member of the Reichstag, who has been released from prison where he was under sentence for inciting to high treason, unanimously adopted a resolution demanding complete amnesty and the immediate release of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, former member of the Reichstag, who is now in prison, and proposing as the party's aim the establishment of a Socialist republic, according to the Frankfort Gazette.

The meeting, which was attended by several thousand of the Independent Socialists, sent greetings to the Soviet Government of Russia, it is said.

# OUR AVIATORS DOWNED 261.

### Scored Many Victories Since St. Mihiel Drive Began.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 23.—Between Sept. 12, when the St. Mihiel drive began, and Oct. 19, United States Army Fliers brought down 261 German planes, which represented one-seventh of the total flying strength of the enemy from the Swiss border to the sea.

ADLER-ROCHESTER
*OVERSEAS*
SERVICE COAT

The endorsement given the ADLER-ROCHESTER *Overseas Service Coat* by experts, both in the army and out, has been strikingly emphasized. Thousands of officers, seeking the highest standard in every item of their equipment, have bought this coat. Serviceability and style are its distinguishing marks. *Sold, not issued, to officers.*

*L. Adler, Bros. & Co.*
ROCHESTER NEW YORK

MEN—*here they are*
*—25,000 shirts*
*formerly sold at $2.75, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00*
Now On Special Sale at $1.95
*The greatest shirt values in the country*
THE CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
*First Sale of the Season*

The assortment comprising an exceptional variety of new patterns, new and exclusive color combinations, new weaves and material effects.

The fabrics are Silk and Madras, Russian Cords, Silk Striped Madras, and the finest quality woven Madras.

The patterns are absolutely beautiful, they are distinctive and our own exclusive designs, *and only the kind that you can find in a shirt specialty shop.* New tones of Blue, Grey, Purple, Tan, Orange and various other colors harmoniously blended,—

*To The Ladies*
*To the ladies who are in the habit of purchasing Men's Shirts*
We extend a cordial invitation to inspect the wonderful values we offer, they will be a revelation to you,—you will recognize and appreciate the excellence of the material and colorings and the exclusive patterns in the varied assortment of shirts in this sale.

and a fact of no little importance—the colors are fast

The workmanship in every shirt is of the very highest standard, with particular regard for the small details, that mean shirt satisfaction.

Sizes to fit every man 13½ to 19 and built to stand many trips to the laundry.

A glance at any one of our 27 windows, full of these wonderful shirt values, is the best argument we could present.

15 Convenient Shirt Shops

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
*The Largest Shirt Specialists in America*

Downtown Shops
317 Broadway
26 Cortlandt Street
139 Nassau Street
110 Chambers Street
38 Delancey Street

Uptown Shops
1407 Broadway
1484 Broadway
62 East 14th Street
204 W. 125th Street

Brooklyn Shops
367 Fulton Street
431 Fulton Street

Bridgeport Conn.
Scranton Penn.
Waterbury Conn.

Newark Shops
170 Market Street

Two new shops opening January 1, 1919—Hotel Commodore—Hotel Pennsylvania

Gotham National Bank
New York
Broadway at Columbus Circle

Number Depositors 5,389
Total Deposits $6,699,938.00

Quota, Fourth Liberty Loan, $1,361,800.00
Subscriptions, - - - - 3,036,350.00
"OVER THE TOP"
223%

Many thanks to the 14,254 subscribers who made the above results possible.

Don't say "I'm too busy!"

For that's the very reason why you should visit New York's biggest Business Equipment Exposition.

The busier you are, the greater is your need of the newer ideas that can be gained from this Exposition of Modern Equipment and Methods.

Scores of *almost human* machines and devices are here ready to save your own time as well as that of your office force.

Besides, there is much valuable information that you can take away with you.

So why not come today?

United States Civil Service Commission representatives will be present at all times during this Exposition to explain the urgent need of the Government for war office workers and to enable applicants to qualify for positions.

Oct. 21st to Oct. 26th Inclusive
69th REGIMENT ARMORY
25th St. & Lexington Ave.
1 P.M. to 10 P.M. DAILY

Lives Are at Stake!

Loaned Automobiles Will Save Them!

The Brooklyn Chapter of the American Red Cross needs automobiles to convey their nurses and aides from house to house in its fight to check the Spanish influenza and pneumonia epidemic in Brooklyn.

One automobile enables a nurse to make 40 visits to patients in a day where she could otherwise make only 15.

Nurses are scarce. Thousands are in France attending the wounded. Therefore those at home must triple their work.

You will make the tripling of this work possible if you lend the Brooklyn Chapter of the Red Cross your automobile for a half-day, a whole day, several days or a week. Kindly help us if you can.

BROOKLYN CHAPTER
American Red Cross
Phone 3961 Main 165 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

# SOCIALIST SPEAKER STABBED AT MEETING

### Two Others Also Cut by Heckler, Fleeing from Gathering of Meyer London Adherents.

### TAMMANY PLOT CHARGED

### Boy Says Assailant Wore Wig and Sought Refuge in Rooms of J. F. Ahearn Association.

A street meeting in support of the re-election of Meyer London, Socialist Member of Congress in the Twelfth District, ended in confusion at Madison and Gouverneur Streets on the east side last night when a heckler jumped upon the motor truck that was serving as a platform and stabbed the speaker, Isidore Cohn, an organizer for the Butchers' Union.

Cohn was taken to Gouverneur Hospital in a serious condition, and Lazarus Goldberg, the Chairman of the meeting, was treated by an ambulance surgeon for slight knife wounds in the arm. The assailant escaped.

While Cohn was telling about what the Socialists would do to lower the cost of living and praising the work of Congressman London a man in the crowd close to the motor truck shouted some questions. Goldberg stopped the heckler several times and told him he would not be permitted to interrupt the speaker. The man moved closer and shouted that he would not permit the speaker to continue until he had answered the questions.

In the altercation the man leaped to the truck despite the efforts of Goldberg and Cohn and their sympathizers to keep him off, and stabbed both men. Cohn fell with a wound in his abdomen and Goldberg continued to struggle with the man until he leaped from the truck and broke through the crowd. Several men gave chase as the man dodged through the crowd, brandishing the knife, and Isidore Weldtman of 345 Madison Street was stabbed twice in the left arm as he tried to grapple with him.

In the struggle in the crowd Weldtman seized a man who gave the name, D. Scharazkowitz, and took him to the Madison Street Police Station, where he made a charge of felonious assault, on the allegation that Scharazkowitz attempted to interfere with Weldtman in the pursuit, and threatened him with a knife.

Although the Police Reserves from the Madison Street Station were called out immediately, they were not able to quiet the crowd of 3,000 for half an hour. Additional policemen and detectives were sent from Police Headquarters, but they could obtain little information about the assailant from the excited crowds.

A seventeen-year-old boy, who said he was Max Steinberg, of 342 Madison Street, reported to the police that he pursued Cohn's assailant to the clubrooms of the John F. Ahearn Association, a Tammany organization, at Madison Street and East Broadway, a block from where the street meeting was held.

He said he ran into the basement of the building with the man, who took off a wig after the boy had said to him: "I'm with you. You done right." The boy declared to the police that he walked out the front door of the club with the man and then walked back to Gouverneur Street.

When they received a report of the stabbing, Meyer London and William Karlin, Assemblyman from the Fourth District, hastened to the meeting. In speeches to the crowd they asserted their belief that the attack had been made by a "Tammany assassin" and they accused the police of negligence and incompetence in failing to catch Cohn's assailant.

## SEATS EMPTY, SAYS HEDLEY

### Enough for All Passengers Even During Rush Hours.

Passenger traffic on the surface, elevated, and subway lines in Manhattan and the Bronx has fallen off at the rate of 400,000 a day, compared to a year ago, declared Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough's companies, at the hearing yesterday before the Public Service Commission as to the Interborough and New York Railways service. He admitted that many persons are now walking to and from their employment because of the influenza epidemic, but he did not blame that entirely for the decreased traffic, as he said there had been a considerable falling off before the influenza scare started.

The subway alone, Mr. Hedley said, is carrying about 150,000 to 200,000 less passengers a day than a year ago. For several months, he said, the cutdown in travel ranged as high as 7 to 8 per cent., and recently had ranged to about 10 per cent., while on the surface lines the falling off was now in the neighborhood of 14 per cent. a day.

Mr. Hedley also declared that the service now given in the subway is practically that called for in the commission's orders prescribing a two-minute headway on express trains in rush hours and a three-minute headway on local trains.

"Through many hours of the day," he said, "we are providing more seats than there are passengers, and in some cases it runs as high as 100 per cent. more seats than passengers. The condition of seats for all passengers extends into the rush hours."

## FIND 5 RUSSIANS GUILTY.

### One Acquitted in Trial for Assailing the Draft Law.

The jury which has been hearing the evidence against the six Russians charged with violation of the espionage act, in distributing anti-draft literature, on the lower east side, after deliberating an hour, brought in a verdict of guilty late yesterday afternoon against Sam Lipton, Mollie Steimer, Jacob Abrahams, Hyman Lachowsky, and Hyman Rozansky, on all four counts in the indictment. The sixth defendant, Gabriel Prober, was found not guilty and was discharged.

When Judge Henry B. Clayton opened court yesterday morning, Harry Weinberger, attorney for the defendants, began his summing up. S. L. Miller, Special Assistant United States District Attorney, followed Mr. Weinberger, closing the case for the Government. He quoted from the Espionage act to show that the disloyal and abusive language which the defendants were charged with uttering was in violation of that act and added that, if the 2,000,000 circulars which the defendants were charged with distributing had had any practicable effect, 2,000,000 soldiers in France today would be without cartridges.

Judge Clayton began his charge to the jury as soon as Mr. Miller had completed his argument and took several hours to complete it. The jury, which at once retired, sent word shortly after 6 o'clock that it had agreed. Mr. Weinberger's motion that the verdict be set aside was denied. Judge Clayton thanked the jury and discharged it.

## WANTS OPPONENT IN WAR.

### Miss Marks Assails Republican Candidate Because He's Not in Uniform.

The Woman Suffrage Party of the 15th Assembly District, held a meeting at Terrace Garden last night and addresses were made by the Republican and Democratic candidates for the Assembly, State Senate and Congress. Mrs. Learned Hand, wife of Judge Hand, of the United States District Court, was chairman. The rental of the hall was paid by the local Democratic organization, while the local Republican organization supplied the band that played patriotic airs. Joseph Steinberg, Republican candidate for the Assembly reviewed his record as an Assemblyman under both the Progressive and Republican parties while his Democratic opponent, Miss Myra Marks, said harsh things about his not being in the war.

"This war," she said, "must be fought to a victorious ending. My opponent is a bachelor, 36 years old, has no parents needing his support and having no one to take care of, why should he be exempt from service because of service in the Legislature?"

## WILBUR WRIGHT MONUMENT

### Will Mark Place Where Inventor Made First European Flight.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—The committee of the French Aero Club, which is arranging for the erection of a monument to Wilbur Wright, with his brother, Orville, inventor of the airplane, has decided to place the monument near the village of Auvours, near Le Mans, where Wilbur Wright made his first flight in France on Aug. 8, 1908. The monument will be erected next Spring.

## VENIZELOS MAY VISIT US.

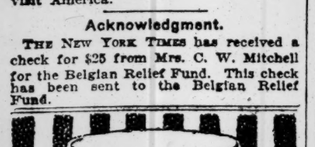
### Hopes Soon to be Able to Realize Wish, He Cables.

Cable messages from Premier Venizelos of Greece expressing his desire to visit the United States soon were received here yesterday by Petros P. Tatanis, owner of the Greek newspaper, the National Herald, and by Greek societies here. Several invitations had been sent urging him to study conditions in this country.

Mr. Tatanis said he had "every reason to believe that Mr. Venizelos will soon be able to realize his wish to visit America."

### Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received a check for $25 from Mrs. C. W. Mitchell for the Belgian Relief Fund. This check has been sent to the Belgian Relief Fund.

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MADE WITH
THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE
A SMART STYLE IN
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.


# BERTHA KALICH IN 'THE RIDDLE WOMAN'

### A Striking Emotional Drama of High Danish Society Ably Acted.

### A. E. ANSON AS VAMPIRE

### A Notable oCmpany, Including Crystal Herne, Albert Bruning, and Robert Edeson.

THE RIDDLE; WOMAN, a drama in three acts, by Charlotte E. Wells and Dorothy Donnelly; based upon a Danish play by C. Jacobi. At the Harris Theatre.

| | |
|---|---|
| Olga Harboe | Petra Weston |
| Karen de Gravert | Frances Carson |
| Thora Bertol | Beatrice Miller |
| Marie Meyer | Beatrice Allen |
| Nils Olrik | Herbert Ransome |
| Lilla Olrik | Bertha Kalich |
| Kristine Jesperson | Chrystal Herne |
| Otto Meyer | Albert Bruning |
| Lars Olrik | Robert Edeson |
| Count Erik Helsinger | A. E. Anson |
| Butler | John Black |

Bertha Kalich returned to the spoken drama last night in a play of Danish society life, which proved an apt vehicle for her very striking powers as an emotional actress. Lilla Olrik appears in the first act as the wife of a great merchant of Copenhagen, adoring her husband as she is adored by him, and loved for her goodness and charm by a distinguished circle of Danish society. Yet, even to those who know her best, there seems a mystery behind her beautiful pale face and her luminous eyes.

Among the intimates of her drawing room is a Count Helsinger, played by A. E. Anson—a gambler and spendthrift who lives by compromising and then blackmailing ladies in his own social sphere. It transpires that a Miss Jesperson, played by Chrystal Herne, has a child of six of which he is the father. And the 17-year-old daughter of a Jewish millionaire is shown in the process of being led astray. And then it appears that Lilla herself has been his victim in the years before she met her husband. That is the riddle—the mystery that gives an emotional quality to her charm.

Olrik, played by Robert Edeson, is of a primitive nature, with a touch of the caveman, and Lilla has kept her past relations with Helsinger a secret from him, fearing to forfeit his love. But when the happiness of a girlish friend is at stake the two elder victims unite to save her. A dramatic sequence of scenes eventuates in the suicide of Miss Jesperson and a passage between Lilla and Helsinger, in which, rising to an access of fury, she half strangles him and takes from his pocket the letters which gave him his power. At the moment of her triumph her husband comes in and grasps the situation at a glance. Lilla, at last mistress of her fate, gives him the letters to read. The man proves nobler than she had feared. He hesitates a moment only, then tears the letters, unread, and throws them into the fire.

The play is of a school more popular a decade or two ago than today; but it is an able example of its kind and affords Mme. Kalich an admirable vehicle for her art at its best. The beauty of her eyes is compelling, and the mystery of her pale masque is very subtly denoted. She passes with natural ease from the intimate charm of the opening scenes to a moment of impassioned love for her husband, and then to the tragic complex of emotions in her scenes with Helsinger. Alternately she scorns him and kneels before him, pleading for mercy; whispers with loathing and despair, and rages with an almost animal fury. She has tricks of manner that may or may not delight one; but there can be no doubt of the range or of the intensity of her powers.

Mr. Anson's portrayal of this Danish he-vampire roused the gallery to a fury of hissing, and that is praise of a sort. Miss Herne's Kristine Jesperson was lovely to look upon and emotionally very effective. Albert Braning as the Jewish father and Robert Edeson as Lars Olrik acquitted themselves with their familiar authority and power. The ingenue was played by Beatrice Allen, along the familiar lines for such parts, but with very unusual charm. Altogether the cast was a notable one, and was provided with effective if by no means novel characters and situations.

### Mary Nash and Jose Ruben Marry.

Mary Nash and Jose Ruben, both of whom are well known in the theatrical world, were married last Saturday afternoon at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and Seventy-first Street. The couple recently acted here together in "I. O. U." and Miss Nash will reappear here in a new play next week. She is best known for her portrayal of the leading feminine rôle in "The Man Who Came Back." Mr. Ruben came into prominence as a member of the Washington Square Players, following a season here with the French Theatre.

### Grace Hofheimer in Piano Recital.

Grace Hofheimer, pianist, introduced her matinée recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday with a concerto for two pianos by Mozart, in which Andre Benoist assisted, while to solo numbers of Bach-Liszt, Schumann, Brahms, and Albeniz, she added Albert Spalding's manuscript, "Negro Rhapsody." The young player gave proof of sound taste and training, with becoming modesty for a stage career, serious respect for art, and a proper initiative in ensemble playing.

### THEATRICAL NOTES.

The postponed opening of "Be Calm, Camilla," at the Booth, will take place on Thursday night of next week. "Peter's Mother," announced for the Playhouse, will have its premiere on Tuesday night instead of Monday.

Winchell Smith and John L. Golden will present "Three Wise Fools" at the Criterion Theatre on Thursday night, Oct. 31. The piece is the work of Austin Strong, and has hitherto been known as "Three Wise Men."

Julia Sanderson and Joseph Cawthorn, in "The Canary," will begin their engagement at the Globe Theatre a week from Monday. Sam B. Hardy and Doyle and Dixon will be in the supporting cast.

"The Passing Show of 1918" will end its run at the Winter Garden on Nov. 9.

George V. Hobart's farce, "Step That Man," will be produced in Providence on Nov. 7, and will be brought to a local Shubert House a week later.

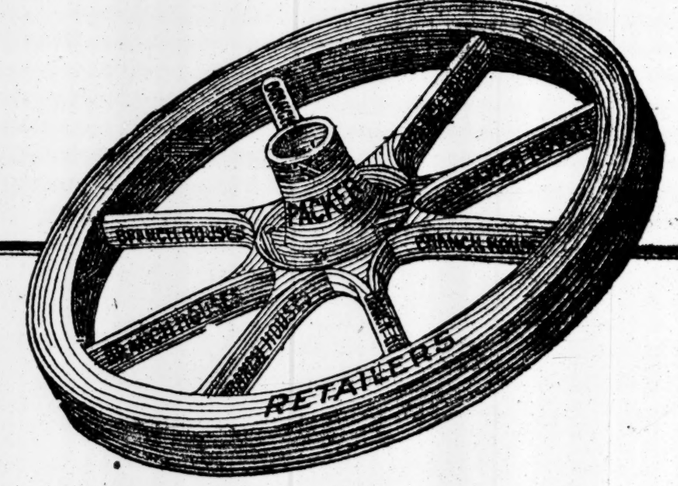
Lillian Russell will return to vaudeville at the Palace Theatre next week.

### MUSIC NOTES.

The People's Liberty Chorus will hold a rally at the High School of Commerce in West Sixty-fifth Street this evening, when all who sang at the Altar of Liberty in the recent Loan drive are invited to attend.

Maggie Teyte, who is announced in a first performance of "Madame Butterfly" by the American Singers at the Park tonight, will appear tomorrow at Aeolian Hall in a matinee benefit for the Permanent Blind Relief Fund.

Violet Ewart, pianist, and Carmen Pascova, soprano, will appear Saturday for the Woman's Press Club at the Waldorf-Astoria. Besides the Australian artists, their country's commissioner, H. Y. Braddon, will speak.


"Spokes"—
and the Swift
"Wheel"

What would you consumers think of a wheel without spokes?

What would you think of a man who would take any or all of the spokes out of a wheel to make it run better?

Swift & Company's business of getting fresh meat to you is a wheel, of which the packing plant is only the hub. Retail dealers are the rim—and Swift & Company Branch Houses are the spokes.

The hub wouldn't do the wheel much good and you wouldn't have much use for hub or rim if it weren't for the spokes that fit them all together to make a wheel of it.

Swift & Company Branch Houses are placed, after thorough investigation, in centers where they can be successfully operated and do the most good for the most people at the least possible cost.

Each "spoke" is in charge of a man who knows that he is there to keep you supplied at all times with meat, sweet and fresh; and who knows that if he doesn't do it, his competitor will.

How much good would the hub and the rim of the Swift "wheel" do you if the spokes were done away with?

Keep Your Pledge
Make Good for Our Fighting Men.
BUY WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

Swift & Company,
U. S. A.

Ten Wholesale Distributing Markets in Greater New York
Central Office, 32 Tenth Avenue
G. J. Edwards, District Manager


# AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. NOTE DIFFERENT OPENING TIME OF EACH THEATRE TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION.

**WINTER GARDEN** B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Last 3 Weeks. Mat. Today at 2.
MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK
PASSING SHOW OF 1918
150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES AND BIG BILL
Sunday Night Concert AL JOLSON

**CENTRAL** Theatre, B'way and 47th Street. Phone Bryant 17. Evgs. 8:45. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Returned to the Spoken Stage in
FOREVER AFTER
Sunday Night Concert AL JOLSON AND BIG BILL

Lee Shubert & Jutie Opp Faversham Present **FREEDOM**
Stupendous spectacular drama in 25 scenes with company of 200. To Benefit Association for Assisting Disabled Naval and Military Officers of the English-Speaking Peoples.

**CENTURY** Opening Oct. 26 SAT. EVE. Seats Now

**ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30.**
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE.
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING

**CENTURY THEATRE—NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT**
"BUFFALOES" ALL-STAR PERFORMANCE
Smoke Evils' Benefit 367th Infantry

**FULTON** 46th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.), 2:30.
A STITCH IN TIME | A Happy Play —With— | IRENE FENWICK

**SELWYN** WEST 42d ST. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Sat.&Wed.,2:30.
JANE COWL in "Information Please."
More Than a Play—An Event

**LONGACRE** West 48th St. Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
WILLIAM Collier in NOTHING BUT LIES
"Would make a sphynx smile."—Alan Dale.

**HUDSON** West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

**ELTINGE** West 42d St. Evgs. 9:00. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS

**REPUBLIC** W. 42d St. Evs. 9:00. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
Marjorie Rambeau
in "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM"

**LYRIC** 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
The Novelty Hit of the Season,
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers,
The UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT.

**HIPPODROME** SPECIAL SEAT SALE STARTS TODAY
Sun., Nov. 3 At 8:15
CARUSO AND 1,000 SAILORS
Benefit Navy Relief Society.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Oct. 26, at 2:30.
HEIFETZ
Tickets 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. Now at Hall.

**PARK** Theatre, Columbus Circle, 59th St. Evgs. 8:15 and Sat. Mat. 2:15.
Society of American Singers TONIGHT & Sat. Night
OPERA COMIQUE
MME. BUTTERFLY
Maggie Teyte, Viola Robertson, Orville Harrold, Morton Adkins, Conductor Hageman.
Friday Eve. ..... MIKADO
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"The best and biggest thing in town."—N. Y. Review.
Mat. Today, 2:00 $1 Best Seats. Except Boxes TONIGHT AT 8.

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DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE
Mon., Nov. 4—David Warfield in The Auctioneer.

Aeolian Hall, Next Mon. Eve., Oct. 28, 8:15
AUGUSTA COTTLOW
PIANO RECITAL (STEINWAY).

French Theatre du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:15. This Week Le Mariage de Figaro
ALL NEXT WEEK ..... BLANCHETTE

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., Oct. 26, at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL.
GRAVEURE
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

**COLUMBIA** B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:30 | Popular Prices.
THE BOSTONIANS with Frank Finney.

MOTION PICTURES.
A PATRIOTIC PHOTOPLAY WITH A PUNCH!!
"THE YELLOW DOG"
BROADWAY THEATRE, B'way at 41st St.
CONTINUOUS NOON TO 11 P. M.

44TH ST. THEATRE, 44th St., W. of Broadway.
Twice Daily, 2:20 & 8. Mats. 25c & 50c.
WILLIAM FOX Presents THEDA BARA in THIRD BIG MONTH.
SALOME

Knickerbocker THEATRE, B'way & 38th St.
D. W. Griffith's Supreme Triumph
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
TWICE DAILY, 2:10 & 8:30. Including Sunday. 8th Month.

**RIVOLI** B'way and 49th St. Evgs. $1 to $2.
LINA CAVALIERI in 'A Woman of Impulse' Soloists. Review. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
**RIALTO** Times Square 30-30-60c.
WILLIAM DESMOND in "The Pretender." Comedy. Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

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EXCLUSIVELY Charlie Chaplin in "Shoulder Arms."
at St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980.

**81** FRED STONE in "THE GOAT"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

**Plaza** Madison Ave., at 58th St.
"THE BELLS"
with FRANK KEENAN.

**Loew's New York Theatre** & ROOF. 10, 20, 30. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
Mary M. Minter, "Rosemary Climbs the Heights."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
Patrons are requested to be in their seats at the advertised time of the curtain's rise.

**NEW AMSTERDAM** W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15
GET BEHIND THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Sensation.
YOU WILL BE IN FRONT OF THE BEST SHOW YOU HAVE BEEN TREATED TO IN YEARS!
ROOF Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic
Phone Bryant 240
WILL ROGERS' Last 8 times

**EMPIRE** B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:45. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
CYRIL MAUDE in C. Haddon Chambers' Comedy Masterpiece | THE SAVING GRACE

Henry Miller's Theatre, West 43d St. East of Broadway.
FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:30
*HERALD says*—
"Everyone who likes a pleasant evening ought to see 'Perkins.'"
*EVENING SUN says*—
"Miss Chatterton is bewitching."
*EVE. POST says*—
"Mr. Miller played with all his accustomed vigor and lightness."
HENRY MILLER
Ruth CHATTERTON
in a comedy by Douglas Murray "PERKINS"

**VANDERBILT** West 48th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."
LIGHTNIN
GAIETY. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

**COHAN & HARRIS** THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Wed.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
3 FACES EAST

**GEO. COHAN** Thea., B'y. 43 St. Evs. 8:15. M. Bryant 392. Sat. Mat. 2:15.
MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS."
"One of those musical comedies folks can't help liking."—Journal.

**GREENWICH** 7th Av. & 4th St. Evs. 8:30 Village Theatre Mts. Thu. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30
Popular Mat. Today. 50c to $2.
MR. & MRS. COBURN in
THE BETTER 'OLE

**GLOBE** B'way & 46th St. Nights 8:15. Mats. 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES.
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## A SUMMONS TO SURRENDER.

The great force and emphasis of the words with which President WILSON begins his reply to the German note of Oct. 21, declaring that he had received "the solemn and explicit assurance of the German Government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace" laid down in his address of Jan. 8 and his subsequent addresses, may suggest he is in receipt of other and more definite commitments of the German Government than those which have come to the public knowledge. However that may be, it is surrender and nothing short of surrender that he now demands of Germany as the condition to which she must assent before peace can be discussed.

In the first place, the only armistice he would consent to submit to our cobelligerents "would be one which should leave the United States and the powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangement that may be entered into and to make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible." If Germany is willing to put herself in a position where she can fight no more she is willing to surrender. Then, in the concluding sentence of the note, he says bluntly that if the United States must now deal with the monarchical autocrats of Germany, or if it is likely to have to deal with them in later international transactions, then it must "demand not peace negotiations, but surrender."

The plain meaning of the President's answer is that if Germany is not now ready to lay down her arms, then the war which the civilized world is waging against her must continue until she is forced to lay them down. The acceptance of these terms of surrender, as the President points out, will be the best concrete evidence of Germany's unequivocal assent to the principles and conditions of peace he has set forth in his successive addresses.

The doubts Mr. WILSON expresses as to the reality of the changes in the form of government promised in Germany are shared by the peoples of all the countries arrayed against her. But upon that point he uses the plainest of words and leaves no room for doubt anywhere in Germany that the United States can have no dealings with the Hohenzollern save for surrender.

## FIT TO BE GOVERNOR.

For meritorious, if not too difficult, service in certain sensational criminal cases in New York, District Attorney WHITMAN was made Governor WHITMAN. Having been elected and reelected Governor, he seeks again, as he sought, rather comically in 1916, to be the Republican candidate for President. For him Albany is but a way station to Washington.

What sort of Governor of New York has Mr. WHITMAN been? He has "played politics" with extreme assiduity. He has kotowed to the Anti-Saloon League. He has worshipped woman suffrage with passionate ardor. He has made the Directed Primary his pet lamb. The State Republican Committee and the State Republican County Committees eat out of his hand. What has he done for the State? Mr. ALFRED E. SMITH, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is but following sound Republican authority, that of Senator ELON R. BROWN, in telling us that the State budget has been doubled in Mr. WHITMAN'S administrations, rising from $40,000,000 in the last year of the last Democratic Governor to $81,000,000.

The proof of the pudding is in the eating. As Mr. BROWN has shown, there has been no co-operation between the Executive and the great financial committees of the Legislature. Mr. WHITMAN has emitted many excellent remarks about an executive budget, but he has taken no pains to make his words good. He is not interested in financial or administrative reform. He has not properly and exclusively attended to the work of Governor. The Presidential lightning bug has bitten him. His case is incurable.

Mr. SMITH is a candidate for Governor and for no other post. He is thoroughly fitted for that office by his long service in the Legislature, by his ample knowledge of and experience in business of the State. Do the people of New York want a candidate for President, and not a Governor, to be Governor of New York? Or do they want a man who knows the State's business, and who can be depended upon to stick to it?

## THE SPARING OF BRUGES.

"President WILSON saved Bruges," says the Town Clerk of that ancient city, who bears the auspicious name of VICTOR. In the hope of getting better peace terms, the savages who have pillaged and destroyed so many monuments of the Middle Age spared Bruges. The city which HANS MEMLING made illustrious in art more than 400 years ago, the city of bridges, famous for its treasures of early Flemish pictures, the city of the Hospital of St. Jean, of the Church of Notre Dame, of the Cathedral of St. Sauveur, of the Market Hall and the Belfry, whose chimes, no longer ringing the immemorial hymn Mr. LONGFELLOW has made audible to all of us, the city of one who knows not how many more memorials, of Pointed Gothic and Flamboyant, of wood carvings and triptychs, of tombs and turrets and brasses and paintings and sculptures, the most mediaeval of Belgian cities, the old Hanseatic town, strange, isolated, quiet along its innumerable canals, the city where CHARLES V. and CHARLES the Bold and the Order of the Golden Fleece seem contemporary with us and not historical, the city of splendid memories and traditions—how could the Germans fail to destroy it after looting it?

They had to be on their good behavior. They had to show themselves as New Germans, reformed bandits. See how good we are, how scrupulous, in what a ladylike manner we Germans carry on the war!

No doubt Bruges would have been despoiled long ago had the Germans not been sure that Belgium was to remain German. Before they came to Bruges its most renowned art treasures had been hidden where they could not find them. Otherwise, the Berlin Museum would have been enriched by Belgium's spoil. A curious study might be made of war as a means of art collection; but the old days of dynastic war and seizure of the best art works of your beaten enemies are over. None the less, gratitude is due to General FOCH as well as to Mr. WILSON for the preservation of Bruges. WALTER DURANTY'S dispatch gives us another instance of that hopeless absence of the sense of proportion and the sense of humor, that savage want of taste, which the Germans are continually manifesting. The Palace of Justice contains a celebrated early sixteenth century chimneypiece, wherein CHARLES V. and MAXIMILIAN and MARY of Burgundy and CHARLES the Bold—CHARLES the Rash, rather, a warning to WILHELM II. and KARL the Sudden—are carved in wood with an incomparable delicacy and charm, surrounded by a wealth of figures and decorations and escutcheons and what not. Mr. DURANTY tells us the Germans said "that the space on the wall opposite was reserved for the Kaiser's picture directly peace established their hold on the city." The Palace of Justice will not be subjected to that infliction. The Emperor himself is a criminal in the dock. It is doubtful if even the pawnbrokers' shops will show his portrait in their windows.

## AMENDING THE TAX BILLS.

It is doubtful if Mr. KITCHIN'S taxes play a large part in this Fall's elections, for Mr. KITCHIN'S taxes are among the things that were. At each stage the tax projects show improvement, even though at each stage something is left to be desired. Even under Mr. KITCHIN'S plan it would have been easier to make alternative statements under a single law than to make cumulative statements under separate laws. Now the Senate substitutes a single tax statement under a single law for the alternative statements. The House plan provided for three brackets in the excess profits tax, the stages being 35, 50, and 70 per cent. of the net income above the deductions, including arbitrary percentages allowed on the invested capital. But all corporations were to pay 80 per cent. of their war profits if that were a larger amount than the excess profits computations. Under the Senate plan there are two brackets at 30 per cent. of net income below 20 per cent. on invested capital, and 60 per cent. above 20 per cent. on invested capital.

The war profits tax thus ceases to be a punitive tax on profits merely because they are large, and is assimilated to the excess profits tax. The 80 per cent. tax is equally heavy under either plan if it applies under the Senate plan, but it may not apply in cases where it would under the House plan. There is an equality of objection under either plan to proportioning taxes to invested capital, with all the uncertainties and disputes that plan involves. Also the results to the Treasury are not very different under either plan.

The amendment of the individual surtax plan proceeds by increasing the steps by which the taxes rise, rather than by reducing them, as in the case of corporations. One per cent. is added to the surtax for each increase of $2,000 in income above $6,000, stopping at 65 per cent. above $1,000,000. According to the calculations this is a reduction of the surtax for those with incomes below $100,000. The table supplied with the amendment shows surprising regularity of yield to the Government around $7,000,000, a little more or less, for each class up to $100,000, but there are two singular exceptions. The classes paying 7, 8, or 9 per cent. each yield in excess of $10,000,000, and there is both a large decrease and much irregularity in the yields for the several classes above $100,000 income. No explanation is given of these results, so inconsistent with the theory of a small and regular increase spread through more classes than heretofore proposed. As in the case of the corporation tax, the yield to the Treasury is not thought to be much altered.

The classes in the House and Senate proposals are so different that the working out of the tax shows discrepancies, some being higher and some lower, despite the statement that there is a general reduction below $100,000 income. Thus it is computed that the head of a family with $5,000 income would pay $30 more under the Senate plan, but $6,000 incomes would pay $10 less. There are similar irregularities up the scale, and at $100,000 the difference is between $35,030 under the Senate plan and $39,095 under the House plan.

It will be remarked that the Senate is as self-sufficient as the House. Both houses proceed independently of suggestions from those who must pay the taxes. That is the more surprising because there has been no hearty approval of what has been done, and many suggestions to which the Senate is as deaf as the House. The New York Chamber of Commerce, for example, characterized the House bill as "dangerous," in that the taxes on business and incomes are so extreme as to threaten to dry the springs of production at their source. Our taxes have been doubled in two successive years, whereas England has never increased its tax over 50 per cent. at one time. The Chamber further made the pungent remark that the aim of the House proposals seemed to be to raise the greatest taxes from the fewest citizens, and to narrow the base of taxation to fewest sources. The Senate has improved the House proposal in details, but it has made no such substantial betterment as the Chamber asked for in the general imposition of consumption and stamp taxes. This is the more to be regretted because the assertion of an intention to lighten the load on smaller incomes opens a field where consumption taxes would be fair to those who pay no income taxes, and mere justice to those who do. Upon the whole the Senate's report of progress may be accepted, with hope of further progress when the bill reaches the conference stage.

## THE IMPORTANCE OF TANKS.

Figuratively speaking, planes in the air and tanks, leviathans, and "whippets" on the solid earth below will reduce the German war machine to scrap iron in the great offensive of 1919, if the enemy does not yield now. The American program calls for thousands of airplanes, and General PERSHING will have them next Spring, with thousands more to follow, reconnoissance, combat, and bombing machines. What of the tanks that have contributed so much to Marshal HAIG'S irresistible "drives" against the Hindenburg line and beyond? Nothing can stop the tanks but water too deep for them to wade through—such rivers as the Scheldt and the Meuse, but these can be bridged if necessary. The fiercest anathemas of the enemy are reserved for the tank, an evolution of the American farm tractor. It smashes machine-gun nests, it hurdles trenches, it plows through woods, it breaks up ambushes, it shields charging infantry, it opens the way for cavalry—in a word, with its rapid-fire guns it is the dreaded monitor of the battlefield. Rear guards flee before it; the devouring ogre is the nightmare of the Germans. A British observer says:

> We have used in the fighting to date only a fraction of the men the enemy has been accustomed to employ for similar offensives, and we have made up the difference largely with tanks. Since the ultimate victory will fall to the side with the biggest reserves, the more tanks we have the more assured our victory. Tank makers are as much in this fight as their brothers in France.

And this is what Major Gen. SEELY, Deputy Minister of Munitions, says:

> I speak the literal truth when I say that I, and hundreds of others it has been my privilege to lead, would be dead now but for the tanks. They probably saved Amiens. They certainly saved us.

The United States can turn out more tanks in a given time than England and France combined. Germany has always been hopelessly out of the competition. Is our War Department ordering tanks in quantity? When General PERSHING, with an army of 2,000,000 fighting men, begins to pulverize the German line on a wide front next Spring or Summer, assuming that the enemy elects to defend his frontier to the bitter end, the American soldiers must advance with tanks to the right of them, tanks to the left of them, tanks everywhere, battalions and battalions of tanks, spraying shot and shell into the Germans wherever they show themselves, grinding relentlessly forward, juggernaut-like. The British organization calls for thirty-six tanks to a battalion. Not much artillery preparation is needed when these monsters get the signal and rumble toward the enemy's position. It is open warfare when the tanks begin to blaze away. BYNG had the honor of demonstrating that to the Germans at the first battle of Cambrai.

American inventiveness should be able to improve upon the British and French models. There can be no manner of doubt that our War Department is alert to the need of swarms of tanks on the American battlefront. Are they now being built, one might say, by the gross? Recently the War Department made contracts for motor vehicles to the value of $130,000,000. It is no secret that a Motor Transport Corps without a parallel in this war has been planned for America. Trucks, trailers, ambulances, cars, and cycles are to be sent to France by the thousand in the next six months. The "tractor" mentioned in a Washington dispatch apparently means tank. No mistake will be made if the War Department "plunges" on the monitor of the battlefield. The number of other types of motor could be cut with advantage. Too many of them could be fabricated, not too many tanks. "Thirty-six tanks, one battalion," says a report from London, "save at least 1,000 casualties every day they are in action." And the German casualties are no doubt increased by a thousand.

## PROLETARIAN DICTATORSHIP.

It was a German student of government who observed that the test of sovereignty could be found in the answer to the question, "Whom does the army obey?" This maxim might have been worthy of some study by the Bolsheviki, who so well assimilated other doctrines coming from Germany. They began their campaign to establish the dictatorship of the "working class" and the expropriation of the previous expropriators for the benefit of future expropriators by demoralizing the old Russian army so that it would not obey anybody. There were left, however, some smaller national armies which had fought beside the Russians. One of these was the Czechoslovak army, which had no interest after Brest-Litovsk except in getting away to fight the Austrians and Germans. It would not obey the Bolsheviki, and because they would not let it alone, because they tried to hamper its withdrawal and expose it to the attacks of released German and Hungarian prisoners, it presently found itself fighting them.

There was another army, a Lettish army, which had been organized under the Czar to utilize Lettish national sentiment in the defense of the Baltic provinces. The patriotic troops who had formed this force had been killed off, for the most part, when the revolution came; and new recruits were drawn from the classes of the Lettish population infected with Bolshevism. By a gradual process of weeding out "counter-revolutionaries" this Lettish force, which had preserved its organization and something of its fighting spirit when the Russian army went home, became the Praetorian Guard of the Bolshevist leaders.

We may wonder if a survival of national sentiment in this Lettish army has anything to do with the strange situation in the higher councils of the Russian Federative Socialist Republic of Soviets which was reported in yesterday's dispatches. The supreme power for the moment, according to these cablegrams, belongs to JACOB PETERS, the Lettish Commissioner in charge of the suppression of counter-revolution. This Lett is a man of personality, correspondents have told us; he has lived most of his life in London, he speaks English better than his own tongue; he signs any death warrant that is put before him by anybody, without investigation; and after a day of this exhausting labor in the interests of the proletariat he goes forth to spend a quiet evening talking about the amenities of life with any educated person who may so far have escaped his firing squads.

Even LENINE, say late dispatches, is unable to save men from execution at the hand of PETERS. The clash of authority between the commission for the suppression of counter-revolutionary activities and the Soviet Government has become so serious, we are told, as to show that the commission is the chief menace to the dictatorship of the proletariat. So the progress of what some of our parlor Bolsheviki here regard as this great outpouring of sweetness and light goes on; the austere and misanthropic nobleman LENINE, who seized the supreme power by force in the name of the proletariat, is now put aside by the Lettish dilettante who enjoys the double advantage of the authority to sign death warrants and kinship with the only organized army left in Russia. Ultimate sovereignty seems to reside in JACOB PETERS.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Prevention Seemingly Achieved.**

At last, almost entirely by private initiative—with very little of official help and no official compulsion—resort is made to the one means of checking the influenza epidemic that is in complete accord with up-to-date medical science. In other words, now, after there have been more deaths from a disease which in all probability should be classed as preventable than occur in any except the greatest battles, the administration by inoculation of a serum prepared exactly as are the other serums which have long since been administered as established and routine practice in several closely related maladies has begun on a large scale.

Why this was not done, especially in the training camps, at or before the beginning of this epidemic—that is one of the many mysteries connected with it, and one in the elucidation of which the medical profession will be busy for some time after the epidemic, as one member of that profession naïvely expresses it, "has burnt itself out." That phrase, in its implications, at least, is a strangely humble one—being little less than a confession of complete helplessness—to come from a direction whence we laymen have been accustomed to hear only of triumphs in the age-long battle with the enemies of health. Vastly better late, however, than never, and, as several vicious cults have managed to spread rather widely among the more ignorant portion of the public a dislike and distrust of all serum inoculations, perhaps it was not until the full seriousness of the influenza had come to everybody that this form of help would have been received willingly and gladly as is now the case in almost all instances.

Full and invariable protective efficiency is not yet claimed for the serum now in use, and it is described as still "in the experimental stage," but already what seem to be good results, in both the way of securing immunity and that of lowering mortality, have been achieved in a sufficient number of cases to warrant the hope that the influenza serum will take its place beside antitoxin for diphtheria and the other serum which has so nearly robbed typhoid of its immemorial terrors. But one cannot help wishing that nobody would call it "vaccination," for it has nothing to do with cows.

**Verse Alive After a Century.**

When ROBERT SOUTHEY wrote in 1814 the magnificent lines denouncing untimely counsels of peace that were reprinted on this page yesterday, he expressed the horror and hatred of NAPOLEON that then existed in all the older European monarchies. Since then it has ceased to be the fashion, even in the most conservative circles, to call NAPOLEON "the Corsican monster," for there has come to be a general realization that, with all his faults, and despite the havoc and the slaughter of his many wars, more was accomplished for the world by his victories than by his ultimate defeat.

Indeed, many, nowadays, would say that the chief work of this supreme military genius was not done on the battlefield, but was to be found in the constitutions and laws of the Europe of today—that he conquered his conquerors after he was dead and that he gave at least something of liberty to all those whom he subjected to his power.

All that, however, has nothing to do with the fact that SOUTHEY spoke—and spoke so well!—for his time, or with the other fact that his words are full of solemn warning and precious advice at this hour—an hour of far greater crisis and peril than was that at which he wrote. More than Europe now "throws off the yoke abhorred," and it was with no such "sublime accord" in 1814 as now that "all nations in one just cause united" were seeking to achieve a purpose truly high.

It is not at the restoration, but the abolition, of autocracy that the present Allies are aiming, and it is not through such courts as the downfall of NAPOLEON alone delighted that the defeat of Germany will carry relief and joy.

**A Fruitless Attempt to Deceive.**

As a source of what might be called geographical information, the official German communications from the western front continue to be something more than fairly correct. They tell truly enough, that is, the movements of the opposing troops, and from them the daily position of the line separating the armies can be deduced about as well as from the French, British and American reports.

There, however, all likeness ceases. The Germans cannot, indeed, conceal the fact that they are retreating steadily, but always they try to turn each of their local reverses into a triumphant repulse of the enemy. This they do by the familiar device of saying that the attack was halted—that it failed. These statements have a certain veracity, for the attacks do halt, in the sense that they do not go through to Berlin, and any allied advance which does not do that the Germans have a sort of excuse for calling a failure.

But this absurd misinterpretation of purpose is evidently as little deceptive at home as it is abroad. Everybody in Germany reads between the lines of these communiqués and learns there that, while the war is not over, it is lost, and that all hope has been reduced to a plaintive desire to save something from the lamentable wreck of German plans and ambitions. That the realization is complete is shown by the repeated appeals for help to the quarter whence have come the sternest of denunciations—where Germany has been described as a nation with which no covenants can be made and no language of agreement spoken. If the sometime supermen can stand that, they have learned the elements of humility at last.

## AIRPLANES IN FRANCE.

Make ready, for the flash of dawn is here!
Now up! Still up! How fast the world recedes!
The shell-scarred forests are but riven reeds,
And fathomless infinitude is near.
The myriad shafts of light are crystal clear,
So pure, so free of what war's turmoil breeds.
The sun seems now a lodestar, and it leads
The way along the pathless space we steer.
We ride air currents as the swallow wings,
And swiftly, as a homing thought, we skim,
Now down, in breathless glides, where day is dim,
Then up, until the primal silence sings.
About us, Peace—and God's eternal gifts,
While far below the smoke of battle drifts.

VIRGINIA NELSON.

# DELAYS IN REPORTS SWELL GRIP FIGURES

## 1,450 New Cases Recorded, Largest Number for a Single Day Since Epidemic Began.

## NEWARK OFFICIALS CLASH

### Mayor Raises Closing Ban Over Head of the State Board of Health.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, 1,450 new cases of Spanish influenza were reported to the Board of Health. This is the largest number of new cases reported in a single day since the disease became epidemic in New York. The record of all cases and deaths for the twenty-four hours in the five boroughs of the city is as follows:

| | Spanish Influenza. Cases. | Deaths. | Pneumonia. Cases. | Deaths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | 2,176 | 193 | 460 | 180 |
| The Bronx | 646 | 45 | 88 | 36 |
| Brooklyn | 1,588 | 165 | 295 | 145 |
| Queens | 307 | 41 | 90 | 15 |
| Richmond | 673 | 17 | 29 | 14 |
| Totals | 5,390 | 461 | 852 | 390 |

There was a falling off of ten in the number of deaths from influenza yesterday from the day before. There was also a decrease of eight in the number of deaths from pneumonia over the preceding day.

The conditions are such that Health Commissioner Copeland sent out early last evening the following call for volunteer nurses:

"The one overshadowing need of the city in this influenza epidemic is for nurses who can go into the homes, relieve suffering and save life. Paid or volunteer workers should apply in person to the Health Department, 130 Centre Street, or telephone Franklin 6280, Extension 52."

But as bad as the situation is, it is not as bad as the figures would indicate, Dr. Copeland pointed out. "It is true," he said, "that today we have the worst record we have had yet, but, I regret to say, certain physicians are responsible for this, because they have dumped in upon us reports of cases that should have been reported days ago. One doctor in the Borough of Richmond, for instance, reported today 402 new cases. The last time he reported was on Oct. 10, when he again reported an accumulation of 127 cases. Here in Manhattan, this morning, eighteen doctors turned in reports of 638 new cases, and another Manhattan physician reported 108 new cases. Now the average number of new cases reported per day by any one physician is three. It is easy to see, therefore, that these doctors have let their daily new cases pile up on them.

"To do this is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $250, or imprisonment for six months, or both. Beginning tomorrow, we have asked the Police Department to have policemen from each precinct call on all the doctors having offices in that precinct to remind them that each day's new cases must be reported on that day and no other.

"But we know that the number of new cases is decreasing rather than increasing, because the number of ambulance calls, all of which have to be reported to the police, are falling off. Furthermore, we have so many beds that have been vacated by influenza patients in Bellevue and Willard Parker Hospitals that we shall give up the Polyclinic Hospital tonight and turn it back to the War Department. In the upper walks of the city's life, the disease is not only under control, but is passing away.

"It is now on the increase in the tenements, where we are finding five, six, and seven cases in a family, where in the beginning we found only one or two. This emphasizes the great and immediate need of more nurses.

"We have asked the Academy of Medicine to raise a volunteer corps of doctors from its membership and have a certain number on duty in the Academy Building day and night, ready to be called on by the department at a moment's notice to go to patients within reasonable distance of the Academy. And here I want to call to the attention of shop keepers the fact that the rules governing their places of business are still in force. I do this because reports have come in showing that recently subway trains have become overcrowded again."

Mayor Gillen of Newark and the New Jersey State Board of Health yesterday began a controversy over the authority of the city officials in ordering the raising of the closing order on schools, theatres, saloons, soda fountains and churches after the State Board had ruled that all should be closed until it lifted the ban. A meeting of the State Board will be held in Trenton today to consider measures compelling the Newark City Government to enforce the rule. The Newark Commission also will hold a meeting to discuss whether it has jurisdiction upon health superior to that of the State Board.

Mayor Gillen issued an order on Sunday permitting the opening of all places closed by the order of the State Board of Health, and yesterday the State Board telegraphed to the Mayor that its order would stay in effect until it was canceled. Mayor Gillen had no comment to make upon the announcement that the State Board would attempt to enforce its orders in Newark through the courts, and the police suspended their work of preventing assemblies because it was decided by the City Commissioners that technically the Mayor was Police Commissioner as well as Health Commissioner and should be obeyed.

After being held twenty-four hours in Quarantine for examination and fumigation the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam was permitted to leave for the pier to land her 900 passengers yesterday. The health officers at Quarantine said there had been fifty cases of Spanish influenza on the voyage from Holland, but only twelve passengers in the second cabin were still confined to their berths when the steamship reached port on Tuesday. Of this number four had high temperatures and were sent to local hospitals. Thirty-two cases in the third class had entirely recovered.

The health officers said yesterday that the cases on vessels arriving from Europe were declining steadily.

## SCOUT U-BOAT THEORY.

### Investigators Say Disease Came Through Natural Channels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Reports that the germs of Spanish influenza may have been brought to the United States and spread by enemy agents, possibly landed on American shores from submarines, have been investigated by Government agents, but no basis for them has been found.

Investigators of several Government departments declared today that they were convinced after an inquiry that the disease was brought to this country through the natural channels of affected seamen, travelers, or imports, and not by malicious methods.

Continued improvement in the influenza situation in army camps and in several States was shown by reports received today by the Surgeon General of the Army and the Public Health Service. New cases in army camps totaled only 2,733, with 327 deaths. The disease now is epidemic at only three camps, Lewis, Washington; McClellan, Ala., and Kearny, Cal.

## WHITMAN NOMINEES CONFER

### Campaign Funds Discussed at a Hurried War Council.

All the candidates on the Republican State ticket held a war council at the headquarters of the Republican State Committee in West Thirty-ninth Street yesterday evening. Just what occasioned the unusual gathering and the hurried summons that led to it could not be learned, but one matter under discussion was how to provide money for getting out the vote on Election Day. Both Republicans and Democrats are suffering from a shortage of campaign funds this year. Among the Republicans the stringency is more keenly felt, because it always costs much money to bring out a full vote up-State.

This is true especially in the rural districts, where the voters who have long distances to travel to the polling places have been accustomed to receive something toward carriage hire, even though in most instances the farmer voters use their own conveyances. Chairman George A. Glynn of the Republican State Committee, who presided at the War Council, and candidates who attended, declined to discuss the gathering beyond saying that there had been a general talk on campaign matters. Lieutenant Governor Edward Schoeneck, who, while a candidate for re-election, is preparing to go to Camp Zachary Taylor in Texas, to prepare for service, when asked what the Republican prospects were up-State, said:

"Governor Whitman will get large majorities—more than enough to offset anything except a Democratic majority of extraordinary proportions in New York City. If Smith should get a 300,000 plurality here, I should say the election would be close, with the chances favoring a Republican victory."

It was announced yesterday that some 300 former associates of Alfred E. Smith in the Legislature had formed the League of Associations as a means of aiding his campaign. Mr. Smith, it was announced, would be given a reception by the league at the Hotel Ten Eyck in Albany tomorrow afternoon. Ex-Lieut. Governor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, who served with Mr. Smith in the Assembly, is Chairman of the league, and ex-Senator Walter R. Herrick of this city, is its Secretary.

Mr. Smith will devote next week to campaigning in this city. He will speak in Brooklyn next Monday, Tuesday in Manhattan, Wednesday in the Bronx, Thursday afternoon in Suffolk and Nassau Counties, Thursday evening in Queens, and Friday in Brooklyn. On Saturday afternoon of next week he will address a gathering of women in Manhattan and on the day before election he will speak in Staten Island.

Governor Whitman will deliver addresses in New Rochelle and Yonkers this evening. In the former city he will speak at Liberty Hall at 7:30 and in the latter in Proctor's Theatre at 9. On Tuesday next the Governor and other candidates on the Republican State ticket will speak at the Union League Club by invitation.

## WILSON WANTS LAMONTE.

### "You and Mr. Hennessy Stand for the Things I Believe In," He Writes

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—In a letter to George M. Lamonte, President Wilson today indorsed him for the long term as United States Senator from New Jersey and Charles O'C. Hennessy for the short time. The President wrote:

"I have read with great appreciation the statement which you and Mr. Hennessy have put before the voters of New Jersey, and I feel like adding my own appeal to them to send both you and Mr. Hennessy to the United States Senate. I particularly crave the support of New Jersey, whose people I deem it an honor to have served and whose interest I have so long had at heart, and I know how generously and truly both you and Mr. Hennessy stand for the things I believe in and that I believe the people of New Jersey believe in.

"These are times when it is particularly necessary that men who would lift affairs to a new plane of action and humane achievement should stand together and see to it that in all public counsels they are adequately and truly represented. I have had occasion to test your quality and Mr. Hennessy's, and therefore I speak with confidence when I say that the people of New Jersey would be served by both of you in the highest way in the councils of the nation.

"May I not add my gratification that both you and Mr. Hennessy have pledged yourselves to the support of the suffrage amendment?"

## TANNER AND PELL DEBATE.

### But Latter Is Silent on His Support of Kitchin and Dent.

Frederick C. Tanner, Republican candidate for Congress in the Seventeenth District, and his Democratic opponent, Herbert C. Pell, held a joint debate on the issues of the campaign at Terrace Garden last night. In letters to Mr. Pell Mr. Tanner has demanded to know if his opponent if elected would pledge himself to oppose the retention of Claude Kitchin as Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means and Hubert S. Dent as Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs. Mr. Pell did not reply to the questions last night, but sought to show that it was necessary to re-elect a Democratic House in order to uphold President Wilson in his war program. Mr. Tanner thought that a Republican House could do equally well.

## ASSAILS HYLAN'S COURSE.

### Citizens Union Says He Indulges In "Demagogic Byplays."

The Citizens' Union made public yesterday a review of the Hylan administration. It asserted that the administration had failed in constructive achievement, had provoked the resignation of two of its heads of departments and "instead of meeting the needs of these critical times has attempted to tear down some of the structure of effective municipal government laboriously built up in this city during recent years."

Controller Craig is described as a man whose industry is prodigious, but "whose viewpoint is usually narrow." The Mayor is pictured as being somewhat better acquainted with his job, but of continuing to "demolish straw men of campaign times and to indulge in demagogic byplays calculated to win applause from the 'people.'" It further asserts that the Mayor is "a prolific letter writer, intending doubtless to imitate the late Mayor Gaynor, but rather emphasizing the prevailing public opinion of the unfortunate contrast between the character and capacity of William J. Gaynor and of John F. Hylan."

## PLAN TO DEFEAT SOCIALIST.

### Rep. Haskell Offers to Quit if Poll Shows Democrat a Stronger.

To bring about the defeat of Abraham I. Shiplacoff, who is the Socialist candidate for Representative from the Tenth Congressional District in Brooklyn, Representative Reuben L. Haskell, who has served two terms in the House and is a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket, has offered to drop out in the interest of fusion, in the event that a post-card vote should indicate that he is weaker than the Democratic candidate for Congress from the district. The Democrats nominated George W. Martin, an ex-Assistant District Attorney of Kings County.

The National Security League a couple of days ago warned the voters in the Tenth Congressional District of the danger that Mr. Shiplacoff might be elected. The Socialist candidate, who has been indicted for seditious utterances, is a member of the Assembly.

# SEE GERMAN DRIVE AGAINST OUR TRADE

## Odd Propaganda Said to Aim at Wholesale Cancellation of Brazilian Orders.

## COTTON EXPORTERS TO ACT

### New South American Situation Attributed to Peace Talk—Many Shipments Are Held.

A new form of German propaganda, aimed to injure American export business in South American countries, has made its appearance in New York. It became known here yesterday that domestic exporters and exporting manufacturers of this city were being overwhelmed with cabled requests from Brazilian customers asking that their orders for cotton piece goods not already shipped be canceled.

When these requests first began to make their appearance several days ago, cotton goods representatives here were inclined to attribute the requests for cancellations to the prospect of an early peace. As the cables conveying the same message continued to arrive in increasing volume, the New York cotton goods exporting trade became aroused, and steps were taken, it was said last night, to ascertain the real reasons for the unusual requests.

According to reports in circulation last night, the Brazilian requests for cancelations have become the subject of an inquiry by the Cotton Manufacturers' Export Association. It was said that at a preliminary meeting, held on Tuesday, the cancelation matter was discussed by members and a decision reached to obtain further information with a view to having a searching investigation made by American Consuls or other Government representatives now in Brazil.

While the American Importers and Exporters' Association was also reported to have held a meeting to consider the cancelations, persons identified with the organization yesterday professed to have no knowledge of a meeting held under its auspices.

A representative of W. R. Grace & Co., which handles a large export business to South American countries, said yesterday that he was aware that cancelations by cable were being received by exporters of cotton piece goods in this city.

"From what I have heard," the Grace Company's representative said, "I should put the cancellation applications down as due to German propaganda in Brazil. I understand that representatives of German mercantile houses in Brazil have been telling the native merchants that peace is near, and that with its dawn German exporters in the Fatherland will be prepared to sell cotton piece goods to Brazilian buyers at pre-war prices."

While leaders in the cotton goods trade here deem it likely that German propagandists in Brazil are telling merchants there of Germany's ability to supply the Brazilians with fabrics at prices below those quoted by American firms, the belief is general that the Teutons have no cotton fabrics available for export. In fact, neither American cotton manufacturers nor exporters here fear German competition for a long period after peace is declared.

It was pointed out that Germany's military requirements had been such as to account not only for all of the raw cotton that country might have had on hand at the time of the beginning of the war in 1914, but for such meagre supplies as may have found their way into the country in the period of the war's duration.

Reports that the Teutonic agents in Brazil were advising buyers that the warehouses of Germany were filled with cotton goods, ready for shipment immediately peace was declared, were scoffed at here by exporters, who believed just the opposite was the fact, although it was conceded that accurate information regarding actual German conditions was not available at this time.

Brazilian buyers with offices here, who had been instructed by their home offices to cancel piece goods orders placed with American firms, were said yesterday to be out of sympathy with the movement. The Brazilian representatives here had no confidence in the assertions that Germany had full warehouses, while talk of pre-war prices to be offered by German firms to Brazilian or any other buyers was held to have not the slightest possible foundation.

Exporters recalled last night that about two months ago German agents in Argentina tried to work up sentiment among that country's buyers by characterizing the new Webb law, which permits American exporters to combine for overseas trade, as a menace to Argentine interests. The propagandists at that time attempted to convince the Argentine buyers that the Webb law, in its operation, would bring about a monopoly of the Argentine market in favor of American exporters, and thereby restrict buying transactions in the European manufacturing and exporting centers.

## SOLDIERS BEGIN VOTING.

### First Ballots of Home Forces Received by the State Secretary.

While the War Department's rules make it impossible to take the soldier vote in France, Secretary of State Hugo said last night that he was proceeding with the work of polling the vote of men in the service in cantonments here and on war vessels in home waters. In this work, Mr. Hugo said, he was receiving aid from the War and Navy Departments.

While in this city yesterday Mr. Hugo received word from Albany that the first soldiers' and sailors' votes had come into his office during the day. Under the law governing the taking of the soldiers' vote, the voting may begin twenty days prior to Election Day, or Oct. 16.

For the first time New Yorkers living in Washington, D. C., will not be required to journey to their homes to cast their votes on Election Day, provided they are in the military or naval service or are members of the Red Cross. Secretary Hugo yesterday rented a store on Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington and put out a sign inviting New York State men and women in the united services to come in and vote.

Eight commissioners have been appointed to assemble the ballots in encampments where there are men qualified to vote in this State. To systematize their work the country has been divided into districts. For the naval

# CHESTER P. SIEMS, ENGINEER, IS DEAD

## Pneumonia Takes Chairman of Siems-Carey Co., Extensive Railroad Builders.

## HAD CONTRACT WITH CHINA

### His Purpose to Build 2,000 Miles of Line Protested by Japan—Head of Construction Firms.

Chester Peter Siems, Chairman of the Siems-Carey Railway and Canal Company and head of many other enterprises connected with railroad and canal construction in all parts of the world, including China, died yesterday at his home, 563 Park Avenue, from pneumonia following Spanish influenza, in his thirty-fourth year. He was born at St. Paul, Minn., and after graduating at Yale in 1907 he entered the engineering department of the Spokane, Portland & Seattle Railroad. His father, Peter Siems, was a railroad engineer, and [illegible] America from Schleswig-Holstein, Germany, and his mother was Miss Josephine A. Gleason, descendant of [illegible] American family.

In the Fall of 1908 Mr. Siems left the railroad company and joined his father in forming the firm of Siems & Co., which carried out some big contracts for the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and other railroads in the West. In 1911 the firm was taken over by the Siems-Carey Company, and Chester Siems was elected President.

In February, 1912, the Marsh-Siems-Carey-Smith Company and the Siems-Carey, Limited, both construction companies, were launched, and carried out contracts for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Grand Trunk, and the Canadian Pacific Railways.

Mr. Siems in 1916 established the Siems-Carey Railway and Canal Company. It had a contract for 2,000 miles of railroad construction in China, which was protested by the Japanese Government and postponed. Mr. Siems was the head of all the companies, and was a member of the India House, Yale Club, Bankers' Club of America, and several clubs in St. Paul, Minn. He left a widow and three children.

# ROBERT F. PUTNAM DIES.

## Publisher a Victim of Spanish Influenza in His 37th Year.

Robert Faulkner Putnam, son of the late John Bishop Putnam and Treasurer of G. R. Putnam's Sons, publishers of New York and of the Knickerbocker Press of New Rochelle, died yesterday at his home on Post Road, Rye, N. Y., of pneumonia following Spanish influenza in his thirty-seventh year.

Mr. Putnam was graduated at Harvard in the class of 1905, and the following year entered the publishing firm as manager of the educational department and Assistant Treasurer.

He was active in Wilson College Men's League of New York City and Men's League for Woman Suffrage of New York, and was a member of Company G, 7th Regiment, N. Y. N. G. He was a member of the American Publishers' Association and American Booksellers' League, and the Tennis, City, and Harvard Clubs.

### Dr. Edoardo San Giovanni.

Dr. Edoardo San Giovanni, a teacher of Spanish at the Manual Training High School and regarded as one of the best Latinists in this country, died of pneumonia and influenza on Monday at his home, 203 Underhill Avenue, Brooklyn, in his 40th year. Dr. San Giovanni was born in Naples, and was a son of Professor Tito San Giovanni, a noted Latin critic and archaeologist. He was graduated from the Univeristy of Bologna and then came to America to become editor of the Italian daily Il Progreso. Later he joined the Latin Department of the City College, and while there won the Hartman Medal for Latin poetry in the international competition conducted by the University of Michigan. Dr. San Giovanni joined the Manual Training High School staff about ten years ago and recently had also been appointed Professor of Romance Languages at St. Francis College. He was a lecturer at Adelphi College, City College, and the Brooklyn Institute.

### Mrs. Ferdinand P. Earle.

Mrs. Lillian Jones Earle, widow of Brig. Gen. Ferdinand P. Earle, who was on the staff of Governors Fowler and Hill, died yesterday in Roosevelt Hospital from injuries received a week ago in a trolley car accident. She was one of the organizers of the Washington Heights Chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution, and was the first Regent of the chapter. Mrs. Earle was also prominent in the Colonial Dames, the Children of the American Revolution, and the Huguenots.

### Mgr. Stagni Dies in Rome.

MONTREAL, Oct. 23.—The death in Rome of Mgr. P. F. Stagni, who was Apostolic Delegate to Canada from 1910 to 1916, was announced in advices received here today.


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has always been the controlling thought with the American Hosiery Company, established in 1868.

No attempt has ever been made to manufacture garments at a price or to make any article to sell in big volume.

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The discriminating merchant will always have customers that will insist on wearing AMHO Body Clothing in preference to mere underwear.

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# MISS LULU TSCHIRKY WEDS.

## The Bride of Leon E. Chambers of Peekskill, at the Waldorf.

The marriage of Leon E. Chambers of Peekskill, N. Y., and Miss Lulu Clover Tschirky, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Tschirky, took place yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria, of which the bride's father is the manager. The Rev. T. H. Baragwanath, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Kingston, officiated in the presence of the families and intimate friends. A luncheon and reception followed.

The bride, who wore a black velvet gown, trimmed with ermine, was attended by Mrs. Bert Chambers as matron of honor. Miss Ruth Cahill was the bridesmaid and little Miss Alice Janssen was the flower girl. Mr. Chambers was attended by his brother, Bert Chambers, as best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Chambers have left on a motor tour of the Adirondacks, and will live at New Paltz, N. Y., on their return.

### Funeral of President Suarez's Son.

President Suarez of Colombia, unable to attend the funeral services for his 19-year-old son, Gabriel, which were held here yesterday, cabled to Dr. Carlos Urueta, Colombian Minister to the United States, that he hoped to come to America to take the body home. If not he would order it shipped back some time in the future. Meanwhile temporary interment was made in Calvary Cemetery, Brooklyn.

Young Suarez was a student at the plant of the Westinghouse Electric Company in Pittsburgh, and died in a sanitarium on Oct. 14 of Spanish influenza. The body was brought here and arrangements made for shipping it to Colombia, when Dr. Suarez's message caused the change in plans. Dr. Urueta and other Colombian representatives attended the funeral, held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament.

### William P. McCord Dies in France.

News was received yesterday of the death of William F. McCord, son of the late William P. McCord of Greenwich Conn., on Oct. 12 of pneumonia in a hospital at Nancy, France. He was engaged in Y. M. C. A. work there, and his sister, Mrs. Nathaniel Webb, who is in the American Red Cross, arrived there two days before he died. Mr. McCord was 40 years old.

### George W. Kessler.

George W. Kessler, Secretary of the Honest Ballot Association, died Monday night at his home at Riverside Drive and 181st Street. He was born at Sac City, Iowa, May 4, 1883, and was graduated from Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Penn., in 1908. He then entered the law school of Columbia University, and after obtaining his degree in 1911 was Assistant Secretary of the Citizens Union for a year. While thus employed, he helped organize the Honest Ballot Association, of which he became Secretary in 1912.

### Julian L'Estrange's Funeral Private

Arrangements for public funeral services for Julian L'Estrange, the actor, who died on Tuesday, were called off yesterday when it was learned that Mr. L'Estrange had expressed a wish that services should be private. The body will remain at 224 West 52d Street, Mr. L'Estrange's late home, until interment.

# Obituary Notes.

JAMES B. SEWARD, prominent in the hosiery business, and for the last fifteen years associated with James Jamison & Co., died on Monday at his home, 1,344 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, aged 69 years. Mr. Seward was born in Sullivan, N. H., of Revolutionary stock. He was at one time a partner in the firms of Seward & Tourtellot and Treadwell & Seward.

WILLIAM JUSTIS HENDRICKS, civil war veteran, and retired merchant of Manhattan, died in his seventy-ninth year yesterday at his home, 455 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM McKEE, an old-time Democratic politician, and a former Alderman of the old city of Brooklyn for twelve years, died on Tuesday at his home, 454 Lorimer Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 74 years. Mr. McKee was born in old Williamsburg. He enlisted in the 10th Regiment of New York Volunteers, and served throughout the civil war. Mr. McKee was a former President of the old Manila Club, and one of the organizers of the Farmers' Club. He was a member of Mecca Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and the Thomas S. Dakin Post, No. 266, G. A. R.

JACOB D. H. BERGEN, one of the oldest real estate brokers in Brooklyn and senior member of the firm of J. D. H. Bergen & Son, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 614 Sixth Street, Brooklyn. He was 72 years old, and was a descendant of the original Bergen, who settled in Brooklyn in 1863. Mr. Bergen's firm has been a member of the Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers since the board was established, and has handled many of the large estates in that borough. Mr. Bergen was a member of the Brooklyn Civic Club, and a Trustee of the Old South Congregational Church.

JAMES J. GRADY, a patrolman attached to the Coney Island Precinct, and considered one of the youngest men in the department, died from influenza on Tuesday at his home, 345 Sackett Street, Brooklyn. He was 33 years old.

Dr. JOSEPH B. ROSENTHAL, a Lieutenant in the U. S. Medical Corps, died at the base hospital at Markleton, Penn., on Tuesday of pneumonia. Dr. Rosenthal was a graduate of the New York Homeopathic Medical College, and was of the medical staff of the Hebrew Sanigarium for Children, at Rockaway Park. His home was at 1,387 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

FRANK A. MALKOSKY, 46 years old, a Brooklyn pharmacist, died on Saturday at Southern Pines, N. C., where he had gone for his health. Mr. Malkosky lived at 284 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, and belonged to the Cathedral Club of Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARIE THERESE TILESTON TUPPER, widow of William Vaughan Tupper, a shipping merchant, and one of the oldest members of Plymouth Church, died in her eighty-fourth year on Tuesday at her home, 171 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Tupper was born in Boston, Mass. She was long active in the work of the Y. W. C. A.

JOSEPH F. O'BRIEN, for fourteen years City Clerk of Yonkers, died yesterday at the New York General Hospital for the Insane at Poughkeepsie, where he had been for six months. He was 43 years old and entered the employ of the city of Yonkers when he was 15.

GEORGE W. HERBERT of Port Chester, N. Y., whose wife died of pneumonia on Sunday, died yesterday in the hospital at Greenwich, Conn., in his 31st year. The double funeral will be held this afternoon from the late home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert.

HARRY HOMEYER, twenty-four-year-old son of Katherne and the late Henry Homeyer of Floral Park, L. I., died yesterday at Camp Upton of pneumonia, following Spanish influenza.

Miss MAY BULTON GUERNSEY, daughter of John A. Guernsey, died yesterday at her home in Greenwich, Conn., of Spanish influenza, in her twenty-fifth year.

Mrs. OTTILIE PTASCHINSKA, aged 90, wife of Martin Ptaschinska, died yesterday at her home in North Plainfield. She was born in Germany.

Mrs. MARY FRANCES LYON HOE, widow of Alfred C. Hoe, of the firm of James C. Hoe & Sons, contractors and builders, died yesterday at her home, 327 West Fourteenth Street, in her ninety-first year. She was a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

HARRY O'BRIEN, a policeman, for eleven years attached to the East 104th Street Station, died Monday from influenza.

Sergeant JAMES PRYOR of the 104th Street Station, died Tuesday from influenza in St. Vincent's Hospital.

GEORGE A. RAHNER, 30 years of age, died Tuesday night of pneumonia at the home of his parents in Millburn, N. J. He managed the jewelry business in Orange, N. J., formerly owned by James J. Haag, who was murdered a year ago.

Mrs. FRANCES E. WALSH, wife of former Deputy City Chamberlain Harry J. Walsh, died yesterday at her home, 565 Seventh Street, Brooklyn. She was born in Brooklyn thirty-three years ago, and was a daughter of Francis D. Thorne, formerly State Deputy of the Knights of Columbus in New York State.

*Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.*

## Engaged.

GELLATLY—HANSEN.—Mr. and Mrs. John Morrison Hansen announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lynda Rhoades Hansen, to Ensign William Robert Gellatly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Burt Gellatly. Both of Pittsburgh, Penn.

## Married.

MATTHEWS — CAMPBELL. — At Atlantic City, on the 20th of August, 1918, Peter B. Matthews, to May E. Campbell.

MERIFIELD—FLINT. — On Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, in St. Matthew's Church, by the Rev. Dr. Arthur H. Judge, Mary Buckelew, daughter of John Flint, to Frederick Marvin Merrifield.

ROBERTS—REASER.—Mr. and Mrs. Willbur A. Reaser of Yonkers announce the marriage of their daughter, Dorothy to Thomas Cleveland Roberts, First Lieutenant, Q. M. C., U. S. A. Miss Reaser was a member of the class of 1916 at Barnard. Lieutenant Roberts, whose home is in Minneapolis, is a graduate of Princeton, 1910. He is stationed in New York City.

STAHL—CLENDENIN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1918, by the Rev. Dr. Ericson, rector of St. John's Church, Yonkers, Gabrielle, daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Clendenin, to Captain Edward Canning Stahl, U. S. A.

## Died.

AARONS.—On Oct. 23, at his residence, 2,145 86th St., Brooklyn, Henry A., beloved son of Alfred H. and Ada Aarons, aged 14 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AKERSTROM.—Oct. 23, Lydia, age 26 years. Funeral from the new Harlem Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 2,343 8th Av., near 125th St., Thursday, at 8 P. M.

APP.—Of pneumonia, in her 21st year, Ida Juliana, beloved daughter of George and Anna M. App. (nee Haag.) Funeral services at her late residence, 1,412 Bryant Av., Bronx, on Friday evening, Oct. 25, 1918, at 8 o'clock.

ASHER.—At her residence, 448 Central Park West, on Oct. 21, 1918, Martha, beloved daughter of the late Aaron and Rose Asher. Funeral private.

AUB.—On Wednesday, Oct. 23, Ignatz Aub, husband of Sara and father of Theresa Aub and Clara Goldwater, in his 54th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AUBREY.—Joseph, Oct. 21, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Thursday, 3:30.

BADO.—Nice Maria. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's.)

BELKNAP.—On Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, at the home of her son-in-law, B. W. Senner, 403 Central Av., Newark, N. J., Julia Pickard, widow of Colonel Augustus Belknap of San Antonio, Texas, in the 76th year of her age. Funeral private. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, at the convenience of the family. San Antonio and Kansas City papers please copy.

BERGEN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1918, Jacob D. H. Bergen, beloved husband of Emily S. Bergen and father of Dr. Hart Bergen, Mrs. Charles Mathews and Schuyler J. Bergen. Funeral services at his late residence, 614 6th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday evening, Oct. 24, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

BERGSTRESSER.—On Monday, Oct. 21, of pneumonia, following operation, Nellie Woodward Bergstresser. Funeral services in the New York Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, New York Av. and Dean St., Brooklyn, Thursday evening, Oct. 24, at 8 o'clock. Interment at First Baptist Church Cemetery, Haddonfield, N. J., Friday, Oct. 25, at 1 P. M.

BISHOP.—Sarah A. Bishop, in the 89th year of her age. Services at the residence of her son-in-law, Walter C. Reid, 44 Vernon Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Thursday evening, Oct. 24, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Leamburg Cemetery. Danbury papers please copy.

BURFEIND.—At Chappaqua, N. Y., on Oct. 23, 1918, Captain Henry W. Burfeind, in his 56th year. Friends are invited to attend the interment at Woodlawn Cemetery, on Oct. 25, 1918, at 3 P. M. Masonic services at the grave.

BUSHMAN.—Lillian F., (nee von Dwingle,) of 1,619 Gravesend Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services at 930 P. M. Thursday, beloved wife of H. T. Bushman. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

BUTLER.—Margaret, widow of James Butler, and beloved mother of James Butler, Mrs. Catherine Guthrie, Mrs. Mary Walsh, Mrs. Margaret Eitel, and Mrs. Anna Pollock. Funeral from her late residence, 458 East 187th St., Saturday, Oct. 26, at 9 A. M.; thence to the Church of Our Saviour. Interment St. Raymond's.

CADOGAN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 22, Frederick L. Cadogan. Funeral from Delaney Brothers' Parlors, 377 2d Av., on Thursday at 10 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Epiphany, where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Boston, Mass.

CAMPBELL.—Killed in action Sept. 4, Peyton Randolph Campbell, aged 24, of Buffalo, N. Y., formerly of East Orange, N. J., Sergeant Company D, 308th U. S. Infantry, youngest son of Rosalie Higginbotham and the late George Campbell.

CARROLL.—Timothy A., suddenly, beloved husband of Margaret Carroll. Funeral from his late residence, 381 East 160th St., on Saturday. Solemn mass of requiem, Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

CAVALLO.—Alfred. Masonic services, Alba Lodge, 891, conducted Wednesday under direction THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell's.)

CERF.—Brethren of Centennial Lodge, 763, F. and A. M., are hereby requested to attend funeral services of Brother Joe Cerf of Waxahachie Lodge of Texas at Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., on Thursday, Oct. 24, at 3 o'clock P. M. By order

CHARLES S. BRAND, Master.
HENRY LIPPMANN, Secretary.

CLARK.—On Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1918, Jean W., beloved wife of Aaron Mortimer Clark. Funeral service at her late residence, 1,531 East 17th St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Oct. 25, at 8 o'clock.

CLARKE.—Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.: Announcement is made with deep regret of the death at Montezuma, N. Y., of James Wheaton Clarke, 2d Company, on Oct. 21, 1918.

AUSTIN F. PRESSINGER, Secretary.

COHEN.—At her residence, 448 Riverside Drive, aged 33, Lucile B., beloved wife of Lawrence B. Cohen and devoted mother of Lawrence, Jr., Mildred, and Barbara, and daughter of Albert and Bertha Robertson. Funeral services on Thursday, Oct. 24, in the chapel, Salem Fields Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

COHEN.—Funeral of Captain Emil J. Cohen will be held on Sunday, Oct. 27, at 10 A. M., at 168 Rutland Road, Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment at Mount Neboh Cemetery. Chicago, Atlanta, Louisville papers please copy.

COHN.—On Oct. 23, at her residence, 147 West 111th St., Rosa, devoted mother of Harry, Frances, and Anna. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Hebrew Tabernacle, 218 West 130th St., on Friday, Oct. 25, at 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COHN.—At her residence, 600 West 165th St., Rae, in the 45th year of her age, beloved wife of Leo Cohn, mother of Marion, Tessie, Jerome, and Ruth, and daughter of Samuel Pfaiffer. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONKLIN.—At Madison, N. J., Oct. 22, 1918, Herbert King, son of the late Edward L. and Leonora K. Conklin, aged 42 years. Funeral private.

CRAGIN.—On Oct. 21, 1918, at his residence, 10 West 50th St., Edward Bradford Cragin, M. D., beloved husband of Mary Willard Cragin. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M., from Central Presbyterian Church, Madison Av. and 57th St. Kindly omit flowers.

DAGGETT.—At Pelham, Oct. 21, Sara Frances, daughter of Ezra and Frances Montgomery Daggett.

DANZIGER.—Oct. 22, in her 61st year, Hannah, beloved wife of Nathan, and devoted mother of Joseph and Lillian Fridiger. Funeral private from her late residence, 1,371 Shakespeare Av., Bronx.

DAVIDSON.—Suddenly, on Oct. 22, in his 57th year, David, beloved husband of Gussie, (nee Cohn,) and dear father of Sylvia Davidson. Funeral from his late residence, 601 West 177th St., Friday, Oct. 25, at 10 A. M.


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## Died.

DECKER.—Suddenly, at her home, 806 Fairmont Place, Oct. 23, Emma Grace, beloved wife of Frank E. Deck, and mother of Bessie F. Eggers, aged 63 years. Funeral services Friday evening, Oct. 25, at 8 o'clock. Interment private, at Woodlawn.

DE NOYELLES.—Suddenly, at Houston, Texas, Mildred Winne De Noyelles, wife of Lieutenant E. Harold De Noyelles and daughter of Margaret Winne and the late Harry V. Winne, Oct. 22, 1918. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DEVINE.—In this city, Oct. 23, Michael, aged 32 years, beloved son of Ann Kelly and Michael Devine of Derrygay Klitimagh, County Mayo, Ireland. Funeral from home of William Neehani, 2,461 8th Av., Saturday at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Aloysius's Church, 205 West 132d St., at 10 o'clock.

DODDS.—Mrs. Jenny Chamberlin, at her residence, 28 East 52d St., beloved mother of Chamberlin Dodds and Mary Dodds Little. Services at the residence, 5 o'clock this afternoon.

EARLE.—At Roosevelt Hospital, early Wednesday morning, Mrs. Lillie J., widow of General Ferdinand P. Earle. She is survived by four sons. Funeral services private at 658 North Broadway, Yonkers, Friday, Oct. 25, 11 A. M.

EARLE.—At Roosevelt Hospital, on Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, after an operation, Lillie Jones Earle, widow of General Ferdinand P. Earle, in her 75th year. Funeral service at the residence of her son, Victor M. Earle, 658 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., Friday, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

ENDEL.—Lieutenant Commander Solomon Harrison Endel, U. S. N., on Oct. 21, dearly beloved husband of Fannie Moses. Funeral services at the residence of W. Moses, 575 6th St., Brooklyn, Friday, Oct. 25, at 10 A. M. sharp. Interment Mt. Carmel Cemetery. New Orleans papers please copy.

ENTRUP.—At West New York, N. J., Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, Albert, beloved son of Garrett W. and Louise Entrup, (nee Gouze,) aged 28 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 29 Fairview Terrace, West New York, Friday, Oct. 25, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends, also Mystic Tie Lodge 123, F. and A. M., and Coaina Boat Club are respectfully invited. Interment private.

ERIC.—Bodine, Oct. 23. Service tonight, 8 P. M., Herrlich, 306 East 86th St.

FAILING.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Oct. 23, 1918, Edith B. Long, beloved wife of Howard S. Failing, beloved sister of Mrs. A. B. Swezey, Miss Florence G. Long, and Mr. E. H. Long. Services at her late residence, Bretton Road, Scarsdale, N. Y., Saturday, 2 P. M. Canajoharie (N. Y.) papers please copy.

FELDSTEIN.—Anna, (nee Klein,) beloved wife of Max Feldstein and dear sister of Sigmund and Adolf Klein, Sunday, Oct. 20, after brief illness, in her 33d year.

FINKELSTEIN.—Joseph, aged 29, Lenox Hill Hospital, Oct. 22. Burial, Baltimore, Md. Baltimore papers please copy.

FISH.—On Oct. 23, 1918, Charles T. Fish, Jr., son of Sarah L. Scott and the late Charles T. Fish. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

FLERSHEM.—Oct. 22, 1918, in Buffalo, N.Y., Lucy Garrett, beloved wife of Rudolph B. Flershem of Chicago and daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. David C. Garrett of Concord, Mass. Interment in Buffalo, N. Y.

FOSTER.—On Oct. 20, at Morristown, N. J., Major Edward Henry Foster of Salcombe, South Devon, England.

FRANK.—On Oct. 23, at his residence, 1,187 Lexington Av., Leo Isadore, in the 52d year of his age, beloved husband of Lena Mary and father of Max and Louis Frank and Mrs. Elizabeth Phillips. Funeral private.

FRIEDMAN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, Sarah Friedman, nee Weinbaum, beloved wife of Hyman Friedman and sister of Max, Charles, and Dinah Weinbaum and Susie Charlap. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 24, 10:30 A. M., from her late residence, 855 East 163d St., Bronx.

FULTON.—At 319 East 41st St., Thomas J., husband of Dora Jessup and son of the late James and Margaret Carey. Funeral notice later.

GINS.—Anna, Oct. 23, at her residence, 1,878 7th Av. Funeral Oct. 24, 9 A. M.

GINS.—Mrs. Simon Gins died Oct. 21. Funeral will take place Thursday, Oct. 24, at 9 A. M., from residence, 1,878 7th Ave. Friends are invited.

GOLDENHORN.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, Sarah, the beloved daughter of the late Jacob Goldenhorn and dear sister of Bernard, Isaac, Mrs. Hannah Waller, and the late Michael and Samuel Goldenhorn, at her residence, 153 Pearsall Av., Jersey City, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GUINZBURG.—Julius M., brother of Edwin, Adolph, Fernando, Eleanor, and Flora Buchbinder, Oct. 19, at Post Graduate Hospital, after a brief illness. Funeral Friday, Oct. 25, at 10 A. M., from West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St.

HANDY.—At Lake Placid, Oct. 22, 1918, Elizabeth A., wife of James F. Handy. Funeral services on Thursday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M., at Broadway Presbyterian Church, 114th St. and Broadway, Manhattan. Interment private.

HAULENBEEK.—At Bronxville, Oct. 21, of pneumonia, Garrit, son of Grace Millar and the late Garrie Hill Haulenbeek, in his 13th year. Services at Christ Church, Thursday.

HILLMAN.—On Oct. 20, Catharine Dorothy, beloved wife of Abraham and mother of Herbert E., and beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wallach, at her home, 555 West 184th St., after a brief illness.

HOAG.—George, aged 28, Oct. 21, at his residence, 530 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn. Services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock, Oct. 24. Member Fire Department of New York City, Engine Co. 257.

HOE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 22, at her residence, 327 West 14th St., Mary Frances Lyon, wife of the late Alfred C. Hoe, in her 91st year. Funeral service at the convenience of the family.

HUBBEL.—Aima, suddenly at Gallup, N. M., wife of Burden Hubbel and daughter of John and Julia Dorr of this city.

HUGHES.—Cora, Sunday, Oct. 20. Funeral from late residence, 11 West 28th St., Friday, 2 P. M.

JACHES.—Mima, wife of Rabbi Philip Jaches, mother of Major Leopold Jaches. Funeral Thursday at 2 P. M. at 200 West 111th St.

JENNINGS.—On Oct. 21, 1918, Harriett Jennings, aged 24 years, daughter of William and Emma A. Shaw. Funeral services from her late residence, 901 East 229th St., Bronx, on Friday, Oct. 25, at 2 P. M.

JOHNSON.—May. Funeral services Thursday, 2 P. M., at John Graham's Chapel, 4,221 Park Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

JOHNSON.—At her late residence, 176 West 87th, on Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1918, Alice Johnson, of pneumonia. Notice of funeral later.

JONES.—Oct. 21, 1918, at Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., after a brief illness of hemiplegia, Mary Elizabeth, widow of Oliver Livingston Jones. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 24, 1918, at 4 o'clock, at St. John's Church, Cold Spring Harbor. Conveyances will meet train at Oyster Bay leaving Penn. Station at 1:55. Returning reach New York at 6:40.

JONES.—The Daughters of Holland Dames, descendants of the ancient and honorable families of New Netherlands, announce with sorrow the death on Oct. 21, 1918, of their member, Mrs. Oliver Livingston Jones.

FANNIE T. HELMUTH,
Directress General.
JANE C. PARKER,
Corresponding Secretary.

JORDAN.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., suddenly, on Monday, Oct. 21, 1918, Clifford Lewis Jordan, husband of Laura Sheldon Snediker. Funeral services at the home of his brother-in-law, Calvin T. Allison, at Stony Point, N. Y., Thursday afternoon, Oct. 24, at 4 o'clock. Bangor, Me., and Springfield, Mass., papers please copy.

KEMP.—On Oct. 23, 1918, Robert Coleman Kemp, M. D., husband of Isabel Shields Kemp, and son of the late Emeline A. and John H. Kemp. Funeral from his late residence, 103 East 57th, Saturday, Oct. 26, at 10 A. M.

KING.—At Annisquam, Mass., Oct. 21, D. Webster King, son of the late Daniel Putnam and Sarah Page King, in his 86th year. Funeral private.

KLEIN.—On Oct. 22, 1918, in his 28th year, Robert, beloved son of Joseph and Ernestine Klein. Funeral takes place from the chapel of David J. Rothschild, 272 Lenox Av., on Thursday, Oct. 24, at 9 A. M.

KOHN.—Ephraim. Members of Congregation of Kehilagh Israel of 1,162 Jackson Av., Bronx, are requested to attend funeral of our late brother, from his residence, 1,325 47th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn, Thursday, 2 P. M. Mount Hebron Cemetery.

ISAAC POLACK, Pres.

KOHN.—Ephraim, beloved husband of Dora, (nee Bickel,) brother of Emanuel, Jacob, Benjamin, and Emerich, in his 41st year. Funeral from his late residence, 1,325 47th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn, Thursday, Oct. 24, 2 P. M. Mount Hebron Cemetery.

KOHN.—Ephraim. Members of Congregation Shomre Emunoth of Borough Park are invited to attend funeral of our late brother from his late residence, 1,325 47th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn, Thursday, 2 P. M. Mount Hebron Cemetery.

LEISENRING.—Frank Sheppard, 59 East 29th St., of pneumonia, Oct. 23, 1918. Funeral at Northumberland, Penn.

L'ESTRANGE.—On Oct. 22, at his residence, after a short illness, Julian L'Estrange of London, England. Public service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Thursday, 12 noon.

L'ESTRANGE.—Julian. Due to a change in arrangements, no public services will be held. Personal friends may view body at 224 West 52d St. until 10 A. M. today.

## Died.

LEVINSON.—Rose, (nee Hirsch,) on Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1918, beloved wife of Rabbi Samuel J. Levinson and devoted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hirsch. Funeral services at Temple Beth Emeth of Flatbush, Church Av. and Marlborough Road, on Friday, Oct. 25, at 11 A. M. Interment New Mount Carmel Cemetery.

LIEBESKIND.—Sarah Liebeskind, beloved wife of Max and devoted mother of Hedwig Liebeskind and Harry Froelich, suddenly on Oct. 22. Funeral from 577 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, Oct. 24, at 2:30 P. M.

LITHGOW.—Agnes Livingston, daughter of Ellen W. and the late David G. Lithgow, Wednesday, Oct. 23, at her residence, 435 Convent Av. Funeral at convenience of family.

MacFADDEN.—At Cambridge, Mass., by accident, Oct. 23, 1918, Folger, in his 12th year, youngest son of Edith Hamilton and the late Robert A. MacFadden.

MAGINNIS.—Oct. 23, 1918, Katharine S., wife of the late Edward J. Maginnis and daughter of the late Henry E. and Margaret G. Shotwell. Funeral private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

MARTIN.—On Oct. 21, William James, beloved husband of Margaret Emily Martin. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell's,) Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

MARTORELL.—Maria Teresa. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St. (Frank Campbell's,) Fri., 9:30 A. M.

McCLURE.—Of pneumonia, at Base Hospital, Camp Jackson, South Carolina, Oct. 22, 1918, Lieutenant Craig McClure, Jr., eldest son of Lucy Nesbet and Craig McClure. Notice of funeral hereafter. St. Louis papers please copy.

McQUEEN.—At his home at Oyster Bay, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1918, Frederick Ludlam McQueen. Funeral services to be held at his late home, South St., Oyster Bay, Friday, Oct. 25, at 2 o'clock P. M.

MEARA.—Suddenly, on Oct. 23, Mary Jane, beloved wife of James J. Meara. Funeral will be held from her late residence, 157 West 228th St., Marble Hill, N. Y., on Saturday; thence to St. John's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul at 10 A. M.

MEIER.—On Oct. 22, of pneumonia, at his home in Portland, Ore., Harold A., aged 23, beloved son of Abe and Minnie Meier.

MILLER.—At her residence, 869 West 180th St., on Oct. 22, 1918, M. Gertrude Miller. Funeral service Thursday evening, Oct. 24, 8 o'clock, at Balmford's Funeral Parlors, 1,803 Amsterdam Av., between 153d and 154th Sts., (157th St. subway station.)

MOORE.—Suddenly, Oct. 22, William H. Moore, Jr., aged 28, beloved son of William H. and Nellie V. Moore and brother of Ethel Moore, at his residence, 151 West 96th St. Notice of funeral later.

MOSES.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1918, Morris, beloved husband of Minnie L. Moses. Funeral private, at convenience of family.

NELSON.—Beatrice (nee Katz) Nelson, beloved wife of Nathan J. Nelson, mother of Miriam and Arthur, daughter of Mrs. Jennie Katz, aged 28. Funeral Friday, noon, 53 St. Nicholas Av. Providence papers please copy.

NETTER.—At Pittsburgh, Penn., Wednesday, the Rev. John Joseph Netter, son of Mrs. Anna and the late Edward Netter and brother of Lieutenant Martin of France and Edmund Lewis, Loretta, and Gertrude of Kingston. Funeral announcement later.

NODEN.—Anna, (nee Golden,) Oct. 23, at 2,011 Amsterdam Av. Notice later.

NORTH.—In Washington, D. C., Saturday, Oct. 19, Edgar M. North, aged 42, formerly of Brooklyn and Kingston, N. Y.

NORTON.—On Oct. 21, 1918, at his residence, 227 West 11th St., John Norton, in his 35th year. Funeral services 14A East 30th St. Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

OLMSTED.—At Saybrook, Conn., on Oct. 21, the Right Rev. Charles Sanford Olmsted, D. D., S. T. D., Bishop of Colorado, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral Grace Church, Saybrook, Thursday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M. Denver papers please copy.

OLMSTED.—On Oct. 21, 1918, at Saybrook, Conn., the Right Rev. Charles Sanford Olmsted, D. D., S. T. D., Bishop of Colorado, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral Grace Church, Saybrook, Thursday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M.

PALMER.—The funeral services of Mr. Ballard Palmer, insurance broker, Woolworth Building, were held yesterday at the Campbell Funeral Chapel. Mr. Palmer's home was in Douglas Manor. He was taken ill while visiting his sister, Mrs. Thomas Scully, 125 12th St., and taken from there to St. Vincent's Hospital, where he died of pneumonia.

PARKINSON.—William B., Oct. 23, 1918, in his 84th year. Relatives and friends and members of Exempt Firemen of New York, Veteran Firemen's Association of New York, Lafayette Lodge 64, F. and A. M.; Lafayette Post 140, G. A. R.; Old Guard of the 12th Regiment, S. N. Y., Old Guard of New York; Our Council 252, Royal Arcanum; Croton Engine No. 1; members of L. S. O., and New Haven Blues of New Haven, Conn., are inv

# MOTOR COP SHOWS WAY TO OLDER HORSES IN FAST TIME ON EMPIRE CITY TRACK

War conditions and influenza are teaching needed lessons both as to health and economies.

Wearing old clothes is no hardship if the clothes are the sort that jolly up and look almost new under the hands of the cleaner.

A light overcoat is most useful when carried over the arm while walking and put on when you enter a car, or reach the office, while cooling.

Walking is again fashionable and healthy—comfortable, too, with proper shoes.

And handkerchiefs! If one must sneeze or cough, observe the Golden Rule.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

## MOTOR COP VICTOR UNDER BIG WEIGHT

### A. K. Macomber's Crack Three-Year-Old Defeats Good Field in Sprint Handicap.

A. K. Macomber's Motor Cop yesterday again demonstrated that he is one of the fastest three-year-olds in training when he carried 129 pounds and won the handicap at about six furlongs at the Empire City track. Motor Cop ran the distance in the fast time of 1:08 1-5, two-fifths of a second faster than T. P. Thorne's Panaman made in capturing the Bedford Selling Stakes, which was the feature of the day, and decided over the same course.

W. R. Coe sent the favorites to the post in both of the two-year-old races. In the first his Under Fire had to give way to John E. Madden's Maggie Maitland and F. Burlew's Goldvale, while in the closing number Over There met with misfortune early and was beaten a head by John Sanford's imported filly Alphee.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 2-year-olds, selling, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06 3-5.

Maggie Maitland, J. E. Madden's b. f., 103 pounds, by Star Shoot-Our Lassie, 5 to 1, 8 to 5, and 3 to 5, (H. Erickson)..1½
Goldvale, F. Burlew's br. f., 108, by Watervale-Rock of Gold, 5 to 2 and even, (L. Ensor).....2
Under Fire, W. R. Coe's b. c., 106, by Swynford-Startling, 1 to 4, third, (H. Myers).....3
Sea Way, Keen Jane, and Sailor also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, nonwinners of two races since Sept. 10, selling, purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:44 2-5.

Gez, R. Dwyer's ch. g., 5 years, 105 pounds, by Bachelor's Button-Gemmy, 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and out, (G. Walls).....1
Jack Mount, G. C. Walsh's br. g., 4, 109, by Amadis-Catana, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, (E. Haynes).....2½
Air Man, C. P. Winfrey's br. h., 5, 112, by Waterboy-Colonial, 1 to 3, third, (L. Lyke).....3
Paddy Dear, Kingfisher, Hondo, and Miss Bryn also ran. Harwood II. and Whippoorwill scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages, handicap, by subscription of $10 each, with $600 added; about six furlongs. Time—1:08 1-5.

Motor Cop, A. K. Macomber's b. c., 3 years, 129 pounds, by Uncle-Xarco, even, 1 to 3, and out, (J. Loftus).....1
*Ultima Thule, Mrs. R. L. Bresler's b. c., 3, 110, by Ultimus-Rubia Granda, 1 to 2, and out, (L. Ensor).....2
*Jock Scot, Mrs. R. L. Bresler's br. c., 4, 121, by Ogden-Francke, out for third, (L. Lyke).....3
High Cost, Arnold, Tea Caddy, and Borrow also ran. L'Errant scratched.
*Coupled as Bresler entry.

FOURTH RACE.—Bedford Selling Stakes, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $10 each, starters to pay $25 additional, with $1,000 added; about six furlongs. Time—1:08 3-5.

Panaman, T. P. Thorne's b. g., aged, 108 pounds, by Magellan-Pronta, 12 to 1, 2 to 1, and out, (L. Lyke).....1
Star Spangled, Quincy Stable's b. c., 3, 113, by Superman-Notasulga, 2 to 5 and out, (G. Walls).....2
Housemaid, Meadow Brook Stock Farm's b. m., aged, 103, by Broomstick-Ethel Face, out for third, (L. Ensor).....3
Out The Way also ran. Whimsy and Minto II. scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, nonwinners at the meeting, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:06 3-5.

Madame Curie, John Sanford's b. f., 4 years, 108 pounds, by Radium-Currejong, 13 to 10, 1 to 2, and out, (F. Robinson)..1
Piedra, Mrs. Chris O'Brown's b. g., 3, 106, by Magellan-Premiere Marche, 3 to 5 and out, (T. Rice).....2
Woodthrush, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. c., 3, 106, by Olambala-L'Alouette, 1 to 2, third, (L. Ensor).....3
Wooden Shoes, W. H. Buckner, and Perseus also ran. Orderly, Wild Thyme, Mr. Specs, Harwood II., Barone, and Saadi scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 2-year-olds and winners of one race, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06 4-5.

Alphee, John Sanford's b. f., 115 pounds, by Sardanapale-Noreen Agnes, 18 to 5, 7 to 5, and 7 to 10, (F. Robinson).....1
Over There, W. R. Coe's b. c., 118, by Spearmint-Summer Girl, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, (L. McAtee).....2
Ballet Dancer II., J. Fitzsimmons's b. f., 112 pounds, by Sweep-Ballet Girl, 3 to 1, third, (G. Walls).....3½
Different Eyes, Delaware, War Smoke, Thunderstorm, Virago, and Tableau d'Honneur also ran. Polygon, Tapageur, and Maggie Maitland scratched.
Weather, clear; track fast.

### EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE. — For maiden three-year-olds and upward; about six furlongs. Driffield, 115 pounds; Peasant, 115; Mumbo Jumbo, 115; Santiago, 112; Jellison, 112; Bill McCloy, 112; Caddie, 112; Pollyanna, 112; Litholick, 112; Starcraft, 112; Kolinsky, 109; Irish Lady II., 109; Malice, 109; Miss Fauntleroy, 109; Bright Angel, 109.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Whimsy, 118 pounds; Barry Shannon, 118; Woodtrap, 114; Harwood II., 110; Kingfisher, 110; Snapdragon II., 110; Chester Two, 102.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages; conditions; one mile and seventy yards. Ticket, 128 pounds; Hank O'Day, 126; Naturalist, 126; L'Errant, 120; African Arrow, 120; Balustrade, 93.

FOURTH RACE.—Ardsley Handicap, for two-year-olds; about six furlongs. War Pennant, 130 pounds; Cirrus, 124; Ophelia, 114; Questionnaire, 114; Herodias, 111; Star Realm, 108; Young Adam, 100.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Harwood II., 120 pounds; Irregular, 112; Orderly, 109; Dandy Dude, 106; Wild Thyme, 106; Highland Lassie, 103; Mr. Specs, 103; Matin, 100; *Sandi, 98; *Mumbo Jumbo, 98; *Kebo, 98.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. Summer Sigh, 112 pounds; Hurricane, 110; Tarascon, 110; Goaler, 110; Wisest Fool, 108; Loyal Peter, 108; Mitchel May, 108; Pluvenal, 107; John Powers, 106; Umbala, 106; Starlight Dance, 105; Stiletto, 105; Marion Adler, 105; *Blue Devil, 103; Unwise Child, 103; *James, Jr., 101.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.

## NEWPORT BOYS ARE READY FOR RIVALS

### Coach Fred Walker Anxious to Have Team Meet Great Lakes in War Work Sports Drive.

Fred Walker, coach of the Newport Naval Training Station football eleven, yesterday sent word to this city that he was willing to have his team oppose some rival aggregation in gridiron battle in aid of the United War Work campaign drive which will be concentrated from Nov. 11 to 18. Walker agreed to have his team on hand any time it would be called upon, at any place and against any opposition.

The Newport coach, however, declared that a game between his team and that of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station would be particularly to his liking. Walker has been anxious for this game since the start of the present season. To date, however, he has had no reply to repeated communications to the Great Lakes naval authorities. If this battle is arranged through the campaign Sports Committee it will go far toward deciding the championship of the nation's naval training stations.

Nothing definite has yet been done toward bringing about a game between Georgia Tech and the University of Pittsburgh. A game between Pittsburgh and the Golden Tornado at Forbes Field would be an immense attraction for the fund, it is believed. If the game materializes, it is expected that efforts will be made to have the successful eleven line up against Rutgers in a game at the Polo Grounds.

The boxing situation took on a decidedly promising aspect with yesterday's developments. The greatest occurrence of the day was an assurance from Jess Willard, world's heavyweight champion, that he would be glad to do all in his power to make the campaign a success. This word came from Quanah, Texas, where Willard was on a business trip, inspecting his oil holdings there.

## CUBAN PLAYS FINE CHESS.

### Capablanca Defeats Marshall in Tournament of Masters.

Jose R. Capablanca of Havana, encountered Frank J. Marshall, United States chess champion, in the opening round of the International Masters Tournament at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club, yesterday, and, after one of the most eventful contests of his career, succeeded in emerging with a brilliant victory after thirty-eight moves.

The young Cuban master opened with a Ruy Lopez, which Marshall defended in the usual way until the eighth move for black, when Marshall departed from the usual routine and began a startling continuation involving the sacrifice of a pawn. From then on the play became exceedingly lively, with Capablanca on the defensive.

At the thirteenth move, Marshall offered the sacrifice of a knight which could not be accepted and on the following move he left a rook to be taken and again Capablanca kept his hands off. So skillfully, however, did the Cuban defend himself, avoiding numerous traps and pitfalls, that eventually he emerged from the melee with two minor pieces against a rook, in addition to other pieces and pawns on each side.

At the time of the evening adjournment, Capablanca had begun to get a real hold on the position. After resumption of play in the evening session, Marshall did not last much longer and was finally pushed to the wall with a forced checkmate in five moves.

In the other two games, which were played yesterday, O. Chajes played against a French defense adopted by B. Kostich, the latter winning a pawn in the middle of the game. This game resulted in a draw after fifty-two moves.

R. T. Black, of Brooklyn, had the white pieces in a Philidor's defense against J. S. Morrison, of Toronto. The Brooklyn player missed a promising continuation and allowed the Canadian champion to get the upper hand. The game was adjourned after forty-nine moves in favor of Morrison.

The withdrawal of M. T. Harrison, on account of illness, was announced yesterday. Janowski, who was paired against Harrison in the first round, had a bye yesterday, and each of the other players will have a bye in turn.

In the second round, scheduled for this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, the pairings will be as follows:

Morrison vs. Janowski, Marshall vs. Chajes, Black vs. Capablanca, Kostich, a bye.

### Golf Balls to be Dearer.

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.—The price of golf balls is to be advanced soon and the output for the coming year is to be limited by the Government to 40 per cent. of the production in 1918, according to manufacturers' agents here. It is said that leading makes now selling at $1 each will be advanced to $1.25 and those of a lower grade will be increased accordingly.


LAST 3 DAYS
EMPIRE CITY RACES
(YONKERS & MT. VERNON)
TODAY
The $1,500
Ardsley Handicap
and 5 other Spirited Contests
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special race train leaves Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:20 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:30, 1:35, 2:35 P. M. Additional trains Sat. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway, thence by trolleys from Woodlawn Station.
Grand Stand $3.30, Ladies $1.65 Including War Tax.

PLUTO WATER

So many things to be done—so many distractions during the day. Busy folk have little time to heed their physical habits. The result is constipation, forerunner of a lengthy chain of human ills.

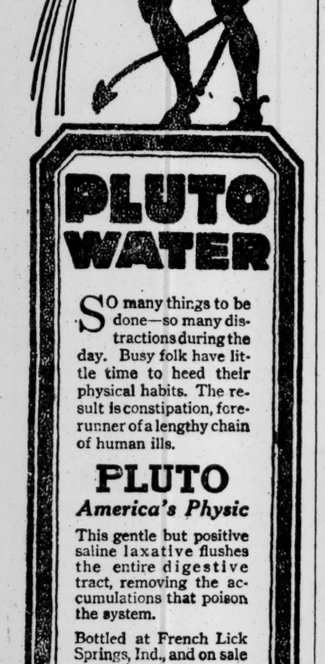
PLUTO
*America's Physic*

This gentle but positive saline laxative flushes the entire digestive tract, removing the accumulations that poison the system.

Bottled at French Lick Springs, Ind., and on sale everywhere.

Large bottle, 45c.; smaller bottle, 20c.

*Your Physician Prescribes It*
(115)


KNOX COATS

DISTINCTIVE MODELS
EXCLUSIVE FABRICS

THE spirit of the times is, *make things go as far as you can.* Knox Coats go a long way in service, and a long way in style and quality—Knox traditional quality.

Splendid coats in tweeds and soft materials.

Leather reversible motor coats; Trench coats with detachable fleece lining.

Forty Five Dollars to One Hundred.

KNOX HAT COMPANY
*Incorporated*
452 Fifth Avenue at 40th Street
196 Fifth Avenue at 23rd Street 161 Broadway, Singer Building

1852
AUGUST
W.L. DOUGLAS WAS PUT TO WORK PEGGING SHOES AT SEVEN YEARS OF AGE
THE BOY WHO PEGGED SHOES IS SHOWN ABOVE DEPOSITING THE WHOLE OF HIS FIRST MONTH'S EARNINGS IN THE BANK.
W. L. DOUGLAS ACQUIRED THE HABIT OF SAVING EARLY IN LIFE. TODAY HE IS PRESIDENT OF THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK, BROCKTON, MASS.
W.L. DOUGLAS $5.00 SHOE
BEGAN MANUFACTURING
JULY 6 1876


W. L. DOUGLAS
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
BOYS' SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD $3.00 $3.50
$3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00

You'll never need to ask "What is the price?" when the shoe salesman is showing you W.L.Douglas shoes because the actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them.

Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W. L. Douglas to protect his customers. W. L. Douglas name on shoes is his pledge that they are the best in materials, workmanship and style possible to produce at the price. Into every pair go the results of sixty-six years experience in making shoes, dating back to the time when W. L. Douglas was a lad of seven, pegging shoes.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

CAUTION—Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated, BEWARE OF FRAUD.

For sale by 105 W.L.Douglas stores and over 9,000 W.L. Douglas dealers, or can be ordered direct from W. L. Douglas by mail. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes through the mail, postage free.

W.L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1432 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
847 Eighth Avenue.
★250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
★706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
★478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
★859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market Street.
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

*Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W.L. Douglas Shoes for Women.*



CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS



Bradley KNIT WEAR

OFF in the country, down at the shore, winter and summer, indoors and out, everybody needs a Bradley Sweater.

It's designed for style and built for hard wear—it never gets a rest and it never needs one.

There are caps, scarfs, hose, and gloves to match the sweaters, in styles and colors to suit every taste and purse.

*Ask your dealer to show you the Bradley line and write us for book of Sweater Styles No. 21.*

Bradley Knitting Co. Delavan, Wis.

Officers' Uniforms
*Best Tailored*

In our own shops, by our own skilled artisans and under our own scrupulous supervision are tailored all Best & Co.'s Uniforms for U. S. Officers.

A policy which has proven its wisdom in the super satisfaction being rendered by these Uniforms under severest conditions.

*Army officers' uniforms ready for service at our regular wholesale prices.*

*18 oz. Whipcord Uniforms ready for service, $37.50*
*20 oz. Whipcord Uniforms ready for service, $40.00*
*Naval officers' uniforms just as reasonably priced.*

Men's Nettleton Shoes, $11.00 up.

Best & Co.
Men's Shop—Fifth Floor
Entrance, 1 West 35th Street

*Army and Navy officers' uniforms to measure at $45.00 and up.*

Why do leather heels wear down so quickly?

IN two or three weeks leather heels wear down so that your shoes no longer look neat and trim. Many people wonder why the heels wear out so much faster than the soles.

Every time you take a step your heel strikes the hard pavement with a sharp, rigid edge of leather. The heel does not strike the pavement flat. It lands first on this sharp edge of the nail-studded heel, with all the driving force of your entire weight behind it.

This is why leather heels run down so soon. No leather can stand up under these continual pounding shocks.

The story told by run-down heels

Unconsciously we classify as slack the man or woman with run-down heels. But far more serious than the loss of trim, neat appearance or the waste of leather, is the waste of energy that results from this continual pounding of leather heels on hard pavements. No wonder that the nervous systems of many people give way under the strain.

This waste of leather, the slovenly appearance that comes from run-down heels, and what is more important, the continual jars and shocks that rob you of your working energy, can all be prevented. With O'Sullivan's Heels you do not strike the pavement with a hard, rigid edge. When you put your weight on the heel, the edge yields at once and absorbs the shock.

Keep down repair bills

Numerous wearing tests have shown that O'Sullivan's Heels last two to three times as long as leather heels. Your repair bill is considerably less when you wear these heels. Test it for yourself. Have your repair man attach O'Sullivan's Heels today. Then pay particular attention to the length of service.

In black, white or tan; for men, women and children. Insist on O'Sullivan's Heels — avoid the disappointment of substitutes.

*With every step on leather heels you are pounding away your energy*

*O'Sullivan's Heels protect you against the shocks and jars of hard pavements —they conserve your energy*

© O'S. R. Co., 1918

# CHILDS'S GIVES UP CHARGE FOR BREAD

### At Suggestion of the Federal Food Board Company Drops Extra Rate.

### INVESTIGATE FRUIT PRICES

### Food Inspectors Collect Figures on Oranges and Lemons and Distribute Subpoenas.

The Federal Food Board announced yesterday that the Childs Company had agreed to withdraw its charge of 5 cents for bread and butter service in its eating places. On Tuesday night the attention of Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator for New York, was called to the additional charge made by Childs' for bread and butter. Mr. Williams at once got in touch with the restaurant management and later communicated with the officials of the Food Administration in Washington, which suggested that the charge be dropped pending the investigation of the company's prices now being made.

With a view to getting to the bottom of the high prices being charged here by fruit stand vendors and storekeepers for oranges and lemons, Federal food inspectors yesterday paid visits to Park Row and other localities in Brooklyn, Manhattan and the Bronx. The inspectors reported that the proprietor of a fruit stand under the stairway of the Brooklyn Bridge was charging 20 cents apiece for California oranges. Other dealers in the same locality were asking from 10 to 13 cents apiece for the fruit. In the Washington Heights and Bronx sections of the city, as well as in Brooklyn, many dealers demanded 10 or 13 cents for an orange.

Data obtained from the California Fruit Growers' Association showed that poor crops, higher transportation and labor charges had brought about higher prices for oranges. It was developed that the retail fruit men were buying California oranges from wholesalers on the average basis of 6 cents apiece. The results obtained in the lemon market were not available for publication last night. The inspectors handed subpoenas to several retail handlers of oranges in Park Row to appear at the offices of the board, 5 West Fifty-seventh Street, this morning, and explain why they are asking exorbitant prices for their fruit.

Another batch of butchers charged with profiteering on lamb appeared yesterday at the Food Board's offices for examination. The first case was that of Louis Reith, 728 Eighth Avenue, Manhattan. In addition to profiteering, Reith was charged with selling chops at 60 cents a pound on days when he had bought whole lambs at 24 cents a pound. Reith was ordered to make a voluntary contribution to the Red Cross, which he finally did. He also agreed to refund his overcharges and display a sign stating that he would obey the Food Board regulations in the future.

Elizabeth L. Merkant, 1,063 Flatbush Avenue Brooklyn, testified that she assumed the management of the business last April, when her son, Raymond Merkant, enlisted in the United States naval service. She said she was merely operating the business until he returned. Mrs. Merkant agreed to post a sign in the window of the store and signed the pledge. No penalty was suggested in her case.

With the trials of the alleged profiteering butchers probably concluded by tomorrow the way will be cleared for the Food Board to look into so-called "war prices" being charged by retail dealers in other lines of foodstuffs.

Leon Schinasi, who was named among a number of tobacco corporations and their officers and directors in a complaint by the Federal Trade Commission yesterday charging price discrimination, said today that he had resigned three months ago as a director of the Tobacco Products Corporation, the only one of the concerns named with which he was connected.

### BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court, held in and for the Southern District of New York, in Room 235 in the Federal Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of September, 1918.—Present, Hon. Charles M. Hough, Judge.

In the matter of DANIEL H. MORGAN, EDWARD P. TRUETT, and FREDERICK H. HOVEY, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Morgan, Truett & Co., and the firm of MORGAN, TRUETT & CO., Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25780.

An order having been granted herein on September 10, 1918, requiring creditors of the above named bankrupts and all other persons, firms or corporations claiming stocks, bonds, securities, and other property and assets, or an interest therein or proceeds thereof, in the possession, custody or control of the Trustee in Bankruptcy, Justin L. Miner, Esq., or to which said Trustee may be entitled, by and they are hereby are directed to file their claims against said stocks, bonds, securities, and other property and assets or the proceeds thereof, duly verified, in the offices of Stern & Gotthold, at No. 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before October 30, 1918. And it is further

Ordered, that any and all creditors or other claimants to said stocks, bonds, securities, and other property and assets, or the proceeds thereof, who shall not file such claim, asserting their right, title, interest or ownership in and to said stocks, bonds, securities and other property and assets, or the proceeds thereof, on or before October 30, 1918, be and they hereby are forever barred and foreclosed from making or asserting any right, title, interest, or ownership in and to said stocks, bonds, securities, and other property and assets, or the proceeds thereof, now in the possession, custody or control of the Trustee in Bankruptcy herein or to which he may be entitled. And it is further

Ordered, that the determination of the rights, title, interest, and ownership, if any, in and to any and all of said stock, bonds, securities, and other property and assets or the proceeds thereof of any creditors or claimants, on any and all claims, made as aforesaid, be and the same hereby is referred to Peter B. Olney, Esq., as Referee for that purpose, and to hear and take testimony in respect of such claims, and in all respects to adjust, determine, and adjudicate the rights, title, interests, ownership, equities and liens as between all such creditors and claimants and said Trustee, and to report to this Court his determination thereon. And it is further

Ordered, that service of this order be made by mailing a copy thereof to each of the creditors and other persons, firms, or corporations interested herein, whose names appear in the schedules or in the books of the above named bankrupts, or who have filed notice of appearance herein at their addresses appearing in such schedules, book or notices, on or before October 10, 1918, and by publishing a copy of this order once a week for two successive weeks, in The New York Times, the last publication to be not later than October 25, 1918, which shall be and is hereby declared due, timely and sufficient notice hereof. C. M. HOUGH, United States Circuit Judge.

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyers' Wants

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

APPAREL Wanted.—Duffy-Powers Company of Rochester are open for jobs of better coats and furs. Call with samples, 470 4th Av.

BEAVER Wanted.—Salt's 8160, will buy for cash. Louis Horowitz, Chelsea 1911.

BLANKETS Wanted.—Large quantity wool blankets, Government reject of pieced blankets. Marine Company, 167 South St., N. Y. Tel. Beekman 3400.

BURA CLOTH Wanted, or Bachman 18289, taupe and brown. Cooper & Lansner, 115 West 27th St. Farragut 8041.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, navy, taupe. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

CHEVIOTS Wanted. — Open for quantity navy, unfinished worsted. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 114 East 23d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better grade suits and coats. Call every day, 29 West 35th, ninth floor.

COATS, DRESSES, PLUSH Wanted.—Must be cheap; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—1,000 old style or damaged ladies' coats. Madison Square 3069.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Various colors and white, narrow and wide wale. K 172 Times.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Khaki, brown, and tan shades. S. A. Francke, 36 W. 25th St.

COTTON CREPE Wanted.—French or English, white and colors. Farragut 181.

CREPE Wanted.—All wool, 3004, Juilliard's, all colors. Tanenmaus & Ollan, 58-60 West 21st St., City. Chelsea 3073 and 3074.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Black, good quality. Daily Waist, 158 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy job lot of all kinds of dresses; quantity unlimited for cash; when writing, state your quantities, materials, and regular prices and closing out prices. L 154 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders for taffeta, georgette, and crepe de chine dresses for Spring. Write for appointment. G. C., 235 Times Downtown.

DRESSES, Skirts, Waists and Petticoats Wanted.—Discarded styles or damaged stocks, any quantity, for cash. Madison Square 3069.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring sample taffetas and georgettes; placing stock orders. Call 1. A. Hartstein & Co., 5 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber's looking at Spring sample taffetas and georgettes; placing stock orders. 5 West 31st, 34 floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for jobs in serge dresses; will pay spot cash. 1. A. Hartstein & Co., 5 West 31st.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade, cash. National, Franklin 2345.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Navy 673, also brown velour 6360 or 632. Farragut 3394.

EVORA AND PELUCHIA Wanted.—803, 671, 673, 850, 857, black. Murray Hill 8372.

FELT Wanted.—Open for any quantity; cash. Stern Publishing Co., Greeley 2906.

FURSKINS Wanted.—Open for Sidney Blumenthal's beaver. Chelsea 7233.

FURS Wanted.—Kit coney collars and borders. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for quantity light shades; call with samples. Maxwell Waist Co., 185 6th Av.

KHAKI COATING Wanted.—18 to 24 ounce. S. A. Francke & Co., 36 W. 25th St.

KERAMI AND SALT'S BEAVER Wanted for cash. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

MESSALINE Wanted.—Black, any quantity, Madison Square 3069.

PANAMAS Wanted.—All shades; also navy venetians, 56 inch. Chelsea 5210.

PLUSH GOODS Wanted.—Open for quantity of Sidney Blumenthal's Beaver Furmoss. Coleman & Roach, 127 West 26th St.

SATIN Wanted.—Cotton back, light colors, any quantity; cash. Stern Publishing Co., Greeley 2906.

SERGES AND CHEVIOTS Wanted.—Open for quantity, 13 to 15 oz., blue unfinished worsteds, serges and cheviots; must be for immediate delivery; submit quality samples, quantity and best prices. Salembier Levin & Co., 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 8600.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for a large quantity of Bachman's 60-inch cotton wash serge; price must be right. Dubin. Mad. Sq. 4845.

SERGES Wanted.—69070, 9302; can use quantities; must be reasonable. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES Wanted.—9225, 69070, 0936, or 8 Bar for cash. Greeley 1156.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 476.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Large jobber ready to look at Spring samples. L 202 Times.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—4718, for spot cash. Murray Hill 2071.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light shades, Clark & Dana, Americans and F. & H., Sprayregen & Myers, 128 West 29th.

VELOUR Wanted.—Pekin lightweight velour. Goodstein & Salit, 144 West 27th. Farragut 9823.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 032 brown and Sandiger, Liebman & Hurwitz, 133 West 31st.

WOOLENS Wanted, of any kind, heavyweight and lightweight, old styles, also suits, any quantity, for cash. Call Gramercy 1664.

WOOL VELOUR Wanted.—American Wyandotte, heavyweight, taupe and burgundy, at once; spot cash. Chels a 1472.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

APRONS for immediate delivery; Red Cross nurses', bungalow, ladies' and maids' aprons. Kursheedt Apron Co., 134 West 37th.

BAFFIN-HUDSON BEAVER, mole and kerami plush short coats and coatees, with muffs to match, that are made and look like fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BINDING.—Spray binding No. 8 olive drab; extremely low prices. Farragut 3523.

BRAIDS and fringes manufacturer can execute large orders for silk, flat and fancy braids of every description; also silk twisted tinsel, novelties and cotton fringes and braids suitable for every purpose. T. M., 222 Times Downtown.

BROADCLOTH, kerseys, velours and all kinds of serges. H. L. Bunin, 348 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 651.

BROADCLOTH.—Duvet du laine, velours, all shades; F. & H. Black Bollivia. Madison Square 2057.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, 5616 velours Valaine, good shades; reasonable price. Mad. Sq. 1502.

BROADHEAD WORSTED PLAIDS.—Good patterns. Samuel Rosenbaum, 31 East 20th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Juilliards 110, all colors; lowest market price. Cumbro Woolen Mills, Farragut 5360, assorted.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Serges. — Very cheap. Farragut 4072. 45 West 25th St., 10th floor.

BROADCLOTH.—15 pieces, assorted colors; 010 McKinney's oxfords; sacrifice price. Madison Square 3178.

BROADCLOTH.—Botanys 315, shade 581; Juilliards 110; assorted colors. Gram. 5037.

BROADCLOTH.—BOTANY 315, black, navy, brown. Farragut 5363.

BROADCLOTHS AND VELOURS.—110, 7022, 0660, 022, 4281, 1050. Gramercy 2091-2092.

BUCKLES, American, $1.90; 3850 Stevens at $2.40, 519 Garfield at $2.50, 6002 Amoskeag at $1.30, 10453 Gera at $2.15, velours, plushes, at the lowest possible prices. R. Smith & Co., Gramercy 1280.

BURELLA CLOTH, wool velour, silvertones. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th. Farragut 4630.

BUTTONS.—Jobs in celluloid, metal, composition, glass buttons, to close out cheap. Chelsea 1849.

CLOAKING.—3-4 and 6-4, every description; Duxe Luxe Venetians, all colors; Kit Cony collars. 7297 Chelsea.

CLOTH.—Chase's delphia cloth, all colors, 54-inch cheap; also nutria; Blumenthal Prybloff below mill price; Juilliard's 110 broadcloth; satisfactory terms; serges, Cantrell's 1464, Huebschman 41-103, Whitman's 104, and other makes; also heavyweight velours. If interested, call or phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

CLOTH.—Chase's delphia cloth, all colors, 54-inch cheap; also nutria; Blumenthal Prybloff below mill price; Juilliard's 110 broadcloth; satisfactory terms; serges, Cantrell's 1464, Huebschman 41-103, Whitman's 104, and other makes; also heavyweight velours. If interested, call or phone Hydol, 5264 Madison Square.

COATS AND STOLES.—Plushes, kerami, Behring seal, and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATINGS.—¾ McKinney's H 5550, $1.35; 010, $1.20; 014 C, $1.25; W 98, $1.20. Spring 6721.

COATINGS.—17 plies F. A. Boehman, Yosmite coatings, all colors. Mad. Sq. 980

COATINGS FOR SALE.—Black zibeline, 600 yards, cheap. Chelsea 4693.

COATS. — High-grade, immediate delivery; Bollivias, Silvertones, Normandies, Velours, Pile fabrics, etc. Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzy & Stolleman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Better grade juniors', misses', and ladies' fur trimming, full lined, $17.75; in stock. I. Novick & Co., Inc., 45-47 West 27th St. Farragut 9644.

COATS.—Headquarters on pompom coats; big stock on hand ladies' and misses sizes, latest models, lowest prices. Stein Bros. & Co., Inc., 10 East 38th.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed pom poms, broadcloths, silvertones, Bollivias, and plushes; immediate delivery. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertone and velour coats of the finest make and material on hand. M. Lessner & Son, 139 West 25th St. Farragut 8848.

COATS.—Exceptional value in misses' styles; all materials; good assortment colors, sizes, from $10.75. Ulius Bros., 37 W. 32d St.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

COATS.—Special velour coats, $10.75; F. & H. broadcloth coats, $16; also suits to close out. Klar Bros., 36 West 26th St.

COATS.—500 peerless silk dress coats on hand; good skin-trimmed bottom collars and cuffs. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—Junior and ladies' coats to close out at reasonable prices. Goldshein Bros. & Bruckner, 31 West 21st.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', ladies', to close out; reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS.—Jobs of coats to close out cheap. Don't fail to see our velour coats at $8.90. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.,

COATS.—Big drive on plushes, velours, ladies', children's coats, fur collars, cheap; immediate deliveries. Schwartz, 31 W. 15th.

COATS AND SUITS to close out, from $27.50 to $60. Elsenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st St., New York City.

COATS.—Big jobs of coats and jersey dresses to close out at very low prices. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th.

COATS AND SUITS, fur trimmed, desirable styles and cloths, to close out. Ettenson, Zalud & Co., 11 West 32d St.

COATS.—Cloth, plush; immediate delivery; stouts, broadcloths, $14. Schoen-Weissman, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—5,000, 2 to 6 and 8 to 14, all materials; prices from $3 up. Rash & Mayers, 17 West 28th St.

COATS.—Velours, all shades, fur trimmed; snappy styles; to close. 11th floor, 8 West 19th St.

COATS.—Job 600 ladies' coats to close out. Zimmerman & Camer, 48 West 22d St.

COATS.—Jobs to close out. I. Zellkow & Son, 19 West 24th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values, $10.75 to $24.50; immediate delivery. Crockett, 28 West 22d.

COATS.—Ladies' and junior velour coats, jobs. Reikes & Hantman, 15 W. 20th.

COATS.—Coats for hard-to-fit girls. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 25d.

COATS.—Several hundred fur collars; reasonable price. Rubin Horwitz, 30 W. 20th.

COATS AND SUITS on Racks to close out. Phillips, 145 W. 28th St.

COATS.—1,000 ladies and juniors'. J. Korostoff & Sons, 36 W. 20th St.

COATS.—Odd and stylish stouts on rack; immed. to delivery. Dunn, 127 West 25th

COATS, Suits.—Closing out sample line. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—Big jobs, snappy styles, very low prices. Einhorn, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Nainsook, 10,000 yds.; corded madras, 15,000 yds.; ramies, 5,000 yds.; assorted colors; spot delivery. Solar Textile Co., Inc., 27 Ins 22d St.

COTTON GOODS.—400 pcs. plain and fancy voiles below mar et prices. Gladstone Waist Company, 30 West 24th St.

CR.PES.—Japanese, 1,200 yards, assorted colors and patterns; superior quality. Beekman 2471.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Holden-Leonard, all shades. Greeley 3812.

DENIMS.—Blue, myra, and Amoskeag, chambray, 31 to 32 inches; mackinaw cloth. Franklin 5682.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge and velveteen dresses to close out at a price. Pan-American Waist and Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Big values, satins, serges, jerseys, $6.50 to $10.75, immediate delivery; jobs, to close out. Lobb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th St.

DRESSES, 1,000 serges and satins, mostly large sizes, to close out; especially good assortment of afternoon dresses on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—Have for immediate delivery velvets, serges, velvetees and velours at exceptional prices; good values. Rohtman Pidgeon, 31 East 31st.

DR..SSES.—Contractor to close out 500 serge dresses cheap. Lustberg & Lipshitz, 118 West 27th.

DRESSES.—500 serges and satin dresses of a better kind to close out. Kilf Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Contractor closing out serges, velveteens, satins at a very reduced price. C. & L. Dress, 9 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—100 serge dresses can be bought at your own price; good styles. 30 E. 20th; 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, tricolettes, silks, velvets, serges, better kind; immediate delivery. Glockner Dress Co., Inc., 40 West 27th.

DR..SSES.—500 serge and satin dresses of the better kind to close out. Kilf Dress Co., 3 W st 29th St.

DRESSES, 2,000.—Close out serges, jerseys, silks for price. Gross & Lieberwitz, 154 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Twill back, Worrull dye, velveteen dresses, $11; 75 net immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Serge and velveteen dresses to close out; very reasonable. Liberty Dress and Skirt, 120 W. 22d St.

DRESSES.—1,200 serges, satins, and georgettes at a sacrifice. Ideal Garment Co., 18 West 33d St.

DR..SSES.—Tricolette jersey, serge, satin, and velour dresses to close out. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Big job of serge and satin dresses to close out. Congress Waist and Dress Co., 32 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—500 special offering, better styles; reduced prices. Gumbiner-Kass, 7-9 West 30th St.

DRESSES.—Chiffon velvet, dresses, $19.75 net. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DR..SSES.—Desirable job serges, velveteens, close out. 43 West 21st; third floor.

DRESSES.—Job of velvet, serge, satin, and jersey. 130 West 21st, 7th floor, front.

DR..SSES.—Jobs Jersey, serge satins, velvetens; sacrifice. Feller, 30 W. 32d St.

FLANNELS.—Unbleached, suitable for interlining. Gramercy 1660.

FURS.—Large variety, low prices, scarfs and cuffs; immediate deliv. Kaplan, 40 W. 34th.

FURS.—Opossum and sealine collars, immediate delivery. Kaplin, 40 W. 34th St.

FURS.—Collars, cuffs, sets, to close cheap. Merit Co., Greeley 1120-1122.

GEORGETTE, all silk, pure dye, manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., 456 4th Av. 31st St. Phone Mad. Sq. 1034.

GINGHAMS. — Plaids, 32-inch, Ferndale, Amoskeag, Kilbourne, Bait & Renfrew; also Universal checks and chambrays; spot delivery. Friedman, Wallace & Co., 71 West 23d.

GLOVES and Socks.—1,000 dozen pairs wool gloves, seconds; 1,000 dozen pair cotton socks, seconds. Greeley 4961.

KHAKI WOOLENS, KNITTING YARNS.—Immediate and future deliveries. Phone Robinson, Gramercy 1240.

KERSEY. — 426 American brown, navy, black and green; also serges. Orchard 5433.

KERSEYS.—American 27016, black 15020, navy; cheap. Mr. Abel, Chelsea 7218.

KERSEY.—Velours 2002, Metcalf s 9190 and 11052, in quantities. Gramercy 5047.

LINENS.—In large shipment of ecru and white linens, 8 to 72 inches, in stock to deliver. The F. Schulemann Co., 45 East 20th St.

LINENE.—42-inch, ten pieces each, tan and corn; big value. Gramercy 8004.

LINEN RAMIE.—15 pieces, white, heavy weight, under market price. Chelsea 5294.

LINNETTES.—25 bales of linnettes; will sell at 12c. Greley 6172.

PANAMAS and Serges, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., L. P. A., 1505, L. W. P., 6609½, 0609, 0606, 838, 4061, W. F. X., W. F., M. D. S. L.; also 36-inch all wool and cotton warp serges. Telephone Gramercy 2091-2092.

PANNETTES.—Chase's zibelines and pannettes, all shades. Greeley 6172.

PEARL BUTTONS.—2,000 gross fresh water pearl buttons, 36 ligne. Apply Room 903, 225 5th Av., city.

PLUSHES.—Cotton and mercerized; bolivias, broadtails, and velours. Mad. Sq. 4362.

PLUSHES.—Silk plush, 50 inches; cotton plush, all shades 18 inches. Spring 6655.

PLUSH piece. Farragut 5888.

POLINS.—90010, 0007, 66094, Dobson; Selden 1057, 1085, 1047; Jolesch 777, Saxonia 949, Brightwood, Folwell 348, also Botany; gabardines; Lorraine 3617; cheap. Greeley 1122.

PUTTEES.—100 dozen men's khaki puttees, spiral, worsed, regulation length, to close out cheap. Berg Bros., 478 Broadway.

PUTTEES.—Large quantity knitted spiral puttees for immediate delivery at a price. Phone 1308 Madison Square.

SERGES.—Lorraine 1658, 3665, also 42-inch wool taffeta poplin, Pacific, W. F. X., Jullliards 54280, 54221; Amoskeag 7120, 7512; Botany 800, 11433, 764, 2137; Ottaman poplin; Garfield 519, 528; Whitman 104, 99, 87; Cleveland 9288, 7713; Stevens 3850; Gara Mills 7008, 9056; velour, American 544; kersey 11052; also cotton warp velours; terms or cash. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gram. 4475-6.

SERGES, POPLINS, and GABARDINES, all shades, 54280, 1464, 69070, 7120, 525, 7008, 9056, 10453, 10707, Broadhead 500, 8000, 7800, American 90610, 06077, P. P. L., 767, 774, B. P. N. L., M. F. L., Amoskeag 8158, C. F. S., 9204, Henry Samson, 656 Broadway; Spring 2716.

SERGES.—11433, 780, 1464, 9056, 7120, 6120, 54280, W. F. X., 41-1, 6009; poplin, J. Blumenthal & Co., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 3828.

SERGES.—25 pieces navy, botany, 764 8; 10 pieces navy Brightwood poplin 4768 F. Madison Square 2057.

**SERGES, Velours, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.**

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

SERGES, 09070, 0936, 0609, 7301, 6614; Lorraine, 2698, 3862; Parker Wilder, 4084, 833, 6234, 9302; cheap. Greeley 1121.

SERGES.—Pacific VSL, MFL, WFX, WSG, CSG, PPL, BPNL, good assortment, right prices. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

SERGES.—104-$2.35, 7301-$1.82½, 7120-$2.10, 11453-$2.40, 54292-$2.30, 1464-$2.37½; others reasonable. Gramercy 6344.

SERGES.—7614 Russian green; special price. Spitzer, 1,265 Broadway; Madison Square 1872.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—06077, 8806, 4061, 54289, 528, 519, 104, 99, 9. Cumbro Woolen Mills. Farragut 5390.

SERGE.—25 pieces navy, botany 7645; 10 pieces navy Brightwood poplin 4768 S. F. Madison Square 2057.

SERGES.—Style 4061, 100 pieces assorted colors, $1.42½. Phone D. B., Gramercy 3589.

SERGES.—11433 at $2.40, 54289 at $2.12½. Telephone Vanderbilt 4765.

SERGE.—0936, 8 pieces; sponged; original tickets. Farragut 5175.

SHEETINGS.—Hospital sheetings; immediate delivery; all widths. Sydeman Rubber Co., 225 4th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 7530.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, flies, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic. All grades and colors. Prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—27 pieces Migels pierrette voile. Madison Square 7480.

SILVERTONES.—Different makes; call on or phone Frank & Frank, 141 W. 28th St.

SILVERTONE cheap; navy, pe.in, oxford, brown, taupe, plum, &c. Mad. Sq. 1520.

SILVERTONE.—Heavy weight, Buckley & Cohen, all shades. Farragut 9805.

SKIRTINGS.—54-inch all-wool Broadhead stripes and plaids; also 38-inch cotton warp Broadhead stripes and plaids in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway; Spring 2716.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $2.25 up; striped satins and taffetas, $2.50 up; wonderful value; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 E. 23d St.

SKIRTS.—Season's left-over, all materials, $2, worth $4. Chausel, 110 West 21st.

SKIRTS.—Wash and cloth, ready for Spring, 1919. Fishman, 12 West 17th St.

SUITS AND COATS, fur trimmed, desirable styles and cloths, to close out. Ettenson, Zalud & Co., 11 West 32d St.

SUITS.—100 high-grade velour broadcloth sergos, mostly fur-trimmed, to close out. Etkin Bros., 106 West 32d.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade to close out. Gitelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS.—75 high-grade sample suits and coats, to close out. Louis Bloom, 43 West 24th St.

SUITS, Coats.—Best sellers; immediate delivery; special. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

SUITS.—Fur trimmed; some real bargains. Frank & Frank, 141 28th St.

SWEATERS, middy and coat style, for spot delivery. Peerless, 1 East 28th St.

TAFFETAS.—100 pieces for immediate delivery, in all desirable colors. E. Elwood, 17 Madison Av. Madison Square 5945.

UNGAVA and Hudson Seal; also all wool burella; all colors. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

UNION LINEN, 46 pieces, white, 45 inches. Madison Sq. 7480.

VELOURS, Kerseys.—¾ goods; Storey Starkey 305, 2270; Parker Wilder 318; De Land 4900; Lawrence 621; Milliken 1157; Sturseberg Sebck, 3537; Ottaquechee, 110; Newhouse 9, 114; McKinney, Greeley 1122.

VELOURS.—A. W. Co., 6360, 032; J. P. Stevens 4281, Buckley & Cohen 715; colors, taupe, Burgundy, plum, brown; 60 days, very reasonable. Gramercy 1660.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTHS.—11050, 13046, 032, 0860, 4281 F. & H., botany 315, F. & H. H90, at lowest market price. Cumbro Woolen Mills. Farragut 5390.

VELOUR.—American 032, 2 taupes, 1 reindeer, 1 piece Andrews's silvertone plum; also American 12075; will sell cheap. Mad. Sq. 4218.

VELOURS.—0360, 052 burgundy, taupe, reindeer, 11050, 13046 navy, brown, green; also silvertones and broadcloth. Orchard 5433.

VELOURS.—K 544, 13046, 11050, Wyandotte, in all shades, for immediate delivery. Millford Woolen Mills, 251 4th Av.

VELOURS.—11050 brown, green, and navy, $3.50; also Ottoquatchee 110 at $2.90, navy and brown. Spring 6421.

VELOURS.—American heavyweight, price reasonable, call in person. Liebman-Hurowitz, 133 West 31st.

VELOURS.—Have for immediate delivery velvets, serges, velveteens and velours at exceptional prices; good values. Rohtman Pidgeon, 31 East 31st.

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VELOURS.—Contractor to close out 500 serge dresses cheap. Lustberg & Lipshitz, 118 West 27th.

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VELOURS.—American heavyweight, price reasonable, call in person. Liebman-Hurowitz, 133 West 31st.

VELOURS.—Newhouse No. 114, single width, for sale, all colors. Chelsea 3742.

VELVETEEN.—Black and green 24-inch twill back. Madison Square 7480.

VENETIANS.—Imported black Marquise de Luxe, 32 and 54 inch; immediate delivery. Huddersfield Woolen Mills, 225 4th Av. Stuyvesant 7520.

VENETIANS. in blacks, 32 and 36 inch. Goodman. Gramercy 1529.

VENETIANS.—32 and 36 inch, black, high lustre; exceptional value. Gramercy 8004.

WAISTS.—500 dozen cotton waists, to close out. Eagle Waist and Garment Co., Inc., Jersey City. Call Webster 4869.

WAISTS.—Job of Georgette waists; desirable merchandise. Canal 9146.

WOOLENS.—Job 10 pieces treco, brown, 50-inch, $2.85; cashmere, 12 pieces, navy, green, brown, black, $3.20. Friedman, 31 Hester St. Orchard 5570.

### Allied Industries.

FOR SALE—2 Singer hemstitch machines, one buttonhole, 71-1; 9 machines, 44-20. Margolin, 164 West 25th.

DARNING NEEDLES Wanted.—Any size, quality, brand darning needles; cash. Hanover 972.

NEEDLES. — Wanted, hand sewing; any quantity, quality; brand size; cash. Hanover 972.

### Help Wanted.

OFFICE ASSISTANT who is thoroughly familiar with all details of the Latin American dry goods trade; one who has visited that territory preferred. A 706 Times Downtown

### Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—War conditions compel change; salesman 35, 10 years with present firm, acquainted over extensive territory, attained sales record high as known in line, sees a line offering opportunity commensurate with ability. G 567 Times Downtown.

### COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....6 per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday.....6 " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

### Gray Goods Sales Light.

Gray goods sales were without particular interest in this market yesterday, largely due to the holding-off attitude of buyers. Not only are they showing more of a dispositoin not to trade into the new year, but a lessening of demand is reported for goods available for shipment through the remainder of 1918. Particularly is this true of fine-yarn cloths, where sizable concessions are now being offered without particular result. Staple wide print cloths, some of the lighter bag constructions of sheetings, and such specialties as sateen, are producing most of the limited business that is passing.

### Should Enforce All Sales Terms.

Following complaints that many business concerns are violating the rules under which goods are sold to them, either by taking discounts to which they are not entitled or in other ways, E. S. Botsler, President of the New York Credit Men's Association, calls the attention of credit men to the fact that these abuses should not be tolerated. "When credit men allow customers to withhold any part of what is due," he says, "they are tolerating what practically amounts to dishonesty and lay themselves open to the belief on the part of the debtors that sooner or later they can get away with something bigger. Credit men are doing themselves as well as the debtors, great injustice when they merely regard the amount involved in individual cases as too small to fight for, and neglect the principle of the thing."

### Velvet Rosettes for Trimmings.

Large puffed rosettes of velvet, which were very popular as trimmings in local millinery circles late last Fall, are again being seen here. On extremely large hats this trimming is placed at the front, while for the smaller shapes it is used at the side or back. Often the rosettes correspond in color with the facing of the hat. Another feature of the millinery situation is the increasing call for blue hats. Several shades of blue are being used in making small velvet hats, including electric, national, sapphire, Yale, and French.

### Disinfectant Drugs Advancing.

The reduced supplies of camphor and assafoetida in this market, growing out of the influenza epidemic, are resulting in further price advances. According to Drug and Chemical Markets, acetphenetidin also is higher here, as are the essential oils that are used in preparations to cure the disease. In general drugs, saccharin is lower, owing to keen selling competition. The limited quantity of toluol that is being released by the Government for dye purposes is being reflected in higher prices for colors, along with other shortages. The demand for aniline colors is increasing as a result of Government restrictions on natural dyewoods. Heavy chemicals are increasing in firmness.

### Adding New Service Features.

A service bureau under the direction of Miss H. M. Pearson, a former buyer for Stern Brothers, has been established by the Retail Millinery Association of America for the use of its members. The chief work of the bureau will be to buy goods for members when asked to do so, as well as to investigate special offers that may be made to them by the manufacturers or jobbers. Further aid will consist of locating special values and merchandise, in short, the bureau aims to offer the service of a resident buying organization. The association has also established a merchandise exchange service, embracing all varieties of millinery and trimmings, fixtures, &c., which is expected to prove of considerable value to the members.

### Bathrobes Advancing in Price.

An advance in the price of bathrobes is expected around the holiday season. There is already a noticeable shortage in material, this being partly due to the Government taking a large amount of the material used in the manufacture of these goods. Although the price of silk lounging robes has increased, they are selling well, and a big business is expected in this line during the next two months.

### Shortage of Swiss Curtains.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

**Strength in the Bond Market**

FORTY representative bond issues reached their lowest average price of the year on September 27th. Since then the market has shown continuous strength.

We are offering an attractive selection of unlisted bonds and short term notes at prices prevailing before the recent advance.

Ask for List AO-126

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When by the purchase one is assured of a satisfactory yield for the future, no matter how low interest rates may be.

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# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Money Situation a Factor in Decline of Stocks—Loan Payment Today.

Consideration of the money situation yesterday introduced a factor into the security market which had not been in evidence since the Liberty Loan campaign began, and had a decided effect on the course of quotations. As a matter of fact the money market, neither as to the supply nor the interest rate for call and time funds was at all changed during the day, but meetings of the Money Committee received wide attention in the Street, and apprehension lest loans be further restricted caused considerable selling of stocks. Various rumors in respect to the immediate future of the loan market aided in the unsettlement of quotations, which rather generally displayed recessions extending from 1 to 2 points or more at the end of the day.

Bankers constituting the Money Committee met in two different sessions, and after the most protracted one late in the afternoon it was made clear that the specific reasons for the deliberations were not of a nature to announce. In banks and brokerage office suppositions of the committee's contemplated action ran all the way from the theory that the call money market would be freed of control to the opposite thought that control in the immediate future would be more strictly exercised than in the past. As far as positive developments were concerned, it was probable that the banks made preparations yesterday for the first payment on the Fourth Liberty Loan, which is due today. The 10 per cent. payment due at the Federal Reserve Bank on account of subscriptions in the local Reserve district will amount to $180,000,000, a total which doubtless will be considerably swelled by subscriptions met in full. At the same time the Government is to pay off today the first issue of certificates of indebtedness, of which some $312,000,000 were taken in the Reserve District. As the banks holding certificates will turn them in against their Liberty Loan debits, the two great transactions are expected to be comprised of counterbalancing bookkeeping entries to a large extent, and little if any strain on money is expected.

The reaction in stocks was not altogether surprising, considering technical conditions alone. The market had risen rapidly for a fortnight without a reverse movement except in case of issues whose advance had been unusual in extent. The sentimental money scare, if it could be so called, passed through its most emphatic stage in the early hours and recoveries were recorded by many railroad stocks, and some of the industrial group were able to end the day with an actual gain.

The general character of the market in bonds and stocks indicated that domestic occurrences had far more influence on business than operations in the war. These latter appeared to have become so much a matter of course in their favorable import in recent days as to permit the transfer of attention to home matters. Steel trade periodicals reported that no evidence of let-up in the making of war materials could be detected, which is a satisfactory condition to find in all lines of industry at this time.

Foreign exchange rates moved irregularly. Swiss and Spanish quotations again swung slightly against New York, although not to a degree betokening a change in sentiment in neutral countries toward the war. The September figures on our foreign trade showed an expansion of both exports and imports of a size to convince those who studied the figures that while higher values played a part, the expansion of the American merchant marine through the building of new ships is beginning to reflect itself in positive fashion in our commerce.

## LONDON TRADERS SUSPICIOUS.

### Consider German Reply to Wilson as Pure Camouflage.

LONDON, Tuesday, Oct. 22.—Germany's reply to President Wilson was considered pure camouflage on the Stock Exchange today. Gilt-edged securities and domestic railways were steady, with a demand that exceeded the supply of available stocks. The land group was active and rising.

French rentes were a feature of the day in view of the new issue at Paris. Shippings were weak.

The base metal section hardened. It is understood that negotiations are proceeding toward the formation of a British company with a capital of £5,000,000 in connection with mining and the disposal of metallic products.

Money was in better demand and discounts were quiet.

### Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 26 francs 8 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 60 centimes.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

**Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.**

| MIXED COLLATLS. ALL INDUSTRIALS. | |
|---|---|
| High | 6 |
| Low | 6 |
| Renewals | 6 |
| Last | 6 |

**Call Loans on Acceptances.**

Prime eligible acceptances ..... 6

**Time Loans.**

| MIXED COLLATLS. ALL INDUSTRIALS. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sixty days | 6 | Sixty days | 6 |
| Ninety days | 6 | Ninety days | 6 |
| Four months | 6 | Four months | 6 |
| Five months | 6 | Five months | 6 |
| Six months | 6 | Six months | 6 |

**Bank Acceptances.**

| Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days | 6@6¼ |
|---|---|
| Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days | 6@6¼ |
| Not eligible, 60 to 90 days | 6@6¼ |

**Commercial Paper.**

Best-Known Names.

| | |
|---|---|
| 30 to 90 days | 6 |
| 4 to 6 months | 6 |

Other Names.

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 to 6 months | 6 |

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

**Range of Rates.**

| Sterling— | High. | Low. | Last. | Ch'ge |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | $4.75⅞ | $4.75¼ | $4.75⅝ | .. |
| Cables | 4.76⅝ | 4.76⅜ | 4.76⅝ | .. |
| Francs— | | | | |
| Demand | 5.48¼ | 5.48¼ | 5.48¼ | .. |
| Cables | 5.47⅛ | 5.47½ | 5.47½ | .. |

**Closing Rates.**

| Normal Rates of Exch. | —Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|
| 4.8660 London | $4.75⅞ | $4.76⅝ |
| 5.1820 Paris | 5.48¼ | 5.47½ |
| China— | | |
| Hongkong | 80.50 | 80.76 |
| Peking | 132.00 | 132.25 |
| Shanghai | 125.00 | 126.25 |
| 19.30 Greece | 19.40 | 19.45 |
| 40.20 Holland | 42.50 | 42.75 |
| 23.44 India— | | |
| Bombay | 35.48 | *35.73 |
| Calcutta | 35.48 | *35.73 |
| 5.1828 Italy | 6.36 | 6.35 |
| Japan— | | |
| Kobe | 54.50 | 54.75 |
| Yokohama | 54.50 | 54.75 |
| 19.30 Spain | 21.09 | 21.125 |
| 50.00 Philippine Islands— | | |
| Manila | 49.675 | 50.00 |
| 26.80 Scandinavia— | | |
| Stockholm | 29.10 | 29.50 |
| Copenhagen | 27.20 | 27.50 |
| Christiania | 27.00 | 27.90 |
| South America— | | |
| 42.84 Buenos Aires | 45.15 | 45.80 |
| 24.42 Rio | 24.45 | 24.60 |
| 5.1826 Switzerland | 4.96⅛ | 4.94⅛ |
| 51.46 Russia— | | |
| | Bid. | Asked. |
| 100 rubles | 17.80 | 17.90 |
| 500 rubles | 17.40 | 17.80 |

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

| Bankers. 60 Days. | 90 Days. | Commercial. 60 Days. | 90 Days. |
|---|---|---|---|
| $4.72¼ | $4.71¼ | $4.72¼ | $4.70⅝ |

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Clearing House exchanges, $770,956,978; balances, $77,050,771; United States Treasury debit balance, $1,289,954; Federal Reserve credit balance, $87,236,130.

**Domestic Exchange.**

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.625 premium.

**Silver Quotations.**

Bar silver in London 49¼d, official; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 23, 1918.

| | 1918. | 1917. | 1916. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day's sales | 1,076,880 | 232,235 | 1,233,055 |
| Year to date | 111,818,243 | 152,861,828 | 163,469,410 |

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 56 | 57 | 400 | Adams Express | 56 | 56 | 57 | 57 | ... |
| 19⅝ | 19¾ | 300 | Advance Rumely | 19½ | 19½ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 49¾ | 50¼ | 800 | Advance Rumely pf | 50½ | 50½ | 49¾ | 50¼ | — ⅛ |
| 58¼ | 65 | 100 | Ajax Rubber | 63½ | 65¾ | 63¾ | 63¾ | +1½ |
| 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 200 | Alaska Gold Mines | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3¼ | — ⅛ |
| 2¼ | 2¾ | 1,200 | Alaska Juneau | 2¼ | 2¾ | 2 | 2 | — ⅛ |
| 28½ | 29 | 1,800 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg | 29 | 29 | 28½ | 28½ | — ⅛ |
| 80 | 82 | 2 100 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | — ⅛ |
| 102½ | 104 | 600 | Am. Agricul. Chem | 104½ | 104½ | 103 | 103½ | —1½ |
| 68¾ | 69½ | 100 | Am. Beet Sugar | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | + ½ |
| 45¼ | 45⅞ | 4,800 | Am. Can | 46 | 46¼ | 44⅞ | 45¼ | — ⅛ |
| 87⅛ | 87⅞ | 3,400 | Am. Car & Fdry | 88 | 88¾ | 86⅞ | 87⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 109 | 111⅝ | 200 | Am. Car & Fdry pf | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | — ⅛ |
| 81½ | 90 | 100 | Am. Cotton Oil pf | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | ... |
| 15⅝ | 16 | 2,200 | Am. H. & Leather | 16¼ | 16¼ | 15¾ | 15⅝ | —1⅛ |
| 82 | 83 | 1,200 | Am. H. & L. pf | 82 | 84 | 81¾ | 82⅝ | —1⅛ |
| 45 | 45½ | 2,700 | Am. Ice | 45 | 46¼ | 44 | 45½ | — ⅛ |
| 50 | 50 | 300 | Am. Ice pf | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | — ⅛ |
| 58 | 58¼ | 3,100 | Am. International | 58¾ | 58¾ | 57¾ | 58 | — ⅛ |
| 41 | 41¼ | 1,300 | Am. Linseed | 41¾ | 41¾ | 40¾ | 41¾ | — ⅛ |
| 78½ | 79 | 500 | Am. Linseed pf | 79⅝ | 79⅝ | 78¾ | 79⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 67 | 68 | 4,000 | Am. Locomotive | 67½ | 68¼ | 66½ | 67¾ | + ⅛ |
| 99½ | 100 | 100 | Am. Locomotive pf | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | ... |
| 86¾ | 87 | 28,700 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 89¼ | 89¾ | 86¾ | 87 | —1½ |
| 86¾ | 87 | 1,200 | Am. Steel Fdries | 86¾ | 87¾ | 86¾ | 87¾ | — ⅛ |
| 111¾ | 113 | 1,500 | Am. Sugar Ref | 111⅝ | 112¾ | 110¾ | 110¾ | —1⅝ |
| 113½ | 114⅜ | 5,100 | Am. Sumatra Tob | 116⅜ | 116⅜ | 113½ | 114⅜ | —1⅝ |
| 59 | 60 | 10 | Am. Tel. & Cable | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ... |
| 104¾ | 106⅜ | 1,200 | Am. Tel. & Tel | 106¼ | 107 | 106¼ | 106¾ | — ⅛ |
| 185 | 189 | 250 | Am. Tobacco | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | — ⅝ |
| 97⅛ | 98 | 500 | Am. Tob. pf. new | 97¼ | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | — ⅛ |
| 51⅝ | 52 | 1,100 | Am. Woolen | 52 | 52⅝ | 51⅝ | 51⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 15½ | 16 | 500 | Am. Zinc L. & S | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15¾ | 15⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 70¾ | 71 | 14,300 | Anaconda Copper | 72¼ | 72⅝ | 70 | 70⅝ | —1¼ |
| 1⅝ | 2 | 300 | Assets Realisation | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | ... |
| 94¼ | 95⅜ | 5,000 | Atch., T. & S. F | 96¼ | 97¼ | 94¼ | 95⅛ | —1¼ |
| 84 | 85 | 800 | Atch. T. & S. F. pf | 84¾ | 85 | 84½ | 84½ | + ⅛ |
| 102¼ | 104 | 400 | Atlantic Coast Line | 103½ | 103½ | 103 | 103 | —1 |
| 112½ | 113 | 18,800 | At., Gulf & West I | 114 | 114⅝ | 112¾ | 112⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 65 | 66½ | 500 | At., Gulf & W. I. pf | 65 | 66½ | 65 | 66 | +1½ |
| 87⅛ | 87⅝ | 103,400 | Baldwin Loco | 84½ | 89⅝ | 82¾ | 87¼ | +3⅝ |
| 57 | 57¾ | 5,500 | Baltimore & Ohio | 58¾ | 59¾ | 57 | 57⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 60 | 61¼ | 300 | Baltimore & O. pf | 60¾ | 61 | 60¼ | 61 | +1 |
| 102 | 105 | 800 | Barrett Co | 103 | 103 | 101¾ | 101¾ | —3 |
| 1⅜ | 1⅝ | 100 | Batopilas Mining | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | 1⅝ | ... |
| 71¼ | 71¾ | 23,000 | Beth. Steel, class B | 71¼ | 73 | 70¾ | 71¼ | — ⅝ |
| 103¼ | 104 | 200 | Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf | 104 | 104 | 103¾ | 103¾ | — ⅛ |
| 23 | 26 | 200 | Booth Fisheries | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | + ⅝ |
| 42 | 42¾ | 1,000 | Bklyn Rapid Tran | 42⅜ | 42⅝ | 42⅜ | 42⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 156 | 158 | 100 | Burns Brothers | 158 | 158 | 156 | 156 | +1 |
| 9⅝ | 10 | 100 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | ... |
| 14½ | 16 | 1,100 | Butterick Co. | 14½ | 15¾ | 14½ | 15½ | +1½ |
| 63 | 64 | 100 | California Pet. pf | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | —1 |
| 70 | 70½ | 200 | Calumet & Arizona | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | +1½ |
| 169 | 170 | 5,400 | Canadian Pacific | 171⅝ | 171⅝ | 168½ | 170 | —1½ |
| 66 | 66½ | 3,500 | Central Leather Co | 66 | 66¾ | 66 | 66¾ | + ⅝ |
| 105 | 110 | 100 | Central Leather pf | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | ... |
| 36 | 37½ | 1,100 | Cerro de Pasco Cop | 37 | 37 | 35¾ | 36¾ | —1¼ |
| 96 | 98 | 200 | Chandler Motor | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | —1½ |
| 60¾ | 61 | 5,300 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 61⅜ | 61⅞ | 59¾ | 60¼ | —1½ |
| 8¾ | 8¾ | 2,100 | Chi. Great Western | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¼ | 8¾ | + ⅛ |
| 25¾ | 25¾ | 400 | Chi. Great West. pf | 25½ | 26¾ | 25½ | 25¾ | ... |
| 60¾ | 61 | 5,800 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 61⅜ | 61⅝ | 60¾ | 60¾ | — ⅛ |
| 81½ | 82¾ | 4,400 | Chi., R. I. & Pac | 81⅝ | 82¾ | 81⅝ | 81⅝ | —1⅛ |
| 102¾ | 103¾ | 300 | Chi. & Northwest n | 104 | 104 | 103 | 103 | —1 |
| ... | ... | 100 | Do. cash | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ | ... |
| 28 | 28¼ | 5,200 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P | 28 | 29 | 27¾ | 28¾ | — ⅛ |
| 82 | 82¾ | 1,100 | C., R. I. & P. pf | 83 | 83¾ | 82 | 82 | — ⅛ |
| 70¾ | 71 | 2,000 | C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf | 72 | 72¾ | 71 | 71 | ... |
| 70 | 75 | 100 | Chi., St. P., M. & O | 75½ | 75½ | 75½ | 75½ | — ⅛ |
| 21¼ | 21⅝ | 4,700 | Chile Copper | 21¼ | 21⅝ | 20¾ | 21⅛ | ... |
| 41 | 41½ | 4,200 | Chino Copper | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41 | 41 | — ⅛ |
| 38½ | 39 | 200 | Clev., C., C. & St. L | 39½ | 39½ | 38½ | 38½ | — ⅛ |
| 55 | 69 | 300 | Cluett, Peabody | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ... |
| 44 | 44½ | 200 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 44½ | 44½ | 44 | 44 | — ⅛ |
| 25¼ | 26 | 900 | Col. & Southern | 26¼ | 26¾ | 25½ | 25½ | — ⅛ |
| 45 | 48 | 100 | Col. & South. 2d pf | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | +2½ |
| 39¾ | 40 | 1,500 | Columbia Gas & El | 40 | 40⅜ | 39¾ | 39¾ | — ⅛ |
| 100¾ | 101¼ | 800 | Consolidated Gas | 102 | 102 | 100½ | 100½ | —1½ |
| 70 | 73 | 300 | Continental Can | 73 | 73 | 72¼ | 72¼ | —1½ |
| 43¾ | 44 | 12,700 | Corn Products Ref | 45¼ | 45¼ | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | —1 |
| 101¾ | 102½ | 100 | Corn Prod. Ref. pf | 101¾ | 101¾ | 101¾ | 101¾ | — ⅛ |
| 56½ | 57 | 3,400 | Crucible Steel | 57 | 58½ | 56½ | 56⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 88¾ | 89 | 100 | Crucible Steel pf | 88¾ | 88¾ | 88¾ | 88¾ | — ⅛ |
| 32 | 32¼ | 4,900 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 32¾ | 32¾ | 31¾ | 32⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 81 | 81½ | 900 | Cuba Cane S. pf | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | — ⅛ |
| 96 | 101 | 100 | Distr. & Co. pf | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | +2½ |
| 115¼ | 116½ | 200 | Del. & Hudson | 117 | 117 | 116½ | 116½ | —1½ |
| 181 | 185 | 100 | Del., Lack. & West | 182½ | 182½ | 182½ | 182½ | +2½ |
| 10¾ | 11 | 200 | Den. & Rio Gr. pf | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11 | 11 | — ⅛ |
| 109 | 112 | 20 | Detroit Edison Co | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | ... |
| 49¼ | 50 | 8,200 | Distillers' Secur | 48¾ | 50 | 47¾ | 50 | +2½ |
| 11½ | 12 | 900 | Dome Mines | 12 | 12 | 11¾ | 11¾ | — ⅛ |
| 3⅞ | 3¾ | 1,300 | Duluth, S. S. & A | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ | + ⅛ |
| 8 | 9½ | 100 | Dul., S. S. & A. pf | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | ... |
| 28⅝ | 29¼ | 200 | Elk Horn Coal | 29 | 29¼ | 29 | 29 | ... |
| 17⅜ | 17½ | 10,500 | Erie | 18¼ | 18¼ | 17¼ | 17¾ | — ⅛ |
| 33¾ | 33¾ | 3,700 | Erie 1st pf | 34¾ | 34¾ | 33¼ | 33½ | —1¼ |
| 23½ | 24¾ | 400 | Erie 2d pf | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¼ | + ⅛ |
| 42 | 42 | 100 | Fisher Body | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ | ... |
| 30¼ | 30¾ | 100 | Gaston, W. & W | 31¼ | 31¼ | 29¾ | 30¼ | — ⅛ |
| 177 | 185 | 100 | General Chemical | 178 | 178 | 178 | 178 | ... |
| 47¾ | 48¾ | 800 | General Cigar | 48⅝ | 48⅝ | 47⅜ | 47⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 154 | 156 | 1,000 | General Electric | 156 | 156 | 154½ | 155 | —2 |
| 127½ | 128 | 5,100 | General Motors | 127½ | 130½ | 125 | 128⅝ | +1½ |
| 78 | 79¾ | 600 | General Motors pf | 79 | 79 | 78½ | 78½ | —1½ |
| 83 | 83½ | 1,800 | Goodrich Co. | 83½ | 84 | 83 | 83½ | — ⅛ |
| 85 | 85½ | 1,300 | Granby Consol | 84⅝ | 86 | 84⅜ | 85¼ | + ⅝ |
| 93 | 95½ | 8,800 | Great Northern pf | 96¼ | 96¼ | 95 | 95½ | —1 |
| 33 | 33¾ | 3,900 | G. N. ctfs. for O. P | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | 32⅜ | 33 | —1⅛ |
| 54 | 56 | 1,200 | Greene-Can. Cop | 55½ | 55¾ | 54½ | 54⅝ | —1⅜ |
| 72¼ | 72¾ | 100 | Gulf States Steel | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | + ⅛ |
| 101¼ | 102½ | 1,000 | Illinois Central | 102¾ | 102¾ | 101⅝ | 102 | — ⅛ |
| 54½ | 55 | 5,100 | Inspiration Copper | 55¾ | 55¾ | 54 | 55 | — ⅛ |
| 8¾ | 8¾ | 2,400 | Interboro Consol | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | — ⅛ |
| 57¾ | 58¾ | 100 | Int. Agricultural pf | 58¾ | 58¾ | 58¾ | 58¾ | +1 |
| 107 | 107¾ | 200 | Int. Harvester new | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | + ⅛ |
| 106⅞ | ... | 100 | Int. Harv. pf. new | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | ... |
| 30¾ | 30¾ | 10,200 | Int. Mer. Marine | 31 | 31½ | 30¾ | 30¾ | — ⅛ |
| 121 | 121¼ | 49,200 | Int. Mer. Marine pf | 122¾ | 123¾ | 121¾ | 123¾ | + ⅝ |
| 32¼ | 32¾ | 3,300 | Int. Nickel | 32¾ | 33 | 32¾ | 32⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 35½ | 35¾ | 3,700 | Int. Paper | 35½ | 35⅝ | 35 | 35¼ | + ⅛ |
| 36 | 37 | 100 | Jewel Tea | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 20⅝ | 1,500 | Kansas City South | 21 | 21 | 20¾ | 20⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 55½ | 56 | 100 | Kan. City South. pf | 55½ | 55⅝ | 55½ | 55⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 55 | 55 | 300 | Kelly Spring Tire | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ... |
| 37¾ | 37¾ | 6,400 | Kennecott Copper | 38¼ | 38⅝ | 37¾ | 37¾ | — ⅛ |
| 76 | 76¾ | 700 | Lackawanna Steel | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | ... |
| 22 | 25 | 100 | Lake Erie & W. pf | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | ... |
| 20¼ | 20¾ | 300 | Lee Rubber & Tire | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | — ⅛ |
| 62 | 62¾ | 2,900 | Lehigh Valley | 63½ | 63¾ | 62 | 62¾ | — ⅛ |
| 38 | 39 | 200 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit | 40½ | 40½ | 39 | 39 | — ⅛ |
| 118¼ | 119½ | 400 | Louis. & Nash | 119½ | 119½ | 118¾ | 119 | —2⅝ |
| 64 | 64½ | 300 | Mackay Cos. pf | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | ... |
| 73 | 73 | 100 | Manhattan Shirt | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | — ⅛ |
| 32¾ | 33⅛ | 900 | Maxwell Motors | 33 | 33¼ | 32½ | 33⅛ | —1⅛ |
| 62 | 63½ | 200 | Max. Motors 1st pf | 63¾ | 63¾ | 63⅜ | 63¾ | —1½ |
| 26 | 27½ | 500 | Max. Motors 2d pf | 26¼ | 26¾ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | —2¾ |
| 60 | 65 | 700 | May Dept. Stores | 59 | 60 | 59 | 60 | +2 |
| 150 | 151 | 66,100 | Mexican Petroleum | 155 | 160 | 146 | 151 | —4 |
| 27¾ | 28¾ | 4,700 | Miami Copper | 28¾ | 28¾ | 28 | 28¼ | — ⅛ |
| 47¼ | 47⅝ | 5,800 | Midvale Steel | 47¼ | 47⅝ | 47 | 47⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 94 | 95 | 100 | M., St. P. & S. S. M. | 95 | 95 | 93 | 95 | +1 |
| ... | 5¼ | 100 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 5¼ | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | — ⅛ |
| 26¼ | 26¾ | 11,200 | Missouri Pacific | 27¼ | 27⅝ | 26¼ | 26¼ | —1 |
| 59 | 59¼ | 100 | Missouri Pacific pf | 59¼ | 59¼ | 59¼ | 59¼ | — ⅝ |
| 16 | 16¼ | 100 | Nat. Cond. & Cable | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | ... |
| 45¾ | 46¼ | 400 | Nat. Enam. & St | 46½ | 46⅝ | 46 | 46 | — ⅛ |
| 60 | 61 | 100 | Nat. Lead | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | — ⅛ |
| 7 | 8 | 100 | N. Rys. of M. 2d pf | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | —1 |
| 20¼ | 20¾ | 500 | Nevada Con. Cop | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | ... |
| 25 | 25¼ | 100 | N. O., Tex. & Mex | 25½ | 25½ | 25½ | 25½ | ... |
| 117 | 118 | 200 | N. Y. Air Brake | 116½ | 118 | 116½ | 118 | +2 |
| 81¾ | 83¼ | 8,500 | N. Y. Central | 82¾ | 82¼ | 80¾ | 80¼ | —1⅝ |
| 21 | 22¼ | 100 | N. Y., Chi. & St. L | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | +1 |
| 40¾ | 41 | 3,100 | N. Y., N. H. & H | 41¾ | 41¾ | 40¾ | 41 | — ⅝ |
| 22¾ | 23¾ | 100 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | — ⅝ |
| 15 | 17¼ | 100 | Norfolk Southern | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | ... |
| 110 | 110½ | 2,300 | Norfolk & Western | 111 | 111¾ | 108¾ | 109½ | —1¼ |
| 72 | 74 | 200 | Norfolk & West. pf | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | +1 |
| 93 | 95 | 7,500 | Northern Pacific | 95½ | 96 | 94 | 94½ | —1¼ |
| 60 | 61 | 100 | Nova Scotia S. & C | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | —1 |
| 43 | 44 | 8,100 | Ohio Cities Gas | 44¼ | 44¾ | 43 | 44 | — ⅞ |
| 7¾ | 7¾ | 300 | Ontario Mining | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ | ... |
| 60 | 60¼ | 200 | Owens Bottle Mach | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | ... |
| 33 | 33½ | 500 | Pacific Mail | 33½ | 33½ | 33 | 33 | — ⅝ |
| 113½ | 114¾ | 500 | Pan-Am. P. & T. pf | 114½ | 114½ | 113 | 113½ | —1 |
| 48 | 48¼ | 6,700 | Penn. R. R | 49¼ | 49¾ | 47¾ | 48 | — ⅝ |
| 56 | 57 | 3,400 | People's Gas, Chi | 57½ | 57½ | 55¾ | 56 | —1½ |
| 15 | 15½ | 1,000 | Pere Marquette | 15½ | 15½ | 15¼ | 15¼ | — ⅛ |
| 50 | 50 | 100 | Pere Marq. prior pf | 50¼ | 50¼ | 50¼ | 50¼ | — ⅛ |
| 32¼ | 32¾ | 1,500 | Philadelphia Co | 32¾ | 32¾ | 31¾ | 32¼ | — ⅛ |
| 43¾ | 44 | 3,400 | Pierce-Arrow pf | 44¾ | 44¾ | 43½ | 43¾ | —1 |
| 100½ | 102 | 300 | Pierce-Arrow pf | 101½ | 101½ | 100¾ | 100¾ | — ⅞ |
| 17⅜ | 18 | 6,200 | Pierce Oil | 18 | 18½ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 51⅜ | 51⅞ | 300 | Pittsburgh Coal | 51 | 51⅞ | 51 | 51⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 36 | 36⅜ | 7,000 | Pitts. & West Va | 37⅜ | 37⅞ | 36¼ | 36¼ | — ⅝ |
| 76 | 80¾ | 100 | Pitts. & W. Va. pf | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | —1 |
| 68¾ | 69½ | 400 | Pressed Steel Car | 69½ | 69½ | 68¾ | 68¾ | —1 |
| 92 | 93 | 100 | Public Service N. J | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | ... |
| 67¾ | 68 | 500 | Railway Steel Sp | 68 | 68 | 67¾ | 68 | — ⅝ |
| 24¾ | 24⅝ | 2,900 | Ray Con. Copper | 24⅞ | 25 | 24¾ | 24⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 92¾ | 92¾ | 59,800 | Reading | 96¼ | 96¼ | 92¼ | 92¾ | —3⅝ |
| 37 | 37 | 200 | Reading 1st pf | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | — ⅛ |
| 38 | 39 | 100 | Reading 2d pf | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 | — ⅛ |
| 83¼ | 84 | 2,300 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 85¼ | 86¼ | 83¼ | 84¼ | + ½ |
| 100¾ | 101 | 300 | Rep. Iron & S. pf | 100¾ | 100¾ | 100¼ | 100¾ | — ⅛ |
| 115 | 116 | 400 | Royal Dutch & T | 115 | 115 | 112½ | 115 | —5 |
| 13¼ | 13 | 800 | St. Louis-San Fran | 13¼ | 13¾ | 12¾ | 13 | — ¼ |
| 87½ | 88 | 200 | St. L. Southw. pf | 87½ | 87½ | 87½ | 87½ | +3½ |
| 64 | 64 | 200 | Savage Arms | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | ... |
| 9 | 9¼ | 300 | Saxon Motor | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | + ⅛ |
| 9¼ | 9¾ | 800 | Seaboard Air Line | 9¼ | 9¼ | 8¾ | 9 | + ⅛ |
| 22 | 22 | 900 | Seab. Air Line pf | 22½ | 22½ | 21¾ | 21¾ | — ⅛ |
| 160 | 164½ | 300 | Sears, Roeb. & Co | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | 160½ | —3½ |
| 36¼ | 36¾ | 5,900 | Sinclair Oil Refin | 36¾ | 36¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ | —1¼ |
| 106¾ | 106¾ | 80,800 | Southern Pacific | 104½ | 104½ | 99¾ | 100¾ | —4½ |
| 30¼ | 30½ | 17,300 | Southern Railway | 31½ | 31½ | 30½ | 30½ | —2¼ |
| 70 | 70¾ | 1,200 | Southern Ry. pf | 70½ | 70½ | 70 | 70 | — ⅛ |
| 62½ | 63 | 19,300 | Studebaker Co | 63½ | 64¼ | 61¾ | 62¾ | —2½ |
| 39 | 40 | 200 | Superior Steel | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | + ⅝ |
| 17¼ | 17½ | 900 | Tenn. Cop. & C | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ | — ⅛ |
| 188 | 189 | 5,600 | Texas Co | 190 | 191 | 187¾ | 188 | —3 |
| 18¼ | 18 | 300 | Texas & Pacific | 18¼ | 18¼ | 18 | 18 | ... |
| 75¼ | 75 | 11,200 | Tobacco Products | 75¾ | 76⅝ | 73¼ | 74¾ | —1⅜ |
| 96 | 96 | 100 | Tobacco Prod. pf | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | ... |
| 38¼ | 39 | 100 | Transue & Wms | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ | +1¼ |
| 108 | 109 | 100 | Underwood Typw | 108½ | 108½ | 108½ | 108½ | +1¼ |
| 134¾ | 134¼ | 18,300 | Union Pacific | 136¼ | 136¾ | 133¼ | 134½ | —2½ |
| 71 | 71¼ | 500 | Union Pacific pf | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71¾ | ... |
| 38¼ | 39¾ | 300 | United Alloy Steel | 39 | 39 | 38¾ | 38¾ | — ⅝ |
| 103¼ | 103¾ | 3,500 | United Cigar Stores | 104½ | 104½ | 103 | 103¾ | —1¼ |
| 103 | 120 | 100 | Un. Cigar Stores pf | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | — ⅛ |
| 71¼ | 75 | 200 | United Drug | 72¾ | 72¾ | 71¼ | 71¼ | —2⅛ |
| 144 | 146 | 300 | United Fruit | 146 | 146¾ | 146 | 146 | —1 |
| 10 | 10¾ | 100 | United Ry. Invest | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | — ⅛ |
| 16 | 17 | 100 | U. S. Express | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | ... |
| 107 | 107¾ | 4,800 | U. S. Indus. Alco | 107 | 108¾ | 105¾ | 107¼ | + ⅝ |
| 23½ | 27½ | 100 | U. S. R. & Imp | 24½ | 24½ | 24½ | 24½ | +1½ |
| 65¾ | 65¾ | 3,600 | U. S. Rubber | 66 | 66⅞ | 64½ | 65¾ | —1¼ |
| 102⅝ | 103¼ | 400 | U. S. Rubber 1st

"Passed by the Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with the National Interest, but without approval of legality, validity or security.—Opinion No. A-641."

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# WALL STREET FEARS NEW CURB ON LOANS

## Flood of Rumors Follow Two Long Confidential Meetings of Money Committee.

## MARKET PRICES RECEDE

### Stocks Are Sold Throughout Day, Recording Losses of from 1 to 2 or More Points.

The Money Committee which has exercised a controlling influence over the loan market of the financial district for several months, especially as related to loans for stock market purposes, held two long meetings yesterday at the Federal Reserve Bank. The consultations followed one on Tuesday afternoon when H. G. S. Noble, President of the Stock Exchange, was present, and followers of the stock market leaped to the conclusion that further restrictions would be put on call loans. In consequence of this impression stocks were sold heavily throughout the day. At the close of business losses extending from 1 to 2 or more points were recorded by many prominent issues.

After the meetings members of the Money Committee said that no comment could be made on the proceedings. Benjamin Strong, Chairman of the committee and Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank, made it clear that the committee could not be held responsible for the numerous rumors which went about in regard to the money situation, and emphasized the assertion that the proceedings of meetings must be held confidential unless the committee voted to issue prepared statements.

The flood of rumors which affected stocks were based on the supposition that the Money Committee intended to limit to a greater degree than before funds available for brokers' loans. Stories of this tenor were especially prevalent during the morning hours, when stocks were weakest, and in the afternoon the market was thrown into a state of irregularity when a rumor went around that the committee would shortly permit an advance in the call loan rate above the 6 per cent. level which has been in effect for some time past. None of the rumors were confirmed, but they worked to bring about a distinct change in Wall Street sentiment toward the stock market, which had been advancing steadily for several days.

Early last month at the suggestion of the Money Committee members of the Stock Exchange were asked to report daily the amount of their bank loans, and the purpose was announced then to limit the amount of credit for the security market to the loans outstanding. Since that time it has been reported that brokers' loans were being reduced gradually as speculation on margin declined in volume, and even the million share sessions of the current week these loans are understood to have been increased only slightly, if at all. Nevertheless, the possibility of heavier restrictions on the loan market has been weighing on Wall Street's mind, as the decline of stocks showed.

Practically all the members of the committee attended the meetings, including Mr. Strong, James N. Wallace, Gates W. McGarrah, Albert H. Wiggin, Frank A. Vanderlip, James S. Alexander, Walter E. Frew, and William P. Conway.

## WILLING TO GIVE LOTS BACK

### Hurley Will Surrender 1,000 on Payment of Taes and Epenses.

Eugene Hurley, now at Camp Upton, son of Frank E. Hurley, manager of the Jamaica branch of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, was a witness yesterday before the Mayor's Committee on Taxation, which is investigating tax lien sales on Long Island. During his examination young Hurley told Samuel G. Breslin, counsel to the committee, that he was willing to return to the former owners some 1,000 lots in Nassau County which he had bought at the 1917 tax sale. It has been brought out that Hurley, with Charles H. Fabens, a lawyer from Massachusetts, made a business of buying property for back taxes and reselling it to the original owners for greatly increased amounts.

Hurley said the ownership of the lots was divided among fifty-six persons. He said that when he began buying up the tax titles he saw no harm in it, for many others were doing the same thing, and it was about the only way the county had of making delinquents pay up.

### German-Made Toys Brought to Port

After being held in Rotterdam for two years, 5,000 tons' cubic space of toys of all kinds arrived yesterday on the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam and will be landed in time for distribution to the trade before Christmas. These all stamped "Made in Germany," but importation was permitted because they were purchased by Americans long before the United States entered into the war.

### T. W. Lawson In Auto Smashup.

MARLBORO, Mass., Oct. 23.—Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston financier and independent candidate for United States Senator, was injured when his limousine was overturned on the State road in Northboro late today. He was brought to a hospital in this city. Physicians who examined Mr. Lawson found two broken ribs and several body bruises.

### MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alpha | .02 | Mexican | .12 |
| Alta | .03 | Occidental | .40 |
| Andes | .04 | Ophir | .67 |
| Caledonia | .01 | Overman | .61 |
| Challenge Con. | .03 | Potosi | .02 |
| Con. Imperial | .01 | Sierra Nevada | .04 |
| Con. Virginia | .07 | Union Con. | .09 |
| Hale & Norcross | .02 | Utah | .01 |
| Jacket | .63 | Mexican dollars | .78 |
| Justice | .01 | | |

TONOPAH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Belmont | 2.40 | Booth | .02 |
| Cashboy | .04 | Florence | .10 |
| Halifax | .04 | Goldfield Cons. | .19 |
| Jim Butler | .49 | Goldfield Merger. | .01 |
| Macnamara | .20 | Great Bend. | .02 |
| Midway | .08 | Jumbo Extension | .09 |
| Mizpah | .03 | Kowanas | .02 |
| Mon. Pittsburg | .03 | Lone Star | .02 |
| Montana | .08 | Silver Pick | .02 |
| North Star | .07 | OTHER DISTRICTS. | |
| Rescue | .08 | Nevada Hills | .02 |
| Tonopah Divide | 1.35 | Packard | .22 |
| Tonopah Ext. | 1.90 | Rochester | .32 |
| West End | .98 | Round Mountain | .16 |
| West Tonopah | .14 | United Eastern | 3.87½ |
| GOLDFIELD. | | White Caps | .11 |
| Atlantic | .03 | | |

COLORADO SPRINGS.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cresson | 4½ | 4¾ | Isabella | 7¼ | 8 |
| Dr. J'pot. | 3¾ | 3½ | McKinney | 7 | 10 |
| Elkton | 5 | 7 | Portland | 97 | 110 |
| El aso | 10 | 25 | U. Gold M. | 12¾ | 15 |
| Golden | 168½ | 170 | Vindicator | 39 | 42 |
| Granite | 17 | | Rose Nicol. | 10½ | 11 |

BOSTON CURB.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am Oil | 12 | 13 | Homa Oil | 46 | 47 |
| B S Gas. | 7 | 9 | Iron Blos. | 37 | 45 |
| Begole | 20 | 60 | Iron Cap. | 19 | 19½ |
| Bohemia | 80 | 95 | La Rose | 47 | 55 |
| Boston Ely | 95 | 1½ | Majestic | 19 | 20 |
| B Hawk | .. | 75 | Mex Metals | 52 | 56 |
| Bost Mon. | 45 | 46 | Moj Tung. | 7 | 9 |
| Butte & L | 13 | 15 | New Baltic | 60 | 95 |
| Bost Artz. | .. | 1⅜ | Nat Z & L | 11 | 12 |
| Calaveras | 50 | 1¼ | New Cornel | 18 | 18¼ |
| Cortez | 25 | 40 | Nixon Nev. | 35 | 37 |
| Cham. old | 5¾ | 6 | Oneco | 20 | 30 |
| Chief Con. | 3¾ | 3¾ | Onondaga | 10 | 20 |
| Denbigh | 78 | 79 | S W M pf. | 85 | 1¼ |
| Earl Eagle. | 2 | 4 | Uni V Ext | 37½ | 38½ |
| Fortuna | 5 | 7 | Utd Min. | 69 | 70 |
| Houghton | 40 | 50 | Yukon Gold | 86 | 1 |

# COMMITTEES REPORT BIG BOND TOTALS

## Religious Organizations Raise $10,040,850 — Publishing Committee Exceeds Quota.

The clerical forces of banks and trust companies in this city were still almost overwhelmed yesterday with the work of making up returns on Liberty bond sales on the final days of the campaign, and trustworthy estimates could not be made of New York's total subscriptions, although it was generally believed that they would exceed the quota of $1,800,000,000.

Financial institutions have until today to make their final returns, but it was said yesterday that some might ask for an added day of grace, in view of the magnitude of their tasks and the depletion of the working staffs through Influenza. New York's total may not be known with any degree of accuracy until Friday.

The confidence that New York passed its quota of $1,800,000,000 was increased by additional announcements of committees which had sold bonds in excess of the minimum assigned to them. John W. Horner, Jr., Chairman of the Central Religious Organization Committee, reported that subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan from parishes, churches, synagogues, and temples totaled $10,040,850, while many religious organizations had not submitted their final totals.

The $10,000 Minimum Limit Club, which admits as members only those who have subscribed $10,000 or more for bonds, announced 251 new members yesterday, making a total membership of 3,116 so far recorded.

The Lambs Club yesterday asked THE TIMES to correct the published figures as sent out by the Liberty Loan Committee, giving the sales of Liberty bonds by the Lambs as $700,000. The Lambs report that their total sales were $1,325,000.

Charles Scribner, Chairman of the Publishing, Printing, Advertising, and Allied Materials Committee, announced yesterday that his committee had passed its quota of $10,500,000, although its total had not been fully made up.

The Bond Issue Division of the Federal Reserve Bank called attention yesterday to new rulings regarding conversion of registered bonds, which are as follows:

"Holders of registered bonds of the 3½ per cent. First Liberty Loan, of the 4 per cent. First Liberty Loan Converted, and of the 4 per cent. Second Liberty Loan may present and assign such bonds 'to the Secretary of the Treasury for conversion and exchange for coupon bonds.' Such assignments must be duly authorized to take acknowledgments, executed in the presence of an officer and upon conversion of bonds so assigned coupon bonds bearing interest at 4¼ per cent. will be delivered.

"In the event a registered bond has been duly assigned for transfer, the transferee may execute a second assignment to 'the Secretary of the Treasury for conversion,' and such registered bond so assigned when received at the department will be converted in regular course, and 4¼ per cent. bond issued in the name of such transferee."

## BOND PAYMENTS FLOW IN.

### Washington Still Unable to Estimate Total Loan Subscriptions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Payments on the Fourth Liberty Loan now are pouring into the Treasury at the rate of $150,000,000 a day, and several hundred millions are expected tomorrow, the last day given banks to report their loan subscriptions together with initial payments.

So great is the task before the banks that many probably will not be able to complete their reports in the allotted time, thus delaying the Federal Reserve banks in making up their totals which will show the exact amount of the subscriptions to the loan.

Efforts of the Liberty Loan Publicity Bureau today to obtain approximate figures on subscriptions by cities were unavailing.

The first block of Treasury certificates of indebtedness issued in advance of the Fourth Loan falls due tomorrow. It totals $839,000,000, and was issued on June 25. Many banks will pay their Liberty Loan installments tomorrow with these certificates.

Vice Admiral Sims today reported that total subscriptions to the loan by the American naval froces in France were $1,203,000. This increased the total for the navy to $43,000,000, with some reports yet to be received.

Sales of war savings stamps and certificates today passed the $800,000,000 mark.

## U. S. BUYS CARGOES.

### Holland Owners Saved From Loss on Property Here.

The cargoes of five Dutch steamships, consisting mainly of tobacco, coffee, and copra valued at between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000, removed and stored when the ships were requisitioned by this Government last March, have now been purchased by the United States from the Holland owners. Lack of tonnage making it impossible to forward the goods to the owners within a reasonable time, negotiations were conducted with the Netherlands Government whereby the original consignees were saved from loss through the purchase.

A considerable part of the coffee has since been resold to the army, and bids have been called for to be opened Nov. 6 for the remaining cargoes, mostly tobacco from the East Indies. The sale is being handled by officials here of the United States Shipping Board.

### BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,815 packages. The market recovered a fraction from the low point of Monday, but buyers are taking hold rather slowly at the advance. There is more firmness on the top qualities than on the medium to choice grades, which comprise so large a par of the supply. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 58@58½c; extras, 92 score, 57¼@57½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 56@ 57c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 52½@54½c; lower grades, 49@52c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 56@58c; seconds, 53½@55½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 56@57c; good to prime, 52@ 55c; common to fair, 47@51c; renovated, extras, 50½@51c; firsts, 48½@49c; lower grades, 43@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 45@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 41½@42c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40@40¼c; No. 2, 39½c; lower grades, 30@39c.

EGGS.—10,567 packages. The general features of the market are unchanged. New laid qualities are still very scarce and becoming scarcer with the decrease in production. Any lots that show a large proportion fit for the best class of trade are promptly salable at fully sustained prices, the tendency on these high qualities being still slightly in sellers' favor. Market is still largely supplied with medium and ordinary qualities, which are freely offered at unimproved prices and meeting only a limited demand. Storage eggs are generally reported, but are held with confidence, and the trading is at fully sustained prices. Nearby white eggs are very scarce. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 58@59c; extra firsts, 55@57c; firsts, 52@54c; seconds, 49@ 51c; dirties, No. 1, 48@46c; No. 2 and poorer, 40@44c; checks, good to choice, dry, 40@42c; undergrades, 35@39c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 46@47c; firsts, charges paid, 44@46c; seconds, charges paid, 42@44c; undergrades, 40@42c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 88@90c; ordinary to prime, 75@87c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 72@87c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 65@85c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 63@65c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 50@60c.

## SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

For account of Superintendent of Banks of New York:

$1,000 Columbus Magnetic Spring & Northern Railway 5 per cent. twenty-year gold bond, due November, 1931, May, 1909, coupon attached, $200.

For account of executors:

$1,000 Phenix Lace Mills of Phenix, R. I., first mortgage 6 per cent. bond., due 1925, 87.

100 shares Federal Dyestuff and Chemical Corporation preferred, $10,000 Yolo Water and Power Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, $1,500.

100 shares Iowa State Savings Bank, Sioux City, Iowa, Certificate 117 in name of Morgan, Truett & Co., 100 each, $7,000.

190 shares Holliday Chemical Company, $100 each, 5.

10 shares Excelsior Brewing Co., 100 each, 50.

120 shares Queens County Trust Company, $100 each, 71.

115 shares Troy Trust Co., New York, $100 each, 88.

# SENATORS ALTER TAX ALLOWANCES

## Adopt New Definition of Invested Capital, Covering Increase in Value of Assets.

## INSERT A RELIEF CLAUSE

### Also Provide In Revenue Bill Consolidated Returns by Affiliated Corporations.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Sweeping alterations were made in the Revenue bill this afternoon by the Senate Committee on Finance, in connection with the definition of invested capital. The definition was changed so that "the increase in value of any asset above the original cost" may be included.

Another change was that the original full cash value of tangible property paid in for stock incorporation would be allowed, no matter whether it exceeds the par value of the original stock issued for it. The committee also adopted a "relief" clause for cases of taxation of invested capital, in which rigid ruling applied through existing laws would work hardship or injury.

In addition, the committee adopted a revision today providing for consolidated returns by affiliated corporations. Sections of the bill controlling the deduction from invested capital because of inadmissible assets were changed so that the deduction from invested capital equal to the sale percentage which the average amount of such assets is of the average amount of assets, admitted and not admitted, in the year.

The clause defining invested capital is a new section, reading as follows:

"Section 327. (a) That in the following cases the invested capital shall be determined as provided in Subdivision B of this section:

"(1) Where the Commissioner is unable satisfactorily to determine the invested capital as provided in Section 326;

"(2) In the case of a foreign corporation;

"(3) Where a mixed aggregate of tangible property and intangible property has been paid in for stock or for stock and bonds, and the Commissioner is unable satisfactorily to determine the respective values of the several classes of property at the time of payment, or to distinguish the classes of property paid in for stock and for bonds, respectively;

"(4) Where, as compared with representative corporations engaged in a like or similar trade or business, the corporation would (under Section 326) be placed in a position of substantial inequality, because of the time or manner of its organization, or because the actual value of its assets on March 1, 1913, was substantially in excess of the amount at which such assets would be valued for the purpose of computing its invested capital under the provisions of Section 326;

"(5) Where the invested capital is materially disproportionate to the net income as compared with representative corporations engaged in a like or similar trade or business, because:

"(a) The capital employed, although a material income-producing factor, is very small or is in large part borrowed;

"(b) There are excluded from invested capital as computed under the provisions of Section 326 intangible assets of recognized and substantial value built up or developed by the corporation;

"(c) The net income for the taxable year represents the earnings of capital unproductively invested through a period of years;

"(d) Proper recognition or allowance cannot be made for amortization, obsolescence, or exceptional depletion due to the present war, or to the necessity in connection with the present war of providing plants which will not be wanted for the purposes of the trade or business after the termination of the war."

Sub-division (b), which is referred to, provides that in the cases alluded to the invested capital is held to be the amount bearing the same ratio to the net income of the corporation for the taxable year as the average invested capital for the tax year of corporations engaged in a like or similar trade or business bears to their average net income for the year.

## MINERS' PLEDGE PERSHING.

### Cable Promise to Furnish Fuel for Nation's War Needs.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 23.—Assurances that the coal miners of the country will do their utmost to bring up sufficient coal to meet the needs of the armies in Europe in the way of munitions, food and other supplies were contained in a message cabled by Frank J. Hayes, President of the United Mine Workers of America, to General Pershing in France today.

The message was in response to one from General Pershing to the Federal Fuel Administration a few days ago, setting forth the necessity of a maximum output of coal. President Hayes's message reads:

"In this crucial hour, the coal miners of America realize their responsibility and will continue to do their full duty. While your indomitable soldiers and their brave allies under Marshal Foch are fighting civilization's battle and winning at the point of their victorious bayonets the peace for which we stand—the lasting peace that your triumphant armies will dictate—the miners of America with depleted numbers are breaking production records. They will stand, steadfast and true, until their comrades in the field, under you, have achieved complete victory. This we pledge you."

## SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yld. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Argen. Gov. | 6 | May 15,'20 | 98¼ | 97 | 8.25 |
| Dom. of Can. | 5 | Aug., 1919 | 97⅞ | 97¾ | 7.60 |
| Gov. of N. F. | 5 | July, 1919 | 97 | 98 | 7.05 |
| Norway Gov. | 6 | Feb., 1923 | 101 | 102¼ | 5.40 |
| Prov. of Q. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 94 | 96 | 6.00 |
| Russian Gov. | 6½ | June, 1919 | 68 | 71 | .. |
| Do rubles. | 5½ | Feb.14,'26 | 175 | 181 | .. |
| Russian Gov. | 5½ | Dec., 1921 | 58 | 61 | .. |
| Swiss Gov. | 5 | Mar., 1920 | 100 | 100¼ | 4.80 |

Company Issues.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cot. Oil. | 7 | Sep., 1919 | 99¾ | 100 | 7.00 |
| Am. Cot. Oil. | 5 | Sep., 1919 | 97⅞ | 98 | 7.30 |
| Am F. & L. | 6 | Aug., 1921 | 90 | 95 | 8.00 |
| Am. T. & T. | 6 | July, 1919 | 99⅝ | 99¾ | 6.25 |
| Am. Thread. | 4 | Jan., 1919 | 99½ | 99½ | 5.15 |
| Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P. | 6 | July, 1919 | 95 | 98 | 8.00 |
| Bet. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15,'19 | 100 | 100¼ | 6.30 |
| B. & O. R. | 5 | July, 1919 | 98¼ | 98¾ | 6.25 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15,'20 | 99⅞ | 100¼ | 6.80 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15,'21 | 99¾ | 100¼ | 6.90 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15,'22 | 99¾ | 100¼ | 6.90 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15,'23 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 7.00 |
| C. B. & Q. | 4 | July, 1921 | 93½ | 93⅝ | 6.25 |
| Can. Pac. Ry. | 6 | Mar. 2,'24 | 98¼ | 98½ | 6.30 |
| Cub.-Am. Sug. | 8 | Jan., 1919 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Cud'y P. Co. | 7 | July 15,'23 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 7.20 |
| Cub.-Am. Sug. | 8 | Jan., 1920 | 99½ | 99¾ | 8.30 |
| Cub.-Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1921 | 98 | 99 | 6.45 |
| Del. & Hud. | 5 | Aug., 1920 | 97½ | 98 | 6.10 |
| Erie R. R. | 5 | Apr., 1919 | 99¾ | 97½ | .. |
| Fed. Sug. R. | 5 | Jan., 1920 | 98 | 97½ | 7.25 |
| Gen. Elec. Co. | 6 | Dec., 1919 | 99¾ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Gen. Elec. Co. | 6 | July, 1920 | 99⅞ | 100¼ | 5.90 |
| Gen. Rubber. | 5 | Dec., 1918 | 100 | 100¼ | 4.25 |
| Gt. A. & P. | 5 | June, 1921 | 96 | 96 | 6.25 |
| Gt. Nor. Ry. | 5 | Sep., 1920 | 97¼ | 97⅝ | 6.40 |
| Hocking Val. | 6 | Nov., 1918 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| K. C. Ter. R. | 4½ | Nov., 1918 | 99 | 99½ | 10.50 |
| K. C. Ter. R. | 6 | Nov., 1918 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 6.30 |
| L. & N. | 4 | Sep., 1919 | 95¾ | 96 | 8.00 |
| Mont. T. & P. | 4 | Apr., 1919 | 91½ | 92¼ | .. |
| Met. C. C. | 5 | Feb. 1, '19 | 99 | 99¼ | .. |
| M. V. G. & E. | 5 | May, 1922 | 78 | 80 | 9.00 |
| Met. Ed. | 5 | Dec., 1923 | 95¼ | 95½ | 8.00 |
| N. Y. C. R. R. | 5 | Sep., 1919 | 99 | 99½ | 5.55 |
| Okl. G. & E. | 8 | June, 1919 | 99¾ | 99⅞ | 8.00 |
| Ott. Ry. & Lt. | 7 | Dec., 1920 | 99¾ | 98 | 8.00 |
| P. S. Co. N. J. | 5 | Mar., 1918 | 99 | 96 | 15.00 |
| Pitts. & S. R. R. | 6 | Mar., 1920 | 98¾ | 98⅞ | 6.75 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1919 | 100¾ | 101 | 5.25 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1920 | 100¾ | 101 | 6.25 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1921 | 100¾ | 101¼ | 6.40 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1922 | 100¾ | 101¼ | 6.60 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1923 | 101¼ | 101⅞ | 6.35 |
| Road. T. & L. | 6 | Aug., 1919 | 99½ | 98¾ | 7.50 |
| Rem. A. U. M. Corp. Co. | 5 | Feb., 1919 | 98¾ | 99¼ | 7.50 |
| San Diego C. G. E. E. | 6 | Dec., 1922 | 95 | 100 | 6.00 |
| Shawing. W. | 6 | Dec.15,'19 | 101½ | 103 | .. |
| Southern Ry. | 5 | Mar. 2,'19 | 98½ | 98⅝ | 8.35 |
| United Lt. & Ry. Sec. | 6 | May, 1920 | 94½ | 98 | 8.00 |
| W. E. & M. | 6 | Feb., 1919 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 6.75 |
| Wm. R. A. | 7 | Mar., 1919 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 7.85 |
| W. V. T. & E. | 6 | May, 1919 | 94¼ | 93½ | 6.75 |

## ATTACK CITY BUDGET.

### Real Estate Board Calls Teachers' Organization Detrimental.

Protests against the $10,000,000 increase in the proposed budget for 1919 were made yesterday, by many real estate and other organizations. The Real Estate Board in a statement said that the enormous increase over the Mitchel administration budget would mean a big increase in the tax rate for all the boroughs, and criticised some of the items proposed as being unnecessary. The main protests made were against continuing the City Chamberlain's office, for which $60,775 has been appropriated, and for the allowance of $50,000 for school lunches. The Real Estate Board said that the increased budget would mean a tax rate in 1919 of 0.2525 for Brooklyn, 0.2485 for Manhattan, 0.2538 for Queens, 0.2525 for the Bronx, and 0.2585 for Richmond. The statement said in part:

"The Real Estate Board feels that at this time it should call attention to the rapidly increasing cost of the Department of Education. In 1908 the amount appropriated for the Department of Education was $26,712,963; in 1912, $33,849,819; in 1916, $42,512,896, and in 1919, $45,120,000. In all probability the expenditures for the coming year will be in excess even of this amount.

"This shows an increase in ten years of about $18,000,000 in spite of the enormous extension of the activities of the parochial school system, and in spite of the fact that through loss of immigration there are fewer children of school age in the city today than there were five years ago. This phenomenal increase in the expenses of this department must be attributed to the perfect teachers' organization, which, by including all the teachers and forming them into a close political union, has enabled them to dominate the schools and to unduly influence both the State and the local legislative bodies. That this organization is detrimental both to the schools themselves and to the city is beyond question."

The Board of Estimate held a public hearing yesterday on the proposed budget. The Mayor defended the restoration of $1,500 to the salary of his private secretary, which he had reduced at the beginning of his term to $5,000, by saying that he found out that his secretary had a great deal to do to help save the $9,000 which the Mayor's Department turned back to the City Treasury last year. As to the provision for a chauffeur for his office he said:

"Why not honestly and properly have a chauffeur attached to the office in the open—one who is trained to do this work—instead of taking a policeman off for this work?" The hearing will be continued this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

## KEEP STEEL MILLS BUSY.

### Trade Publications See No Evidence of Letup in War Orders.

The steel trade is working at a speed which indicates a determination to keep turning out war and shipbuilding materials on a scale necessary to a long continuance of the war. Because of the influenza epidemic, some plant outputs have been checked, but trade reports indicate that positive measures are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease among steel workers.

"Throughout the trade," says The Iron Age, "there is a feeling that heavy war demands are yet to be made upon every facility of production and that is still the dominant view.

"There is evidence of some increase in the influenza epidemic in the districts of largest steel production. The Carnegie Steel Company reports 10 per cent. of working forces affected, against 7 per cent. in the week previous. In Eastern Pennsylvania, blast furnace and rolling mill operations are still seriously interfered with, and in that section October production, instead of being a record, will fall much below that of September.

"Some progress has been made in fighting the disease, and wholesale serum inoculation has been restored to at Steel Corporation plants.

"Plate production has suffered most in the East, and ship steel fabrication has been cut down both there and in the Central West, two Youngstown shops being shut down for a part of the week."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"The promises of new iron and steel tonnage records for October still stand. There is not the slightest evidence of any letup in war orders for the American and allied forces. A rather complacent view is being taken over the future of present war conditions, should peace become an actuality during the next few months. Many of these contracts are not subject to cancellation. A clause just inserted in new ship steel contracts provides for the cancellation of the order by the Shipping Board whenever it is to the country's interest to do so."

## NO CONGRESSMEN IN ARMY.

### Delaney Could Not Even Resign to Get Into War.

The War Department, with the approval of the President, has ruled that no members of the House of Representatives may enter the United States Army. This became known yesterday through a statement made by Congressman John J. Delaney, who represents the Seventh (Brooklyn) Congress District and is running for re-election. Congressman Delaney, who is 40 years old, has been trying for nearly a year to break into the army.

On Sept. 27 he was notified that he had passed the examination, but as no commission followed he went to Washington, where he saw Secretary Baker, who informed him of the decision. The Congressman offered to resign, but was not permitted to. Delaney must continue to be a Congressman in spite of himself, unless the voters of his district elect his opponent, which seems rather unlikely.

### Texas Dry Law Held to be Invalid.

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 23.—The Court of Appeals, in a majority opinion, held the State-wide prohibition law unconstitutional. The opinion is by Judge Morrow, who holds that this law is in conflict with the local option feature of the Constitution.

*Newark's Work for Liberty*

Newark, the metropolis of New Jersey, subscribed $60,130,400.00 to the Fourth Liberty Loan, or $22,000,000 more than its quota. Through the splendid support of its clients and friends, the National Newark and Essex Banking Company was enabled to subscribe $25,033,300. We take this opportunity to thank those who made possible this gratifying achievement.

NATIONAL NEWARK and ESSEX BANKING CO.
New Jersey's Oldest and Largest Bank
*Established 1804*
CHARLES L. FARRELL, *President*

WE OWN AND OFFER
EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES
$100,000
CITY and COUNTY of DENVER, COLO.
4½% Water Bonds
Due November 1, 1948. Optional on and after November 1, 1928.
Net Bonded Debt less than ⅛ of 1% of assessed valuation.
Price 97 and Interest, yielding about 4.70%.
$100,000
CITY OF BAYONNE, N. J.
5% Serial Water Gold Bonds
Due June 1, 1939 to 1943.
Net Bonded Debt about 4% of assessed valuation.
**At prices to yield 4.70%.**
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Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
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Foreign Exchange
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Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

## MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

**Notice of Election of Directors.**

The annual election of Directors of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States will be held at the office of said Society, Room No. 917, Equitable Building, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 4th day of December, 1918, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon. Fifty-two Directors will be elected to serve for the year 1919. Every policyholder in said society whose insurance shall be in force and shall have been in force for at least one year prior thereto, shall be entitled to vote for all Directors, without other qualification, as provided in Section 94 of the Insurance Law of the State of New York, and every stockholder in said Society shall be entitled to one vote for each Director for every share of stock held by him, and such vote may be given in person or by proxy. Policyholders may vote in person, by proxy, or by mail. The following candidates for vacancies to be filled at such election have been nominated by the Board of Directors:

*Administration Ticket.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Charles B. Alexander | Henry Morgenthau |
| William Alexander | Joy Morton |
| Charles D. Barney | Ludwig Nissen |
| John N. Beach | Charles D. Norton |
| Abraham Bisbee | Eugenius H. Outerbridge |
| George Clinton | William E. Paine |
| Edgar M. Cullen | Alton B. Parker |
| Thos. DeWitt Cuyler | Leonard Peckitt |
| William A. Day | Wallace L. Pierce |
| Victor J. Dowling | Evans S. Pillsbury |
| Samuel M. Felton | Samuel Rea |
| James B. Forgan | E. W. Robertson |
| Thomas A. Gillespie | J. G. Schmidlapp |
| Martin Glynn | William Skinner |
| John F. Harris | Thomas W. Slocum |
| Alexander C. Humphreys | V. P. Snyder |
| George L. Ingraham | Thomas Spratt |
| John D. Jones | Frederick Strauss |
| Arthur H. Lowe | Gage E. Tarbell |
| John B. Lunger | Eben B. Thomas |
| Willis F. McCook | John T. Underwood |
| Allan McDougall | J. H. Walbridge |
| Richard C. Maclaurin | Sir Edmund Walker |
| John T. Manson | Richard H. Williams |
| Frank W. Matteson | George T. Wilson |
| Edwin P. Maynard | Charles H. Zehnder |

The following persons have been appointed by the Board of Directors, jointly or severally, to receive proxies to be voted for said nominees:

Henry Greaves
F. P. Fitzer
W. G. Schelker

Any one hundred or more policyholders qualified to vote may make other nominations for one or more vacancies to be filled at such election, by filing with the Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York on or before November 11, 1918, a certificate signed and acknowledged, giving the names and addresses of the candidates nominated, the names and addresses of three persons, jointly or severally, designated to receive proxies to be voted for said nominees and an appropriate name or title designated by the Superintendent of Insurance to distinguish the ticket from the administration ticket and other nominations. Such nominators must also file a copy of said certificate, certified by the Superintendent, at the Home Office of the Company on or before said date. All certificates of nominations shall be accompanied by a written acceptance of such nomination by each nominee thereon. On and after November 19, 1918, ballots may be obtained by policyholders at the Home Office of said Society, or at any Branch Office.

New York, October 21, 1918.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Secretary.

## FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.

Dated Aug. 21, 1918.

## MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ARKELL & DOUGLAS, INC.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

New York, N. Y., October 18, 1918.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of ARKELL & DOUGLAS, INC., will be held on the seventh day of November, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Company, No. 44 Whitehall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the proposal to increase the common capital stock of the Company in the amount of One million dollars, ($1,000,000,) consisting of ten thousand (10,000) shares of Common Stock of the par value of One hundred dollars ($100) each, to fix the period within which each holder of common stock may subscribe and pay therefor at par in the proportion of two shares for each share owned

BUY—SELL
MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION.
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
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CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
Burns Bros. Ice 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Continental Insurance
Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Funk & Wagnalls Pfd.
Great American Ins. "Rights"
Guaranty Trust Stock
James Butler Pfd.
Kirby Lumber Co.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
National City Bank Stock
New Jersey Zinc
Penna. Coal & Coke
Phelps, Dodge & Co.
Port Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter
Singer Manufacturing
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
U. S. Finishing Co.
J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4060 to 4070 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

SUBMARINE BOAT
This company, at one time regarded as an "out and out" War stock, has through its shipbuilding facilities become a Peace stock as well as War. The company's future is treated in our
WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 322.
(Mailed free on request.)
Among other stocks treated are:
General Asphalt | Merritt Oil
United Motors | Glenrock
Midwest Refining | Cosden & Co.
M. S. WOLFE & CO
41 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
PHONE BROAD 25

We Can Use | We Offer for Sale
100 A.B Kirschb'm Pf | 100 Amer. Cyanamid
50 Amer. Gas & El. | 50 Burns Bros. 1.2d Pf
50 Fisk Rubber | 25 Childs' Rest. Pfd.
25 Stromberg Carb'r | 100 Freep't Tex. Sul.
100 Wright-Martin Pf. | 100 Penna. Coal & C.
Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA | NEW YORK
Land Title Building | Equitable Building
Tel. Spruce 381 | Tel. Rector 5354

Atlantic Fruit
Atlantic Holding
Columbi Graph. Common
Coulmbia Graph. 6s, 1930
Peerless Motor Truck 6s
MacAndrews & Forbes Pfd.
Northern Securities
Beverley Bogert & Co.
Tel. Broad 3317-8. 25 Broad St.

Tri-City Ry. & Light Pfd.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Carolina Power & Lt. Pfd.
Fort Worth Power & Light Pfd.
So. California Edison Com. & Pfd.
Utah Power & Light Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
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Private telephone to Boston.

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## FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CENTRAL VERMONT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

To the Holders of Steamship Guaranteed Gold Bonds, Series "B":

Notice is hereby given that in the exercise of the power reserved in Central Vermont Transportation Company Steamship Guaranteed Gold Bonds, Series "B," and in the Agreement and Mortgages securing the same, all of said bonds outstanding now subject to redemption—namely, bonds of said issue maturing subsequently to November 1, 1918—are hereby called for payment and redemption on November 1, 1918. On and after said date the said Company will pay off and redeem all of the said bonds outstanding and so maturing on presentation thereof at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, at their face amount, together with a premium of two and one-half per centum thereon and the accrued interest thereon to November 1, 1918. On November 1, 1918, the principal of all of said bonds will become due and payable, and after said date interest on said bonds will cease to accrue.

Dated September 20, 1918.

CENTRAL VERMONT TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
By E. C. SMITH, President.

# COTTON PRICES RECORD A STEADY DECLINE

## Market Off 50 to 60 Points on Liverpool and Short Selling—Ginners' Report a Bear Factor.

Cotton prices moved down in early dealings yesterday, seemingly affected sentimentally by the decline in the stock market and also depressed by a continuance of Liverpool selling. After receding about 25 points trade buying appeared on a large scale enough to stabilize quotations for a time, but later what looked like short selling in large volume worked to run quotations down further. The gross declines ran as far as 50 to 60 points, with only moderate recovering toward the close.

Cotton bears appeared to find ammunition for their operations in the report on ginnings. The National Ginners' Association's figures indicated that 7,060,000 bales had been ginned up to Oct. 18, compared with 5,573,000 bales in the same period last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Previous day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. | 30.90 | 31.10 | 30.47 | 30.47 bid | 31.00 |
| Nov. | .. | .. | .. | 29.43 bid | 29.93 |
| Dec. | 29.70 | 29.90 | 29.24 | 29.28@29.35 | 29.78 |
| Jan. | 29.12 | 29.22 | 28.60 | 28.62@28.67 | 29.20 |
| Feb. | .. | .. | .. | 28.45 bid | 28.90 |
| Mar. | 28.60 | 28.80 | 28.26 | 28.30@28.32 | 28.77 |
| April | .. | .. | .. | 28.15 bid | 28.65 |
| May | 28.25 | 28.50 | 28.00 | 28.05@28.12 | 28.55 |
| July | 28.12 | 28.31 | 27.97 | 28.00@28.07 | 28.38 |
| Aug. | .. | 27.75 | 27.40 | 27.50 bid | 27.90 |
| Sept. | .. | 26.90 | 26.90 | 26.90 bid | 27.50 |

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 31.45c for middling upland; sales, 200.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 31.25c; New Orleans, 30.50c; Savannah, 29.75c; Augusta, 29.25c; Memphis, 31.50c; Houston, 31c; Little Rock, 31c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Yesterday. | Last Wk. | Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts | 28,469 | 33,022 | 47,879 |
| Exports | 23,710 | ..... | ..... |
| Exports, season | 835,836 | 740,642 | 1,205,014 |
| N. Y. stocks | 91,520 | 88,091 | 88,811 |
| Port stocks | 1,164,436 | 1,015,373 | 855,037 |
| N. Y. arrivals | 2,761 | 3,132 | ..... |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, with middling 21.96d; good middling, 21.51d. Sales, 2,000 bales; American, 1,000. Imports, 18,000, all American. Futures opened steady at 12 to 17 points decline, closed steady at 2 to 14 points advance. October, 22.30d; November, 21.59d; December, 21.05d; January, 20.50d; February, 20.16d. Manchester: Yarns easier, cloths dull.

### Milling Dividend Declared.

The Standard Milling Company yesterday declared a dividend of 2 per cent., payable in cash, on the common stock. Formerly the disbursement was divided half in cash and half in stock. The dividend, together with the usual quarterly payment of 1½ per cent. on the preferred stock, will be distributed Nov. 30 to stockholders of record Nov. 19.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Forecast: N. C. and S. C.—Fair Thurs.; rain Fri. Ga., Fla., Ala., Tenn., Ky., Ohio., Ind., and Mich.—Rain Thurs. and Fri.

# UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2s registered | 99½ | 99¾ | 3s, conversion, 1947 | 80 | .. |
| 2s, coupon, 1930 | 99½ | 99¾ | 4s, registered, 1925 | 106 | 106¾ |
| 2s, Panama, '58, reg | 99 | 99½ | 4s, coupon, 1925 | 105 | 106¾ |
| 2s, Panama, '58, coupon | 99 | 99½ | 3s, Panama, '61, reg | 88 | 92 |
| 2s, registered, 1936 | 89 | .. | 3s, Panama, '61, coupon | 88 | 92 |
| 3s, coupon, 1946 | 89 | .. | 3s, Fed Land Bank, '38 | 104¼ | 105 |

# NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s July, 1967 | 98 | 100 | 99 | 3½s Nov., 1955 | 80 | .. | 80 | .. |
| 4½s June, 1965 | 98 | 100 | 99 | 3½s Nov., 1954 | 80 | 81 | 80½ | .. |
| 4½s Mar., 1963 | 98 | 100 | 99 | 3½s May, 1954 | 80 | 81 | 80½ | .. |
| 4½s Nov., 1957 | 98 | 100 | 99 | The following are quoted on a percentage basis: | | | | |
| 4½s May, 1957 | 98 | 100 | 99 | | | | | |
| 4½s Mar., 1960-30 | 93½ | 93 | 93¼ | 4½s 1924-1933 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 | |
| 4½s Nov., 1964 | 93½ | 93¾ | 93¼ | 4½s 1921-1923 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 | |
| 4½s Apr., 1966 | 93½ | 93¾ | 93¼ | 4½s 1919-1920 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 | |
| 4½s Mar., 1967 | 93½ | 93¾ | 93¼ | 4½s 1918 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 | |
| 4½s Sept., 1960 | 93¾ | 93 | 93¼ | 4½s 1924-1932 | 4.70 | 4.50 | 4.70 | |
| 4s May, 1959 | 89½ | 90 | 89 | 4½s 1940-1963 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.70 | |
| 4s Nov., 1958 | 89½ | 90 | 89 | 4½s 1919-1930 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.70 | |
| 4s May, 1957 | 89½ | 90 | 89 | 4½s 1922-1923 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.70 | |
| 4s Nov., 1956 | 88 | 89½ | 88 | 4½s 1919-1921 | 4.80 | 4.60 | 4.70 | |
| 4s Nov., 1955 | 88 | 89½ | 88 | 4½s 1918 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.50 | |
| 4s Nov., 1936 | 92 | 93 | 92 | 3½s 1940-1963 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 | |
| 4s May, 1919 | 90¼ | .. | 90¾ | 3½s 1920-1923 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 | |
| 4s Nov., 1918 | 99⅞ | .. | 90¾ | 3s 1918-1925 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 | |

# OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

## BALTIMORE.

### Stocks.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 260 Atlantic Pet. | 3⅝ | 3 | 3½ | 10 Hous Oil pf. | 73¾ | 73¾ | 73¾ |
| 10 Con Coal | 86 | 86 | 86 | 25 Md Casualty | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| 30 Cosden | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | 11 North Cent. | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| 1,050 Do pf | 19¾ | .. | 19¾ | 25 United Rys. | 20½ | 20½ | 20¼ |
| 20 Davison | 36¼ | 36¼ | 36¼ | 50 Wayland Oil | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 265 Elkhorn | 29½ | 29¼ | 29⅝ | | | | |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $22,000 Cosden 6s | 85 | 84½ | 85 | $1,000 Con. Coal 6s | 99¼ | 99½ | 99¼ |
| 1,000 Con Coal 5s | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 1,000 Ga. & Ala. con 5s | 92¼ | 92½ | 92½ |

## BOSTON.

### Mining.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 110 Am Zinc | 15⅝ | 15½ | 15⅝ | 25 Miami | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 51 Ahmeek | 83 | 82 | 82 | 200 Michigan | 3¼ | 3½ | 3¼ |
| 20 Allouez | 48¾ | 48¾ | 48¾ | 50 Mohawk | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| 20 Ariz Com'l | 16 | 16 | 16 | 50 Nipissing | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ |
| 100 Bingham | 90 | 95 | 95 | 35 North Butte | 14¾ | 14½ | 14¾ |
| 30 Butte & Bal. | 30c | 30c | 30c | 5 Osceola | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 196 Cal & Ariz | 70 | 69⅝ | 70 | 300 Pond Creek | 17½ | 17¼ | 17¼ |
| 12 Cal & Hecla | 460 | 460 | 460 | 15 Ray | 24⅞ | 24⅞ | 24⅞ |
| 65 Cop Range | 48¾ | 48½ | 48¾ | 20 St. Mary's | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| 180 Davis-Daly | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 50 Superior | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 340 East Butte | 10⅞ | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | 50 Sup & Bos | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ |
| 30 Hancock | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | 125 Trinity | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 125 Island Creek | 54 | 54 | 54 | 20 U S Smelt | 48¾ | 48¾ | 48¾ |
| 1 Isle Royale pf | 75½ | 75½ | 75½ | 15 Utah Apex | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 25 Isle Royale | 26 | 26 | 26 | 20 Utah Con | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ |
| 10 Kerr Lake | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | 25 Utah Metal | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ |
| 50 Lake | 6 | 6 | 6 | 50 Victoria | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ |
| 705 Mayflower | 3½ | 3¾ | 3¾ | | | | |

### Railroads.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 46 Bos & Alb | 135 | 132½ | 135 | 135 New Haven | 41½ | 40⅝ | 40⅝ |
| 145 Bos Elev | 73½ | 73 | 73¼ | 20 Old Colony | 105¼ | 105 | 105 |
| 16 Bos & Prov. | 162 | 162 | 162 | 20 West End | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| 50 Mass Elec | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 West End pf | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| 135 Mass Elec pf | 13¾ | 13½ | 13¾ | | | | |

### Miscellaneous.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 150 Am Ag Ch | 105 | 104 | 104½ | 250 Island Oil | 4 | 3⅞ | 3⅞ |
| 8 Am Ag C pf | 94 | 94 | 94 | 227 Mass Gas | 86 | 85 | 85 |
| 135 Am Sugar | 112 | 111⅞ | 111⅞ | 127 Mass Gas pf | 68 | 67½ | 68 |
| 5 Am Sug pf | 111⅞ | 111½ | 111⅞ | 4 Mergenthaler | 135 | 135 | 135 |
| 143 Am Tel & T | 107 | 106¼ | 106¾ | 100 N E Tel | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 40 Am Wool | 52¼ | 52¼ | 52¼ | 1,135 Punta Sugar | 46 | 44 | 45½ |
| 119 Am Wool pf | 93¾ | 94½ | 94½ | 1 Plant pf | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| 1,311 Art Metals | 14 | 14 | 14 | 20 Pullman | 125 | 125 | 125 |
| 70 A. G. & W. I | 113¾ | 113¼ | 113½ | 24,601 Stewart | 28½ | 28½ | 30¼ |
| 100 Booth Fish | 24¾ | 24 | 24¾ | 1,210 Swift | 117½ | 116¾ | 117¼ |
| 360 Cent Steel | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅝ | 17 Torrington | 51¾ | 51 | 51 |
| 60 Cuba P Cem | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | 115 Un Fruit | 146 | 145 | 145 |
| 50 East Boston | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | 408 Un Shoe | 44½ | 43½ | 45¾ |
| 10 Fairbanks | 167 | 166½ | 166½ | 5 Un Shoe pf | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 210 Fairbanks | 59 | 58½ | 58½ | 600 Ventura Oil | 8¾ | 8¼ | 8½ |
| 153 Gorton Pew | 30¼ | 30¼ | 30¼ | 275 Walworth | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| 750 Int P Cem | 7½ | 7 | 7½ | 50 WarBrosIpf | 38 | 38 | 38 |
| 655 Int P C pf | 19 | 19 | 19 | | | | |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $3,000 A T & T 6s | 100 | 99 | 100 | $1,000 Swift 5s | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 12,000 Gulf 5s | 75¾ | 75¼ | 75¼ | 5,000 Ven Oil 7s | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 1,000 KC, M&B 5s | 70 | 70 | 70 | | | | |

## CHICAGO.

### Stocks.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20 Am Radiat | 240 | 240 | 240 | 20 M Ward pf | 104½ | 104¼ | 104½ |
| 50 Armour pf | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾ | 45 Mid W Util | 27½ | 25 | 25 |
| 10 Booth F pf | 80 | 80 | 80 | 20 People's Gas | 57 | 56 | 56 |
| 40 C-C & C Ry | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | 345 Sears, Roeb | 163½ | 160 | 160¾ |
| 240 Do pf | 18 | 17 | 17 | 1,025 Stew. Warn | 71¾ | 70¾ | 70¾ |
| 105 C Rys. Co | 11½ | 11¼ | 11½ | 1,308 Swift Int | 27½ | 32½ | 33 |
| 45 Cudahy | 125¾ | 125 | 125¾ | 2,535 Swift | 117 | 116⅝ | 117 |
| 52 Com Edison | 112½ | 112¼ | 112½ | 2,430 Un Carbide | 59⅞ | 58¾ | 58⅝ |
| 80 Dis Match | 112 | 111½ | 112 | 200 Un Paperbd | 23½ | 23 | 23 |
| 841 Libby | 21¾ | 21¼ | 21½ | 230 Wilson | 62 | 60 | 61½ |
| 10 Lindsay Lt | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 76 Do pf | 93 | 92¾ | 93 |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $5,000 Armour deb 6s, 1920 | 99½ | 99¼ | 99¼ | $4,000 C El 1st 5s | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 7,000 Ch Ry 1st 5s | 84¾ | 84½ | 84¾ | 3,000 S S El 4½s | 78 | 78 | 78 |
| 12,000 Do Ser B 5s | 59 | 59 | 59 | 5,250 Liberty 4½s, 1928 | 96.60 | 96.90 | 96.50 |

## PHILADELPHIA.

### Stocks.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 35 Elec Storage | 55 | 55 | 55 | 1,480 Phila Elec | 25¼ | 25 | 25 |
| 61 Gen Asphalt | 35 | 34½ | 34½ | 40 Penn Salt | 84¾ | 84¾ | 84¾ |
| 100 Do pf | 70½ | 70½ | 70½ | 115 Tono Belm't | 2¾ | 2⅝ | 2¾ |
| 433 Lake Super | 17¾ | 16⅞ | 17 | 50 Tono Mining | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 368 Lehigh Nav | 70 | 69 | 69 | 235 Union Trac | 41 | 40 | 40 |
| 79 Lehigh Val | 63½ | 62½ | 62½ | 378 U G I | 69¾ | 69¼ | 69¼ |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 Am G & E 5s | 80 | 80 | 80 | $4,000 L Val con 6s | 100¾ | 100¾ | 100¾ |
| 1,000 L Nav con 4½s | 92¼ | 92¼ | 92¼ | 1,000 Penn gen 4½s | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ |
| 5,000 L Val gen 4½s | 87 | 87 | 87 | 1,000 United Rys | .. | .. | .. |
| 1,000 Do con 5s | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | inv 5s | 64 | 64 | 64 |

# PUBLIC UTILITIES

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 300 Cities Service | 302 | 291 | 295 | 297 |
| — Cities Service pf | 77¼ | 76⅜ | 76½ | 77 |

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adiron Elec Power | 10 | 12 | Miss River Power | 13 | 16 |
| Adiron Elec Power pf | 60 | 65 | Miss River Power pf | 42 | 46 |
| Am Gas & Electric | 90 | 95 | Northern Ohio Electric | 15 | 18 |
| Am Gas & Electric pf | 39½ | 42 | Northern Ohio Elec pf | 52 | 57 |
| Am Light & Traction | 235 | 240 | North Ont Lt & Power | 11 | 15 |
| Am Light & Trac pf | 95 | 97 | North Ont Lt & P pf | 52 | 56 |
| Am Power & Light | 45 | .. | Northern States Power | 50 | 60 |
| Am Power & Light pf | 71 | 75 | North States Power pf | 83 | 86 |
| Am Public Utilities | .. | 25 | Northern Texas Elec | 63½ | 70 |
| Am Public Utilities pf | 38 | 43 | Northern Tex Elec pf | 70 | 75 |
| Am W W & Electric | 6 | 8 | Pacific Gas & Electric | 39 | 40 |
| Am W W & E 1st pf | 63 | 68 | Pacific Gas & Elec pf | 82½ | 84 |
| Am W W & E partic | 14 | 17 | Puget Sd Trac, Lt & P | 10 | 15 |
| Carolina Pow & Light | 27 | 30 | Puget Sd T. L. & P pf | 45½ | 46½ |
| Carolina Pow & Lt pf | 87 | 92 | Ry & Light Secur pf | 87 | 93 |
| Colorado Power | 24 | 27 | Republic Ry & Light | 19 | 21 |
| Colorado Power pf | 89 | 94 | Republic Ry & Lt pf | 56 | 59 |
| Columbus Electric pf | 70 | 77 | Stand Gas & Elec | 7 | 9 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Lt | 25 | 27 | Stand Gas E Elec pf | 31 | 34 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf | 46 | 48 | Southern Cal Edison | 73 | 76 |
| Conn Power pf | 75 | 80 | South Cal Edison pf | 93 | 96 |
| Consumers Power pf | 80 | 85 | Tampa Electric | 100 | .. |
| Eastern Texas Electric | 52 | 55 | Tenn Ry, Lt & Power | 2½ | 3½ |
| Eastern Texas Elec pf | 72 | 76 | Tenn Ry, Lt & P pf | 13 | 15 |
| El Paso Electric | 75 | 80 | United Light & Rys | 34 | 37 |
| Elec B & S pf | 92 | 95 | United Light & Rys pf | 64 | 67 |
| Empire Dist Elec | 70 | 75 | Wash W L & P pf | 82 | 84 |
| Federal Light & Trac | 7 | 11 | Western Power | 12 | 13 |
| Federal Light & Tr pf | 38 | 41 | Western Power pf | 59 | 61 |
| Galveston-Hous Elec | 21½ | .. | West. Church & Kerr | .. | 65 |
| Galveston Hous Elec pf | 60 | 65 | West. Church & K pf | 75 | 82 |
| Gas & Elec Securities | 200 | 250 | Yadkin River Power pf | 98 | 100 |
| Gas & Elec Sec pf | 80 | 85 | | | |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama Water 6s, '20 | 96½ | 98 | | int M Ry, L & P 6s | 98¼ | 99¼ |
| Am W W & E 5s | .. | 66 | | Middle W U 6s, 1925 | 85 | 90 |
| Appalachian Pow 5s, 32 | 67 | 69 | | Miss River Pow 1st 5s | 70 | 72½ |
| Cin Gas & El 5s, '56 | 89 | 93 | | Miss V G & E 5s, '22 | 78 | 80 |
| Cities Fuel & P 5s, '96 | 98½ | .. | | Nor States Pow 5s, '26 | 89 | 91 |
| Cities Service deb 7s | 109 | 114 | | Nor States Pow 5s, '41 | 82 | 85½ |
| Col G & E deb 5s, '27 | 71 | 76 | | Nor Tex Elec col 5s | 79 | 83½ |
| Commonwealth Power (New) 1st 5s, 1944 | .. | 97 | 100 | Omaha & C B 5s, 1928 | 75 | 85 |
| Conn Power 5s, 1963 | 84 | 89 | | Puget Sd T. L. & P 7s | .. | 98 |
| Dallas Elec 5s, 1922 | 84 | 88 | | Roanoke W W 5s, '19 | 96 | 96¼ |
| Fast Tex Elec col 5s | 82 | 88 | | So Cal Edison 5s, '39 | 87 | 90 |
| East Tex Elec. 7s, '21 | 96 | 98 | | Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953 | .. | 77 | 82½ |
| El Paso Elec col 5s | 82 | 88 | | Un L & R 1st 5s, '32 | 70 | 80 | 82 |
| Empire Gas & Fls, '26 | 95½ | 97½ | | Un L & R deb 6s, '26 | 87 | 90 | 87 |
| Empire ref 6s, 1927 | 90 | 93½ | | Un Util cv 6s, 1943 | 90 | 90 | 95 |
| Gt West Pow 5s, '46 | 72 | 74 | | Utah Securities 6s | 4 | 8 | 86 |
| Gt West Pow 6s, '25 | 87 | 90 | | Wash I W L & P 6s | 94½ | 98 | 98 |

# TOBACCO STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Tuesday. Bid. | Tuesday. Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am Cigar | 99 | 102 | 99 | .. |
| Am Cigar pf | 83 | 80 | 83 | .. |
| Conley Foil | 190 | 205 | 190 | .. |
| J S Young | 120 | 150 | 120 | .. |
| J S Young pf | 97 | 102 | 97 | .. |
| MacA & Forbes | 160 | 170 | 150 | .. |
| MacA & Forbes pf | 80 | 90 | 80 | .. |
| Porto R-Am Tob | 122 | 130 | 122 | .. |
| R J Reynolds, A | 320 | 350 | 310 | .. |
| R J Reyn B com | 245 | 255 | 245 | .. |
| R J Reynolds pf | 106 | 108 | 104 | .. |
| Weyman-Bruton | 170 | 180 | 150 | .. |
| Weyman-B pf | 98 | 101 | 96 | .. |

# COMMODITIES MARKETS.

## CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. | 1.35 | 1.30 | 1.35 | .. | .. |
| Nov. | 1.27¼ | 1.23⅝ | 1.27⅝ | 1.23⅝ | .. |
| Dec. | 1.24½ | 1.20½ | 1.24½ | 1.20¼ | 1.16⅝ |

## OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nov. | 60¾ | 58 | 60½ | 58⅝ | .. |
| Dec. | 60¾ | 60 | 60½ | 58⅝ | 58¾ |

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 80c; No. 2 white, 79c; No. 3 white, 79c; No. 4 white, 78½c; ordinary clipped, 79c.

## PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lard— | | | | | |
| Oct. | .. | .. | .. | 25.27 | 24.65 |
| Nov. | 24.45 | 24.20 | 24.20 | 24.05 | 23.82 |
| Jan. | 23.47 | 23.05 | 23.10 | 23.42 | 21.60 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| Nov. | 21.77 | 21.05 | 21.07 | 21.50 | .. |
| Jan. | 20.60 | 20.22 | 20.32 | 20.50 | 21.17 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| Oct. | .. | .. | .. | 35.00 | 35.50 | 42.00 |
| Nov. | .. | .. | .. | 35.00 | 35.50 | .. |
| Jan. | .. | .. | .. | 37.70 | 38.20 | 38.70 |

## COFFEE.

| Range of prices: | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|
| November | 8.65 | 8.65 |
| December | 8.80 | 8.80 |
| January | 8.95 | 8.95 |
| May | 9.10 | 9.10 |
| July | 9.85 | 9.85 |
| September | 10.15 | 10.15 |

## RYE.

| | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| November | .. | .. | 1.63¾ |
| December | .. | .. | 1.64¾ |

# CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday closed weak and active. Final quotations approximated the low levels attained in the liquidation that obtained up to midafternoon, when a rally was met by renewed selling which made for net losses from 1 to 3 points throughout the list. The one active stock to show a gain at the end of the session was Baldwin Locomotive.

| Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 50 Allis-Chalm | 29 | 28¾ | 29 | 90 Miami Cop | 29 | 28⅝ | 28¾ |
| 400 Am Can | 46⅜ | 45 | 45¾ | 150 Midvale Steel | 47¾ | 47 | 47¾ |
| 60 Am C & F | 87½ | 86¾ | 86¾ | 290 Mo Pacific | 27¼ | 26¾ | 26¾ |
| 20 Am Car | 114 | 113¾ | 114 | 60 Nev Cons | 26⅝ | 26¼ | 26⅜ |
| 20 Am Internat | 58¾ | 58¾ | 58¾ | 1,360 N Y Cen | 82½ | 80½ | 80⅝ |
| 350 Am Loco | 68¾ | 66½ | 67¼ | 420 N Y, N H & H | 42 | 40⅞ | 41 |
| 3,450 Am S & R | 86⅜ | 85½ | 85⅝ | 140 N Y, O & W | 23½ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 230 Am Su Tob | 116¾ | 114 | 114¾ | 90 North Pac | 95¾ | 94¾ | 94¾ |
| 1,420 Am Tob | 72¾ | 70¾ | 70⅝ | 350 Ohio C Gas | 44⅝ | 43¾ | 43¾ |
| 160 A, T & S F | 96¾ | 95½ | 95½ | 50 Ontario Min | 7¾ | 7¼ | 7¼ |
| 10 A, G & W I | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | 190 Pennsylvania | 49¾ | 47¾ | 47¾ |
| 15,710 Bald Locos | 89½ | 82¾ | 87½ | 10 Peoples Gas | 47¾ | 47¼ | 47¼ |
| 140 Balt & Ohio | 58⅜ | 57¼ | 57¼ | 20 Pierce-Arrow | 45¼ | 45¼ | 45¼ |
| 1,740 Bethl Steel | 78¾ | 76¼ | 76⅝ | 260 Pierce Oil | 18¾ | 17¼ | 18 |
| 70 Can Pacific | 171¼ | 168½ | 168¾ | 10 Ry St'l Spgs | 68¼ | 68¾ | 68¾ |
| 50 Cen Leather | 66¾ | 65½ | 65½ | 20 Ray Consol | 24⅞ | 24⅝ | 24⅞ |
| 180 Ches & Ohio | 61⅝ | 60 | 60¼ | 7,980 Reading | 93 | 92¾ | 92¾ |
| 240 C, M & St P | 51¾ | 50¼ | 50⅞ | 70 Rep I & S | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 290 C, R I & P | 20⅛ | 27¾ | 28 | 330 Sinclair Oil | 34⅜ | 33¼ | 33⅜ |
| 10 Chile Copper | 21 | 21 | 21 | 2,200 So Pacific | 105 | 100 | 101¾ |
| 80 Chino Copper | 41¾ | 41 | 41¾ | 920 So Railway | 31⅜ | 30¾ | 30¾ |
| 50 Colum Gas | 39⅝ | 39¾ | 39¾ | 1,320 Studebaker | 64¾ | 62 | 62¾ |
| 50 Col F & I | 43⅝ | 43⅜ | 43⅜ | 10 Tenn Cop | 44¼ | 44¼ | 44¼ |
| 250 Corn Prod | 45¼ | 43⅝ | 43⅝ | 10 Texas Co | 188¾ | 188¾ | 188¾ |
| 1,560 Crucible St'l | 58½ | 55¾ | 57¼ | 630 Tob Prod | 70¼ | 73¾ | 73¾ |
| 420 Cuba Cane S | 32⅞ | 31½ | 32¼ | 410 Union Pac | 136¾ | 134 | 135⅝ |
| 60 Dist Secur | 49 | 47¾ | 49 | 150 U S Ind Al | 108½ | 106 | 108 |
| 1,450 Erie | 19¼ | 17¾ | 17¾ | 150 U S Rubber | 114¾ | 113¼ | 113¼ |
| 50 Do 1st pf | 34 | 33 | 33 | 35,350 U S Steel | 111¾ | 108⅝ | 108¾ |
| 10 Gen Motors | 130 | 130 | 130 | 100 Utah Cop | 86¾ | 88½ | 89¼ |
| 20 Goodrich Co | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ | 40 Va-Car Ch | 56½ | 56¾ | 56½ |
| 250 Gt Nor pf | 94¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | 50 Wab pf A | 41 | 40¾ | 40¾ |
| 60 Gt Nor Ore | 32½ | 32½ | 33 | 100 Westing El | 45 | 44¾ | 45 |
| 360 Inspir Cop | 53⅝ | 54½ | 54⅝ | 450 Willys-Over | 24¼ | 23 | 25⅞ |
| 220 Int Mer Ma | 31¾ | 30⅜ | 31 | | | | |
| 6,480 Do pf | 123¼ | 120¾ | 121 | | | | |
| 20 Int Nickel | 32¾ | 32¼ | 32½ | | | | |
| 30 Int Paper | 87⅞ | 85¾ | 85¾ | | | | |
| 150 Kan City So | 21¼ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | | | | |
| 225 Kenne Cop | 38⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | | | | |
| 20 Lehigh Val | 62⅜ | 62¼ | 62⅜ | | | | |
| 50 Mex Motors | 32¾ | 31⅞ | 32¼ | | | | |
| 3,860 Mex Petrol | 150¼ | 146¾ | 151 | | | | |

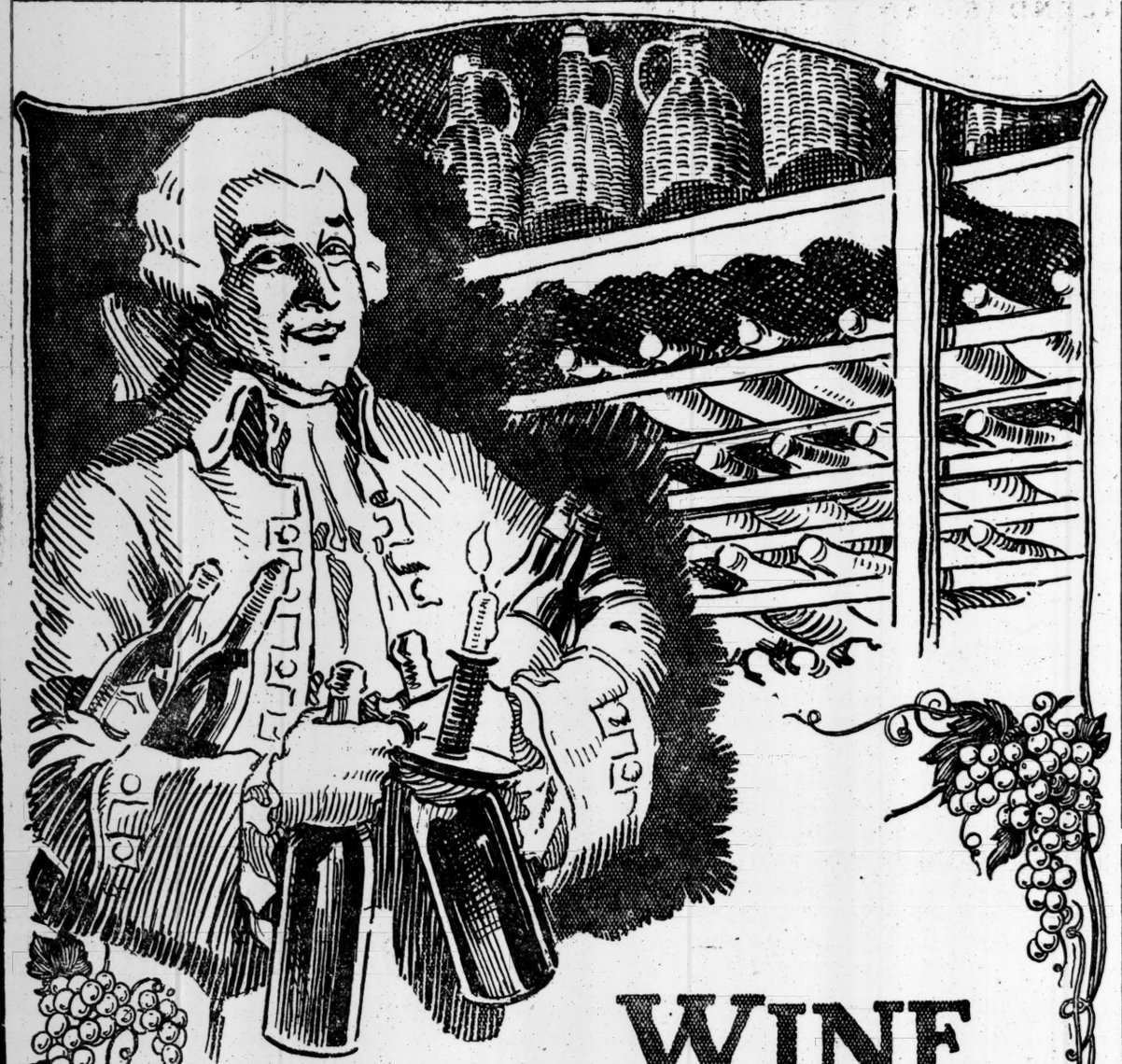
*LIBERTY BONDS.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $2,200 Lib 3½s | 100.96 | 100.90 | 100.80 | 100.98 | | | |
| 2,450 2d 4s | 98.80 | 98.76 | 98.80 | | | | |
| 2,850 2d 4s | 98.86 | 98.72 | 98.80 | | | | |
| 1,200 1st 4½s | 97.80 | 97.74 | 97.74 | | | | |
| 5,000 2d 4½s | 98.90 | 98.82 | 98.88 | | | | |
| 4,850 3d 4½s | 97.64 | 97.54 | 97.60 | | | | |

*Prices include interest.

# CURB TRANSACTIONS

## INDUSTRIAL



# WINE VAULT CLEARANCE

The manufacture and importation of liquors have been stopped. The PROHIBITION ACT, just passed by Congress, will make it impossible to obtain liquor of any kind at any price after June 30, 1919. The new REVENUE ACT soon to take effect will increase all prices by the addition of larger taxes than the world has ever known.

**The House of HENRY HOLLANDER, established over forty-one years and recognized as one of the leading wholesale Wine and Liquor Importing houses in the United States, has inaugurated a WINE VAULT CLEARANCE SALE for the immediate disposal of its merchandise.**

THE RAREST BRANDS and vintages will be sold in cases or in bulk. There are famous Vintage Champagnes, Brandies, Burgundies, Clarets, Moselles, Ports, Sherries, Liqueurs, Gins, and Scotch, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. Also a quantity of fine Virgin Italian Olive Oil imported in tins.

ALL GOODS are of international repute and many are no longer on the market and are not obtainable elsewhere. This is *the* opportunity for connoisseurs to stock up their wine cellars with the rarest and finest of old wines and liquors at less than wholesale prices. Most of these world-famous Vintage Wines are now practically extinct, and, as is well known, many of the brands will not be produced again in our generation, as the historic wine-producing districts in France have been destroyed.

***We will dispose of our enormous stocks without reservation. QUICK ACTION is to your advantage, as the choicest always go first. BUY NOW before the new taxes are imposed.***

If not convenient to visit our establishment, telephone or telegraph for our representative, who will bring complete information and price lists.

***NOTE:—For those lacking present facilities we will make special arrangements for storage.***

## HENRY HOLLANDER

*Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur*

ESTABLISHED 1877

149-151 West 36th Street

Telephone: Greeley 3218-3219

OPEN until 8 p. m. Thursday, Friday, and Saturday Evenings


# REAL ESTATE FIELD

**The Mercantile Bank of the Americas has leased for a long term the nine-story building at 40 to 44 Pine Street, adjoining its William Street and also adjoining its present offices at 38 Pine Street. The building leased is owned by Mary A. and Gertrude L. Hugh and Angelica L. Morgan and covers a plot fronting 71.9 feet on Pine Street.**

The deal was closed through the firm of Horace S. Ely & Co. The building will be extensively altered and will be entirely occupied by the bank, which needs enlarged quarters to care for its increased business. The bank was organized in 1915 to care for American trade interests in foreign lands.

**Private Dwelling Sales.**

The four-story residence at 17 East Seventy-fifth Street, on a lot 20 by 102.2, near Madison Avenue, has been sold for the Madison Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street Corporation by W. J. Boller to a client of Robert M. Fulton. The sellers acquired the property last June. It was held at $60,000.

The three-story dwelling at 155 West 120th Street, on lot 16 by 100, has been sold by A. Kane & Co. for the Lawyers Mortgage Company.

The estate of Douglas Taylor sold to an operator for alteration the four-story dwelling 333 West Twenty-second Street, on a plot 37.6 by 98.9.

Charles F. Smith is the buyer of the dwelling 57 West Seventy-fourth Street, sold recently by the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company.

**Investors Buying Tenements.**

Mrs. Catherine Ernst resold to an investor 171 West 102d Street, a five-story flat acquired by the seller in foreclosure proceedings Oct. 4, for $19,500.

The Seymour Realty Company sold to Sidney I. Moll, for investment, 17 West 113th Street, a five-story double flat on a lot 25 by 100.

Harry Sugarman has sold for Rachel Katze to James H. Cruikshank and Charles Wynne the five-story tenement with stores at 235 East Fifty-sixth Street. It is assessed at $21,000. The plot is 25 by 100.5, between Second and Third Avenues.

**The Bronx Market.**

The Isear Realty Company purchased for cash from a client of H. B. Davis 2,027 and 2,029 Bathgate Avenue, a five-story flat on a plot 94 by 60. The property yields an annual rental of $12,000 and was held at $85,000.

The Hudwill Corporation, Hudson P. Rose, President, has purchased from George and David Hanrahan the three-family house on a plot 50 by 95 at 1,732 Cruger Avenue, Van Nest.

**Brooklyn.**

F. C. Sauter has sold for John Nield the three-story frame dwelling at 223 Tenth Street to a client for occupancy.

**Queens Borough Sales.**

The Manhattan Savings Institution sold to the Liberty Paint Company a plot 100 by 100 feet on the west side of Vernon Avenue 75 feet north of Tenth Street, Long Island City.

A. Hellrung sold to F. T. Hepburn a plot 341 by 105 feet on the south side of Sanford Avenue 622 feet east of Parsons Avenue, Flushing.

**Staten Island Buyer.**

Moffatt & Schwab have sold for Mrs. Martha J. Wilkinson of New Milford, Conn., her house at 832 Westerveit Avenue, Tompkinsville, to Mrs. Mathilda J. Larsen. It has a frontage of 70 feet on Westervelt Avenue.

**Bingham Home Mortgages Renewed.**

The mortgages on the residence of the actress, Amelia Bingham at 103 Riverside Drive, near Eighty-third Street, have been renewed through William A. White & Sons, as brokers. The holder of the mortgages is Mrs. Sarah A. Jefferson, widow of Joseph Jefferson, the actor. They aggregate $33,500, being a first mortgage of $15,000, a second mortgage of $6,000, and a third of $12,500. The foreclosure sale of the house was adjourned last Tuesday.

**Harlem Theatre In $150,000 Lease.**

The North Star Theatre, occupying the Fifth Avenue block frontage between 106th and 107th Streets, has been leased by Sydney S. Cohen for Heyne & Scharf to the North Star Park Corporation. The lease is for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of about $150,000.

**$300,000 for Dwellings at Mariners Harbor, Staten Island.**

The Bureau of Industrial Housing and Transportation has awarded to Bing & Bing, builders and operators, a contract calling for the erection of seventy-two one-family frame and stucco dwellings and a four-story brick apartment to accommodate thirty-six families at Mariners Harbor, Staten Island. The one-family dwellings will cost about $3,300 each and the entire project will involve about $300,000. Delano & Aldrich are the architects.

### RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

**120th St, 58 West, s s, 297.9 ft e of Lenox Av, 19x100.11, three-story and basement dwelling; C. W. Hall et al., trustee, against William Karmer, Jr., et al.; Remsen & P., attorneys; due, $17,767.75; taxes, &c, $484.51; to the plaintiff for $10,000.**

By Henry Brady.

Gray St, s w corner of Wood Av, 25.6x100x45.1x101.11; E. K. Dooling against Emelie Ochsner et al; Action 1; Knox & D., attorneys; due, $1,584.87; taxes, &c, $491.03; to Marie Gerz for $1,000.

McGraw Av, s s, 93 ft w of Pugsley Av, 102.4x86.10x100x94.1; E. K. Dooling against Agnes Murphy et al.; Knox & D., attorneys; due, $2,518.03; taxes, &c., $2,049.19; to Marie Gerz for $1,000.

Wood Av, s s, 101.11 ft w of Gray St, 25.6x160x25x95.1; E. K. Dooling against Emelie Ochsner et al.; Action 2; Knox & D., attorneys; due, $680 24; taxes, &c., $607.48; to Marie Gerz for $500.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

**Manhattan.**

134TH ST, 318 West, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Wells Holding Co. to Edw. W. Browning, 110 West 40th St, mtg $10,000, Oct. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

74TH ST, 57 West, n s, 120 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x102.2; Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. to Charles F. and Annie M. Smith, 208 West 72d St, as joint tenants, mtg $20,000 and prior mtg for $4,000; address, C. F. Smith, 1 West 34th St.....$100

SUFFOLK ST, 118, e s, 76 ft s of Rivington St, 24x75, (foreclosed Oct. 16;) Lester M. Friedman, referee, to Ella V. Eldredge, 366 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, Oct. 22; attorneys, Thompson & Fuller.....$10,000

101ST ST, n s, 270 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Montague Lessler to Rebecca Smith, 417 East 101st St, Aug. 6, all liens, mtg $3,500; attorneys, Steinberg & Levien, 320 Broadway $1

STANTON ST, 62, n s, 25.4 ft e of Eldridge St, 25.4x75; Thomas J. Keane to E. D. Hisrad, 518 East 146th St, Bronx, all title all liens, Oct. 22; attorney, Leo Schafran, 31 Chambers St.....$100

MADISON AV, 1,427 and 1,429, e s, 50.11 ft s of 99th St, 50x100, foreclosure Sept. 16, 1918; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, Oct. 22; attorney, Julius H. Ziesar, 217 Broadway.....$57,000

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,427, e s, 74.1 ft n of 130th St, 25x100; William L. Solomon to Etta Halper, 600 West 150th St, all liens, Aug. 21; attorney, S. Honig, 280 Broadway.....$1

1ST AV, 991, w s, 61 ft n of 54th St, 68x 20x irregular, foreclosure Sept. 9, 1918; Maurice Bloch, referee, to Bela D. Elsler, 302 West 92d St, Oct. 21; address, 30 Pine St.....$6,700

SAME PROPERTY; Bela D. Elsler to Tahka Realty Corp., 140 Nassau St, Oct. 22; address same.....$1

102D ST, s e, 175 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Samuel Buchfuhrer to Gosle, his wife, 228 East 102d St, mtg $11,275, July 2; attorney, S. A. Langfur, 299 Broadway.....$1

140TH ST, n s, 115 ft w of 8th Av, 17.5x99.11; William C. Reeber to Josephine V. Ryan, 163 Lexington Av, mtg $6,500, all liens, Oct. 16; attorney, Kenneth C. Newman, 38 Park Row.....$100

117TH ST, 12 West, s s, 125 ft w of 5th Av, 33.11x100.11, foreclosure Oct. 22, 1918; George L. Donnellan, referee, to Francis L. Noble, 200 Hicks St, Brooklyn, trustee, Oct. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,000

**Bronx.**

MARION ST, 2,672, e s, 25x100; William J. McKinley to Minnie A. Cunningham, 300 West 140th St, mtg $5,000, Aug. 1; attorney, A. E. Kelly, 41 Union Square....$100

BROOK AV, 418, e s, 22x100; Delco Holding Co. to Anna L. Shoemaker, 1,226 Tinton Av, mtg $11,500, Oct. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

GRANT AV, 1,066, e s, 25x100; Kathryn F. Schieffer to Jake Silverstein, 507 Thatford Av, Brooklyn, and another, Oct. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

FRANKLIN AV, 1,240, e s, 40.9x85.5; Benjamin M. Gruenstein to Jennie Haley, 696 Cauldwell Av, Aug. 21; attorneys, Gruenstein & M., 230 Grand St.....$1

MOTT AV, n w corner of 138th St, runs n — to s s of Cheever Place x w — to e s of Walton Av x s — to n s of 138th St x e — to beginning; also 138th St, n s, 25 ft e of Exterior St, 100x100; also Walton Av, w s, 186.1 ft n of 138th St, 225x94.4x222x 89.2; Walter Luttgen to August Belmont, Hempstead, L. I., Oct. 18; attorneys, Shattuck, G. H. & G., 26 Exchange Place.....$1

MORRIS AV, 2,022, e s, 18.9x100; James C. Green to Frederic J. Smith, 227 Edgecombe Av, mtg $6,500, Oct. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

CLINTON AV, e s, 77.11 ft n of 175th St, 19.3x90.2; Mary A. Truslow to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, Sept. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Olds Holding Corporation to Carrie Block, 272 Manhattan Av, Oct. 22; attorney, same.....$100

INTERVALE AV, w s, 286 ft n of Freeman St, 50x105; Robert H. Machlett to Olds Holding Corporation 217 Broadway, mtg $38,000, Sept. 5; attorney, J. H. Ziesar, 217 Broadway.....$100

INTERVALE AV, w s, 316 ft n of Freeman St, 50x105; 1,339 Intervale Avenue Co, Inc., to same, mtg $37,500, Sept. 5; attorney same.....$100

186TH ST, 452 East, s s, 20x100; 37 West 19th Street Realty Co. to William C. F. Friederichsen, 227 East 87th St, mtg $3,000, Oct. 22; attorney, W. C. F. Friederichsen, 227 East 87th St.....$1

LOT 154, map of Downing estate; Charles Toerper to Emil N. Sargenfrei, 512 Morris Park Av, mtg $4,750, Oct. 2; attorney, William Peters & Co., 1,044 East Tremont Av..$100

LOTS 100 to 102, map of Haight estate; Frederick Elsen to Emil N. Sargenfrei, 512 Morris Park Av, Oct. 23; attorney, William Peters & Co., 1,044 East Tremont Av..$100

### RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

**Manhattan.**

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 475 ft n of 122d St, runs n 150xe 57.4 to centre line of old Bloomingdale Road, (closed,)xs 0 5xe 42.7x s, 145.7x w 100 ft to beginning, April 22; Excellent Holding Corporation to Ennis & Slott, 7 East 42d St, installments, $250 min; int as per notes, prior mtg $222,000; attorneys, McLaughlin & Hern, 15 William St.....$7,500

MADISON AV, 1,427-29, e s, 50.11 ft s of 99th St, 50x100, Oct. 22; Olds Holding Corp, to Benoit Wasserman, 1,239 Madison Av, 4 years, prior mtg $45,000; attorneys, Loewenthal & Hirsch, 111 Broadway....$13,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 22; same to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 40 Cedar St.....$45,000

1ST AV, w s, 61 ft n of 54th St, 68x20xirregular, p. m., Oct. 21; Tahka Realty Corporation to Bela D. Elsler, 302 West 92d St., due Oct. 10, 1921, 6 p. c.; address, B. D. Elsler, 30 Pine St.....$6,700

40TH ST, 330 West, s s, 436.4 ft w of 10th Av, 20.4x100.5, Oct. 23; Henry R. and Lillian Paul to Arthur F. and Mary F. Schaefer, 326 West 42d St, 3 years, 6½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$8,000

74TH ST, 57 West, n s, 120 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x102.2, p. m. Sept. 3; Charles F. and Annie M. Smith to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

140TH ST, n s, 120 ft w of Lenox Av, 115x99.11, Hampton Court, Aug. 5; E. H. E. Realty Corp. to Premium Holding Corp., 149 Church St, due Aug. 1, 1927, prior mtg $97,500; attorneys, Kbrman & Frank, 25 Broad St.....$62,500

**Bronx.**

ALEXANDER AV, n w corner 144th St, 50x75.9; John D. Helmke to Benenson Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, prior m g. $20,000, Oct. 19, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....3,000

CLINTON AV, e s, 77.11 ft n of 175th St, 19.3x90.2; Carrie Block to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, Oct. 22, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....4,000

UNION AV, 636, e s, 16.8x90; Bernard Frommer to Yetta Rothstein, 3,006 Grand Av, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 22, installments 6 p. c.; attorney, A. H. Britt, 261 Broadway.....1,200

### ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

**Manhattan.**

WATER ST, 630, n w corner of Scammel St, mtg $8,000; Peter Sisholm to Winthrop V. Taylor, 27 Pine St.....$1

75TH ST, n s, 137.6 ft e of 2d Av, mtg $34,000; William E. Mason et al., trustees, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$33,000

86TH ST, 137 and 139 West, mtg $50,000; William Rankin to W. C. Jacquette, 2,178 Broadway; address, Hardy, S. & W., 165 Broadway.....$40,000

**Bronx.**

BELMONT AV, w s, 177.4 ft s of 182d St, 25.1x81.2; Empire Mortgage Co. to Giovanni Cavaliere, 2,167 Belmont Av; attorney, S. H. Golding, 135 Broadway.....$4,000

135TH ST, 341-3 East; Hudwill Corp. to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St; attorney, Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St.....$1

DECATUR AV, 2,767; Harry Aronson, Inc., to Charles Hoffman, 39 West 89th St; attorneys, Lurie & F., 200 5th Av.....$100

HEATH AV, 2,667; same to same; attorney, same.....$100

HOME ST, 763; Joseph N. Courtade to Martin F. Breden, 7,068 Woodycrest Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,500

140TH ST, n s, 380 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 40x95; Frederick W. Marks to Alois Dill, 428 East 75th St; attorney, Lawyers' Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.....$1

### RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

**Manhattan.**

BROADWAY, 3,117-31, all; Belford Realty Co to Morris Schachnow, 986 Avenue St. John, Bronx, from Nov. 1, 1918, to Sept. 30, 1921; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.....$21,500

2D AV, 2,349, store floor; Fred Deicke to Anton Ajer, on the premises, 4 years, from May 1, 1919; address F. Deicke, 68 Java St, Brooklyn.....$1,020

9TH AV, 559, store and part basement; M. A. McGlynn to Benjamin Deutch, 235 Roebling St, Brooklyn, 5 years, from Nov. 15, 1918; address 467 9th Av.....$1,800

58TH ST, 318-20 East, all; Rose Rothbart to Philip Zeller, 255 1st Av, 10 years, from Jan. 2, 1918; attorney, Philip J. Schick, 1,475 Broadway.....$4,200

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Zeller to Max Solomon, 105 East 10th St, Oct. 9; address 318 East 58th St.....$3,850

### MECHANICS' LIENS.

**Manhattan.**

No mechanics' liens weer filed this day.

**Bronx.**

PLOT of land bounded by 174th St, 177th St, Bronx River, and tracks of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, containing about 10 acres; Master Builders' Co., Inc., against William Waldorf Astor, John Jacob Astor, and Astor Estate, owners; Bronx Exposition Co., Amos M. Baker, and Harry F. McGarvie, lessees; Exposition Catering Co., Inc., contractors.....$637

PRATT AV, 4,023; G. Zibelli & Son against Louis Rasmussen, owner and contractor.$337

### LIS PENDENS.

**Manhattan.**

10TH AV, s e corner of 208th St, 74.11x125; Sarah E. MacDonald against Loton H. Slawson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stotesbury & Miner.

132D ST, n s, 308 ft w of Lenox Av, 17x100; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Max Schlesinger et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

178TH ST, 503 and 505 West; Edna C. Meyers against Helen C. Corsa et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. Lese.

178TH ST, 507 and 509 West; Edna C. Meyers against Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. Lese.

**Bronx.**

INTERVALE AV, 1,230; Jacob O. Pedersen against George Knauf et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, O. E. Davis.

LOT 829, east half, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Thomas Fay et al. against Mary A. Atkinson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. Squires.

LOT 88½, Block 2,830, Section 11; City of New York against Robert C. Turnbull, executor, et al., foreclosure of tax lien; attorney, W. P. Burr.

LOT 67, Block 2,615, Section 10, —x—; City of New York against Sarah J. Downes et al., foreclosure of tax lien; attorney, W. P. Burr.

LOT 829, west half, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Glen A. Grove et al. against Mary A. Atkinson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. Squires.

6TH AV, s s, Lot 250, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Irene T. Russell against Mary A. Atkinson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. S. Cohen.

147TH ST, 694 East; Lee Siebert et al. against Mary A. Stanton et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. Ecker.

187TH ST, s s, 164 ft w of Bathgate Av, 31.2x94.7x irregular; Frank W. Blauvelt et al. against Mountain Construction Co et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. Frody, Jr.


MOUNTAINSIDE HOME, IMPOSING COLONIAL DESIGN, $10,000

$5,000 ON FIRST MORTGAGE; $5,000 EASY TERMS BUYS IT.

Riparian Rights on Two Picturesque Lakes.

On beautiful plot 100 ft. by 152 ft., covered with fine old oaks, elegant grounds; aristocratic surroundings and neighbors; only a few minutes' walk to express station of D., L. & W.; fine commuting service to N. Y. C.; now ready for occupancy; fitted with every modern convenience; 10 big rooms; huge open fireplace, 7 large bedrooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping balconies; all handsomely finished in parquet floors, white enamel and chestnut trim; very conveniently located as to markets, schools, churches and several country clubs near by; nine hundred feet elevation; sparkling, pure artesian water.

Write or phone Geo. R. Feare, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Tel. 6634 Audubon.

Experienced Real Estate Man

Desires Position Nov. 1.

Renting—Repairs—Collecting.

L 643 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

REAL ESTATE.

Factory Property

Frederick and State Streets, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Will Be Sold Under Judgment of Foreclosure

Nov. 6th, 1918—10 o'Clock A. M.

11-3 acres of land; 3-story brick buildings; over 30,000 sq. ft. floor space.

5,000 sq. ft. shed room.

5,000 sq. ft. boiler house and storage. Fire Escapes, Sprinkler System, etc Immediate Possession. Inquire

Jenkins, Deyo & Hitchcock, Attorneys, Binghamton, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Sacrifice—Quick

For Private Home or to Alter.

Magnificent modern 25-ft. 4-story Private House, 4-story extension, in most exclusive wide street; ideal for a bachelor apartments. Will sacrifice to settle estate quickly. Terms to suit.

Less Than Land Value

Apply to ELECTUS F. BACKUS, 150 West 93th Street.

Private House Bargains.

Two connecting 4-story Private Houses in best residential section of West 8 de, below 99th St., adjoining and opposite church grounds; near Subway and "L" Stations; suitable for private families) or alterations, for sale separately or together.

AT A SACRIFICE TO SETTLE AN ESTATE.

E. T. BACKUS, 150 West 93th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Mapleton Park

Brooklyn's New Home Centre

Charming 7-Room Brick Homes

beautifully decorated, ready for occupancy, with garage and without, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square.

Send for Prices and Easy Terms

Alco Building Company

217 Broadway Barclay 4585

Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE

12 rooms, 2 baths; large plot, with garage for 4 cars; modern improvements; West Bronx, near Fordham Road subway station; will sacrifice to quick buyer.

BUCKBEE, 61 WEST FORDHAM ROAD.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens

"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."

15 minutes from Penn. Station.

Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.

SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.

47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

Send for Booklet T.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE TO LET.

JUST BUILT FOR TWO.

Most complete small country estate we have seen. House overlooks Long Island Sound, on outskirts of White Plains; 5½ acres land, everything off the place to live on, except meat. For example, 1,500 cans of fruit last year. Own lighting plant, outbuildings complete, rose garden, fine landscape work. Cost to late owner $65,000. Sell at $35,000.

EDWARD M. WEST, INC., Opposite Station, White Plains, N. Y. 'Phone 413.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Ferris & Marvin 527 5th Av.

BEAUTIFUL KENSINGTON

GREAT NECK, L. I.

Choice 100-foot plot on Arleigh Road for sale at attractive price on account of having moved from city. F. E. DAY, OWNER, 743 ASTOR ST., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

LARGE LONG ISLAND TRACT.

Gentleman's Country Estate, 325 acres at Mastic, 25 cleared—balance oak and pine. Station on property, 1½ miles of railroad frontage, 3,000 feet of water front on Forge River; good, substantial house and outbuildings. Boat house and dock situated on west bank, overlooking the finest river on Long Island, Moriches Bay, and the ocean, for a distance of three miles; must be seen to be appreciated. Caretaker on premises; fine lawn and shade trees; quiet and refined neighborhood; cool in Summer and mild in Winter; an ideal spot for the lover of water, bathing, fishing, gunning, and sailing.

T. F. ARCHER,

Post Office Building, Jamaica, N. Y.

North Shore Water Front

35 Miles from New York.

2-3 mile beach, large acreage, ideal country estate; will sell at big sacrifice.

WALTER L. JOHNSON,

186 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Fifty-one Per Cent.

In nine months of this year The New York Times published 9,698,803 agate lines of advertisements, an increase of 719,455 lines over the corresponding period of last year, 51 per cent. of the total gain of the five New York newspapers recording an increase.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE DAINTIEST LITTLE HOUSE

in all the Jersey hills; fine trees, high ground; 9 rooms, 2 tiled baths; SALE ONLY; plot 100 by 185 ft.; fine street; plenty of flowers and trees; easy commutation to N. Y. C.; every convenience for comfortable living. Invest the rent you now lose and pay for your own home entirely in a few years. Full information on request. "INVESTIGATE," 261 Times Downtown.

A HALF ACRE finest garden land, comfortable, attractive house, suitable for one or two families; churches and schools; railroad 5 minutes' walk; commutation 10 cents; best neighborhood; price $6,000 or less, dependent upon alterations required. Come and see it.

GEORGE B. HITCHCOCK, Inc.

BOGOTA, NEW JERSEY.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

2—25-FOOT STORES

10 WEST 58TH ST.,

Opposite Plaza Hotel

Especially Low Rents.

E. DE FOREST SIMMONS

Tel. 85, Plaza. 31 West 58th St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.

TO RENT

A modern three-story dwelling on West 77th Street, electric light, parquet floors, two baths, and in excellent condition. Will rent at a reduced rental to a reliable tenant. Key at this office. Full particulars,

SLAWSON & HOBBS

162 West 72nd Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Oregon

102 WEST 81TH ST. Cor. 7th Ave.

Housekeeping Apartment. 5 Rooms & Bath.

All outside rooms. Completely renovated. 7th floor to sublet at $1400 per Year.

Inquire Supt. on premises, or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 WEST 72D STREET.

2 ROOMS

BATH & KITCHENETTE

Maid or Valet Service Optional.

Rent $1,000 to $1,200

21 West 50th St.

230 Central Park South

Unfurnished apartment; 8 large, light rooms and bath

$1,800

Apply on premises

THE MAJESTIC

680 St. Nicholas Ave. (145th)

All-night elevator and phone service.

8 Rooms, $58

All rooms large, light and airy.

WILHELMINA

7th Av., 1,919, cor. 116th, 8 large, light rooms and bath; one block to L and subway express; will be vacated before Nov. 1; $75.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

40TH ST., NO. 36 EAST

High Class Elevator All Improvements.

3 ROOMS AND BATH; non-housekeeping; including service.

$900 to $1,200.

Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agts., 542 5th Av., N.Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

5 AND 7 E. 54TH ST.

New apartments of two and three rooms, $1,000 TO $1,500.

Large rooms, high ceilings, open fireplaces, fine light and air, splendid location. Open for inspection.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS, Tel. 5700 John. 46 Cedar St.

109 EAST 56TH ST.

NEAR PARK AV.

Select Studio Apartment

2 large rooms and bath, elevator, hall and maid service; rent $830; references required. Superintendent on premises or

HALL & BLOODGOOD, 542 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1732.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

55 WEST 46TH ST.

Select Apartments

3 rooms and bath for 1 or 2 persons.

MAID SERVICE.

Buffet breakfast served in rooms. $125 per month.

Superintendent on the premises.

STUDIO APARTMENT TO SUB-LET, FURNISHED

New house; east of Central Park; four rooms and bath; studio 14x 0, with north skylight; rent on application.

RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION,

36 E. 58th St. Plaza 4951.

166 WEST 72D ST.

APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, sumptuously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Westchester County.

CHESTER HILL, Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Owner wants quick action; modern stucco 11-room dwelling, cost $14,000 to build and value of lot is $3,500; total, $17,500; all yours for $12,700 to-day; close to high school and golf course. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; house and garage practically new; half way between station and bay; plot 40x100 ft.; seven rooms, tiled bath, open fireplace, electricity, gas, steam heat, built-in Hoosier; price $5,950; small cash payment and $45 per month, or terms to suit. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6806.

FOR SALE, with or without furniture, modern seven-room house, two baths, two fireplaces, gas water heater, steam heat; beautiful large yard, trees, shrubbery, vegetable garden; terms if desired. Call between 10 and 3, otherwise by appointment. 183 Jewel Street, Forest Hills, Long Island. Fifteen minutes from Pennsylvania Station.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; house and garage, practically new; half way between station and bay; plot 40x100 feet; seven room, tiled bath, open fireplace, electricity, gas, steam heat, built-in Hoosier; price $5,950; small cash payment and $45 per month, or terms to suit. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6806.

Long Beach.—Bungalow; corner; electricity, plumbing, furnished, $1,750, terms. Call on Walsh, West End, Long Beach, L. I.

Furnished, attractive, modern home, garage; have coal. Phone 1876 Springfield.

## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**New Jersey.**

NEW HOUSES.

Six and seven rooms; steam heat; tiled baths, open fireplaces, large living rooms, large kitchens, with pantry; plot 40x150; prices, $4,200 and $6,000; terms to suit; also desirable home sites for sale. FRANK MILLER, 370 Park Row, N. Y. Tel. Barclay 8685.

Beautiful home, 5 acres, West Englewood, N. J.; house 14 rooms, all improvements; barn, poultry house, abundance fruit; owner compelled to sell; worth $12,000; sacrifice for $8,000. "Quick Action," G 532 Times Downtown.

At Grantwood, opposite 125th St., near cliff, 50x100, view of New York; one-family residence with steam, gas, electric, 7 rooms in perfect condition; ready now for occupancy. Terms. A wonderful bargain. Geo. H. Limbach, Palisade, N. J. Tel. 752 Cliffside.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St., Tel. 3804 Beekman.

Cranford.—8 rooms, hot water heat, all conveniences; coal in; with or without garage; excellent commutation. Phone Cranford 184—J; N. Y., John 4830.

Attractive suburban home, modern house, 8 rooms, bath; acre, shade, fruit, garden, garage, hennery. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

## REAL ESTATE.

**Westchester—For Sale or To Let.**

AUCTION.—To settle an estate, a corner store and dwelling property at Ardsley, N. Y.; unusual opportunity for thrifty family. Send at once for full particulars. Sale takes place SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1918, at 2:30 P. M. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Bronxville.—Furnished house for rent, seven rooms; Grand piano; winter supply of coal in; near station and schools. Telephone Bronxville 1047W.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

**New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.**

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 20 minutes from New York, 3-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station. 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Malden Lane, New York. Tel. John 5047.

Home buyers' chance for $5,800; a six-room, attractive home; worth $7,500; easy distance by train from N. Y. C.; fine plot; on one of the best streets; 800 feet elevation; almost new; hardwood trim, steam heat, modern bath, electric light; convenient to railroad station and schools; a few hundred dollars down, balance on terms less than rent elsewhere. OWNER, Post Office Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

Factory Building; modern mill constructed; 10,000 sq. ft. floor space; perfect light; large elevator; centre of Newark, opp. Freight Sta.; possession Dec. 1st. Full commission to brokers. G. Edson Clark, 83 Sunnyside Ter., East Orange. Tel. 4773M—Orange.

English cottage, stucco, just completed, with large plot; a model in detail and planning; spacious veranda; sleeping porch, &c.; in finest section of Hempstead, Long Island, 42 minutes out; a bargain at $6,500; on reasonable terms. G. P. Norton, 277 Broadway, N. Y. Worth 4657.

Vineland, N. J.—5 acres; 350 peach, apple trees, berries, asparagus; comfortable house; large barn; large chicken house; along Pennsylvania R. R.; mile from station; telephone. A. C. Morrison, Box 233, R.F.D. 1.

**Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.**

A four-tenement house and four lots for sale in Town of Southington, Conn.; price reasonable. Address P. O. Box 515, Plantsville, Conn.

**Real Estate Wanted.**

Buildings on Broadway, between Canal and 14th, or Union Square or 5th Av., from 8th to 23d St., 25x100, 4 stories or 5 stories, elevator, suitable to be remodeled for office building; no brokers. Send particulars to Tanzer & Co., 90 East 10th St.

Home, Long Island, five or six master bedrooms, fair sized house, garage; within fifty minutes' ride from 42d St.; new or modern; full particulars. O 141 Times.

Have clients who purchase deeds for Manhattan or Bronx improved property; threatened with foreclosure. Adler, 1,506 1st Av.

We are in the market to purchase apartment houses and flats. Call between 2 and 5 any afternoon, Charles Galewski Co., Inc., 31 Chambers St. Telephone Worth 4422.

**Real Estate for Exchange.**

FARM EQUITY.
EXCHANGE FOR RENT.

Will sell 100-acre farm, large Colonial house, modern improvements, and allow entire payment of purchase price to apply on rent of apartment wanted for own occupancy. F. S. Rutherford, Hotel Cumberland, Broadway at 54th St.

High-class apartment, equity $60,000; select part of Flatbush; 32 apartments; for four or five stories; for mercantile building, location Broadway and 14th, Union Square, lower 5th Av. Apply Tanzer & Co., 90 East 10th St.

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Fifth Av.—Sublease—High-class building, well heated, windows 3 sides, front half handsomely furnished reception room and offices; or rear half unfurnished; about 1,200 sq. ft.; exceptional bargain. See Mr. Skinner, 141 5th Av.

133 WEST 72D ST.
MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Loft, 22x90; elevator building; heat, good light. Apply on premises or Rieser, phone 5350 Madison Square.

106 EAST 19TH ST.
2,300 SQ. FT.
MODERN 12-STORY BUILDING.
ALL LIGHT.

Fine large office, handsomely equipped, in lawyer's suite; every facility; vacancy military service; reasonable to high-class tenant. Call R 615, 135 Broadway.

LARGE STORE, 59 EAST 34TH.
New, light, 2 skylights, 25x90.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE,
UPTOWN AND DOWNTOWN.
G. M. PEARSON & CO., INC.,
527 FIFTH AV.

5th Av. private office; one-half rate; furnished or unfurnished; $25. Country Homes, 320 5th Av., at 32d St.

PARLOR STORE, $1,200.
132 West 34th, at Broadway; 25x65; light. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, OR JANITOR.

Use of rolltop desk in furnished suite; telephone attendant; $5 monthly; mailing privilege $3. 299 Broadway, Suite 807.

Sublet two front offices, separate telephone, furnished or unfurnished. Room 1708, 303 5th Av.

45th, 16 East.—Doctor's or dentist's office; tenant for past 15 years recently deceased; electricity, telephone; location excellent.

5 floors, 52 Leonard St.; electric hatchway; steam heat; suitable for light storage. M. M. Elsman 54 Lafayette St.

Office to sub-let on Liberty St., furnished or unfurnished; telephone. R. L., room 1102, 44 East 23d St.

Fifth Av. section; business properties. Royal Scott Gulden, 542 5th Av.

Offices, $25 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1205.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Furnished—East Side.**

11¼ WEST 37TH ST.

Unusually wonderful studio, three rooms and bath; (studio room 25x65 feet, two open fireplaces;) most artistically furnished.

11½ WEST 37TH ST.

Most beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, living room 20x20 feet, open fireplace; Steinway grand piano.

28TH ST., 28 EAST.—Two attractively furnished rooms, bath, elevator; maid service.

30TH ST., (103 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $27 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $20 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

40TH, EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, piano, $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

45TH, 8 EAST.—Artistically furnished two rooms and bath, living room, southern exposure; references; lease, $125 month. Inspection, 12 to 2. Kimball.

50 B, EAST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; grand piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

57TH ST., 29 EAST.—Bachelor apartments, exceptionally large room and bath; good service.

59TH ST., 51 EAST.—Large, bright parlor; chamber and bath. Tel. 5022 M. Hill.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Modern three-room apartment, attractively furnished. Murphy, Apt. 51.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED, $9 AND UP.
1, 2, and 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Subway and surface cars at corner.
HOTEL HOLLYWOOD, 42 EAST 28TH ST.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Furnished—East Side.**

93D ST., 258 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; desirable house; convenient section. River 10062.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included, in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included, in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

107TH, 6 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, 3-room front apartment; kitchen privileges; elevator.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Elegantly furnished front sitting room, bedroom, kitchen; $75 month. Phone 3915 Cathedral; immediate possession; southern exposure; unusually large rooms; single, large room, front, $30.

110TH ST., 214 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—4 rooms, front apartment, completely furnished. Apt. 92. Apply to superintendent.

113TH ST., 567 WEST.—7 rooms, corner apartment, southwestern exposure; Apartment 4 W; furnished home for 7 months or longer. Apply Earle & Calhoun, 230 West 72d St., Columbus 5116 or 6700 Morningside.

113TH, 517 WEST.—4, 5, and 6 rooms, exquisitely furnished, carefully planned and executed, in apartment furnished in Japanese; very high-class elevator apartment house. Tel. Morningside 8240.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Attractive 6 rooms, front apt., overlooking Columbia. Apt. 25.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Attractive six-room front apartment, overlooking Columbia. Apt. 25.

120TH ST., 359 WEST.—Two well furnished rooms, kitchenette, private house; phone.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Exceptional room, well furnished, for one; private. Apt. 21.

123RD, 603 WEST.—Well-furnished, absolutely clean six-room and bath; $85; strictly high-class house. Call afternoon. Apt. 1D. Telephone Audubon 2350.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences. At Apartment in Section Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.

110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av Fully furnished Apartments rented monthly. 1 Room with kitchenette & bath from $35 up. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $65 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. Elevated. Reference essential.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 838.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Furnished—West Side.**

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY of LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice
APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
I have for sublease large selections of completely furnished private apartments, 4 to 12 rooms, east, west side; season, year; $150-$1,500 monthly. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d St. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; East, West; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; east, west; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

BROADWAY, 3,089, (near 122d St.)—Two rooms, pleasant apartment, convenient Columbia University, subway, stages; terms $5-$4.50; business woman, nurse, or student. Stillman.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 50th Street. We sublet apartments. Circle 3067.

Choice furnished apartments. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Phone Col. 2750.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

MANHATTAN AV., 400, (Apt. 74.)—High-class, modern, private family, for gentleman.

Refined lady care apartment absence owner for privilege of same. K 154 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 125.—Nine rooms, three baths, handsomely furnished, piano, Victrola, immediate possession, long, short lease. Phone 5990 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE, 250, (Apt. 51.)—Six outside rooms; unusually large living room; immediate possession to responsible couple; $200 month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (Cor. 119th.)—Most beautiful section on Drive, 7 rooms, 2 baths, 3 rooms facing Drive. Manager.

SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, COMPLETELY FURNISHED; UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE; STEINWAY GRAND; SACRIFICING. MORNINGSIDE 1178.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 830.—Eight sunny rooms, beautifully, completely furnished, well heated, convenient cars; references. Phone mornings, Audubon 5853.

SUPERIOR FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Let us help you find the apartment you are seeking. Real Estate Management Co., 2,616 Broadway.

WEST END AV., (99th.)—Couple offers beautiful large 3-room front suite, bath, exceptional environment; high-class, elevator apartment, nonhousekeeping; breakfasts optional; maid service; references exchanged. Telephone Riverside 7110.

WEST END AV., 515 (65th.)—Studio apartment; two handsomely furnished front rooms; kitchenette, bath; immediate possession; $115 month. Freeman.

WEST END AV., 265, (near 72d St.)—One large front room, with bath; references required.

WEST END, 90'S.—Five rooms, two bedrooms; exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

WEST END, (90s.)—Five rooms, two bedrooms; exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

WEST END AV., 780.—Attractively furnished five-room apartment. Apartment 5C.

4 ROOMS, kitchenette, and bath, apartment hotel, unfurnished, $162.50; furnished, $250. Columbus 9860.

**Unfurnished—East Side.**

469 FOURTH AVENUE, between 31st and 32d Streets; 2 and 3 rooms and bath, $50 and $60. New, modern, electricity, fireplace, shower bath, maid service. Apply on premises, or Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th Street. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

311 5TH AV., (32D ST.)
3 large rooms, baths, $900.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, ON PREMISES.

44 EAST 34TH ST.
2 very large rooms, bath, $1,200.
AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST, OR JANITOR.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—2 or 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; gas and electric light free; also parlor floor and basement; business or residence. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St.

50TH ST., 51 EAST.—Large, bright parlor, chamber, and bath. Tel. 5022 Murray Hill.

APARTMENT STUDIOS.
137 E. 34th, 2 rooms, baths, electricity; $47. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

1,186 MADISON AV.,
seven-room apartment, $1,200; white wood, electric lights; large rooms; very attractive; near subway express. Apply on premises.

MADISON AV., 645-647.—2-3 rooms and bath, $50-$75; elevator, telephone and maid service. MARSTON & CO., 549 5th Av. Tel. 540 Murray Hill.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.
19 East 9th St., 1 and 2 large rooms; apartments, skylight studios, $900-$1,200.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

**Unfurnished—West Side.**

52D, 47 West, (near 5th Ave.)—3 beautiful, large, exceptionally light rooms; electric light; parquet floor; private phone.

52D ST., 43 WEST.
Large room and bathroom, steam heat.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Unusually attractive, moderate two, three, four rooms, suites, with library; reference.

76TH, 55 EAST.—Handsomely furnished seven rooms, bath, piano; immediate possession, long or short lease. Coyle. Lenox 1690.

76TH, 49 WEST.—Parlor floor, four spacious rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone.

76TH, 40 WEST.—Parlor floor; four spacious rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone.

83D, EAST.—Elevator, seven beautiful sunlit rooms, piano. Frank. Lenox 4087.

92D, 214 WEST.—Very attractive light apartment; 7 rooms; $1,500. Anderson.

92D ST., 214 WEST.—Very attractive, light apartment, 7 rooms, $1,500. Anderson.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—Eight rooms, two baths; large apartment, near Riverside.

128TH, 252 WEST.—Single apartment, nine large rooms; lease $60.

APARTMENT STUDIOS.
132d W. 34th; 2 rooms, bath, kitch., $45. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or JANITOR.

APARTMENT, 27 WEST 56TH.
Two rooms and bath, $900-$1,100.
AMES, 26 WEST 31ST, OR PREMISES.

APARTMENT STUDIO.
128 W. 34th; two rooms, bath; skylight; $60. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or JANITOR.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. OF 160TH ST.—PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST; 8 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR PROFITABLE PRACTICE.

BROADWAY, S. E. COR. OF 160TH ST.—PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST; 8 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR PROFITABLE PRACTICE.

PARK AV., (55 East 70th.)—Handsomely furnished seven rooms, bath, southern exposure, immediate possession, long or short lease. Mme. Coyle. Lenox 1690.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900 (Cor. 161st St.)—7-room apartment, with 2 baths; on the 1st floor; suitable for doctor's apartment. Inquire office, on premises.

1,186 MADISON AV.,
seven-room apartment, $1,200; white wood, electric lights; large rooms; very attractive; near subway express. Apply on premises.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms, with bath; maid service; references required.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

**Furnished.**

MODERN furnished four-room housekeeping apartment, west side, 69th to 118th St.; immediate possession; adults; state terms. G 187 Times.

EAST SIDE, BETWEEN 48TH AND 65TH STS. WELL FURNISHED, 2 OR 3 ROOMS AND BATH, BY GENTLEMEN. ADDRESS L 188 TIMES.

Couple want three or four-room housekeeping apartment, six months from Nov. 1, all improvements. Phone Marschall, 2062 Harlem, 6 to 7 P. M.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Wanted, furnished apartment for the Winter, 5 rooms, near Riverside Drive; rent reasonable. G 552 Times Downtown.

Refined couple desire three to four rooms, west side; reasonable. G 551 Times Downtown.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

4-ROOM APARTMENT wanted, with kitchen, located below West 90th St.; small family; responsible party. L 668 Times Downtown.

COMPLETELY FURNISHED 5 or 6 room apartment for refined couple. A. L. Hill, Waldorf-Astoria.

Small family, sublease until June, 5 or 6 rooms, west side, below 110th St. Mrs. Bloch, Hotel Marseilles.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENT, 5 or 6 rooms, west side, between 50th and 110th; rent not over $1,500. O 94 Times.

Small apartment, with kitchen, below 86th St. and near Drive. K 182 Times.

**Unfurnished.**

APARTMENT wanted, unfurnished, Manhattan, good neighborhood; heat assured; 2 to 4 bedrooms; lease Nov. 1, 1918, to April 30, 1919. Telephone Cortlnas, Whitehall 430.

Floor in private house, bath, kitchenette, heat assured, moderate, permanent, references. Write U., 708 Columbus Av.

Wanted, unfurnished six rooms, elevator, West 72d-116th, by responsible tenant; long, short lease. Phone 7327 Riverside.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

**East Side.**

15TH, 105 EAST, Apart. 94 (opposite Union Square Hotel.)—Unique accommodations; bachelor business couple; delightfully sunny parlor, bedroom; bath, shower, elevator, steam, electric lights, telephone; handsome fireproof building; $60; subway.

3D AV., 321, CORNER 24TH ST.
Nicely furnished rooms; running water; bath, steam, electricity; $4 up; gentlemen only.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny, telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $8 weekly up, including elegant meals, $15 weekly; front rooms with running water, $17 weekly; with bath, $20 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

43TH, 16 EAST.—Room with piano; sunny, square room; running water; references.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Large room, electricity; private house; gentlemen only.

85TH, 9 EAST. — Elegant parlor and small room vacant; near 5th Av.

95TH, 122 EAST.—A large front room, hot and cold water; bathroom adjoining; in private house; near subway; gentlemen only; $10 weekly. Phone Lenox 8156.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st St.)—Newly decorated large rooms, private bath; electricity; steam heat; references; park privileges.

**West Side.**

16TH, 51 WEST, (Washington Square District.)—For artistic people; single, double rooms; floor, with bath; old mahogany, chintz; restaurant.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, top floor, overlooking park; small skylight.

44TH ST., 254 WEST.—Most beautiful, newly furnished front parlor with bedroom; all modern conveniences. Urban.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny room; connecting bath; gentlemen.

50TH 14 WEST.—Luxurious 2 room suite; gentlemen; permanent; reference.

56TH, 327 WEST.—2, 4, 7 large, light rooms; elevator; desirable location.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Bedrooms, dining room, kitchen privileges; references; another room, $6.

61ST, 10 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large, well-furnished outside room, connecting bath, 9th floor, high-class elevator apartment; suitable gentleman desiring superior accommodations. Steele.

68TH, 61 WEST.—Large room, private bath; suitable 2 people; reasonable; phone.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Furnished rooms, with and without bath. Col. 4359.

70TH, 16 WEST.—Newly open residence; large and small rooms, with or without private bath; electricity throughout; refined surroundings.

70TH, 204 WEST.—Gentleman appreciating desirable room in private family; references. Boughton.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large, handsome room, with private bath; also small room; exclusive.

71ST, 33 WEST.—Desirable, cozy room, one or two; all conveniences; heat; references.

72D, 152 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; newly renovated house; electricity; other modern improvements; continuous hot water.

72D, 247 WEST.—Large, attractive front room; running water; for two gentlemen; very reasonable.

72D, 261 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; small room.

73D, 158 WEST.—Beautiful large second floor front room; electricity; newly furnished.

73D, 133 WEST.—High-class rooms, $7, $12, $14 per week; gentlemen; references.

73D, 257 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished, clean-kept rooms; all conveniences.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, bath adjoining.

74TH, 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms with private baths and suite; Japanese service.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Pleasant, medium five rooms; running water; electricity; all conveniences.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable single room, near bath; electricity; select residence; $4.50; references.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large room, $10; small, $4.50; electricity; business man preferred.

75TH, 144 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny, heated room; kitchenette privileges; front basement; housekeeping.

76TH.—West End Avenue, 344.—Front and back parlor; private bath, steam, electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Just opened; new furniture; beautiful front parlor; also other rooms or suite; electricity; gentlemen; references.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Large rooms, new, beautifully furnished; separate, suite; parlor floor, furnished or unfurnished; private bath; electricity.

77TH, 161 WEST.—Just opened, new furniture; beautiful front parlor; also three other rooms or suite; electricity; gentlemen; references.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Private home, large front rooms; also basement; breakfast; reference essential.

79TH, 225 WEST. — Large, small; conveniences, electricity; store opportunity, adjoining Broadway Subway.

79TH, 175 WEST.—2-room suite, also single, for business woman. Walker.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; well furnished; other rooms; reference.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Large and small, elegant rooms, suites; twin beds; private baths; porch overlooking parks; southern exposure; steam heat; service; electricity; exceptional private house.

81ST, 140 WEST.—Unusually well furnished rooms, in select neighborhood; references.

83D, 66 WEST.—Three large and three small, very desirable rooms; $4 to $12; newly renovated and decorated.

84TH, 115 WEST.—Comfortable room, running water, $4.50; private family; references; gentleman. Mayer.

84TH, 268 WEST, (Near West End.)—Attractive outside; elevator, electricity, lavatory. Haskins.

84TH, 268 WEST, (near West End.)—Attractive, outside; elevator, electricity, lavatories. Haskins.

88TH, 200 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, high-class elevator apt.; 86th subway; no other roomers; seventh floor. Evans.

90TH, 204 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private home; gentlemen; call any time except Monday and Wednesday evenings. Cardozo.

90TH, 306 WEST.—Newly furnished; private family; high class; references. Apt. 5 west.

104TH, 308 WEST.—1, 2, or 3 handsomely furnished or extra large single front rooms; exceptional view of Hudson; $10, $12, $25 weekly.

107TH, 210 WEST.—One, two elegantly furnished rooms; ladies or gentlemen; first-class elevator apartment. Klerschner, Apartment 22.

107TH, 6 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large front suite, immaculate; elevator. Apartment 8.

107TH, 210 WEST. (Apt. 32.)—Sunny room; elevator apartment; convenient; use piano; home comforts. Phone 826 Academy.

110TH, BROADWAY.—Superior home accommodations for one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Large room with private bath; also small room.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Attractive suite; superior accommodation; gentlemen, couple. Apt. 22. 3800 Morningside.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Very desirable rooms, with use of bath, for one or two persons; full hotel services.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Very desirable rooms, with use of bath, for one or two persons; full hotel services.

121ST ST., 420 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, one large front, Amsterdam; kitchen privileges; business women or couple; reasonable. Apt. 53.

162D, 601 WEST.—Bright inside room, next to bath, elevator; no other roomers; refined home. Apartment 6-F.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished rooms, centrally located; conveniences. Telephone Circle 3993.

BROADWAY, (216 West 102d St.)—Handsome rooms, fronting on Broadway, corner. Smith.

BROADWAY, 3,089, (122d St.)—Apartment 36; desirable new furnished rooms; elevator, steam.

CONVENT AV., 425, (near 148th St.)—Large second floor, steam heated room; private residence; breakfast optional; telephone. Owner.

CONVENT AV., 425, (Near 148th St.)—Large 2d floor, steam-heated room, private residence; breakfast optional; telephone; owner.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Two single rooms for business men, women. Apartment 62.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

**West Side.**

MANHATTAN AV., 272.—Attractively furnished rooms overlooking park; elevator. Phone Apt. 43.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Two choice rooms to respectable people, $30 and $35 month; everything furnished. Phone Audubon 5400, Apartment 12J.

Refined family will rent one or two large, especially attractive rooms with bath; overlooking Hudson; Riverside Drive near 115th St. Phone Morningside 1339 4-7.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—2 beautiful, large rooms, facing Riverside Drive; 2 beds, lavatory in every room; high-class apartment house. Phone 4570 Audubon. Apartment 6-B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214, (94th.)—Handsome room overlooking Hudson; kitchenette, private bath. Noble.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Attractive large, sunny, outside room; well heated; opportunity; $6.50.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Corner 94th.) Apt. 73.—Outside single; gentleman. River. 9043.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 889, (cor. 155th St.,) (Apt. 41.)—Attractive furnished room, running water.

Sublet below cost, 3-room hotel apt.; centrally located, near Columbus Circle. Address Desirable, 134 Times.

TWO small, well-furnished bedrooms, with breakfast privileges, for business women, only $20 and $15 per mo., respectively. Y 394 Times Annex.

THREE ROOM suite; would let separately; fine piano; kitchen privileges. Riverside 9845.

WEST END AV., (98th.)—Lady will rent beautifully furnished large corner room to lady; lavatory, bath adjoining; living room and kitchen privilege; $90 monthly. Phone 4177 Riverside, 8-10 morning.

WEST END AV., (Near 101st.)—Large front room with everything in it conductive to solid comfort for gentleman wishing to make his home with small, cultured family. Address B 24 Times.

WEST END AV., (73d St.)—Large parlor, furnished or unfurnished; two windows facing Schwab's mansion; modern; electricity. Columbus 4158.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Nice large and small room, all conveniences; references.

WEST END AV., 354 (77th St.)—A large, desirable room and small room.

**Westchester County.**

I offer to educated, refined gentleman, two nicely furnished, spacious rooms, (bedroom and sitting room,) with refined and congenial young couple; homelike; no other roomers; board optional; terms moderate; good location; 29 minutes from Grand Central Terminal. Write or call, 317 South 5th Av., Mount Vernon. Bieber.

## UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Splendid large room, bath, large dressing room; maid service; electricity; fine private home. Seen 9-12.

12TH, 5 EAST.—Parlor floor, high ceiling, fireplace, bath, kitchenette, electricity; other rooms.

2 or 3 rooms, kitchen and bath, unfurnished; heat assured; moderate; reference. Suite U, 708 Columbus Av.

## ROOMS WANTED.

**Furnished.**

European gentleman, with highest references, wants a large furnished room or two small ones, with private bath, in a high-class apartment building between 75th and 110th, west of Broadway; state price. K 169 Times.

Young business couple desire comfortable room, kitchen privileges, refined residential section; permanent; state particulars. B., 854 Broadway.

Business girl desires comfortable, light, warm room, near bath, with private family, near Broadway, 90th to 115th Street; $5; permanent. Y 395 Times Annex.

Middle-aged widow is seeking permanent home with family of refinement; desires private bath if possible. 120 Times.

Light room by college girl; private family, near Columbia; shower; references. H 101 Times.

Bachelor wants high-class furnished room, with bath. K 168 Times.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

**East Side.**

65TH, EAST.—Unusual opportunity secure comforts private home; fine cooking. Plaza 6631.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals. $15 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

**West Side.**

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms, with board; private baths; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table and service; convenient location.

68TH ST., CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Private Christian family, high-class elevator apt., will rent with meals, one room, running water, to refined gentleman appreciating a real home. Telephone 6279 Columbus.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large room with private bath; smaller room; steam; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor, to sublet; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine. Mrs. Newburg.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor, to sublet; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine. Mrs. Newburg.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double front room, private bath; table guest wanted; subway.

73D, 302 WEST.—Double front room, private bath; table guest wanted; subway.

74TH ST., 5 WEST.—Excellent table board for Hebrew family; kosher references. Morningside 2403, Apartment 1A.

79TH, 114-132 West, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Attractive double sunny room, adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; Southern cooking.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, electricity; good table; business couple.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, electricity; good table; business people.

80TH, 134 WEST.—Room with private bathroom; parlor dining room; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Elegant outside suite, with excellent board; modern improvements in small private family; gentlemen. Schy. 8831.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Small room, all conveniences; good table; table guests.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Small room, all conveniences; good table; table guests.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Warm sunny room, excellent table; references.

90TH ST., 312 WEST.—Desirable double room; references.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front rooms, all conveniences; excellent cuisine; table guests.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive, light room, every comfort; congenial surroundings; excellent table; gentlemen or couple; moderate Hirschberg.

107, 322 WEST.—OVERLOOKING HUDSON; LUXURIOUS PRIVATE RESIDENCE, 3 SPACIOUS ROOMS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; EXCEPTIONAL TABLE; MODERATE.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity two adults; private American Christian family; front room; southern windows; private bath; references.

108TH, 329 WEST, (near Riverside.)—This is not a boarding house nor hotel, but a millionaire's mansion adapted as a residence for a few select; rooms, single and en suite, with or without private bath; cuisine and service unexcelled; refined surroundings; references exchanged.

122D, 150 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; "L," subway; telephone; references.

152D, 592 WEST.—Very desirable accommodation, suitable one or two; private family.

140TH, 522 WEST.—Attractive rooms, single or double; electricity; home comforts; excellent table; all conveniences. Audubon 4235.

152D, 592 WEST.—Very desirable accommodation, suitable one or two; private family.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Two beautiful, large rooms, facing Riverside Drive; two beds, lavatory in room; high-class apartment house. Phone 4570 Audubon. Apartment 6-B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (CORNER 77TH ST.) THE GRAYMORE.—EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; EXCELLENT TABLE. TEL. SCHUYLER 4306.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Family House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service. Small Tables. Abundance Sunlight. Good Air. Quietness. Social Parlors. Smoking Rooms. Comforts.
Weekly, $14-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 531, (86th.)—Attractive rooms, double, single; excellent table.

## BOARD WANTED.

Refind party to board, gentleman and three-year-old healthy boy, taking entire care of child. L 160 Times.

## BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG married woman, alone, desires large unfurnished room, with bath; two meals; continuous hot water, electricity, abundance heat; vicinity 75th St. West; private house or apartment. B. M., 105 Times Annex.

CHRISTIAN gentleman requires comfortable room and

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, EXPERIENCED; ANY WORK; EVENINGS. O 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 28, out of draft; railroad, mercantile experience, wants position. 611 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; knowledge accounts; salesmanship experience; or part time evenings. F 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, experienced, rapid, accurate operator, desires position; $25-$30. O 33 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN—SHIPPING CLERK. Wanted—Position as traffic man or shipping clerk; have been head shipping clerk of large dry goods corporation for sixteen years; can also take charge of packing room; A1 references. George Forshaw, 325 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, seven years one company, thorough knowledge general office duties, desires position where good work, close attention to duties will merit promotion; preferably banking, real estate. L 36 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Expert in office systems; handles details without supervision; eight years' experience, secretary-stenographer; available where progressiveness, initiative, responsibility offer advancement. G 516 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, draft exempt, good education, executive ability and selling experience, desires position with reliable concern where opportunity is given to use brains and energy; good credentials. T 613 Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, fast figurer, payroll man, expert penman, bookkeeper, typist, capable handling correspondence, general office man, seeks responsible connections; unquestionable references. O 107 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, (intellectually older,) with high school education, now employed as teller by one of the largest New York dailies, would like to change to a growing commercial house. Y 391 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, desires position; splendid knowledge exporting, marine, war risk insurance; salary, $20. G 528 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, executive ability, 4 years' general office experience, draft exempt, speaking several languages, desires position with future; $25. O 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, married, 26, with honorable discharge from the army; has had high school and some business education, clerical and selling experience. L 141 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, honorably discharged from service, wishes connection; have 2 years' college education and 5 yrs' business experience; A1 reference. O 97 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, draft exempt, wishes to enter as a credit man with some mercantile house or banking house. Address 2,539 Decatur Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 18, position with firm where ability assures advancement; 2 years' experience as office and shipping clerk; references. O 129 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18½ years, two years' clerk, wishes position assuring advancement; excellent high school and business references. G 539 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, draft exempt, high school graduate, knowing office work, typewriting and French, desires position. L 678 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, desires to change present occupation; managerial sales experience; seeking trustworthy position with future. K 155 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college student, will work for engineer and take courses in the evening; nominal salary; hard and able worker. O 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) three years' high school, clerical experience, desires position with reliable firm; salary $15. G 533 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college student, desires employment for afternoons. Ruth, 1,602 Bathgate Av.

YOUNG MAN, 24, draft exempt, unquestionable ability, initiative, desires connection. L 658 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college education, business experience, desires position. L 669 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, knowledge typewriting, bookkeeping, clerical, desires position. L 172 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, knowledge bookkeeping, wishes position. Miller, 146 Amboy St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 17, high school education, knowledge bookkeeping. A. C., 505 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, intelligent, wishes position few hours during evening; can furnish best of references. O 119 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position with drafting concern; some experience. O 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20) desires position with good future; draft exempt. O 56 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; references; salary $16-$18. O 22 Times.

YOUNG MAN, [illegible] experience; independent [illegible] Greeley 403. O 125 Times.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS, FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our Hosiery, Silverware, Dress Goods, Linen, Silk, Toy, Leather Goods, Grocery, Housefurnishing, and Women's Neckwear Departments. Applications may be made any day at the Superintendent's Office, between the hours of 9:45 A. M. and 6:15 P. M., or by mail.

ALSO,
CAMERA SALESWOMAN.

Require an experienced saleswoman, thoroughly versed in cameras and photographic supplies. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

ALSO,
MUSIC DEPARTMENT

We require a young woman with knowledge of mandolins, guitars, and violins as saleswoman. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO,
WRAPPING DEPARTMENT.

Require a number of girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway floor, Central Building.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR; permanent position; pleasant surroundings; lots of fresh air and sunshine. The Class Journal Co., 231 W. 39th St.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR wanted, experienced. Call 311 East Hall, Columbia University, New York.

ADDRESSERS, (3,) LIVE WORK; $1.75 PER THOUSAND AND UP. APPLY BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.

An experienced ledger clerk; must be rapid and accurate; splendid opening with liberal salary assured to those who can qualify. Apply at Main Office, 6th Floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted, Christian firm; must be good at figures and have clear record. Apply stating age, experience, and salary expected. G 189 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—State age, experience, and salary. G 490 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in dispensary; experience not necessary; half days only; hours, 8 to 1; $5 weekly. Call 233 East 57th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and typist; state age, experience, and salary. G 490 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK.—Young girl to do billing and clerical work; neat writer and accurate at figures; chance for advancement. Enterprise Music Supply Co., Room 304, 145 West 45th St.

BOOKKEEPER.

LARGE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCANTILE HOUSE SEEKING A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WOMAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND EXPENSE ANALYSIS DEPARTMENT; PREFERENCE GIVEN TO APPLICANTS WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; SALARY $25 TO $30; PROSPECTS GOOD. K 179 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced payroll, disbursement clerk, in computing from time cards and distribution, checking extensions and preparing bills for payment; full charge of disbursement book; state particulars. B. B., 263 West 125th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant for Christian firm; accustomed to taking off trial balances; good position for bright young lady, with chance for advancement; quick and correct at figures. Apply, giving age, references and salary. A 704 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; accurate at figuring; experience at ledger work; one capable of taking trial balance; good position. Apply between 9 and 10. Weser Bros., Inc., 87 54 Av., City.

BOOKKEEPER, having had experience in control ledger account and familiar with details of office work; state previous experience, age, and salary. Interocean, B 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine. Address stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. Address by letter. B. B., Room 600 Tribune Building.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; woolen house. Call 10 A. M., Magnus, 44 East 23d.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady to assist chief bookkeeper in reliable concern; knowledge of controlling accounts desired; splendid opportunity. G 520 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in stock records, &c., preferably in dry goods line; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. G 483 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.

Capable all around young lady; state age, experience, and salary desired. Address R. L., 240 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, and Typist.—Experienced; must commence with moderate salary. U. S. Frame and Picture Co., 24 Barclay St.

BOOKKEEPER who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired, by letter, B. B., Room 600, Tribune Building.

BOOKKEEPER familiar with typewriting and stenography; elderly lady may be considered. Inquire in store, 34 Barclay St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in an insurance office; state experience and salary. A 709 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge of typewriting; state age, experience and salary. A 710 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and office assistant. Leo Bros. & Co., Inc., Broadway and Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

CASHIER in large retail establishment; must be accustomed to handling cash receipts of $1,000 or more daily, be good at addition, and have best references; salary to start $15 weekly. B 14 Times.

CASHIER wanted; must be experienced in theatre work, accurate at figures. Savoy Theatre, 112 West 34th St., apply 10 A. M.; bring references.

CASHIER and BOOKKEEPER.—One who has had experience selling merchandise, "stationery" preferred; good opportunity. Fred H. Ponty, Fort Chester, N. Y.

CASHIER
FOR FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE; POST OFFICE EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. JAMES, 247 WEST 46TH.

CLASS A PAINTERS.—Several young ladies with brush experience; profitable employment; high-class surroundings. Apply Room 902, 501 5th Av.

CLEANERS.

WHITE WOMEN, BETWEEN THE AGES OF 25 AND 35; LIGHT WORK UNDER PLEASANT CONDITIONS; NO SCRUBBING; HOURS FROM 8:30 A. M. TO 4:30 P. M.; GOOD PAY. APPLY L 509 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERICAL ASSISTANTS

wanted for our accounting and auditing departments; must be thoroughly experienced, rapid and accurate; positions are permanent with advancement; liberal salary assured to those who can qualify. Apply at Main Office, 6th Floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

CLERICAL WORK in order department; must be careful worker with common sense; we need some one above the average; if this fits you, you will have an exceptional opportunity for advancement; firm doing direct and indirect Government war work. Write fully, stating salary, age, and religion. Box 232 Times, 2 Rector St.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT,

for statistical work; must be experienced, accurate at figures and good writer; fine opportunity for a brainy, capable girl; liberal salary; state full particulars. B. B. 352 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT

for stock records; must have at least two years' commercial experience, be accurate and good writer; salary to start, $12 to $14; permanent position, with chance for advancement. Cohen, Goldman & Co., 4th St. and Broadway.

CLERICAL HELP on payroll and statistical work; permanent positions and good salaries; beginners considered if good writers and accurate at figures. B 20 Times.

CLERKS.

We have few very desirable vacancies for clerical workers; those who can qualify are given every opportunity to advance both in salary and position; some high school training preferred, but not absolutely necessary; those without experience will be trained.

THOSE EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERKS

BY A LARGE CORPORATION, A NUMBER OF WOMEN FROM 20 TO 30 YEARS OF AGE; SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS; INTERESTING WORK AND RAPID PROMOTIONS TO SUPERVISING POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN MAKE GOOD; AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. SALARY AT START DEPENDENT UPON EXPERIENCE. L 510 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERKS.

Grammar school graduates between ages of 16 and 23 for work in accounting department; experience unnecessary; rapid advancement for those who qualify; hours 9 A. M.-5 P. M.; Saturday half holiday throughout the year. Apply between 1 and 4 P. M. to New York Telephone Company, Room 502, 25 Church St., N. Y. C.

CLERKS.

College girls who have had business experience preferred; good salary, advancement.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

CLERKS.—Large manufacturing concern requires services of several clerks competent to assist in handling general correspondence; state where formerly employed, kind of work done, and salary received; no stenographic experience necessary. G 527 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young woman for card work in claim department of casualty insurance company; reply in own handwriting, stating age, salary, nationality, education and experience. L 679 Times Downtown.

CLERK IN SALES OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. A 639 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK for general office work and to go on errands; state salary expected. O 136 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined, cheerful person who appreciates good, permanent home as companion to middle-aged lady; slight knowledge of nursing desirable and good references; state age and salary. C., 3,704 Broadway.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted; thoroughly experienced in cost work; excellent position with manufacturing corporation located in Bronx; require a girl of exceptional ability. Answer, stating fully your training and experience, giving references, Y 378 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Must have at least one year's experience; preference given to those who have worked in magazine office; applicant must have attended high school for at least two years; salary $18-$20; hours 8:45-5; half day Saturday. Apply "Publisher," 126 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR AND STENOGRAPHER IN LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 172 TIMES.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

WOMEN FROM 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, WITH MECHANICAL ABILITY FOR INTERESTING INDOOR WORK UNDER SPLENDID CONDITIONS; KNOWLEDGE OF ELEMENTARY ELECTRICITY AND SHOP EXPERIENCE DESIRABLE BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT UNUSUAL TO THOSE WHO CAN MAKE GOOD; GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING. L 511 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ERRAND GIRLS

Not under 16 years of age, to do light messenger work in office; good salary to start; advancement assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

ENTRY CLERK experienced in entering charges and making out bills; must be accurate at figures and neat writer. Apply at Jennings Lace Works Corporation, Park Av. and Hull St., Brooklyn.

FILING.—Girl not over 24 years; must be intelligent and careful; good opportunity for advancement for girl who is really interested in her work; direct and indirect Government work. Write fully, stating salary and religion. Box 230 Times, 2 Rector St.

FILING CLERK.

There is an exceptional position open for a bright, energetic girl, with excellent prospects; state age, experience, salary desired. Address R. H., 235 Times Downtown.

FILERS and CLERICAL WORKERS, age 16 to 25 years; permanent; opportunity for advancement in office large corporation. Second floor, 346 Broadway.

FILE CLERK.—Permanent position with advancement; state age, salary desired, and experience if any. Fire, 217 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, good cook, family two adults; no washing. Call 51 E. 96th, Apt. 5, before 10 o'clock; carfare paid.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

REQUIRE

SALESWOMEN

FOR

GLOVES,

RIBBONS,

NOTIONS,

JEWELRY,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

NECKWEAR,

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

ALSO

ALL SECTIONS OF HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT;

ALSO

ALL SECTIONS OF CHINA AND GLASSWARE DEPARTMENTS;

ALSO

ALL SECTIONS OF OUR NEW AND ENLARGED TOY DEPARTMENT;

ALSO

A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED WOMAN FOR OUR ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT;

ALSO

WE WISH TO ENGAGE 100 "EXTRA" SALESWOMEN WHO CAN WORK TWO, THREE AND FOUR DAYS EACH WEEK.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway,
Require
CASHIERS.

Those experienced in tube room preferred.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway,
REQUIRE

MERCHANDISE INSPECTORS.

Girls 16 to 18 years of age; liberal salary; chance for advancement; bring proof of age.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS

for mail-order department; pleasant surroundings and excellent opportunity for those who qualify.

Apply Management Office, Fifth Floor.

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

We need bright girls (not under 18 years) in one of our shop departments to help make scientific apparatus for Government use; no experience necessary; beginners are well paid; demonstrated ability will bring rapid advancement; 48 hours per week, half day Saturday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57BETHUNE ST.
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS.

LARGE PLANT DOING VERY IMPORTANT WAR WORK NEEDS GIRLS AT ONCE; AGES 18 TO 40; BEST LIVING CONDITIONS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GIRLS WHOSE CHARACTERS ARE BEYOND REPROACH.

APPLY READY TO LEAVE.
DU PONT CO.,
244 WEST 23D ST.
U. S. EM. S. PERMIT 44.

GIRLS,

not under 16 years of age, to do light messenger work in office; good salary to start; advancement assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS, 15-21,

for office and clerical work; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; hours, 8:30-5:30.

HALF DAY SATURDAY.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
96 MORTON ST.,
near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. L.

GIRLS,

for manufacturing department; good wages; 1 o'clock year round on Saturday; hot tea and coffee furnished free at lunch time.
JOHN S. SILLS & SON,
NORTH RIVER AND 37TH ST.

GIRL

A good opportunity for a bright young girl as office assistant in a large mercantile house in Brooklyn; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary expected. B 3 Times.

GIRLS—GIRLS
for office work, filing, &c.
JOHN S. SILLS & SON,
NORTH RIVER AND 37TH ST.

GIRLS, experienced, for clerical work; must be quick at figuring; steady work; good opportunity; salary to start, $10. Apply E. & Z. Van Raalte, 6 East 16th St.

GIRL OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Must live in vicinity; salary, $10. Address in own handwriting, Thomas Gill Soap Co., 711 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

GIRL as order and stock clerk in dental supply business. H. Fischer & Co., 705 Lexington Av., near 57th St.

GIRLS for filing; must be neat; state salary expected; inexperienced. L 661 Times Downtown.

GIRL, young, to work in finishing room, assist with filling orders. Attractoscope Corporation, 6 East 39th.

GIRL to run elevator in apartment house; references. Apply Superintendent, 100 East 17th St.

GIRL, (17,) learn wholesale fancy goods business; clean occupation. L 613 Times Downtown.

GIRL for chamber work and waiting; good wages; references required. Call Thursday 341 West 87th.

GIRL (white,) for general housework; small family. 523 West 112th Street, Apartment 31. Telephone Morningside 82.

GIRLS on perfume sachets; no experience necessary; $10. Napier, 80 Pearl St.

GIRLS in perfumery factory, with or without experience in labeling. 24 Pinehurst, 60 5th Av.

GIRLS
and
WOMEN,
UTILITY WORKERS.

Rapid advancement to better paying positions in our shipping rooms to those who qualify; the work consists of assembling and wrapping general merchandise for parcel post and express shipping.

ORDER SELECTORS.

These positions for active girls over 16 years of age consist of filling mail orders in our piece goods, hosiery, underwear, and millinery divisions; pay $9 to $10 per week to start; no experience necessary.

STOCKWOMEN.

No experience necessary; positions offer an opportunity to those who may have never been employed, or who have not worked for a number of years, but feel they should now be employed.

ALL EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS, PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

Our buildings are located three minutes' walk from the Sands St. station at Brooklyn Bridge.

Apply all day

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS'—WHERE WILL THE WAR LEAVE YOU?

Isn't it now time to stop and think of that permanent, pleasant, business home you will be sure to want when the war is over?

Jobs are plentiful now. And while they are, why not pick out the place you want to stay—after the war—after the temporary jobs at big wages are all gone—and thousands are looking for work.

We try to make the "NATIONAL" the best and most pleasant place for girls we can.

Wages are liberal, the surroundings here are most pleasant, we give liberal vacations and a half-holiday every Saturday and there is certain advancement here for bright girls.

Here is a good, pleasant, comfortable business home for you.

WANTED NOW
50 GIRLS.

Liberal Starting Salary—Rapid Advancement and Permanent Positions.
Experience Unnecessary.

These positions are at easy clerical work. You may apply from 8:30 to 5:00.

(Girls who are unable to call and who wish to secure a good place can send in their applications by mail and appointments will be made for them to call at a convenient hour.)

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St. New York City.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 01.

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN.

Connect with large magazine publishing house. Good working conditions, reasonable hours; half day Saturday; experienced people and bright beginners.

Experienced people needed as
COMPLAINT ADJUSTERS, STENCIL FILERS; A VARIETY OF POSITIONS FOR BEGINNERS.

LEARN AND EARN.

STOCK GIRLS.
Light, clear work; $9 start.
CLERICAL POSITIONS.
High school graduates, $10 start.
TYPIST, $10.
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES.
Paid $10 to begin.
ALSO TYPISTS.
SMALL GIRLS
for errands and light clerical work; $8 and excellent chance for advancement.

McCALL CO.,
236 WEST 37TH ST.

GIRL.—Mailing list and addressing machine work; good opportunity for advancement for bright girl who can do more than routine work; firm doing direct and indirect Government war work. Write fully, stating salary, age, and religion. Box 231 Times, 2 Rector St.

GOVERNMENT WORK.
EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING.

We will train 40 young women for positions as AUTOMATIC-TELEGRAPH OPERATORS and 20 to handle TELEGRAMS BY TELEPHONE; good salary paid weekly as student; immediate increase on graduation; rapid advancement to $93.50. We also need several office girls; good salary with advancement. Two rest reliefs daily. Benefits, insurance, vacation, &c. Cafeteria serving three meals daily at cost price. Apply in person only between 9-4, Room 1702, 24 Walker St. (near Canal St. and Broadway.)

GOVERNESS to take full charge of child 4 years old; must speak English perfectly; reference required; home all day. Appel, 404 Riverside Drive.

GOVERNESS wanted, speaking English and French and teach piano; two children; references. Y Times Annex.

GOVERNESS.—Refined, intelligent governess for 11-year-old girl; references required. Phone of call 318 West 76th. Columbus 3977.

GOVERNESS.—An English governess and a Norland nurse for little girl of 7; must have references. G 502 Times Downtown.

HIGH SCHOOL OR COLLEGE GRADUATES.

WE HAVE A NUMBER OF POSITIONS OPEN FOR WOMEN FROM 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, WHO ARE INTERESTED IN SCIENCE, ESPECIALLY ELECTRICITY, AND HAVE MECHANICAL ABILITY; WORKING CONDITIONS OF THE BEST AND SPLENDID OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT FOR THOSE WHO WILL APPLY THEMSELVES AND HAVE THE NECESSARY KNOWLEDGE AND ABILITY; INTERESTING WORK AND GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING. APPLY L 508 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HOTEL CASHIER for front office; long experience; bond; efficiency required; $90 and meals. Phone 4500 Columbus after 12.

HOUSEWORKER.—General housework and cook; must be good cook; family of two; private house; best references required; good wages paid. Horwood, 632 Hudson St., Hoboken. Telephone Hoboken 668.

HOUSEWORK.—General; competent girl, lady living alone; good cook; reference required. Call Thursday after 4 o'clock. Telephone Stuyvesant 3692. Dryden 9 East 10th St.

HOUSEWORKER who can cook; no washing; 5 adults; wages $40; must have best references; call between 10 and 2. Baumann, 77 East 80th St.

HOUSEWORKER, general, plain cook, neat worker; small private house. 238 West 101st St.

HOUSEWORKER, plain cook; 3 adults; references required; $45. 229 W. 78th St., Apartment 81.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS.

Not under 16 years of age, to do light messenger work in office; good salary to start; advancement assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LADIES for employment in the interesting occupation of arranging musical notation; pleasant work; a knowledge of music or harmony helpful; experience unnecessary; steady employment in a fast growing business. Republic Player Roll Corporation, 649 West 51st St.

LADY, cultured, ambitious; opportunity to learn good business; position outside New York; advancement for right party. Write Department C, 308 5th Av.

LEDGER CLERK. — Accounts receivable; competent on customers' ledger; must be neat writer, rapid at figures and able to take off monthly trial balance; pleasant office, congenial surroundings, noon day luncheon free. Ward Baking Co., Southern Boulevard and 143d St., Bronx.

MAID for general housework, two in family. Apply Mrs. Victor Ricard. Telephone Bronxville 960W.

MANAGER.
Young woman wanted, experienced in managing cloak store, for out-of-town; state salary and previous connection. G 157 Times.

MESSENGERS,

not under 16 years of age, to do light messenger work in office; good salary to start; advancement assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER (wholesale,)

who has had long experience on high-class pattern hats, who is versatile; only wholesale experience need apply; state all particulars, which will be kept strictly confidential. O 118 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER, $45. Call 20 Gramercy Park, Gramercy 1829, after 10 o'clock.

NURSE, companion; refined woman, between 35 and 45, take care of lady who has epilepsy; permanent position; refined surroundings; references required; $30 monthly. O 139 Times.

NURSE.—Young girl, white, to assist with child two years, and light household duties; good wages; refined, pleasant home; permanent. 617 West 143d St. Apt. 17. Phone Audubon 25.

NURSERY GOVERNESS to care for children, 4 and 7 years; country; references. Call Thursday between 10:30 and 1, Apt. 62, 304 West 92d St.

NURSE MAID, REFINED, TO TAKE CHARGE OF BOY 3 YEARS OF AGE; EXPERIENCED WITH CHILDREN; GOOD HOME FOR RIGHT GIRL. A. N., 218 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE GIRL, take care baby of 7 months; one with experience and references. Call 1 to 3, 252 West 85th St. Mrs. Moses.

NURSE.—Trained hospital nurse wanted for private patient; price no object. Call Chelsea 5851.

NURSE.—Wanted, practical baby's nurse. Call Thursday 111 West 37th St.

OFFICE GIRLS,

Not under 18 years of age, to do light messenger work in office; good salary to start; advancement assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

OFFICE WORK.—Clerical assistant, good handwriting; one accustomed to make out manufacturing tickets preferred. Demnerle Co., 45 West 25th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted by publishing house; young girl for clerical work; salary $9 to start; hours 9 to 5, half-day Saturday. Apply John Lane Company, 116 West 32d St.

OFFICE WORK.—Clerical assistant, good handwriting; one accustomed to make out manufacturing tickets preferred. Demnerle Co., 45 West 25th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, for keeping publication subscription accounts; some typewriting; write full particulars, mention salary; permanent. L 683 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references and salary expected. L 593 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY to busy engineering executive; must possess good education and appearance; capable stenographer; if possible have experience in engineering construction work; attractive position. Write B. L., Box 60, Room 1201, 220 W. 42d St.

SALES CLERK.—Woman, 35 to 40 years of age, who is quick to learn, wanted as sales clerk in large retail grocery; $12 weekly to start, with rapid advancement. G 191 Times.

SALESLADY for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary; apply after 11 A. M. or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESLADY of some experience for bakery. Cushman, 125 West 10th St.

SALESLADY for stationery and office supplies; must be experienced. 43 East 59th.

SALESWOMEN.

R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in the following departments for competent Saleswomen or for women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training:

Women's Neckwear,
Handkerchiefs,
Gloves,
Merino Underwear,
Petticoats,
Books,
Lamps,
Pictures,
Toys,
China,
Housefurnishings.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE A LARGE NUMBER OF SALESWOMEN (ALSO APPRENTICE SALESWOMEN) IN PRACTICALLY ALL DEPARTMENTS TO WORK

FULL TIME

OR FROM 11 A. M. TO 5 P. M.,

OR SEVERAL DAYS A WEEK.

APPLY ANY HOUR OF THE DAY TO SUPERINTENDENT, FOURTH FLOOR.

SALESWOMEN to sell specialties to drug department and general stores; selling ability and refined appearance necessary; good salary; before 10 A. M. and after 4. 1212 Times Building, 424 and Broadway.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER wanted by well-known banking house, woman with stenographic experience, (English); native language English, with working knowledge of Spanish or French and able to do statistical work. Reply, giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding experience and education. Address F. F., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York City.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, in educational organization, part time now, full time later. Apply by mail, 216 West 109th, Apt. 5D.

STATISTICAL CLERK;

must be familiar with accounting methods and have training in research work; position permanent; state age, qualifications and salary desired. B 22 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Only those who are thoroughly experienced will be considered; must be able to transcribe notes correctly; liberal salary assured, with advancement to those who have the necessary qualifications. Apply Main Office, 6th Floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.

EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, NEAT, LARGE ORGANIZATION IN JERSEY CITY, LOCATED WITHIN 5 MINUTES' WALK FROM HUDSON TUBE, HAS OPENING WHERE ADVANCEMENT IS ASSURED FOR ONE WHO CAN QUALIFY; MUST BE WELL EDUCATED; POSSESS INITIATIVE; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, AGE, NATIONALITY, SALARY EXPECTED. B. A., 416 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER for manufacturing export department located near Grand Central; one with initiative; knowledge of Spanish desirable but not essential; hours 8:45-5:30, Saturday half day all year. Apply own handwriting, giving age, experience, and salary expected, Export, Box 4, Grand Central Post Office.

STENOGRAPHER, capable operator, preferably experienced in export commission business; state age, qualifications, experience, and salary; good opportunity in large export-import house. Mail application to Room 724, Battery Park Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Who is good, experienced office assistant; by large Gentile cotton goods concern; permanent; $20-$22; must be rapid, accurate, and operate Underwood machine; state age, experience. G 521 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent opportunity offered for serious-minded young lady as stenographer to advance herself in export department; experience in export essential. A. 710 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, must be experienced and accurate; preferably one who understands mechanical terms. Write, or call, A. R. Mosier & Co., South Railroad Av. and E. 243d St., near White Plains Av.

STENOGRAPHERS for manufacturing plant in Central New Jersey; dormitory accommodations ideal; must be experienced, as very high salaries are paid. Y 392 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; PERMANENT POSITION. A 643 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent, neat, young lady to start at once; good, permanent position; salary $18; answer in own handwriting, giving age, experience, religion, telephone number, if any. B 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, high school graduate, for a live business; touch system; $18; January, $20; March, $22. Address L 675 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—In office of large corporation; 1 or 2 years' experience; state age, education, experience, and salary desired. A 652 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; state salary and experience, giving line of business in which formerly employed. L 659 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer; neat appearance; 5th Av. shop; permanent position; state age, experience and salary desired. L 189 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must know bookkeeping; thoroughly experienced; Wall St.; state age, religion, and salary; no beginners. G 474 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with experience on No. 10 Remington; permanent position; no beginners; state, in own handwriting, age, experience, and salary expected. L 170 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for large publishing house; must have had experience; opportunity for capable, ambitious worker. Y 396 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER in office wholesale house; competent grammarian and typist; knowledge of bookkeeping; advancement; state full particulars. F 666 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Spanish-English; must be competent; state age, experience, and salary. Box 32, care of Doremus & Co., 44 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experience in lumber business preferred, but not essential. Apply to W. E. C., Box 95, Long Island City, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner or one with slight experience, wanted in law office. Apply 31 Liberty St., Room 1109.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opportunity with banking house for a bright beginner; $9 to start. G 546 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in busy law office; state age, experience, nationality, and salary desired. L 646 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position with advancement; state age, salary desired, and experience if any. Steno 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with some experience; state age, experience, and salary desired. L 671 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and filing clerk, experienced; write, stating salary and references; Christian firm. Y 393 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHY INSTRUCTOR. — Day or evening; liberal salary; prospect of advancement. Call School, 433 Fremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must have 3 years' experience; state salary expected. Apply B 13 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and to act as office assistant; give details and salary desired. Address G 192 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some office experience; permanent position; favorable hours; $14; advancement. G 512 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat appearing young woman. Harry Hess & Co., 212 5th Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted by insurance company for switchboard, one able to operate typewriter preferred. Address, stating reference, nationality and salary expected. L 682 Times Downtown.

TYPIST (beginner), knowledge of stenography not necessary; $10 to start with; good opportunity for advancement. Typist, P. O. Box 666 (City Hall Station), New York.

TYPIST to operate Underwood machine. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. Apply by letter, B. B., Room 600, Tribune Bldg.

TYPISTS.—PIECE WORK; EXPERIENCED CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY; ALSO EVENING WORK. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST, one having experience. Apply 512 West 23d St.

UPHOLSTERY SALESWOMEN

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

Wish to engage several thoroughly experienced upholstery saleswomen for all sections of their department; attractive positions with liberal salary.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR.

WANTED.—Stenographer with some experience preferred; state salary expected. O 135 Times.

WOMAN to take charge of messenger service in large organization; middle-aged woman with experience in this line preferred. Hours 8 to 4:30 P. M. State age, experience and salary desired. Y 371 Times Annex.

WOMAN, refined, not over forty-five, as companion; must be cheerful; qualified to manage household duties; pleasant surroundings; excellent opportunity right party. O 116 Times.

WOMAN to do cooking and downstairs work; also girl for general work, to assist with care of children; sisters or friends preferred. O 140 Times.

WOMEN wanted for the period of the war; a few women who love children, to help feed them and take entire care of their dining rooms

## HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS—BOYS
for office work; opportunity learn bookkeeping; long hours.
JOHN S. SILLS & SON,
NORTH RIVER AND 37TH ST.

BOY wanted in collection department of large concern; one looking for bright future desired; $10 per week to start. Write, giving full particulars about yourself, to G 525 Times Downtown.

BOY, ABOUT 16, WANTED FOR ERRANDS AND OFFICE WORK WITH WELL-KNOWN PUBLICATION; SALARY TO START $12. K 174 TIMES.

BOY.—IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. A 644 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS
wanted by large manufacturing concern. Apply Stolzway & Sons, 107 East 14th. Licensed by U. S. E. S. permit No. 181.

BOY, IN THE OFFICES OF A LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE, NEAT, AND AMBITIOUS; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. B 12 TIMES.

BOYS,
willing and ambitious, to assist in mailing department of a large mercantile concern in Brooklyn; splendid opportunity; state experience. B 4 Times.

BOYS, (2,) TO ASSIST IN SHIPPING ROOM OF FASHION ILLUSTRATING CONCERN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. WRIGHT CO., 229 4TH AV.

BOY, in office of insurance company; must be bright, a good writer, and come well recommended; salary $10. G 519 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, experienced, to run stock quotation board, and 2 boys, with or without experience, for office. Apply Simmons & Slade, 5 Nassau St.

BOYS.—Banking and brokerage firm requires two intelligent, trustworthy boys; good chance for advancement. G 509 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by large insurance brokerage office; must be well mannered and neat personal appearance. Write, stating age, previous business experience, if any, and education. A 702 Times Downtown.

BOY in railroad legal department to operate switchboard, assist with files; experience unnecessary; $40 per month. L 595 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, bright, ambitious; good opportunity for advancement. Apply at once, with references, Room 505, 13-21 Park Row, New York.

BOYS for office of large manufacturing concern; exceptional opportunity for bright boys. Harris Bros. & Barnett, 11 East 26th.

BOY to deliver packages and run errands; good salary. H. Fischer & Co., 705 Lexington Av., near 57th.

BOY, in office of large corporation; opportunities for advancement for industrious boy. P. O. Box 485, City Hall Station.

BOY.—Bright boy to wrap and carry small packages; excellent opportunity; $10 to start. Room 1607, 220 West 42d.

BOY for delivery department, under 18, salary $12; good opportunity to learn and for advancement. Apply 384 5th Av.

BOY wanted who wishes to learn shoe business; good salary to start. I. R. Doblin, 1,032 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

BOY, between 14 and 16, wanted in wholesale ribbon house; very good chance for advancement. Mon & Co., 118 East 25th St.

BOY for export office; wages $8; must know downtown and write fair hand. L 673 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted; chance for advancement; good position for right party; good salary. Room 907, 10 East 43d St.

BOY, about 16 years, by Gentile Importing and exporting house; salary $12. 142 Maiden Lane.

BOY to run errands; $11 start. Angle Art Press, 727 7th Av.

BOY wanted, bright, for errands and office work in publishing house. Write B 5 Times.

BOYS wanted, several, for errands. Noiseless Typewriter Co., 253 Broadway.

BOY, bright, general office work. C. R. Co., 31 East 31st St., city.

BRANCH MANAGER wanted for large publishing concern; must have experience in hiring canvassers and collectors; must go where sent, outside New York; position pays salary of $25 per week and commissions; permanent position; good chance for promotion; replies confidential; give age, experience, draft status, if married, and if at present employed. Address B 2 Times.

BUTLER.—First-class useful butler and valet; personal references; country. Call Room 12, Cotton Exchange Building, between 10:30 and 4.

CABLE MAN, thoroughly experienced, to take charge of cable department for prominent export-import house; best references required; state fully experience and salary desired. A 712 Times Downtown.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.

SPEND THIS WINTER IN THE SOUTH, AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., ON CANTONMENT WORK; FINE CLIMATE. APPLY

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
310 JAY STREET, BROOKLYN;
126 CLINTON ST., MANHATTAN;
240 W. 23D ST., MANHATTAN.

JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

CASKET TRIMMERS, foreman and bench hands, in California. Apply W. H. Mayhew, 1,167 Bolievue Av., Syracuse, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR WANTED, HIGH-CLASS, COMPETENT; MUST BE A CAREFUL DRIVER AND GOOD MECHANIC; ABLE TO DO OWN REPAIRS AND HAVE PERSONAL CITY REFERENCES; ENGLISH PREFERRED. ADDRESS, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, P. O. BOX 372, MADISON SQUARE.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced man on Packard truck; one familiar with New York City and Brooklyn must have highest references; permanent position and good opportunity for right man. Call, Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten & Co., 145 Front St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted, a thoroughly experienced chauffeur for New York City. Reply, stating previous experience and salary wanted, or call on C. F. B., Room 2127, 120 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, half-hour, morning and evening, to take gentleman to and from office. In answer state compensation desired. Box A, Room 1121 Tribune Bldg.

CHAUFFEUR wanted half hour morning and evening to take gentleman to and from office; in answer state compensation desired. Box A, Room 1121 Tribune Bldg.

CHAUFFEUR, Ford experience, delivering orders, retail market. Manhattan Market, 270 West 125th.

CHAUFFEUR in meat market deliver orders. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

CHOIR BOYS wanted, 10 to 12 years. Apply Saturday, 10:30, Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St.

CLERK.—Must be good penman and accurate at figures. Apply in own handwriting, giving references, experience, and salary expected. New York Label & Box Works, 511-519 East 72d St.

CLERK, to work on statistics; knowledge chemistry useful but not essential; apply by letter stating salary. G 462 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Night work, for club; experience not necessary. Apply 20 West 40th St.

CLERKS.
Shipping clerks, assistant for electrical manufacturing concern. 200 Hudson St.

COLLECTORS for furniture installment house; salary. Apply Whalen Bros., Smith St., corner Wyckoff, Brooklyn.

COLLECTOR, INSTALLMENT, WITH FURNITURE OR DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. CALL OR WRITE, REFERENCES CONFIDENTIAL, HECHT BROS., 53-57 WEST 14TH.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR for addition only; must be rapid and accurate; state experience and salary wanted. B 15 Times.

COMPLAINT TRACKERS.

YOUNG MEN WITH MERCANTILE EXPERIENCE, PREFERABLY DEPARTMENT STORE; THESE POSITIONS OFFER GOOD PROSPECTS FOR YOUNG MEN WHO ARE INDUSTRIOUS AND WILLING TO WORK.

PARK & TILFORD,
529 West 42d St.

COPYWRITER.—Man familiar with preparation of sales letters and circulars; must understand layout of copy; good English education very necessary; technical training along electrical lines will be favorably considered; permanent position, large corporation; state position in draft, full experience, and salary expectations in first letter. B 11 Times.

CORRESPONDENT-COLLECTOR.—We want an able correspondent, capable of handling adjustments and collections by mail; permanent position; draft exempt or deferred class; state salary and experience. B 7 Times.

CORRESPONDENT with salesmanship, advertising, and literary ability; mail order and medical knowledge an advantage; opportunity for thorough, experienced man. Lionel Strongfort Physical Culture Correspondence School, 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

COST ACCOUNTANT, accustomed to charging material and making labor distribution, familiar with controlling accounts and systematizing. Militor Corp., Bergen and Kearney Av., Jersey City.

COUPLE for general housework in small house at Riverdale; generous wages. Phone Mrs. Leaslie, 183 Kingsbridge, or write, West 231st St.

CREDIT MAN, first-class, able to handle credit balances, wanted at once. Military Publishing Co., Room 943, 42 Broadway.

DEMONSTRATORS.
WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

DEMONSTRATORS
AND JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:

ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GRIDLEYS,
CRANKSHAFT GRINDING,
W. & S.

EXPERT GRINDING HANDS,
TOOL GRINDERS,
GAUGE GRINDERS,
CRANKSHAFT GRINDERS,

TOOL INSPECTORS,
TOOL TROUBLE MAN,
SHAPER HANDS.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS,
GISHOLTZ DEMONSTRATORS,
LATHE HANDS.
TOOL DESIGNERS,
TOOL DESIGNER CHECKERS.

Employment Department—Open until 6:30 P. M., and Sundays 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WRIGHT-MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;
171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

License filed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

DESIGNER AND CUTTER
on ladies' military uniforms, thoroughly experienced man to handle all details. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, references, and salary. Brooks Uniform Co., 143 West 40th.

DRAFTSMEN,
HALF BUILD
AEROPLANES
FOR UNCLE SAM.

FIRST-CLASS LAYOUT AND DETAIL DRAFTSMEN FOR AEROPLANE FACTORY DOING DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTAL WORK ON ALL KINDS OF AEROPLANES.

UNEXCELLED WORKING CONDITIONS.
APPLY OR WRITE
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

Take L. I. Railroad train from either Penn. Station, N. Y., or Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, to Garden City.

DRAFTSMAN.
All-around, competent mechanical draftsman for large manufacturing plant; permanent position; advancement.
AMERICAN EVER READY WORKS
OF THE
NATIONAL CARBON CO.,
THOMPSON AV. AND ORTON ST.,
LONG ISLAND CITY, OR
U. S. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
171 HUNTER AV., (BRIDGE PLAZA,)
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 126.

DRAFTSMEN.—STRUCTURAL DETAILERS WANTED AT ONCE ON ESSENTIAL WORK; PERMANENT POSITION TO RIGHT MEN. APPLY ROOM 5717 GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL.

DRAFTSMAN, junior mechanical, for tracing and new work; must have shop experience. Apply Jensen Creamery Machine Co., 13th St. and Boulevard, Long Island City. Directions: Take Queensboro Subway to 11th St. Station, 2 blocks west and 3 blocks north.

DRAFTSMEN for mechanical design, detail, and tracing; permanent position; Government work. Apply after 10 A. M., Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th St.

DRILL PRESS OPERATORS,
IRON STRAIGHTENERS
for saw
OR
SAW STRAIGHTENERS.
It is up to the mechanic at home to rush this work for their safety. Best of working conditions, steady employment.
STANDARD ORDNANCE CORP.,
West Side Av., Carbon Place,
Jersey City, N. J.

DRUGGIST.
WE CAN OFFER A COMPETENT REGISTERED MAN WHO CAN SELL MERCHANDISE A GOOD POSITION AT A GOOD SLLARY. JAMES, 247 WEST 46TH ST.

DRUGGIST.
WE CAN OFFER A COMPETENT REGISTERED MAN WHO CAN SELL MERCHANDISE A GOOD POSITION AT A GOOD SALARY. JAMES, 247 W. 46TH ST.

DRUGGIST.—PRESCRIPTION MAN AND JUNIOR FOR COUNTER.
KINSMANS, 601 8TH AV.

ELECTRICIANS.

First-class all-around factory men for our Edgewater, N. J., plant; prevailing rates. Apply West 95th St. dock, New York, American Can Co. Licensed by U. S. E. S., permit 189.

ENGINEER.

We desire a young college man to work in our research laboratories.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.
ABRAHAM & STRAUS, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require an assistant engineer, with a knowledge of isolated power plant operation, consisting of Corliss engines, D. C. generators, and B. & W. boilers; night work; one night off in seven; well-ventilated engine and boiler rooms; U. S. E. S. Permit No. 219. Apply to Chief Engineer, in person.

ENGINEERING ASSISTANTS for electrical and mechanical test work; permanent position; Government work; residents of Brooklyn preferred. Apply after 10 A. M., Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th St.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERIENCED, to take charges from call, notions, fancy goods. T. C., 345 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.—Experienced man, enter charges from call clerk. L 616 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR.—Material estimator who understands the listing of masonry, rough and finished carpentry work for job in Bridgeport, Conn.; state references and salary expected. K 173 Times.

EXPORT TRAFFIC MANAGER for established concern forwarding agents and freight brokers; familiar present priority and licensing conditions; personal acquaintance steamship and railroad officials; practical experience handling shipments and insurance; thorough knowledge shipping documents, consular, and other requirements shipping. State education, experience, age, draft status, if now employed. Reply confidential. L 850 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.—Competent; state age, salary expected, and experience. L 676 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN.—Thoroughly experienced on metal hospital furniture. George Poll & Co., 1,920 Harman St., Brooklyn.

FOREMAN, night, experienced, for commercial garage; good salary; permanent position. Y 364 Times Annex.

FRUIT CLERK wanted in retail fruit store; must understand the business; steady position. G 150 Times.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway,
REQUIRE
CARRIERS.
Men over 45 years of age to collect packages on selling floors.
APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.
"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108."

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway,
REQUIRE
three strong and intelligent men for our receiving department.
APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.
"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108."

HANDKERCHIEF MAN, experienced, for factory in Newark; send application with references to Thomas Carter & Sons, 395 Broadway.

Hand Screw Machine Operators and Set-Up Men.
Government War Work. Good Opportunity and agreeable working conditions.
BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE COMPANY,
15TH AND GARDEN STREETS,
HOBOKEN, N. J.
two blocks from West 23d Street Ferry, or take Hudson Tube to Hoboken and a short ride to the plant.
U. S. Employment Service Permit applied for.

HOSTLERS.—Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, require several hostlers for their department of stables. Apply to Superintendent of Stables, 60 Bolivar St., Brooklyn. U. S. E. S. Permit No. 219.

JANITOR.—Experienced white man small apartment house; easy place; part time off; residence outside; liberal wages. 2,731 Broadway.

JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
A graduate mechanical engineer who has had two or three years' experience, preferably along maintenance lines.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS
for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

KITCHENMAN.—Experienced, sober, for government camp. Call early Room 101, 300 Broadway.

LABORERS
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK.
E. W. BLISS CO.,
76 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.
LICENSED U. S. E. S. NO. 317.

LARGE AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES:
BOOKKEEPERS.
CLERKS.
BOYS.
WRITE, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. L 674 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LEDGER CLERK,
in Christian firm, experienced, for customers' ledger, controlling accounts, trial balances, statements. W. A. H. & Co., 371 Washington St.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR.
Steady position; publication house, union; over scale. R. S. B., 118 Times.

MACHINISTS.—25 first-class men to take instructions in the setting up of automatics and hand screw machines; Government war work; good opportunity and agreeable working conditions.
BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE COMPANY,
15th and Garden Sts.,
Hoboken, N. J.
Two blocks from West 23d St. Ferry, or take Hudson Tube to Hoboken and a short ride to plant.
Employment office open Sunday from 11 A. M. to 12 noon.
U. S. Employment Service permit applied for.

MACHINIST HELPERS, on bench work; must have some mechanical ability; Government work; U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

MACHINISTS AND MILLWRIGHTS.—All-round first-class men can obtain good positions on Government work. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th St.

MACHINISTS, A1.
LATHE HANDS,
TOOLMAKERS,
TUBING WORKERS
wanted at once.
GOVERNMENT WORK.
NEW PLANT, NEW MACHINERY.
Must be citizens.
Apply or write
Employment Dept.,
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

MACHINISTS.
First-class all-around shop and repair men for our Edgewater, N. J., plant; prevailing rates. Apply West 95th St. dock, New York, American Can co. Licensed by U. S. E. S., permit 189.

MACHINISTS WANTED.
Two first-class machinists, those with experience on automatic machinery preferred.
UNITED PAPER BOX CO.,
83D-84TH ST., BROOKLYN.

MAGNETO MECHANICS,
Assemblers,
Testers,
Repair men.
Government work.
Best wages.
48-Hour shop.
Convenient to Bloomfield trolley and D., L. & W. R. R.
Apply
SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
Bloomfield, N. J.

MAN for paint manufacturer's office in Brooklyn; one who has had a commercial office experience and is correct at figures a necessity; some knowledge of chemistry an advantage, though not a necessity; hours 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; draft exempt preferred; positively state age, experience, and salary required. P. J., 255 Times Downtown.

MAN AND WIFE wanted, refined and intelligent, under 50 years of age, and without children, to take charge of a group of 30 boys in a Jewish institution near New York City; $75 per month and board; advancement if satisfactory; school. O 105 Times.

MAN, energetic, active, under 50 years of age, as night watchman in an institution near New York City; 10 hours' work; steady position; $40 per month, with maintenance. Address Watchman, O 106 Times.

MAN to take charge of messenger service in large organization; middle-aged man with some experience in this line preferred; hours 8 to 4:30 P. M.; state age, experience, and salary desired. Y 373 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to manage egg department in large grocery concern; state age, experience, references, &c. D. C., 308 Times Bronx.

MAN, helper around packing department, wholesale jobbing house. L 614 Times Downtown.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

MANAGER.
Young man man wanted, experienced in managing retail cloak store for out of town; state salary and previous connections. Address G 167 Times.

MARGIN CLERK wanted for New York Stock Exchange house. Address G 547 Times Downtown.

MASTER MECHANIC.—WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR MECHANIC OF EXECUTIVE ABILITY TO DEVELOP A TRANSMISSION DEVICE; TO A CAPABLE MAN OF VAST EXPERIENCE A RARE OPPORTUNITY IS PRESENTED. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS REGARDING PAST EXPERIENCE AND WHERE EMPLOYED, L 142 TIMES.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
We prefer men who have had three years' experience in designing small apparatus.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

MEN.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
OPERATORS,
DIE, TOOL AND MACHINE
SETTERS.
Both day and night shifts.
Excellent working conditions, 48-45 years.
APPLY DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
SATURDAYS,
8 A. M. to 12 M.
REMINGTON ARMS UMC CO.,
14TH & WASHINGTON STS.,
HOBOKEN, N. J.

MEN.—Several men between the ages of 45 and 55, clean cut, good physical makeup, for outside night patrol work; salary to start $18 per week; call during business hours. J. W. Gannon, Room 707, 25 Church St.

MEN.—Several between the ages of 45 and 55, clean cut, good physical makeup, for outside night patrol work; salary to start $18 per week. Call during business hours, J. W. Gannon, Room 707, 25 Church St.

MESSENGER wanted for a bank, between 15 and 20 years of age; best of reference required; state age and religion; salary $450 per year. O 138 Times.

MIMEOGRAPH OPERATORS.—Expert. Call 2d floor 244 Madison Av.

MULTI-COLOR OPERATORS.
We have several good positions open paying from $15-$22. Phone Worth 715 or call Multi-Color Sales Co., 298 Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Man wanted by well-known banking house, preferably with college training, native language English, with working knowledge of Spanish and French; reply, giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding experience and education. Address H. H., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York City.

OFFICE BOY wanted at once for large industrial corporation, essential industry; lunch free; excellent chance for advancement to right party. Phone Prospect 6100, Chief Clerk, for interview.

OFFICE BOYS.—Two bright boys for mailing desk wanted immediately; growing concern; good chance for advancement; salary and bonus. B 6 Times.

OFFICE BOY in downtown export office; advancement. A 700 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Export house; $9 a week. Room 2032, 50 Broad St.

OFFICE BOYS.—Six wanted; good chance for advancement; salary $10 per week; high school education preferred. G 513 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, with good clerical experience; must be able to take charge and supervise department; only those conversant with express and freight traffic matters, adjustment of claims, &c., need apply; resident of Brooklyn preferred; to insure consideration, state age, experience, and salary expected. O 96 Times.

OFFICE MAN wanted who can handle correspondence; must know bookkeeping. G 550 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER
to take charge of entire office force; must thoroughly understand trial balances.
STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Apply Supt.'s office, 37th St. entrance.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Banking or employment experience desirable, although energy, imagination, and real executive ability will qualify; salary up to $2,500. Write for interview. L 651 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT who is thoroughly familiar with all details of the Latin American dry goods trade; one who has visited that territory preferred. A 706 Times Downtown.

OFFICE WORK.—Experienced man for general office work; state experience, references, age, salary expected, first letter. Address G 124 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted by advertising agency; must be quick and accurate. Apply Room 1601, 25 West 45th St., 9 A. M.

OFFICE BOY wanted for export house. Apply Room 126, 17 Battery Place.

OPERATORS.
Government work.
Best wages.
48-Hour shop.
Convenient to Bloomfield Av. trolley and D., L. W. R. R.
TOOLMAKERS,
UNIVERSAL GRINDERS,
SCREW MACHINE HANDS,
LATHE HANDS,
DRILL PRESS HANDS.
Apply
SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
Bloomfield, N. J.

ORDER CLERK.—Expereinced order clerk; good handwriting; newspaper representative; salary $15-$18. P. B., 127 Times.

PACKER.—Experienced, wanted by large manufacturing concern; position permanent, with opportunity to advance; state age and salary desired. A 701 Times Downtown.

PACKER.—One experienced in wholesale hardware; good opportunity. Write, Neal & Brinker Co., 81 White St.

PACKERS.—Experienced hardware and auto accessories business; good wages. Chas. Weiland, Inc., 149 Chambers St.

PACKER.—Experienced man handle fancy glassware, wholesale import house. L 615 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—EXPERIENCED COMMERCIAL; LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; HOURS 9 TO 4; SATURDAYS 12; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. J. B., 50 NEW YORK TIMES, 2 RECTOR ST.

PHYSICIAN.—A good practice is left by a physician who died last week; no real estate to buy; no money needed to start. A 604 Times Downtown.

PORTERS
FOR WAREHOUSE WORK.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 Blocks South of 14th St.

PURCHASING AGENT, married man, not subject to draft; not over 35; publishing house experience; practical knowledge of paper, ink, and materials entering the manufacture of books; permanent position; please give full details in application letter. O 110 Times.

PURCHASING DEPARTMENT ASSISTANT.—Large Brooklyn steel specialty manufacturing concern; preference given applicants exempt from draft; knowledge of typewriting required; state age, nationality, qualifications in detail, salary expected. G 148 Times.

RUNNERS.—New York Stock Exchange house desires experienced runners; state salary and age. A 715 Times Downtown.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN to sell loose leaf accounting supplies in the metropolitan district; beginning salary $125 to $150 per month; amount to be determined by our estimate of worth; must be draft exempt; knowledge of double entry bookkeeping necessary; opportunity for man now employed in office work who wants to get into producing end of business; six weeks' training course, during which time salary is paid. L 670 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN!
One of our managers said to me the other day:
"When I applied for position as salesman with our company, I had never had any selling experience. I had been a draftsman in an architect's office at a salary of $32 per week. I was convinced by the manager that I could sell under your system. I resigned my position as draftsman and became a salesman. I received a commission check for my first week's work amounting to $60. The second week my commission check was in excess of $100, and in three months to a day from the date of my employment I was promoted to manager of one of the company's offices. My first week's check as manager was $350."
Have you the vision to see opportunity in such a connection? If so, write for interview. We are one of the largest security selling concerns in America. Address L 528 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE A NUMBER OF SALESMEN FOR THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
MEN'S FURNISHING,
SHOES,
YARD GOODS.
APPLY ANY HOUR OF THE DAY TO SUPERINTENDENT, FOURTH FLOOR.

SALESMEN
EXPERIENCED RETAIL CIGAR SALESMEN OR MEN EXPERIENCED IN ANY OTHER RETAIL BUSINESS, BETWEEN THE AGES OF 37 AND 50, OR MEN IN CLASS 5 WHO HAVE BEEN REJECTED FOR PHYSICAL DISABILITY; SALARY AND COMMISSIONS; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; PERMANENT POSITIONS. APPLY BETWEEN 12 AND 3 P. M., SCHULTE CIGAR STORES, 386 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.—Broadway automobile dealer, with plenty of cars to sell, has recently more than doubled its show room facilities, and is now in position to offer special inducements to two high-powered salesmen; must be men who are now connected or have within the past 30 days been connected with a Broadway dealer in a well-known line of cars; only hustlers, with reputation for sobriety, honesty, and earnestness of purpose need apply; salary and commission. K 144 Times.

SALESMAN.
Bright, aggressive salesman wanted by a well-established company to handle a specialty line "Bolier Seal;" expenses advanced and salary guaranteed; in reply give references, also telephone number, to insure prompt interview. Address K 177 Times.

SALESMEN.—If you are ambitious and can approach business and professional men, we offer an exceptional opportunity to you through the sale of The New York Times war volumes; investigate now; do not apply unless you would be accepted by a bonding company. Apply to Room 1710, Times Building, Mr. Guy.

SALESMEN.
Prominent manufacturer of best popular line of children's hats desires man to represent him in several territories; only those who have experience and big following; no others need apply; salary or commission. Address K. L., 800 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by a large export house, paper salesman for the Orient; only those thoroughly familiar with paper business need apply; excellent opportunity for the right man; salary and commission. Apply 30 Church St., Room 1742.

SALESMEN.
Prominent manufacturer of best popular line of children's hats desires man to represent him in several territories; only those who have experience and big following; no others need apply; salary or commission. Address K. L., 800 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN FOR A PRODUCING OIL STOCK; LIBERAL COMMISSIONS AND SALARIES FOR THOSE WITH BEST REFERENCES AND RECORDS. APPLY ROOM 703 42 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN.—Established trade in New Jersey State; will also give him trade lobber's line children's dresses, infants under-wear; commission basis. S. E., 240 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with some experience in commercial auto bodies; commission, with drawing account. MILLTHAL AUTO BODY CO., 59 Jackson St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on lubricating oils; high commissions paid. Reply Royal Oil Co., 493 Park Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, sanitary products, salary and commission, selling to purchasing agents, all territories. C. P., 270 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for butter and egg route wagon, who can drive electric car or gas car and has license; straight salary. Address A 708 Times Downtown.

SAMPLE CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced in textile sample work for export department; hard worker and producer; good prospects; call. Taylor, Clapp & Bell, 109 Worth St., N. Y.

SHIPPING CLERK in essential war industry; factory Newark district; man of experience in small hardware, capable of seeing the stock is handled and shipping; good wages to right man. Address Hardware, W 692 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted by an old established exporting house; preferably one who has had experience with drugs; a good position for the right man. Export, G 504 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN.—Experienced only need apply. I. R. Doblin, 1,032 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

SPANISH GENTLEMAN WANTED.
One who has a good knowledge of English and French and can write Spanish exceptionally well. Must know how to operate a typewriter and read proofs. Apply to
A. F. BOUVET,
Butterick Building,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

STATISTICIAN.
MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH ACCOUNTING METHODS, AND HAVE TRAINING IN RESEARCH WORK; POSITION PERMANENT; STATE AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, AND STATUS IN DRAFT. B 21 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experience unnecessary; opportunity for advancement assured; state age and salary required. O 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; must be competent; state age, experience and salary. Box 32, care Doremus & Co., 44 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHY INSTRUCTOR, day or evening; liberal salary; prospect of advancement. Call school, 453 Tremont Av.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
REQUIRE SEVERAL NIGHT AND DAY PORTERS. APPLY MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.

STEWARDS.
MEN CAPABLE
OF FILLING POSITIONS
IN LARGE PLANT.
ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE CATERED TO LARGE NUMBERS AND HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN HANDLING HELP, NEED APPLY.
DU PONT CO.,
244 WEST 23D ST.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man as assistant in storeroom; one experienced in electrical or hardware line preferred; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call after 9 A. M. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 527 West 34th.

STOCK CLERK.—A1 man to take charge of stock records for large export house; good salary for the right man; state experience and salary expected. L 665 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery, commercial, office supply store; must be experienced; permanent position; good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK CLERK.—Experienced; take full charge of stock room for wholesale dry goods house. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St.

STOCK CLERK.—Learn wholesale business; fine opportunity; beginners. L 619 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Wanted.—Several high-class stock salesmen between 24 and 30, draft exempt, to sell dividend-paying stock over telephone; salary, commission and bonus to right men; present men earning up to $150 weekly; must come well recommended; call all week, 24 Stone St., Room 804, Mr. Nettler.

TEACHER.—Military drill, mathematics; boys' camp; good salary. O 122 Times.

TELEPHONE STOCK SALESMEN wanted. Wanted several high-class stock salesmen between 24 and 30, draft exempt, to sell dividend-paying stock over telephone; salary, commission, and bonus to right men; present men earning up to $150 weekly; must come well recommended. Call all week, 24 Stone St., Room 804, Mr. Nettler.

TOOLROOM GRINDERS.
First-class men on Norton, Landis, Heald, and Bath grinders for our Edgewater, N. J., plant; prevailing rates. Apply West 95th dock, New York, American Can Co. Licensed by P. S. E. S., permit 189.

fixtures, and gages; Government work. Write full particulars, G 457 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—PIECE WORK; EXPERIENCED CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST familiar with general office work. 402 West St.

WANTED,
TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 55.
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY,
Except Sunday:
165 Broadway, Room 1253.
22 East 22d St.
79 Centre St.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
86th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WATCHMAN.
NIGHTS, (7 NIGHTS,) FACTORY PLANT WITH SPRINKLERS, AUTOMATIC ALARM AND OTHER FIRE APPLIANCES; STEADY POSITION FOR APPLICANT ABLE TO FURNISH A1 REFERENCES.
RUNKEL CHOCOLATE'S,
451 WEST 30TH ST.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT 290.

WATCHMAKER.—To take charge of our repair department. To a man of executive ability who can produce results we offer a permanent position at a good salary, with excellent prospects. Applications will be treated confidentially. Julius Jorgenson & Son, 2,307 Broadway.

WATCHMAKERS, competent, wanted; 47 hours weekly; $30; life position for good men. Leon Hirsch, 37-39 Maiden Lane, New York City.

WATCHMAKER AND CLOCKMAKER wanted at once; permanent position at good wages. J. Jorgenson & Son, 2,307 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN,
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
Age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; salary to start, $11; evening hours 5 to 12 P. M.; permanent. Box L 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN wanted, with knowledge of Spanish, in leading export house; this is a bona fide opening to connect with selling force of large firm, having branches all over the world; only those really looking for such an opportunity need apply. Address, stating full particulars as to salary, &c., in first letter, G 526 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Must have good education; some business experience required, know how to use phone and talk to business men; excellent opportunity for one who can qualify; draft exempt; $15 salary to start. 130 Washington Place.

YOUNG MAN.—School graduate, for stock room of large piano factory in Bronx; steady position, good opportunity for advancement. T. D., 437 Third Av., Harlem.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in storeroom; one with experience in electrical and plumbers' supplies. Call 9:30 A. M., Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN, neat, for sample room; good chance for advancement. Call noon, Spear & Co., 810 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, office work, handle mail, and filing; experience not necessary; salary $10. H. Behlen & Bro., 371 Pearl St.

YOUNG MAN IN FACTORY OFFICE. APPLY 165 NORTH 11TH ST., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN.—Experienced ribbon stock assistant. Wertheimer Bros., 10 East 24th.

YOUNG MAN to work in shipping department. Rittenberg Bros., 100 Bleecker St.

YOUNG MEN.
We desire a few capable men having at least five years' experience in sales, shop, cost or accounting department of an electrical manufacturing business, preferably familiar with telephone equipment.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.

# ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

### Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Capts.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Anderson, C. R. | McDowell, M. |
| Collins, A. N. | Landes, E. W. |
| McKenzie, W. W. | Merrill, F. G. |
| Arnsback, R. S. | Norcross, E. P. |
| Silly, M. B. | Nealey, C. M. |
| Ivy, E. F. | Bradley, J. M. |
| Helens, D. P. | Kenantz, O. F. |
| Kennedy, J. G. | Doan, M. W. |
| Bowley, W. | Levy, A. |
| Mackney, H. J. | Gregory, L. C. |
| Geege, F. H. | Moore, R. V. |
| Townfield, S. T. | Cliatt, J. N. |
| Goff, C. O. | Brown, S. S. |
| Glesby, J. J. | Young, N. H. |
| King, R. | Bond, B. F. |
| Carr, B. W. | Brennan, A. E. |
| Knick, D. A. | McMurray, J. W. |
| Reynolds, A. J. | Myers, ——. |
| Guth, E. B. | Thompson, P. B. |
| Stadt, O. H. | Myers, D. M. |
| Whitney, G. C. | Bernsteiln, L. P. |

Following to Mobile Hosp. No. 102, at Camp Crane:

Laughlin, Maj. P. B.

CAPTAINS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Baussure, H. W. | Hunt, W. E. |
| Asher, E. | |

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bruner, A. B. | Dale, R. B. |
| Burke, E. J. | Funston, R. V. |

Following to Base Hosp. No. 118, at Camp Taylor:

CAPTAINS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bradshaw, A. B. | Wheeler, W. M. |
| Carr, W. W. | Cornell, H. B. |
| Willard, G. W. | Swanick, J. R. |
| Carter, W. H. | |

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Denny, F. C. | Wilcox, C. F., Jr. |
| Betts, F. A. | Wire, B. O. |
| Wilson, G. L. | Yerbury, C. C. |
| Askin, R. J. | |

Holmes, Capt. T. G.; Hill, Capt. G. H.; Walling, Capt. C. B., and McClenler, 1st Lt. J. C., are hon. discharged.

Clabaugh, Capt. O. W., to Army Hosp. No. 1, at Williamsbridge, N. Y.

Keller, 1st Lt. F. C., promoted to be a Captain.

Forster, 1st Lt. R. B., to Jefferson Barracks.

Shultz, 1st Lt. F. W., to Camp MacArthur.

Thompton, 1st Lt. C. B., to Hoboken.

Ingber, 1st Lt. I. S., to Base Hosp. No. 159 at Camp Greenleaf.

### Engineers.

Following to Camp Wheeler:

CAPTAINS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lewis, G. W. | Fairfield, G. A. |

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stevenson, J. M. | Kelly, J. J. |
| Brewer, P. C. | Brown, N. F. |
| True, H. N. | |

Following to Camp Leach:

Berkness, Col. L. C.

MAJORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| French, F. C. | Powell, T. J. |

CAPTAINS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Miles, A. S. | Singleton, M. T., Jr. |
| Shepard, H. B. | Young, S. M. |
| Smith, W. J. | Downie, R. F. |
| True, A. O. | Molsberry, H. C. |

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wilkinson, R. | McCarton, A. P. |

Hunt, Maj. A. L.; Gartenstelg, Capt. C. G.; Meyers, 1st Lt. W. G.; Davison, 1st Lt. C. M., and Beauchamp, 1st Lt. F. F., to Camp Humphreys.

Following appointed Captains and will proceed to Camp Humphreys:

Johnson, M. ——; Jones, J. H.

Chamberlain, A. M. | Robinson, A. E.

Herman, Lt. Col. F. W., will assume charge of organization and training of 71st and proceed to Washington Barracks.

Scully, Capt. T. J., assigned to 214th.

Reed, Capt. H. S., to Portland, Ore.

### Infantry.

Following to Camp Kendrick:

Graham, A. D., Jr.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Webb, C. R. | Sanson, C. F. |
| Sulvihill, A. F. | Downes, J. I. H. |
| Sergeant, P. W. | Mapes, M. E. |

Oliver, Capt. N. S., to Ohio State University.

Adams, Capt. H. K., to Central College, Pella, Iowa, and to Grinnell College, Grinnell, Iowa.

Williams, Capt. L. K., promoted to be a Major.

Reichmann, Col. C., to Camp Grant.

Brooke, 1st Lt. Col. W., to Camp Dodge, to report for duty.

Barnes, Major R. L., to Washington for intelligence duty.

Banks, Capt. J. B., assigned to 5th F. A., at Camp Bowie.

Warren, Capt. John V., assigned to Chem. War Service at Camp Sherman.

Murphy, Capt. T. E., to 136th, at Camp Dix.

Dyer, Capt. F. M., assigned to Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., as Adjt. at Camp Travis.

Sellers, Capt. W. A., to Camp Hancock.

Cooley, 1st Lt. R. H., promoted to be a Capt. in Army Serv. Corps.

Davido, 1st Lt. L. H., assigned to Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept. at Camp Eustis.

Nichols, 1st Lt. L., assigned to Army Ser. Corps.

Dearr, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Meade, with 11th Div.

McKee, 1st Lt. E. H., to Colorado State Teachers' College, Greeley, Colo., as Cmdg. Off. of Students' A. T. C.

### Quartermaster Corps.

Johnson, Capt. C. F., and Partridge, Capt. S., to Baltimore, as asst. to depot Qm.

Following to Camp Greene with Labor Battalions:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Anadale, F. H. | Schultz, A. X. |
| Fitz Patrick, H. L. | Voorsanger, W. S. |
| Moore, L. | Speyer, H. E. |
| Salisbury, O. M. | |

Gangesser, H. A.; and Ostergreen, R. C., appointed Captains, and assigned as assts. to Chief of Const. at Washington.

Estes, Capt. E. R., to Union 1st Lt. W. S.; and Bennett, 1st Lt. J. A., to clothing and equipment div. at Wash.

Timberlake, Col. E. J.; and Beardslee, Maj. N. M., to Ft. Monroe.

Estabrook, Maj. ——, assigned to Engs. with 70th at Ft. Douglas.

Bergren, Capt. D. E., will report to Dir. of Shipping, Port of New York.

Christensen, Capt. S., and Comstock, 1st Lt. G. J., to Newport News Embarkation Depot.

Robinson, Capt. W. R., to Chicago.

Sunning, Capt. A. S., to hardware and metals dept.

Maher, Capt. E., is hon. discharged.

Van Roden, 1st Lt. E. L., promoted to be Captain in Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept. at Camp Meade.

Spitzer, Capt. L., to Cleveland.

Grenoble, Capt. W. S., to Atlanta.

Newton, T. S., appointed a Major and assigned as asst. to Chief of Const. Div.

Algee, D. H., appointed a Capt.

Hayden, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Dodge as asst. to Cmdg. Off. Aux. Remount Depot, 322

Judik, 1st Lt. J. O., to Camp MacArthur as asst. to Cmdg. Off. of Remount Depot.

### Field Artillery.

Elsasser, Lt. Col. H. F., hon. discharged.

Holdeman, Maj. G. H., assigned to 18th Inf. Div. at Camp Travis.

Banks, Capt. J. R., promoted to be a Major in Inf. at Camp MacArthur.

Crocker, Capt. W. W., detailed as Aid de Camp to Maj. Gen. E. A. Helmick at Camp Fremont.

Durell, Capt. E., assigned to 159th Depot Brig. at Camp Taylor.

McKinley, 1st Lt. R. H., 139th; Boyd, 1st Lt. G. E., 31st, and Reilly, 1st Lt. A. G., 81st, promoted to be Captains.

### Motor Transport Corps.

De Garmo, Capt. T., to Camp Holabird with Repair Unit, 311.

Ainger, Capt. F. B., to Camp Meigs.

Obrieght, 1st Lt. M., appointed a Capt. and will report to Chief of Motor Transport Corps, Washington.

Hunnewell, E. R., appointed a Capt. and assigned as asst. in the maintenance div. at Washington.

### Dental Corps.

Kester, 1st Lt. W. M., to Camp Lee.

Kritchlow, 1st Lt. R. F., to Camp Taylor.

Boyd, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp Pike.

### Ordnance.

Cawtnon, Capt. H., to Camp Beauregard as rifle demonstrator.

Pearson, Capt. C. H., and Thrasher, Capt. R., assigned to Inf.

Hutchinson, Maj. G., assigned to Qm. Corps.

Kingsbury, Capt. C. L., and Seybold, Capt. B., appointed Capts. in Chem. War Serv.

### Adjutant General's Department.

Struts, Capt. J. O., relieved from present duties at Camp Hancock.

Lillard, W. H., appointed a Capt.

Cowling, Capt. H. O., assigned as Brig. Adjt. with 95th Div. at Camp Sherman.

Shor, Capt. G. G., promoted to be Major.

Adams, Capt. C., will report to U. S. Army Gen. Hosp., No. 19, at Azalea, N. C.

Kaufer, 1st Lt. O. R., Reid, 1st Lt. P. D., and Koerpel, 1st Lt. C., promoted to be Capts.

### Chemical Warfare Service.

Painter, 1st Lt. P. K., hon. discharged.

O'Callaghan, 1st Lt. T., Jr., to Baltimore as Port Supply Off.

Shrock, 1st Lt. E. G., to Camp Logan, as Chief Gas Off.

Brophy, Capt. W. E., to Gas Defense Div. of Chem. War Ser. at New York.

Reiling, 1st Lt. H. A., assigned to Morgan Wright Co.'s plant, Detroit, Mich.

McElroy, 1st Lt. G. E., will report to Chief of Staff.

### Coast Artillery.

Humphreys, Lt. Col. T. O., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Wilson, Lt. Col. W. P., promoted to be Col. and assigned to 28th C.A. at Ft. Warren.

Hunt, Capt. P. J., assigned Army Art. Hqrs. at Ft. Washington.

Tolbert, Capt. B. A., promoted to be a Major.

Bentley, 1st Lt. A. J., to Ft. Warren, with 33d Coast Art.

### Signal Corps.

Bamberger, Maj. R. S., rated as a junior mil. aeronaut.

Dumas, Maj. V. M., will assume command of Aviation General Supply Depot at Americus, Ga.

Flanders, 1st Lt. C. K., to Camp Vail.

### Sanitary Corps.

Lawrence, W. H., appointed a Capt. and assigned to Gen. Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, Col.

Brefaky, Capt. P., to Allentown, Penn., in command of San. Squad No. 124.

Hitch, Capt. E. T., promoted to be a Major.

Fishleigh, Maj. W. T., and Stoner, Capt. W. G., assigned to Motor Transport Corps.

Mendenhall, E. L., appointed a Capt. and assigned at Lawrenceville, N. J.

### Miscellaneous.

Greble, 1st Lt. Col. E. S., F.A., and Stephan, 1st Col. A., Inf., promoted to be Cols.

Following promoted to be Lt.Cols.:

MAJORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Howard, J. L., Inf. | Sterling, W. C., Ord. D. |
| Greenway, J. C., Engs. | Hagerling, S. A., Sig. C. |
| Judah, N. B., Jr., F.A. | Miller, O., Ord. D. |
| Myers, D. S., Inf. | Twelvetree, H. J., Inf. |
| McDonald, J. H., F.A. | Wilson, C. R., Sig. C. |
| Peek, G. M., F.A. | |
| Bernthelzel, C. N., J.A. G.D. | |

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hayes, W. H., Inf. | Herendon, W. K., F.A. |
| Beach, A. H., F.A. | Arnold, D. G., Cav. |
| Perry, O. S., Inf. | Critchlin, J. J., Cav. |
| Murphy, T. F., Inf. | Southwick, M. B., 124th Mach. Gun Bat. |
| Pierce, W. W., Inf. | Norris, R., Inf. |
| MacKendrick, R. G., F.A. | Miller, S. S., F.A. |
| Lowry, E. P., Inf. | Boothe, E., A.G.D. |
| Reilly, T. T., Inf. | |

Following promoted to be Captains:

| | |
|---|---|
| Robbins, H. W., Inf. | Crossman, C. T., Inf. |
| Brown, J., Inf. | Warner, E. A., Jr., Eng. |
| Smith, J. W., Inf. | Porter, J. W., F.A. |
| Smith, E. L., F.A. | Jeffrey, F. R., F.A. |
| Powell, E. T., F.A. | Porter, C. M., Inf. |
| Wells, H. A., F.A. | Quigley, C. H., Inf. |
| Hoelle, J. C., Inf. | Rolf, E., Inf. |
| Wilson, T. J., Inf. | Chesoldine, R. M., Inf. |
| Hills, Phillip, Inf. | Malone, F. J., F.A. |
| Gorker, A. N., Inf. | Seiders, C. P., F.A. |
| Patterson, H. S., Cav. | Auer, F., F.A. |
| Howe, W. F., Q.M.A. | Coursen, E. C., Jr., 103d Supply Train. |
| Bell, E. D., Inf. | Chapman, P. A., Inf. |
| McCoy, H. P., 103d S. Tr. | Canty, M. J., Inf. |
| Inskeep, C. E., Inf. | Wittenberg, C. H., F.A. |
| Osborn, H. P., F.A. | Macomber, W. B., F.A. |
| Coon, A. R., F.A. | Eakin, G. D., Inf. |
| White, J. M., F.A. | Crockett, W. M., 101st Supply Train. |
| Beers, A. C. T., Inf. | Livingston, T., 101 S. T. |
| Henderson, W. J., 101st Supply Train. | Hollowell, Z. G., Inf. |
| Maynard, O. J., 101st Supply Train. | Hackett, H. E., Inf. |
| Davis, H. W., Inf. | Barton, W. W., Inf. |
| Marston, G. N., Inf. | Heath, J. M., 108th F. S.B. |
| Meyers, R. A., Inf. | Scarr, F. J., Inf. |
| Killoran, T. J., Inf. | Nowquist, D. C., Inf. |
| Follow, T. H., Inf. | Davis, H. S., A.G.D. |
| Dyke, G. E., F.A. | |
| Metcalf, D. C., Inf. | |

The foregoing appointments were made by the Commanding Generals, American Expeditionary Forces, and are confirmed.

Hall, H., appointed a Major, in Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., and will report to Judge Adv. Gen.

McKenzie, Capt. J. H., 6th Trench Mortar Bat., assigned to Coast Defenses of Cape Fear at Fort Caswell.

Cochett, Capt. W., U. S. A., promoted to be a Major, for intelligence duty solely.

Williams, Col. C. A., ret., assigned to Harvard Univ., Cambridge, Mass.

De Swan, 1st Lt. J. F., U. S. A., assigned to Inf.

Gotthold, Capt. A. F., assigned to Army Service Corps at Camp Upton.

Hardin, Maj. C. B., ret., is relieved from duty with Students A. T. C. U. at Colorado State Teachers College, Greeley, Col.

MacMillin, 1st Lt. J. R., Tank Corps, will take station for recruiting duty at Buffalo, N. Y.

Simmons, Maj. F. L., assigned as director of rifle practice at Camp Grant.

### Resignations.

Lobby, 1st Lt. L. P., San. Corps.

Schultz, 1st Lt., Jos. A., Jr., Ord. Dept., for the good of the service.

### Leaves.

Booth, Capt. J. P., Inf., 10 days.

Pitton, Capt. Inf., 10 d

Dowd, Capt. B. S., F.A., 30 days' extension.

Russell, Capt. W. R., Med. Corps, 10 days.

### New Officers Commissioned.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The following appointments have been made to date from Oct. 22:

MAJORS IN U. S. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brown, F. M. | Smith, R. W. |

CAPTS. IN U. S. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| Braun, J. S. | Brown, R. C. |

1ST LTS. IN U. S. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| Elliot, W. P. | Harman, J. F. |
| Hyland, R. J. | |

1ST LTS. IN INF.

| | |
|---|---|
| Harvey, B. | Henderson, R. D. |

Walters, R. W., Capt. in Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.

MAJORS IN J. A. G.'s DEPARTMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Beach, G. C. | Glynn, L. E. |
| Harvey, G. R. | Prosser, P. P. |

CAPT. IN ARMY SER. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Blalock, H. | Whitney, E. S. |
| Blackwelder, B. B. | Wells, A. R. |

Wishard, H. A., 1st Lt. in Army Ser. Corps.

Wilson, W. J., Maj. in Engineers.

Ready, E. S., Maj. in Ordnance Corps.

CAPTS. IN ENGINEERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Clark, G. H. | Embree, C. J. |
| Godfrey, D. E. | Fulton, W. H. |
| Klerzer, W. | Houghtaling, C. A. |
| Morley, F. H. | MacLeod, T. L. |
| Phelan, S. H. | Newman, R. R. |
| Shibley, J. K. W. | Rose, E. S. |

1ST LTS. IN ENGINEERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Aldrich, C. K. | Galbraith, M. M. |
| Gerry, A. Le R. | Hart, R. W. |
| Murphy, A., Jr. | Wilson, W. A. |

CAPTS. IN ORD. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ferns, J. A. | Warters, W. E. |
| Jackson, D. | Werts, F. McQ. |

1ST LTS. IN ORD. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| La Tour, J. A. | Rose, F. D. |
| Zurl, F. W. | |

CAPTS. IN QM. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Blake, J. A. L. | Richards, E. |
| Jackson, C. A. | Smith, S. D. |
| Meigs, J. F. | Brock, P. G. |
| Williams, R. R. | Falardeau, E. V. |
| Babcock, A. T. | Naisawald, H. W. |
| Diemer, J. E. | Ryan, J. L. |
| Look, R. V. | |

Gwynn, G. E.
Haley, P. J.
Heffernan, D. W.
Hill, E. L.
Jones, C. D.
Kehrer, F. W.
Kemp, H. M.
Kranmye, J. F.
Kunkle, R. L.
Larkin, J. K.
Levek, J. A.
Lubkien, W. O.
McDonald, H. L.
Mackall, V. M.
Magers, V. L.
Meyer, C. E.
Moats, G. E.
Monahan, E. J.
Moore, F. P.
Mulvehill, C. J.
Murphy, F. A.
Murphy, J. M.
Nichols, W. P.
Painter, A. B.
Pease, L. W.
Pessolano, F. J.
Pote, L. H.
Fynn, R. C.
Root, R. R.
Rowe, C. A.
Salles, J. M.
Simpson, S. P.
Sullican, J. C.
Tellier, J. E.
Varney, E. M.
Ward, J. F.
Wells, O. V.
Whitman, L. O.
Aronson, J.
Brownfield, W. H.
Cantril, A. H.
Chambers, B. F.
Clark, B. R.
Cliff, T. M.
Boles, D. S.
Burns, D. D.
Cauley, A. A.
Christian, J. T.
Clarke, F. M.
Conan, N. J.
Cooke, R. A.
Cornerius, L.
Craig, L.
Kearney, J. I.
Davie, J.
Day, R. S.
Donoho, A. P.
Doyle, T. J.
Egan, T. S.
Epstein, H. B.
Ferguson, A. D.
Fisher, G. R.
Gage, J. C.
Gerber, R. A.
Gray, G. L.
Green, C. S.
Hambelton, M. P.
Heller, F. M.
Hickman, J. C.
Hoy, W. F.
Johnson, C. A.
Jones, C. M.
Joyce, W. A.
Kennerly, R. C.
Kirsch, W. W.
Koenig, O. M.

1ST LTS. IN DENT. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash, D. P. | McGrath, J. H. |
| Decker, A. J., Capt. in San. Corps. | |

FIRST LTS. IN SAN. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barrett, J. N. | Greene, H. |
| Freeman, G. H. | |

Porter, G. H., Capt. in Sig. Corps.

Williams, D. G., 1st Lt. in Sig. Corps.

Grammer, E. S., Maj. in Air Serv.

CAPTS. IN AIR SERV.

| | |
|---|---|
| Burtt, H. E. | Robertson, P. |
| Schwarz, W. A. | Gray, P. R. |

FIRST LTS. IN AIR SERV.

| | |
|---|---|
| Coulter, H. B. | Morgan, W. A., Jr. |
| Gelhaus, F. J. | Stinson, E. A. |
| Brooks, F. A. | McCann, J. H. |
| Gray, P. R. | |

## Police and Fire News.

### Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Oct. 24: Lieut. P. J. Farrell, from 17th to 56th; Bicycle Sergt. Charles Barsky, from 56th to 14th, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Sergts. Stephen Minton, from Bridge to Traffic Div., Sub. A; Joseph Herzing, from Manhattan Bridge Precinct; Bicycle Patrol, John Thorpe, from 60th to 38th, Gene Dunn, from 65th to Traffic Div., Sub. A, assigned to mounted duty, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Patrol. John Meagher, from 22d to Traffic Div., Sub. C; C. J. Flood, from 26th to Traffic Div., Sub. E; W. J. McCarthy, from 26th to 66th, assigned as operator of patrol wagon; J. C. Rutledge, from 37th to Traffic Div., Sub. E; from Traffic Div., Sub. E, to precinct indicated: J. J. Trainor, 18; G. C. Schrieber, 26.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Sergt. Francis Feeley, 70th, from 3 P. M. Oct. 12, during disability; Det. Sergs., Second Grade, Peter S. Brennan, Detectives Division, from 1:10 P. M. Sept. 3 to noon Sept. 21; from 3 P. M. Sept. 3 to 11:35 P. M. Oct. 15, during disability; William Crowley, 95d, from 4 P. M. Oct. 12, during disability.

### Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of fireman, first grade, John E. Starke, Eng. 217, from his late residence, 1,301 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M., Friday, for interment at St. John's Cemetery. Members of Eng. 217, will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 234, 1,472 Bergen Street, at 9:30 A. M., proceed to above residence, thence to St. Matthew's Church, Utica Avenue and Eastern Parkway, and, after services, accompany the remains a reasonable distance thereto; detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 57th Battalion will detail an officer, an engineer on a steamer and one man in charge of the 34th, 38th, and 44th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Eng. 217, at 9 A. M., Friday, for duty during the absence of that company.

Detail to attend funeral of fireman, first grade, George Hoag, Eng. 227, from his late residence, 3-0 Knickerbocker Ave., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M., on Friday, to Cypress Hills Cemetery. The members of Eng. 227 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 277, 582 Knickerbocker Ave., at 9 A. M., proceed to residence, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 49th Battalion will detail an officer, an engineer of steamer and one man, and the Chiefs of the 36th, 36th, and 37th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Eng. 237, at 8:30 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M., Oct. 24: Lieuts. G. C. Wiseman, Eng. 236, to H. & L. 118; B. P. Rasmussen, H. & L. 118, to Eng. 236; Engineer of Steamer, W. S. Bensel, Eng. 59 to Eng. 58; Fireman, first grade, F. Hoffmann, Eng. 13 to Eng. 235; Fireman fourth grade, F. E. Verity, Eng. 235 to Eng. 13.

Resignation: Marine Stoker Michael Luciana, Eng. 232, to take effect at 8 A. M., Oct. 26.

Leave of absence (with pay), prior to reporting for military duty, Fireman, first grade, Alfred Deery, Eng. 238, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Oct 24.

## Education Notes.

A recommendation by the Board of Superintendents that Principals of elementary schools be paid $200 additional a year for thirty-five to forty-nine classes and $900 a year for fifty classes or more was laid over by the Board of Education yesterday. The Association of Women Principals of Public Schools expressed decided opposition to any salary schedules which proposed a grading of Principals' salaries based on the size of school. The Brooklyn Principals' Association also opposed it.

The annex to P. S. 4, the Bronx, will be established as an independent school to be known as P. S. 58, taking effect Nov. 1.

The designation P. S. 47, Queens, as applied to the building of the Jamaica High School, will be discontinued, and the building will be known hereafter solely as the Jamaica High School.

A Kindergarten will be established in the St. Pascal's Day Nursery, 324 East 22d Street, and the class will be made an annex to P. S. 54, Manhattan.

The sessions of P. S. 38, Manhattan, will be discontinued, and the teachers and classes will be transferred to P. S. 25, Manhattan.

The Principal of the New York Evening High School for Women has been authorized to employ a regular evening elementary or evening high school teacher at $3 an evening. A teacher will be assigned to the office of the Inspector of Ungraded Classes for a period of fifteen days at $3.50 for each day of actual service.

District Supt. Lyon has suspended from duty without pay Marrietta E. Call, a teacher in P. S. 156, Brooklyn.

## Estates Appraised.

BLUMENBERG, MARC A., (March 27, 1913.) Total estate, $206,085; net estate, $88,489. The chief item of the debts, which aggregate $97,721, is due Musical Courier Co., $72,466. Assets: Cash, $1,037; personal, $13,971; stocks and bonds, $191,096, in which are included 50,000 shares of Musical Courier Co., $134,000; 2,000 shares of the Blumenberg Press, Inc., $52,222. The beneficiaries all received annuities. His wife, Ruth Blumenberg of Healdsburg, Cal.; $12,000; brothers and sisters, Louis Blumenberg, $5,000; Caroline Varga, $2,500; Ida Blumenberg, and Emma Blumenberg, $2,000 each.

GODLEY, ELIZABETH McM. (June 15, 1917.) Total estate, $432,612. Assets: Cash, $512; personal, $475; stocks and bonds, $431,625, the larger holdings being 521 shares of Union Carbide Co., $166,242; 400 shares of Royal Baking Powder Co., $58,800; 180 shares of American Light and Traction Co., $59,222. The estate is equally divided between her sons, Frederick and George McM. Godley, 525 Park Avenue.

RIGER, NIELSON, (Jan. 30, 1918.) Total estate, $55,601. Assets: Real estate, $49,250; cash, $6,351. The entire estate was left to his wife, Magdalena Riger of 133 West 129th Street.

Kraus, H. A.
Lalc, N. E.
Cooper, W. A.
Covington, C. M.
Cumming, E.
Davis, D.
Dodson, H.
Dorsey, T. J.
Dunn, J.
Embrey, W. H.
Felsher, W. Z.
Finke, G. W.
Fitch, F. T.
Gartner, W. H.
Glamarino, H. J.
Gray, R. H.
Griffin, J. M.
Hancks, J. A.
Hobson, J. M.
Hume, R. C.
Jones, A. E.
Jones, J. H.
Kearney, J. I.
Koch, C.
Kergan, J. F.
Kohler, F. G.
Laidla, T. F.
Lamaye, V. N.
Lampe, E. L.
Lavler, J. R.
Legris, L. J. A.
Levinson, B.
Lewis, W. E.
Lind, H. G.
Little, W. D.
Long, W. E.
Lumung, T. J.
MacBurney, L. R.
Mayer, J. M.
Mitchell, J. W.
Mowery, W. E.
Nichols, W.
Nixon, J. E.
O'Neill, J. B.
Owens, W. H.
Parr, E.
Pavy, C. A.
Pope, W. H.
Price, J. W.
Schroeder, L. P.
Skernbrey, E. C.
Wolff, S. B.
Lange, L. S.
Leffel, J. S.
Leonhardt, H. C.
Lewis, C. L.
Lichtenfels, R. C.
Linzer, E. A.
Loftis, C. A.
Lutton, G. R.
McCan, J. H.
McGriff, W. F.
Miller, J. W.
Mooney, A. C.
Nesbitt, E. E.
Nix, J. T., Jr.
O'Neal, R. McW.
Ong, H. A.
Papoveslion, V. K.
Pattillo, J. T.
Phillips, F.
Power, L. M.
Roberts, L. O.
Shanks, R.
Wimberly, G. W.
Wood, W. L.

## Police and Fire News.

### Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Oct. 24: Lieut. P. J. Farrell, from 17th to 56th; Bicycle Sergt. Charles Barsky, from 56th to 14th, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Sergts. Stephen Minton, from Bridge to Traffic Div., Sub. A; Joseph Herzing, from Manhattan Bridge Precinct; Bicycle Patrol, John Thorpe, from 60th to 38th, Gene Dunn, from 65th to Traffic Div., Sub. A, assigned to mounted duty, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Patrol. John Meagher, from 22d to Traffic Div., Sub. C; C. J. Flood, from 26th to Traffic Div., Sub. E; W. J. McCarthy, from 26th to 66th, assigned as operator of patrol wagon; J. C. Rutledge, from 37th to Traffic Div., Sub. E; from Traffic Div., Sub. E, to precinct indicated: J. J. Trainor, 18; G. C. Schrieber, 26.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Sergt. Francis Feeley, 70th, from 3 P. M. Oct. 12, during disability; Det. Sergs., Second Grade, Peter S. Brennan, Detectives Division, from 1:10 P. M. Sept. 3 to noon Sept. 21; from 3 P. M. Sept. 3 to 11:35 P. M. Oct. 15, during disability; William Crowley, 95d, from 4 P. M. Oct. 12, during disability.

### Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of fireman, first grade, John E. Starke, Eng. 217, from his late residence, 1,301 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M., Friday, for interment at St. John's Cemetery. Members of Eng. 217, will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 234, 1,472 Bergen Street, at 9:30 A. M., proceed to above residence, thence to St. Matthew's Church, Utica Avenue and Eastern Parkway, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance thereto; detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 57th Battalion will detail an officer, an engineer on a steamer and one man in charge of the 34th, 38th, and 44th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Eng. 217, at 9 A. M., Friday, for duty during the absence of that company.

Detail to attend funeral of fireman, first grade, George Hoag, Eng. 227, from his late residence, 3-0 Knickerbocker Ave., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M., on Friday, to Cypress Hills Cemetery. The members of Eng. 227 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 277, 582 Knickerbocker Ave., at 9 A. M., proceed to residence, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 49th Battalion will detail an officer, an engineer of steamer and one man, and the Chiefs of the 36th, 36th, and 37th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Eng. 237, at 8:30 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M., Oct. 24: Lieuts. G. C. Wiseman, Eng. 236, to H. & L. 118; B. P. Rasmussen, H. & L. 118, to Eng. 236; Engineer of Steamer, W. S. Bensel, Eng. 59 to Eng. 58; Fireman, first grade, F. Hoffmann, Eng. 13 to Eng. 235; Fireman fourth grade, F. E. Verity, Eng. 235 to Eng. 13.

Resignation: Marine Stoker Michael Luciana, Eng. 232, to take effect at 8 A. M., Oct. 26.

Leave of absence (with pay), prior to reporting for military duty, Fireman, first grade, Alfred Deery, Eng. 238, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Oct 24.

1ST LTS. IN MED. CORPS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Baff, C. W. | Daugherty, W. S. |
| Bashinsky, B. | Dexter, F. F. |
| Blosser, C. R. | Dodge, R. O. |
| Bracken, F. R. | Dorner, P. H. |
| Brown, R. N. | Duff, T. |
| Campbell, W. R. | Eisenberg, J. J. |
| Carmalt, H. G. | Emery, R. L. |
| Chamberlain, R. B. | Fallon, J. F. |
| Connor, G. A. | Finnegan, P. J. |
| Connor, G. J. | Fitzgibbon, E. J. |
| Conrad, E. K. | Forkin, G. E. |
| Cox, M. F. | Foss, R. E. |
| Crum, E. L. | Frantz, J. P. |
| Curtis, H. F. | Gayton, H. E. |
| Cushing, A. A. | Gerrard, H. C. |
| Dale, W. E. | Grasso, A. |
| Darling, A. E. | Grossman, I. J. |

## Shipping News.

### Miniature Almanac for Today.

*[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]*

Sun rises.....7:16 | Sun sets.....6:04

THE TIDES.

| | High Water. | | Low Water. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. | P.M. | A.M. | P.M. |
| Sandy Hook | 2:07 | 2:37 | 5:43 | 6:30 |
| Governors Island | 0:10 | 12:31 | 6:22 | 7:11 |
| Hell Gate | 1:45 | 2:07 | 8:20 | 9:09 |

## Fire Record.

A. M.

12:30—808 Columbus Av.; J. Davidson..Slight

3:55—2,073 8 Av.; Frederick Pill.....None

5:26—321 West 41st St.; not given.....Slight

9:10—612 E. 179 St., (vacant lot;) not given.....None

11:40—183 Mulberry St.; not given.....Slight

P. M.

12:30—433 W. 30 St.; Jas. Birmingham.Slight

12:50—245 E. 59 St.; John Ward....Not given

1:30—442 E. 148 St.; Philip Kerns.....Slight

4:15—3,175 Villa Av.; P. Deandre.....Slight

6:40—86 W. 110 St.; Esther Green.....Slight

7:00—165 Monroe St.; Jos. H. Dwor'in.Slight

8:35—212 St. & Harlem River; (shed) Scranton and Wyoming Coal Co.....Not given

8:40—436 W. 55 St.; (truck;) E. L. Smith.....Slight

11:15—544 W. 30 St.; Crystal Spring Water Co.....Slight

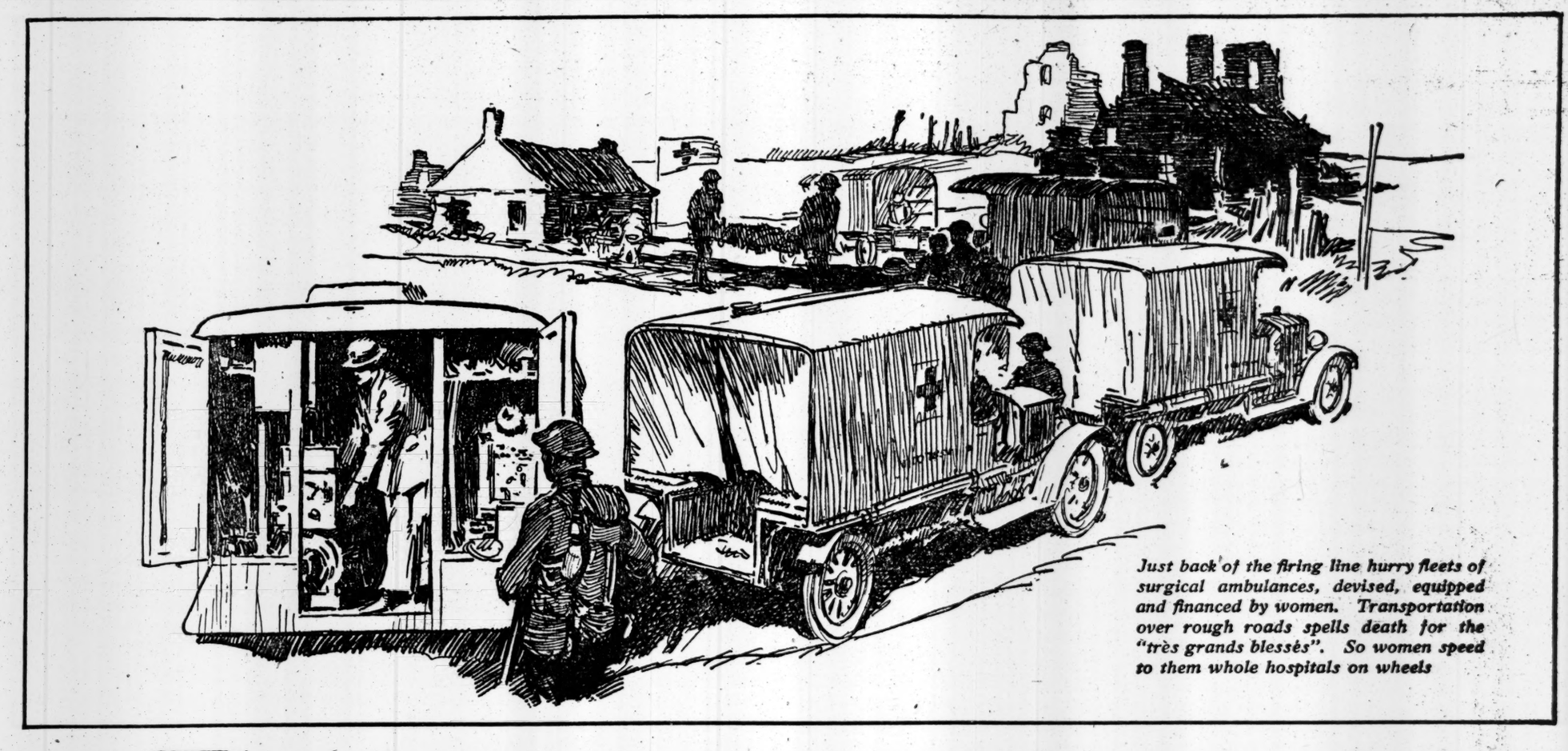
## The Civil Service.

### City.

Applications for clerk, first grade, male, will be received until 4 P. M. on Oct. 24. The subjects and weights of the examination are: 1, handwriting, 4; handwriting, 3; letter, 3. A qualifying physical examination will be given. Candidates must be at least 18 years of age and not more than 18 years on the closing date for the receipt of applications. The salary range is from $300 to but not including $600 a year.

### United States.

The commission announces an examination for ordnance copyist draftsman, for women. Vacancies in the office of the Chief of Ordnance, War Department, Washington, D. C., at $1,100 a year, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, training, and experience, on practical tests, (rated on work submitted with application,) 20. The duties will consist of making tracings and drawings, and the performance of other routine duties incident to the work of a drafting room. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of making oath to the application. On account of the urgent needs of the service applications will be received until further notice. Papers will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require. In view of the needs of the service, and until further notice, sub-Journeyman Engineers, Machinists, Boilermakers, Blacksmiths, Helpers, Apprentices, Pipefitters, Riveters, Caulkers, Chippers, Holders-on, Laborers, Electricians, Electrical Workers, Pattern Makers, Moulders, Coremakers, Sheet Metal Workers, Tinsmiths, Coppersmiths, Welders, Burners, Rivet Heaters, Rivet Passers, Rivet Boys, Drillers, Reamers, Tappers, Bolt Makers, Bolt Threaders, Bolt Header Operators, Nut Tappers, Nut Facers, Nut Header Operators, Nut Threaders, Nut Boring Machine Operators, Nut Milling Machine Operators, Nut Slotting Machine Operators, Nut Punch Operators, Nut Drillers, Nut Reamers, Nut Chamfering



*Just back of the firing line hurry fleets of surgical ambulances, devised, equipped and financed by women. Transportation over rough roads spells death for the "très grands blessés". So women speed to them whole hospitals on wheels*

# The biggest mending women ever had to do

*For every destruction wrought by war, women have started repair shops*

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND American men to be mended! One hundred thousand American wounded to be refitted for civil life!

There are to be no more men for the scrap heap! Women have started the biggest mending they ever had to do.

Already in New York a great vocational school for our crippled soldiers and sailors is restoring men to activity. Just outside of Baltimore our war-blinded are being refitted for the industrial world.

Congress has passed the bill for the re-education of our wounded. The President has signed it. Hospitals, convalescent homes, vocational schools, placement bureaus are being started—by women.

The whole country is organizing: "There shall be no cripples from *this* war!"

Long before our men come back to us, our women are ministering to them. From the Teachers' College of Columbia University specially selected and trained women are being sent abroad for work in physical reconstruction. Smith College is busy with special courses, busy graduating highly trained psychiatrists.

Five hundred women have trained as nurses at the Red Cross "Plattsburg" at Vassar. Barnard, Smith, Vassar, Wellesley have units in France. Bryn Mawr has mobilized and sent across her Service Corps.

Women are mending men!

Over black, shell torn roads women are driving ambulances. Women stretcher bearers carry the precious burdens from the battlefields. Great hospitals, staffed by skillful and merciful women, receive them. Women surgeons, women nurses, women orderlies minister to them.

### *Making over men's faces*

Facial wounds—disfigurements that shock and repel—this is the lot of one out of every ten wounded. Masks must be made for them, modelled from a photograph, beaten from copper, painted like flesh,—masks behind which can go on surgical reconstruction.

In a Paris studio, Mrs. Maynard Ladd of Boston, started this work. Now in studio after studio dust gathers on statues, on fountains, on half completed studies. Women sculptors are busy with their grim and merciful modelling.

All over the world women are saving, saving from the war.

In Canada, England, France, Italy, Belgium, women are helping to organize trade schools for the wounded. Shoemaking, tailoring, watchmaking, welding, printing, "movie" operating, agricultural schools, training farms, machine shops—new trades for after the war.

### *Happiness for the war-blinded*

Blind groping hands meet the firm fingers of women who mend. There are now expert stenographers, wireless operators, masseurs, poultry men, who lost their eyes in the war. "The happiest house in Paris" is 14 Rue Daru, where Miss Winifred Holt is continuing among blinded soldiers the work of her "Lighthouse."

From last to first, from first to last, women are at work. No task is too heavy for their slim fingers. They are salvaging the backwash of the war.

Are you asking "What can *I* do?" There is work for every one of us. No woman but must feel: Here is my woman's work. We have given the men for this war. We can save our men from its breaking!

At Pictorial Review's Washington Bureau, 707 20th Street, N. W. Ida Clyde Clarke is in constant touch with the manifold services women can render. Every day brings new needs. She has the latest information for you. Every month through Pictorial Review she keeps a million and a half women in touch with the new opportunities for helping that arise. She will write you personally about the particular service in which you are interested.

Not one of us, but all of us must help. We can reclaim our loved ones. There is room, more than enough, in this mighty and marvelous mending.

*Women are making as well as mending. Over 3,000,000 immigrants are being taught our language and our ideals*

*Canada was the first to see rehabilitation as a national obligation. She already has 196 courses in well established lines of work for her wounded*

*At first, his body and nerves shattered, a patient woman guided the stumbling fingers, teaching him just to knit. Now he has graduated to typewriting—a long step towards his new usefulness*

**Women, more women needed for binding up the wounds of war**

In these fields there is immediate need for women's service. What the qualifications are, where to get training if required, how to enroll, Pictorial Review will gladly tell you. Address The Pictorial Review Washington Bureau, 707 20th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Enclose a stamped envelope for reply.

- Reconstruction aids
- Psychiatrists
- Trained Nurses
- "Practical" Nurses (with a knowledge of home care of the sick)
- Craftswomen, diversional work in convalescent hospitals
- Domestic science experts in hospitals, camps and canteens
- Entertainers in camps
- Matrons: hostess houses, detention homes, camp cities, base hospitals, field Indian service
- Cantonment Librarians
- Farm labor unit members
- Farm labor specialists
- Telegraph operators

The Red Cross wants women especially for

- Canteens
- Refugee work
- Clerical work
- Nurses aids
- Home service
- Auxiliary work
- Motor corps

## *Read "France's fighting woman doctor"*

Few of us can mend as mightily as this dainty little Frenchwoman. Through her small hands tens of thousands of men have been saved. Her story is a burning page torn from the war. It is told in Pictorial Review for November.

# PICTORIAL REVIEW

## November issue now on sale

Largest 20-cent circulation in the world

1,500,000 copies monthly